

# Temä 10

1) 
$$\begin{cases} x_2 + x_3 = 3 \\ 2x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 = 9 \\ 4x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(LU - GPP)

$$w = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

( $k=1$ ):

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \\ \textcircled{4} & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{L_1 \leftrightarrow L_3} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

( $k=2$ ):

$$\xrightarrow{L_2 - \frac{1}{2}L_1} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{9}{2} \\ 0 & \textcircled{1} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$w = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{L_3 \leftrightarrow L_2} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{9}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow w = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{ni } l_{21} \leftrightarrow l_{31} \Rightarrow$$

$$L = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ m_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ m_{31} & m_{32} & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(m_{jk} = \frac{a_{jk}}{a_{kk}})$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Ax = b \Leftrightarrow LUx = b' \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Ly = b'$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} y_1 = 1 \\ y_2 = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}y_1 + y_3 = 9 \Rightarrow y_3 = 9 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{17}{2}$$



$$\Rightarrow y = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ \frac{9}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AX = y \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{9}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ \frac{9}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 4x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 = 1 \\ x_2 + x_3 = 3 \\ \frac{9}{2}x_3 = \frac{9}{2} \Rightarrow x_3 = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_2 = 2 \\ x_1 = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow X = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2)

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

a) A - simetrică și poz. def.

$$A^T = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = A \rightarrow A \text{ - simetrică}$$

$$\Delta_1 = 4 > 0$$

$$\Delta_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 \end{vmatrix} = 40 - 4 > 0$$

$$\Delta_3 = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = 240 + 8 \cdot 2 + 16 - 40 - 64 - 24 = 144 > 0$$

$\Delta_1, \Delta_2, \Delta_3 > 0 \Rightarrow A \text{ - poz. def.}$



b) Factorization Cholesky

$$L \cdot L^T = A$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} l_1 & 0 & 0 \\ l_2 & l_3 & 0 \\ l_4 & l_5 & l_6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l_1 & l_2 & l_4 \\ 0 & l_3 & l_5 \\ 0 & 0 & l_6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} l_1^2 = 4 \Rightarrow l_1 = \pm 2 \quad (\text{valor pos.}) \Rightarrow l_1 = 2 \\ l_1 l_2 = 2 \Rightarrow l_2 = 1 \\ l_1 l_4 = 2 \Rightarrow l_4 = 1 \\ l_2^2 + l_3^2 = 10 \Rightarrow l_3 = \pm \sqrt{10 - 4} \Rightarrow l_3 = 3 \\ l_2 l_4 + l_3 l_5 = 4 \Rightarrow l_5 = \frac{4 - 1}{3} \Rightarrow l_5 = 1 \\ l_4 l_5 = 2 \\ l_2 l_4 + l_3 l_5 = 4 \\ l_4^2 + l_5^2 + l_6^2 = 6 \Rightarrow l_6 = \sqrt{6 - 1 - 1} \Rightarrow l_6 = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow L = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

c)  $Ax = b$   
 $\hat{L} \cdot L^T$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 30 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$LL^T x = b$$



$$Ly = b \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 20 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2y_1 = 12 \\ y_1 + 3y_2 = 20 \\ y_1 + y_2 + 2y_3 = 10 \end{cases} \Rightarrow y_1 = 6 \quad \Rightarrow y_2 = \frac{24}{3} = 8$$

$$y_3 = \frac{10 - 6 - 8}{2} \Rightarrow y_3 = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 8 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$L^T x = y \Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 8 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6 \\ 3x_2 + x_3 = 8 \\ 2x_3 = -2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow x_3 = -1 \quad \Rightarrow x_2 = 3 \quad \Rightarrow x_1 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$



3)

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

a) factorizarea  $QR$  a matricei  $A$ :  $A = Q \cdot R$

$$a_{31} \neq 0 \Rightarrow R^{(13)} = \begin{pmatrix} c & 0 & \Delta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\Delta & 0 & c \end{pmatrix}$$

$\begin{matrix} \swarrow & \downarrow & \searrow \\ i & j & i \end{matrix}$

$$c = \frac{a_{ii}}{\sqrt{a_{ii}^2 + a_{ji}^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Delta = \frac{a_{ji}}{\sqrt{a_{ii}^2 + a_{ji}^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow R^{(13)} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R^{(13)} \cdot A = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{32} \neq 0 \Rightarrow R^{(23)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c & \Delta \\ 0 & -\Delta & c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

nouă  $A$



$$C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1^2 + (-\sqrt{2})^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$A = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1^2 + (-\sqrt{2})^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \left( = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \right)$$

$$R^{(2,3)} \cdot A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ 0 & \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{supp } A = R$$

$$Q_2^T = R^{(2,3)} \cdot R^{(1,3)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \\ 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b) Ax = b \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad Q_2 R X = b \quad \xrightarrow{Q_2^T} \quad R X = Q_2^T b$$



$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ 0 & \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} & \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ 0 & \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sqrt{2}x_1 + \sqrt{2}x_2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x_3 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6} - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \sqrt{3}x_2 = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}x_3 = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{6} \Rightarrow x_3 = \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{3\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2}}{6\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$