## Slide 6

Introduction to MAUI

Before we dive into Avalonia, let's briefly discuss MAUI. MAUI, which stands for Multi-platform App UI, is Microsoft's framework for developing cross-platform applications. It's designed to allow developers to create apps for iOS, Android, macOS, and Windows using a single codebase. It is also an evolution of Xamarin.Forms. I don’t know if anyone here has ever worked with Xamarin. I did back in 2018. It was a bit of a hassle to make it perform well in my experience. Maybe that’s why it is no longer supported as of May this year.

Avalonia UI differs from MAUI in several key aspects:

1.Rendering Approach

First up is rendering approach. Avalonia uses a custom rendering engine across all platforms. This allows it to have a consistent appearance across different operating systems. It also allows developers to have a greater control over its UI design. Users across platforms will also have the same user experience because of it.

In contrast, MAUI uses native UI controls, which can lead to a more platform-specific look and feel. IOS will use UIkit and Android will have the native Android UI toolkit. This might be preferable if you are looking to create a native application experience. However when specific platforms update their design language or introduce new UI components, these need to be considered when supporting your application long term. If you for instance decide to program platform specific implementations, these would probably have to be updated manually.

2. UI Design Flexibility

Avalonia's custom engine allows for more control over UI elements. This allows developers to create unique UI components more easily. This way more unique UI could be implemented that would be harder or maybe even impossible to do when using native UI toolkits.

This flexibility comes at the cost of not using native UI elements, which some users might prefer.

3. Code Maintenance

With Avalonia, the UI code remains largely the same across platforms. This can simplify maintenance and updates. However, it may require more effort to implement platform-specific features when needed.

4. Platform Support

Avalonia supports a wider range of platforms compared to MAUI:

It works on older versions of Windows and macOS.

Avalonia offers Linux support, which MAUI currently lacks.

Both support iOS and Android, but with different minimum version requirements.

5. Web Compatibility

As of now, Avalonia supports WebAssembly, allowing web deployment. MAUI doesn't currently offer this feature, though it may in future versions.

6. Framework Evolution

Avalonia's independent nature allows for:

Faster implementation of new features and bug fixes.

Less dependence on native platform updates.

However, this also means that Avalonia might not always align with the latest platform-specific UI trends.