3) b)
$$f = J - \infty$$
; -3[0] 1; + \(\) \{ \text{y} = -2x+1 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+3 \\ \text{y} = \frac{2}{3}x+2 \\ \text{y} = \fr

doù de: y=-0,5>1+1