

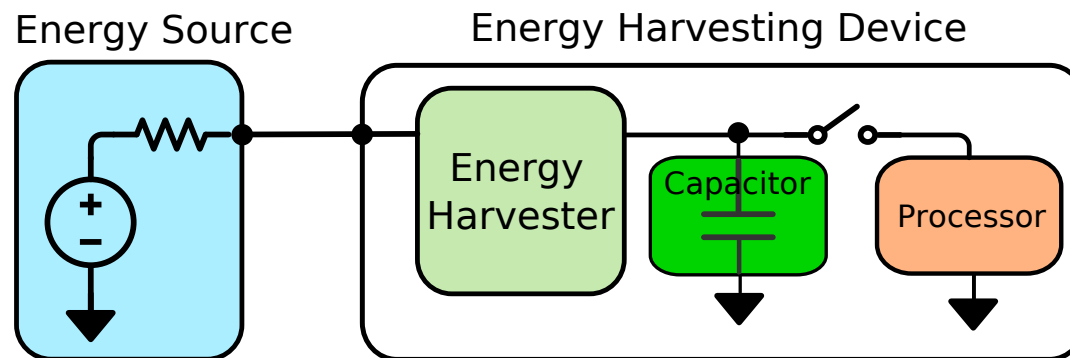
Taming I/O in Intermittent Computing (Work in progress)

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Joint work with Brandon Lucia and Milijana Surbatovich

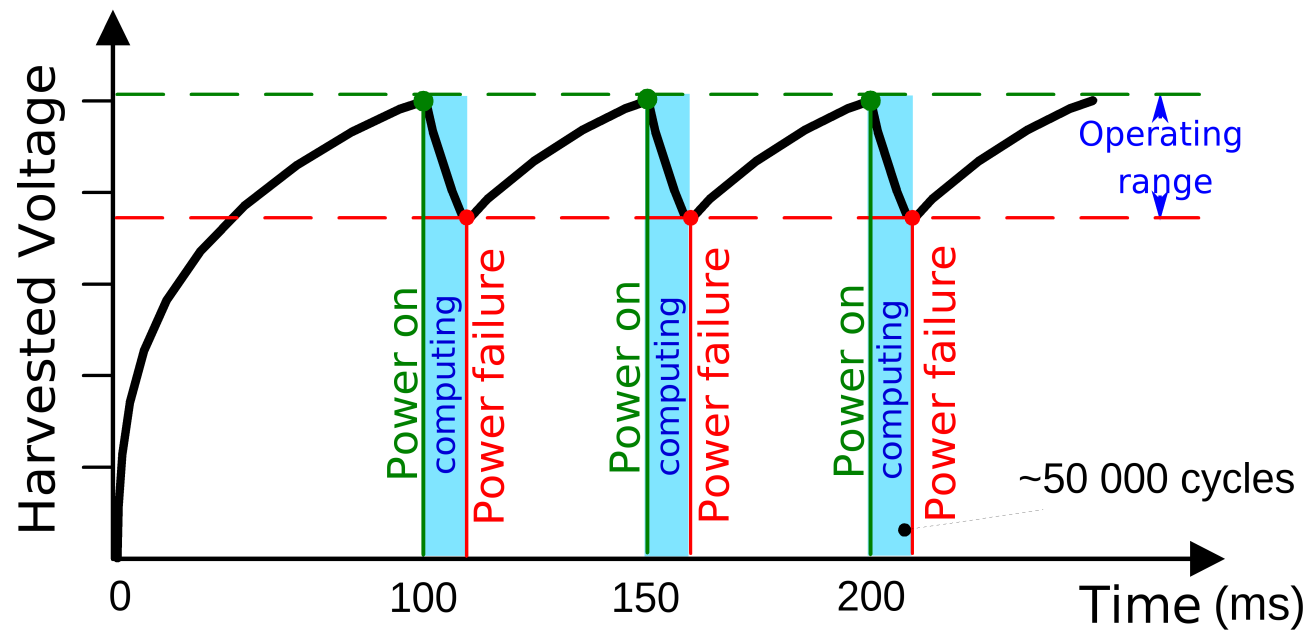
Energy harvesting applications

- Devices powered with energy from the environment (e.g., solar)
- Devices of tiny form factor that do not have batteries and wires
 - ▼ RFID for inventory tracking
- Devices in space, things, bodies
 - ▼ In-body sensors



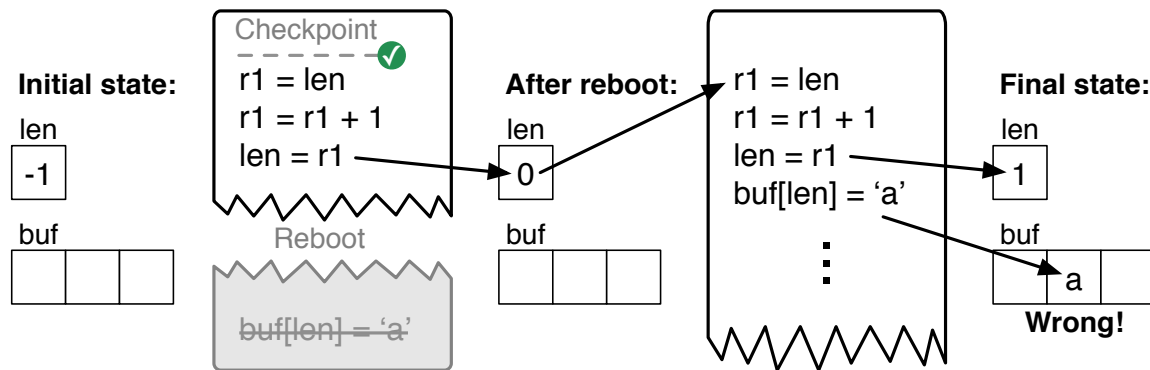
Intermittent computation

- Energy is available intermittently → programs run intermittently



Checkpoints

- The only way to make progress in intermittent computing
- Cannot be done at arbitrary places
- Proposed fixes: explicit task boundaries, runtime inserts check pointing/restore consistent memory: Dino [PLDI'15], Ratchet [OSDI'16], Alpaca [OOPSLA'17]



I/O

- **I/O operations are not idempotent:**
 - ▼ Different sensor reading after reboot

I/O

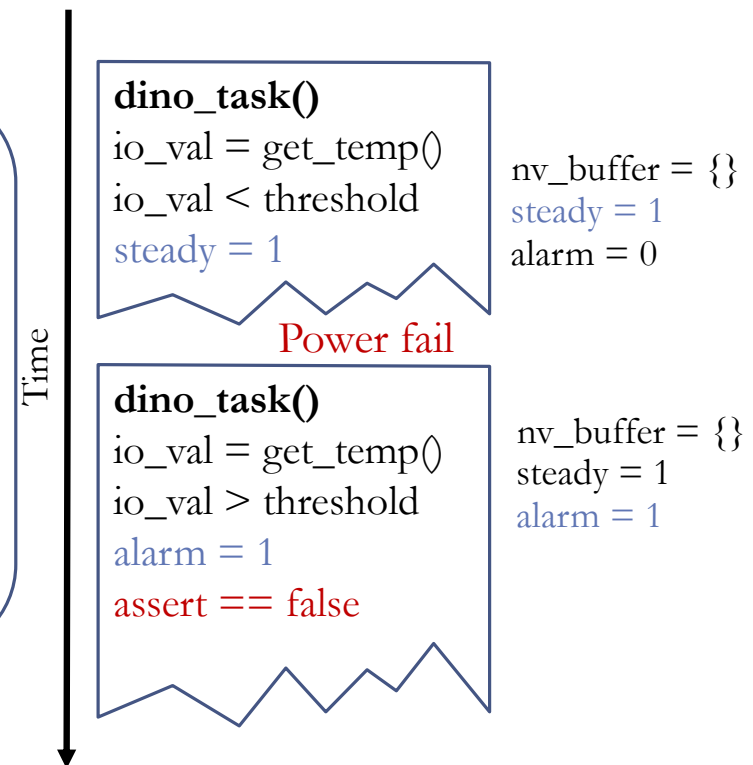
■ I/O operations are not idempotent:

- ▼ Different sensor reading after reboot

■ Consequences

- ▼ state machine mess up
- ▼ corrupted data

```
dino_task()
io_val = get_temp()
if (io_val < threshold):
    steady = 1
else:
    alarm = 1
assert(!(alarm & steady))
dino_task()
```



A tool for bug finding and fixing

■ Bug finding:

- ▼ Taint analysis: **source:** I/O inputs, **sink:** writes in branches on I/O dependent data
- ▼ Found many bugs in embedded device drivers

■ Bug fixing:

- ▼ Source-to-source rewriting to allow existing tools to understand I/O

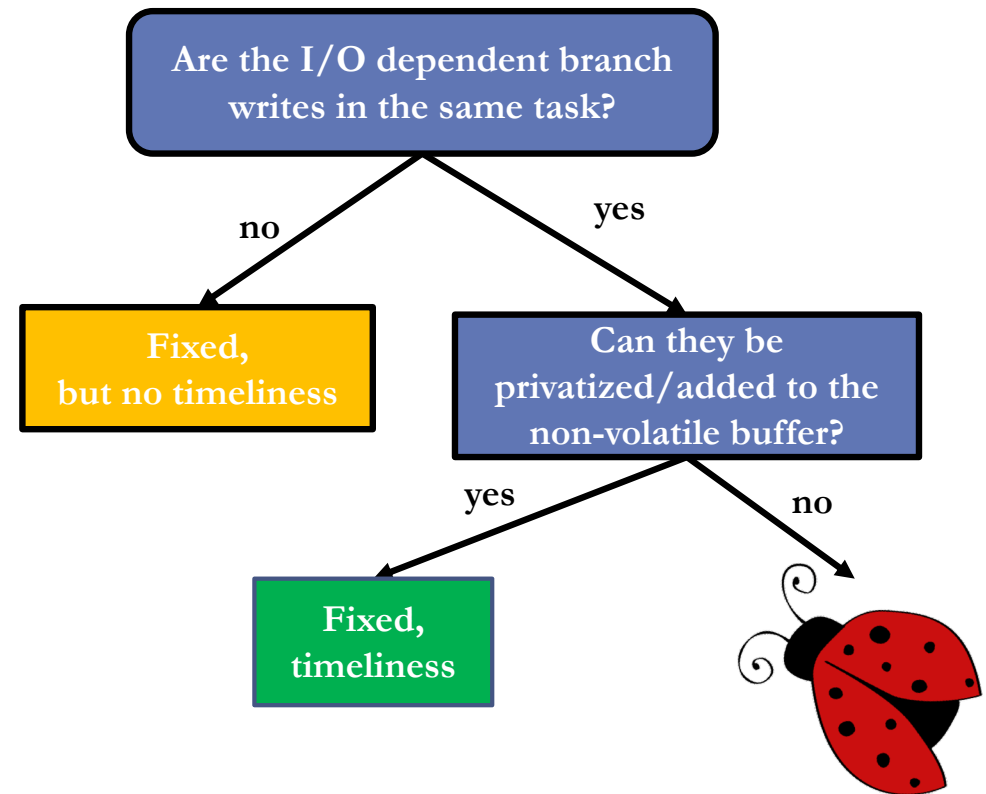
A tool for bug finding and fixing

■ Bug finding:

- ▼ Taint analysis: **source:** I/O inputs, **sink:** writes in branches on I/O dependent data
- ▼ Found many bugs in embedded device drivers

■ Bug fixing (on going):

- ▼ Source-to-source rewriting to allow existing tools to understand I/O



Formal modeling (future work)

- How do we know our fixes are correct?
- Model intermittent computing
- Define correctness and other properties
- Compare different approaches