

Dynamic documents and reproducible research with R Markdown

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What is reproducible research?

All analyses and graphics from a project
can be reproduced by **anyone**

To test your projects for reproducibility (in R):

1. Clear your history/workspace.
2. Highlight all of your code.
3. Hit “Run.”

Why should we strive for reproducible research?

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- ▶ Promotes collaboration
- ▶ Others can easily build off of previous research
- ▶ Helps out future you!

What is R Markdown?

"R Markdown is an authoring format that enables easy creation of dynamic documents, presentations, and reports from R." - RStudio

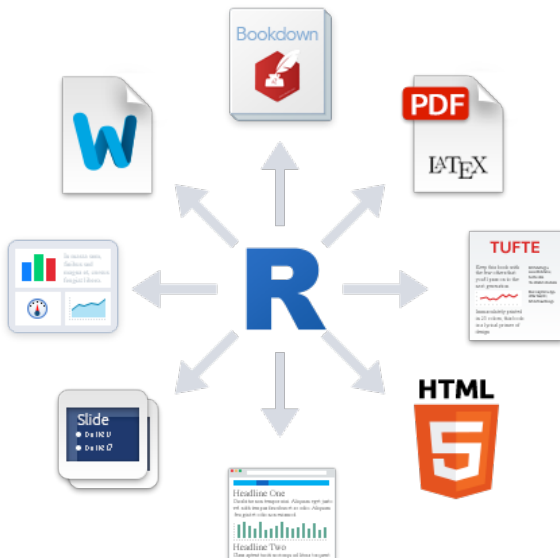
- combines ("knits" together) markdown syntax (a simple, plain-text markup language) with *chunks* of R code



Figure 1: R Markdown flow for document rendering

What can R Markdown do?

- ▶ PDF, Word, or HTML output for documents/reports
- ▶ PDF and HTML (Slidy or ioslides) output for presentations



Creating and modifying a Rmd document script

To get started, install the `rmarkdown` package. You only need to do this once.

```
install.packages('rmarkdown')  
library(rmarkdown)
```

Open a new R Markdown script: File > New file > R Markdown...

Select output format

- HTML or Word will work immediately
- PDF requires full T_EX install

Insert title and author(s)

Integrating text and code chunks

- ▶ write plain-language description of what your code is doing
- ▶ write code chunk (offset by sets of 3 backticks)
- ▶ compile/render (“knit”) often to check for errors

Text markup options for Rmd documents

- ▶ **`**bold**`** or `__bold__` -> **bold**
- ▶ *`*italic*`* or `_italic_` -> *italic*
- ▶ heading levels
- ▶ ordered (numbered) and unordered lists
- ▶ tables
- ▶ insert links
- ▶ insert images
- ▶ inline code or equations

- ▶ \LaTeX markup can also be used within documents and presentations
- ▶ for example, `\vspace{0.2in}` adds 0.2 inches in between this line...

- ▶ and this line

Code chunk options

With the curly braces at the top of each code chunk, e.g., `{r, tidy=TRUE}`, there are a number of options you can specify.

`echo = FALSE` -> don't print code in the document/presentation

`eval = FALSE` -> don't evaluate code or print results

`tidy = TRUE` -> reformat code in a tidy way for display

`fig.width = 7` -> adjust width of figures (7 is default)

`fig.height = 7` -> adjust height of figures (7 is default)

...and many more.

Creating and modifying a Rmd presentation script

Identical to creating a new document script

- ▶ select output format
- ▶ insert title, author(s)

Text markup options for Rmd presentations

- ▶ does not support tables (yet)
- ▶ `#Header` starts a new slide, where `Header` is the slide title
- ▶ can also delineate between slides using `***` or `---`

- ▶ code chunk options are identical to Rmd documents

Document and presentation templates

- ▶ a few document templates available through RStudio
- ▶ some presentation templates available online
- ▶ play around with templates to edit some components (e.g., color scheme)
- ▶ design your own template for re-use

Continuing with R Markdown on your own

- ▶ There is a wealth of resources online
- ▶ Google is your friend
- ▶ Check out StackExchange and similar webpages
- ▶ Post questions in online forums
- ▶ New functionality constantly being developed

As with most computer programming, there will be a steep learning curve at the beginning. Once you get the hang of things, your work will go faster. It may seem time-consuming at first, but it will save you **SO. MUCH. TIME.** later.

TL;DR: R Markdown + \LaTeX = Awesome Science