* Templates / Monads / Sets Interfaces
* ISubject, IPredicate, IObject,
* ISubjectKind, IPredicateKind, IObjectKind,
* IState, IStatement, IMapping, ITransform.
* Resource (State Feedback):
* (Resource, Context, Attribute, Value);
* SubjectResource<Resource> Monad : ISubject
* Quad : CSPO Resource Monads / Interfaces classes (Subject, etc.).
* Subject : Quad : ISubject
* Occurrence<Quad> Monad
* KindResource<KindClass> Monad
* SubjectKind<Subject> : IPredicate, IObject
* StateResource<StateClass>
* States:
* Statement
* Mapping
* Transform
* APIs. State aggregate Kinds, Kinds aggregate Occurrences, Occurrences aggregate Resources (roles).
* Encoding:
* Quads: URN. ID Occurrence Sequence Count starts at Quad ID Count.
* Occurrence: URN Occurrences Sequence Count. SPOs: Quad ID offset.
* SPOResource: First URN Occurrence ID.
* Kind: (Resource, Occurrence (Kind));
* CSPOs / Classes Kinds:
* Subject: (SubjectKind, Occurrence (Quad));
* Quad: (Context, Occurrence (Subject (Predicate (Object)));
* Normalize / Order / Aggregate CSPOs IDs (Kinds / States).
* Quads / SPOs hierarchical list encoding.
* Graph / Tree List Parent / Child hierarchical encoding / hashing:
* (C (S (P (O).
* Dataflow (value expressions). Signatures.
* URN: Encoding. Semantic Hashing.
* State: Hashing Metadata / Inferences: (Statement, Resource, Kind, Resource). Resource is Kind of Resource in Statement Context. Materialize inferences / SPOs, Quads URNs.
* StatementKind: PK(SK, OK). Relationship(Roles). Context, State, Mapping, Transform Kinds.
* SK(PK, OK)?
* OK(PK, SK)?
* Order (State permutations): Statement, Mapping, Transform Kinds). State: hashing metadata (order, typing, naming, etc). Statement: abstract assertions (parsed / inferred). Mapping: abstract schema. Transform: abstract behavior. Relationships (dimensional / discrete): core model / ontology, Statement, Mapping, Transform synchronized (input / inferred Statement Events are fully parsed from CSPO Sets Layer).
* Order. States (Statements), Flows (Mappings), Events (Transforms). Kinds hierarchy tree / lattice (FCA). Action / Passion / State order. Kinds / Mappings domain / range Aggregation, Activation, Alignment. Comparisons. DCI / MVC / Relationships / Dimensional Aggregated upper onto matching gestures / flows. Populate States / Templates.
* URN: DIDs. Endpoint APIs: Statements types / sets (Resource, Kind, State, Statement, Mapping, Transform OntResources hierarchy) content types / classes: Functional APIs. OntResource (DOM DTOs) quads representations references other DIDs, handle resolution, interactions, etc. via other DIDs endpoints and Resource Monad API.
* Method: did:ont:[ID]
* ID : OntClassName (Sets) ":" [HashedQuad];
* HashedQuad : [HashedURN] ":" [HashedURN] ":" [HashedURN] ":" [HashedURN];
* HashedURN : "[" HashedQuad "]" | HashedCSPOString;
* HashedCSPOString : Context ":" Subject ":" Predicate ":" Object;
* URN::ontResource (traversal parsed representation).
* OntResource::URN.
* Encoding: methods
* Hashing: four segments identifiers. Sets, binary octal digit order operable hashing (4 bit per segment). Aggregation: Statements graph layout. Occurrences. S-Expressions, MonParsec, CoSQL, map-reduce.
* URN: Encoded quad. Hashing: traversal, discovery, resolution. Merkle tree (DLT / Events). Encode typing / naming in context, about DID State Statements (hashing metadata):
* URN Typing / Naming (Resource Statement):
* URN : (Resource, Occurrence, Type, Name);
* Augmentations:
* Incremental / Feedback.
* Aggregations: Source IRIs Sets / Layers (States Resources, Kinds, Statements, Mappings, Tranforms) parse / population.
* Alignments: Aggregation traversal: URN IDs Model population. Merge / Matching, order / relations / contexts. Encoding (methods).
* Activations: Relationship Models I/O (DCI Layers / expanded SPO Aggregations feedback). DIDs URN hashing / generation (HATEOAS Endpoints). Data Flow.
* Kinds: Aggregate Attributes.
* State: Aggregate Kind Resources Attributes / Values.
* Hierarchy: Kinds Attributes set (super) subset (sub) Kinds relationship.
* Order. Aggregation: Kinds / States lattice / tree. Populate Templates.
* Domain Model Object Hierarchy:
* ClassName :: (aggregatingClass, subject / instance, attribute / predicate, value / object);
* Classes (Sets) domain hierarchy:
* OntResource
* Subject : OntResource
* Predicate : OntResource
* Object : OntResource
* Kind : OntResource
* SubjectKind : Kind
* PredicateKind : Kind
* ObjectKind : Kind
* StatementKind : Kind
* Statement : State, Kinds, SPOs
* MappingKind : Kind
* Mapping : State, Kinds, SPO
* TransformKind : Kind
* Transform : State, Kinds, SPO
* State
* Functional Data Flow:
* Functor / Category: Resource Monad (of OntResource hierarchy). Dynamic typing DOM / DTOs Kinds members.
* Subject extends Quad<C, S, P, O> implements OntResource
* Resource<? extends Quad>
* Functional Contexts: Arrange Uniform Resource roles CSPO based interface roles Aggregation / relations dataflow traversal
* (Transform, Mapping, Statement, State, Kind, Quad, Resource);
* (Resource, Quad, Kind, State, Statement, Mapping, Transform);
* CSPOs, Kinds, States, OntResource: Uniform Resource functional domain category interface:
* getContext
* getSubject
* getPredicate
* getObject
* getOccurrences
* Resources::getKinds
* Kind::getResources
* Kind::getStates
* State::getKinds
* State::getContexts
* Context::getStates
* Context::getAttributes
* Attribute::getContexts
* Attribute::getValues
* Value::getAttributes
* getPrevious (in functional context / axis)
* getNext (in functional context / axis)
* getParent (in functional context / axis)
* getChildren (in functional context / axis)
* getEquals (in functional context / axis)
* OntResource:
* (OntResource, OntResource, OntResource, OntResource);
* Subjects : OntResource
* (SubjectKind, Subject, PredicateKind, ObjectKind);
* Predicates : OntResource
* (PredicateKind, SubjectKind, Predicate, ObjectKind);
* Objects : OntResource
* (ObjectKind, SubjectKind, PredicateKind, Object);
* SubjectKind (SK) : Subject. Predicate / Object Intersection:
* (State, SubjectKind, Predicate, Object);
* PredicateKind (PK) : Predicate. Subject / Object Intersection:
* (State, Subject, PredicateKind, Object);
* ObjectKind (OK) : Object. Predicate / Subject Intersection:
* (State, Subject, Predicate, ObjectKind);
* StatementKind:
* (State, PK of SK, OK: Relation, SK, OK);
* Statement: State, Kind, SPOs.
* (StatementKind, Statement, Subject, Object);
* MappingKind:
* (State, SK of PK, OK: Schema, PK, OK);
* Mapping: State, Kind, SPOs.
* (MappingKind, Mapping, Predicate, Object);
* TransformKind:
* (State, OK of SK, PK: Behavior, SK, PK);
* Transform: State, Kind, SPOs.
* (TransformKind, Transform, Subject, Predicate);
* State: Kinds occurences Contexts. Plain Statements I/O.
* State : Kinds, SPO:
* (Context, Resource, Attribute, Value);
* Aggregates Kind / Resources Graph on their Kinds Attributes / Predicates. Aggregate / Order Statements in hierarchical Resource Kinds axis. Order / Aggregation Function (Kinds): Resource gt Attribute gt Value. Merge SPO Aggregations.
* Context: CSPO Context. Relationship Relations.
* Resource: SPO Kinds Resources.
* Attribute: Resource Predicate. Subject: P, Predicate: S, Object: S.
* Value: Resource Object. Subject: O, Predicate: O, Object: P.
* DCI Context Model:
* DCI Relationship Contexts: Data / Schema / Behavior Model. DCI / MVC / Relationships Upper onto matching: gestures / flows.
* Metaclasses: PredicateKind SubjectKinds / ObjectKinds.
* Relationship: (Relationship, SubjectKind, PredicateKind, ObjectKind);
* PredicateKind of SK / OK. Employment(Employer, Employee); Employment (Employee, Position);
* Relation : (Relationship, Statements / Context, Role, Occurrence);
* Role : (Relation, Resource, Occurrence, Metaclass : Kinds);
* Occurrence : (Role, Relation, Context / Relation Statements, Resource);
* Relationship Aggregated Statements:
* Aggregated Statements traversal: expanded SPO form.
* Context: (Relationship : Predicate Kind, Relation : Statements, Role : Kind, Player : Resource);
* Predicate Kind of Reified S SK, O OK. (Relationship: Employment, Roles: Employee SK, Employer OK). Employment PK aggregated by Subjects and Objects Kinds. Relation Statements: Aggregated SK, PK, OK by Contexts Statement Kinds.
* (Working, workingRelationStmt, employer, IBM);
* (Working, workingRelationStmt, employee, John);
* Dimensional Relationships:
* (Dimension : Relationship, Measure : Relation, Unit : Kind, Value : Resource);
* (Time, oneHourStmt, minutes, 60);
* Distance Dimension: PK of Time SK / Meters OK. Define Dimension in terms of Relationship Kinds.
* Dimension Measure Statements: Domain PK Statements. Kind interface for Functional Transforms.
* Unit: PK Measure SK / OK Statement Kinds (SK / OK Members).
* Value: Dimension Measure Statement Kind Resource.
* Dimensional Order / Comparison: OrderKinds. Templates (populate).
* Order: Comparison. A / B < 0: A < B. A, B indexes: hierarchy tree positions.
* Proof of Concept: Achieve REST Facade (synchronized) of Relationships given inputs from a system backend:
* Inputs: Aggregate SPO into CSPO: Aggregates Contexts Type / Table / Class Kinds. Aggregate PK Cols, Cols : Occurrence, Val : Resources.
* Inputs (Rel / Graph): (Type / Table / Class, PK : Resource, Col : Occurrence, Val : Resource).
* Inputs (Rel / Graph) FKs: Val : Resource equivalent PKs.
* Features:
* ESB. BPM. CMS. NLP. BI.
* Naming: URNs.
* Graph Embeddings: ML Backend Services (ML Predictions Augments Mappings / Transforms). Encodings (Naming). States.
* Encoding: Deep ML Embeddings. Data: classification, Schema: clustering, Behavior: regression. States.
* Naming: Auto Encoders. Semantic Hashing. States.
* Encoding / Matching:
* Functional Context:
* Metaclass
* Class
* Instance
* Context
* Role
* Occurrence
* Hierarchy: Roles / Primitives.
* Upper Ontology: Need, Product, Good, Purpose. Goal.
* Upper Ontologies: From Primitives to Forms / UI Gestures.
* Units of Measurement (continuos) APIs /  Ontology.
* Discrete (events) APIs / Ontology. Relationships.
* Cube Statements.