

WebSocket

Workshop

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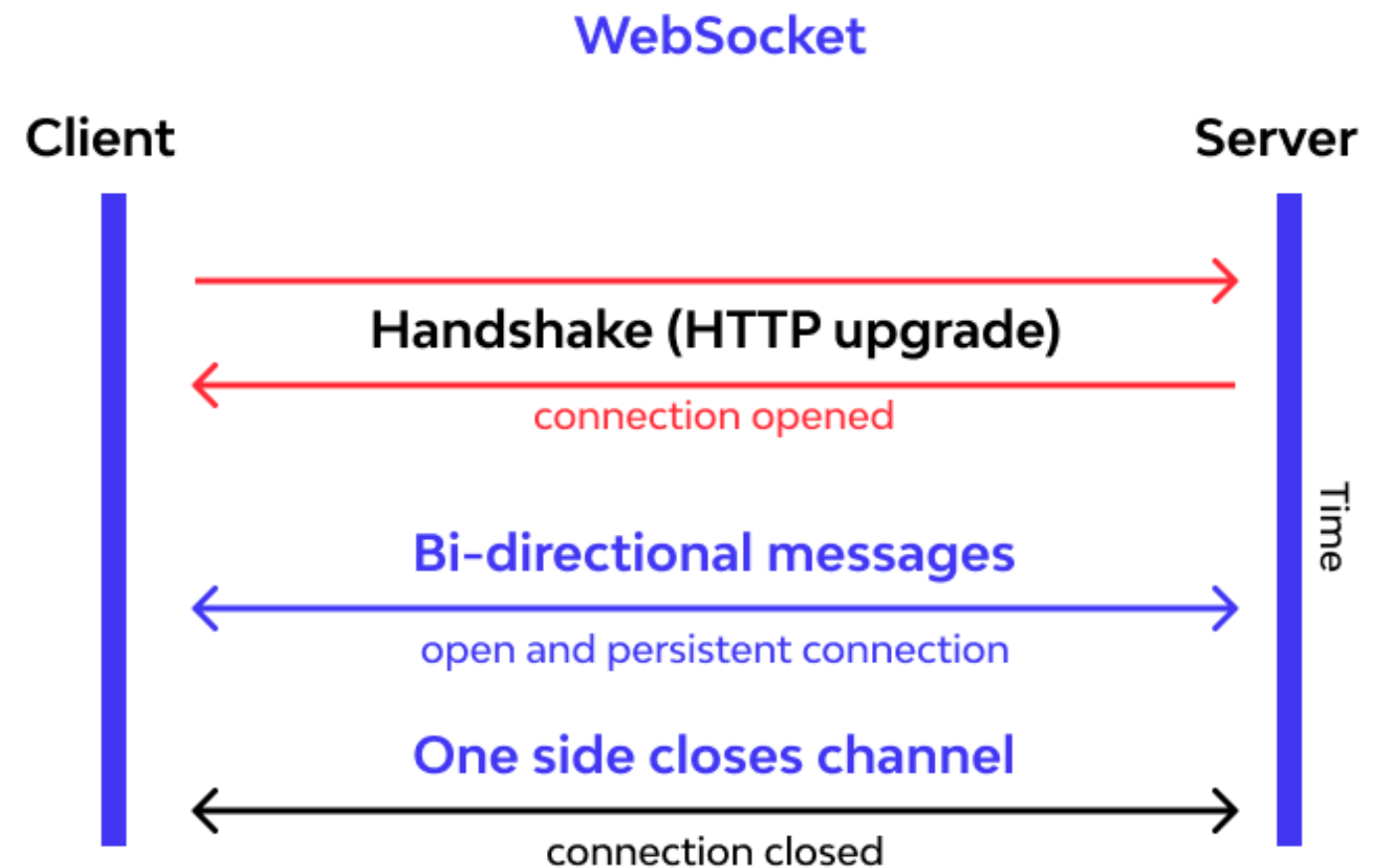


Today's agenda

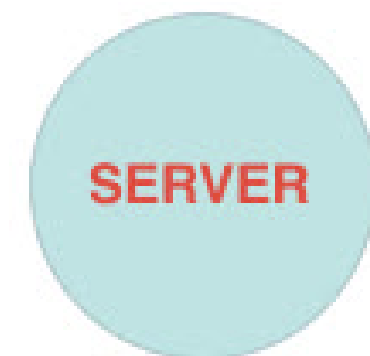
- Introduction
- Real time communication methods
- Security issues – and protection
- Real-world Applications
- Project: Chat App
- Set-up the project & Exercises
- Wrap up QUIZ
- Q&A

Introduction

- WebSocket is a **duplex protocol** used mainly in the client-server communication channel. It's **bidirectional** in nature and enables **real-time communications**.
- The **connection remains "live/connected"** until one party **breaks the connection**.



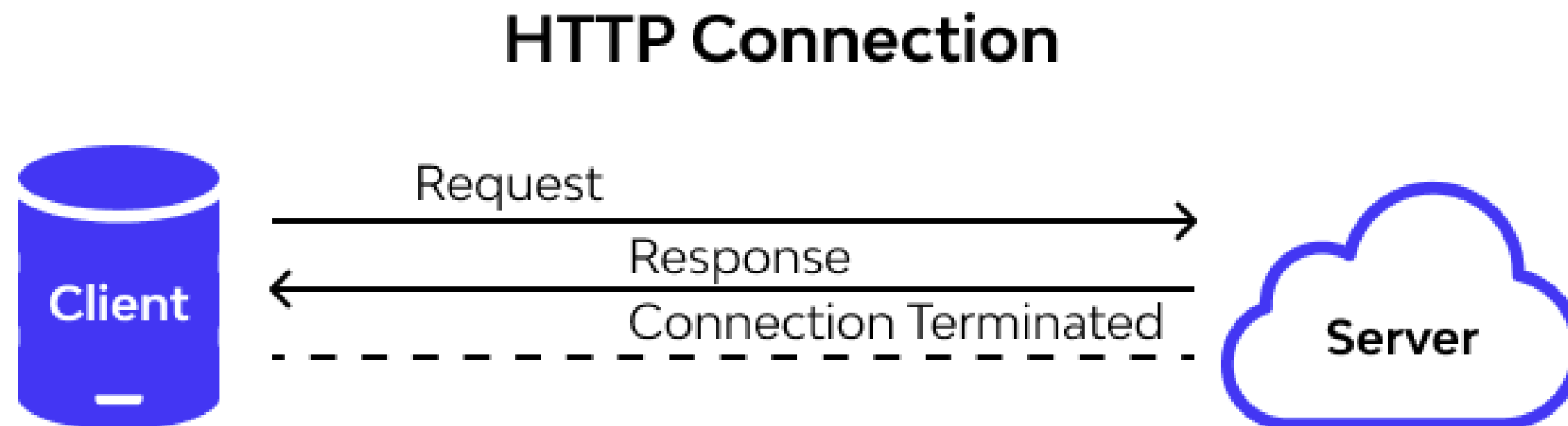
Credits:<https://www.wallarm.com/what/a-simple-explanation-of-what-a-websocket-is>



Credits:<https://stanko.io/do-you-really-need-websockets-343aed40aa9b>

WebSocket VS HTTP

- HTTP is a **unidirectional protocol** functioning above the TCP protocol.
- HTTP, the connection is built at **one end**, making it a bit more **sluggish** than WebSocket.



Credits:<https://www.wallarm.com/what/websocket-vs-http-how-are-these-2-different>

Real-time communication methods

- Websockets

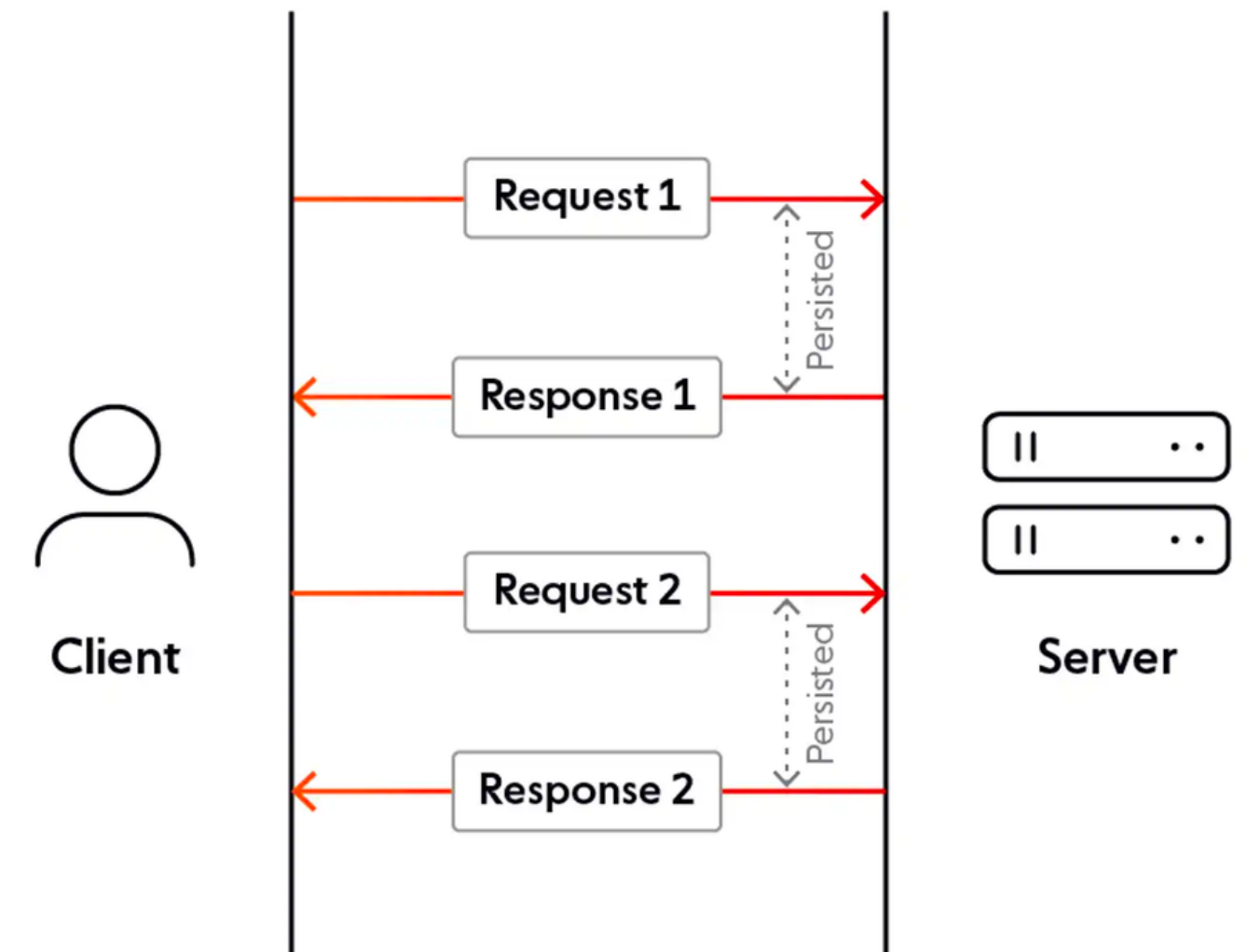
(near) real-time communication methods

- Short Polling (HTTP)
- Long Polling (HTTP)

WebSocket VS Long polling

- HTTP Long Polling is a technique used to push information to a client as soon as possible on the server. As a result, the server does not have to wait for the client to send a request.
- Long polling is more resource intensive on the server than a WebSocket connection. Long polling can come with a latency overhead because it requires several hops between servers and devices.

HTTP LONG POLLING

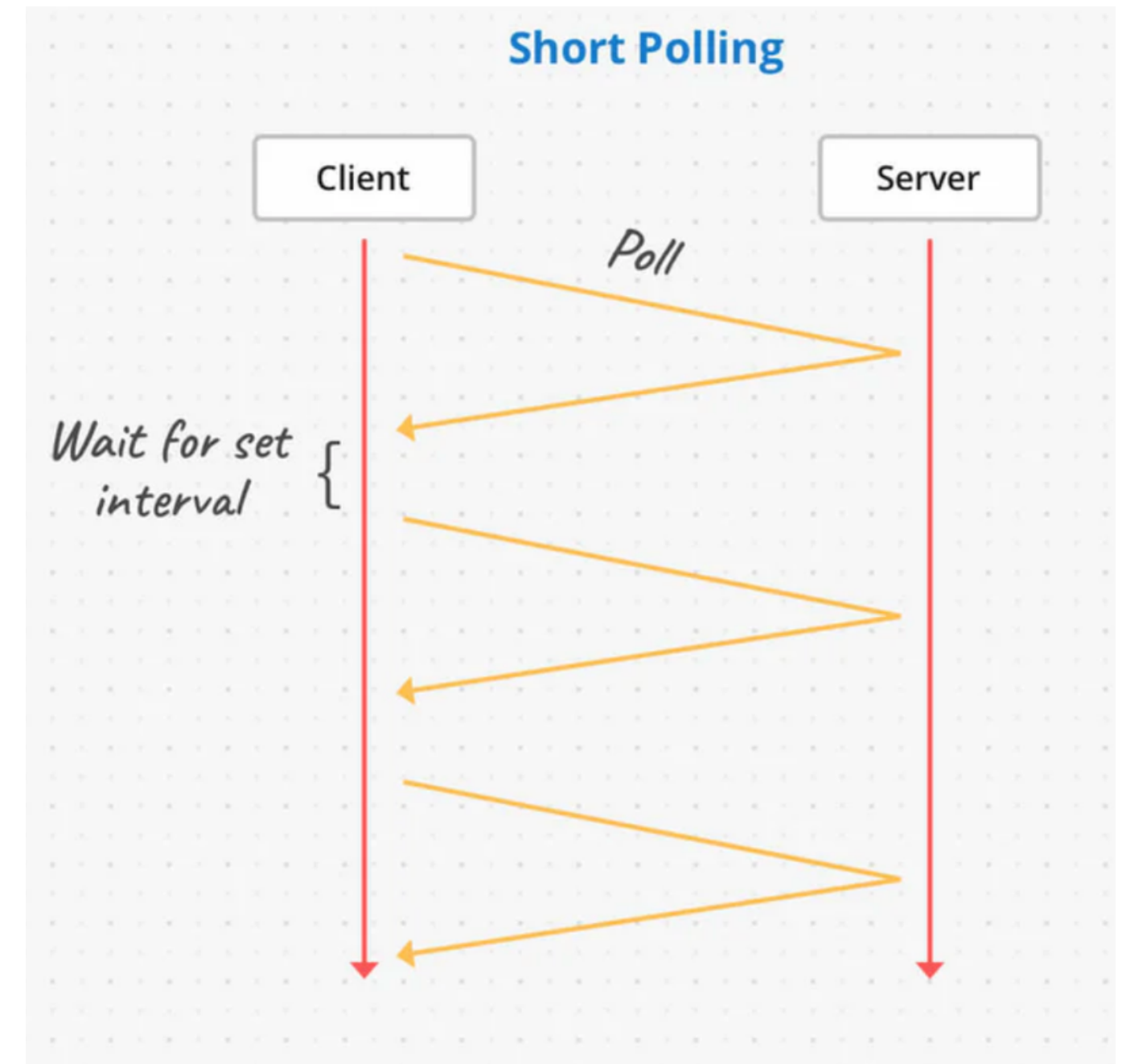


Credits: <https://ably.com/blog/websockets-vs-long-polling#:~:text=Long%20polling%20is%20more%20resource,hops%20between%20servers%20and%20device>

S.

WebSocket VS Short polling

- Short Polling is a technique in which the client sends a request to the server asking for data at fixed delays after getting a response from the previously sent request.
- The client sends a request to the Server. The server responds with an empty response or data.



Credits: <https://levelup.gitconnected.com/understand-and-implement-long-polling-and-short-polling-in-node-js-94334d2233f3>

WebSocket

Pros

- It allows for **two-way communication**.
- Websockets allow you to **send and receive data much faster than HTTP**.
They're also faster than AJAX.
- Compatibility between platforms
(**web, desktop, mobile**)

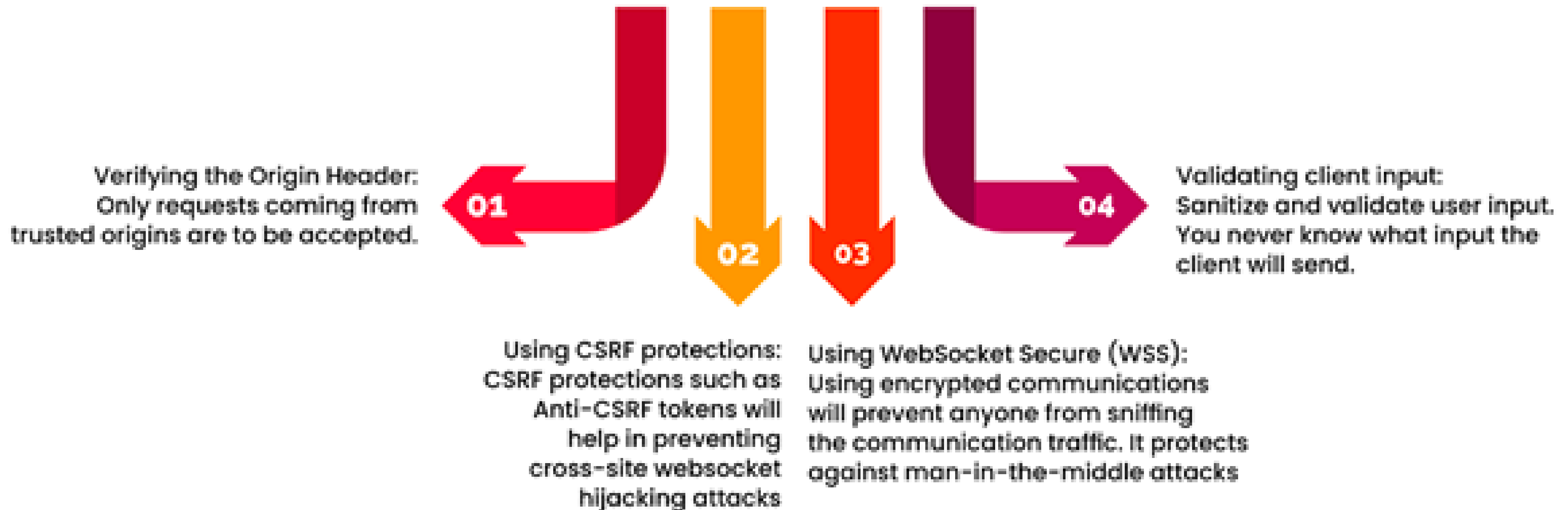
Cons

- Websockets, unlike HTTP, do **not provide intermediary/edge caching**.
- WebSockets **don't automatically recover** when **connections are terminated** – this is something you need to implement yourself

WebSocket security issues

- SQL injections
- Manipulating WebSocket messages
- Cross-Site WebSocket hijacking (CSWSH)
- DOS and sniffing attacks

Securing WebSockets

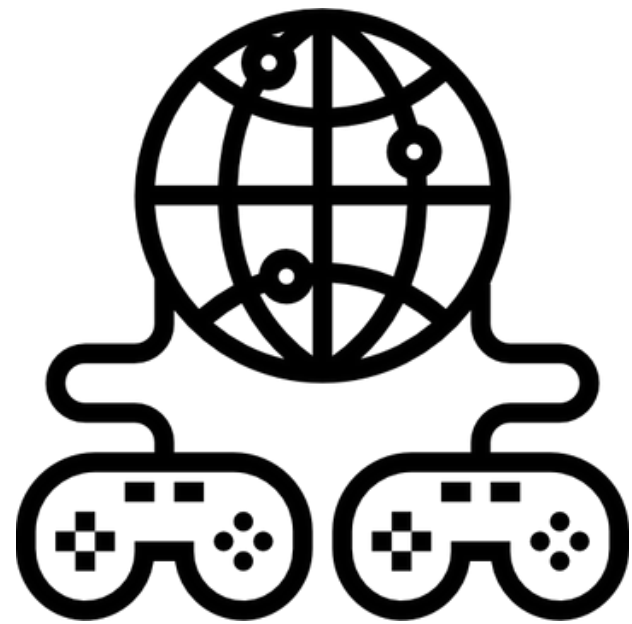


Credits:<https://payatu.com/blog/manash.saikia/websocketsecurity>

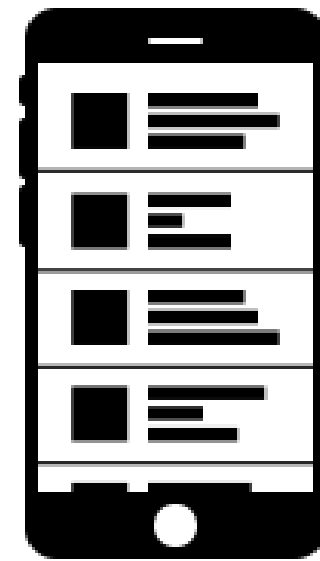
Real-world Applications



Chat App



Multiplayer
gaming



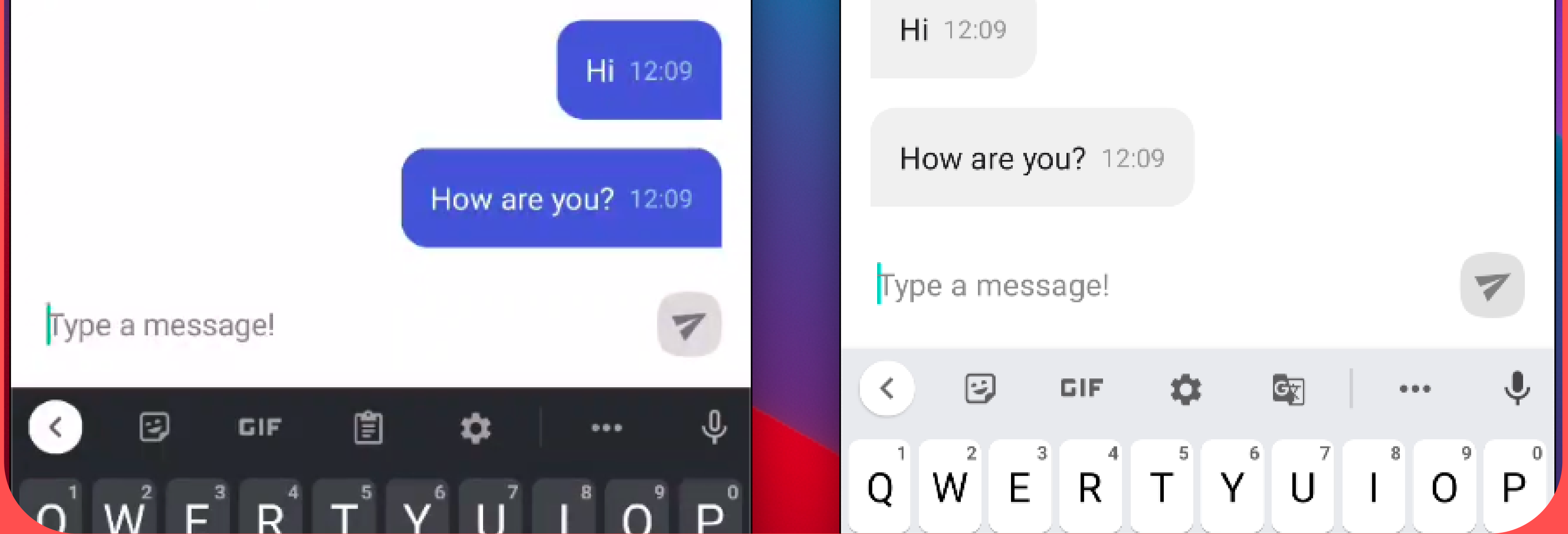
Social media
feed



Location
tracker

Socket.io

- In JS, Socket.IO is a WebSocket **library**
- It is an **event-driven library for real-time web applications.**
- It enables **low-latency, bidirectional and event-based communication** between a client and a server.



Project chat App

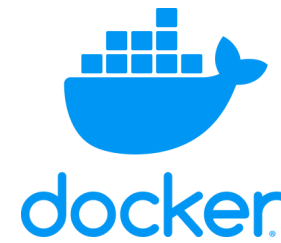
In the chat App

You can:

- Navigate to a room and join it
- Chat with others
- Leave the room



Setup using Docker



1. Open **Docker**
2. Open **VS code** or your favorite **IDE**
3. Pull repo from: **/sebivenlo/esde_2022_websockets**
4. **Cd** to **/socket-server**
5. Run **"docker build . -t chat"**
6. Run **"docker run -dp 3000:3000 chat"**
7. Then go to **"localhost:3000"** in your browser

HAPPY CHATTING!



Exercises

Go To Github -> **README.md**

Let's wrap up with Quizizz

Go to joinmyquiz.com

**Any
questions!**

