



Homeland  
Security

Science and Technology

2016 | Cyber Security Division

**R&D SHOWCASE AND TECHNICAL WORKSHOP**

# Ensuring and Accelerating Routing Security

PARSONS, Inc

Sandra Murphy

*18 Feb 2016*

# Team Profile

# PARSONS

Prime

*secure infrastructure protocols*

**DRAGON RESEARCH  
LABS**

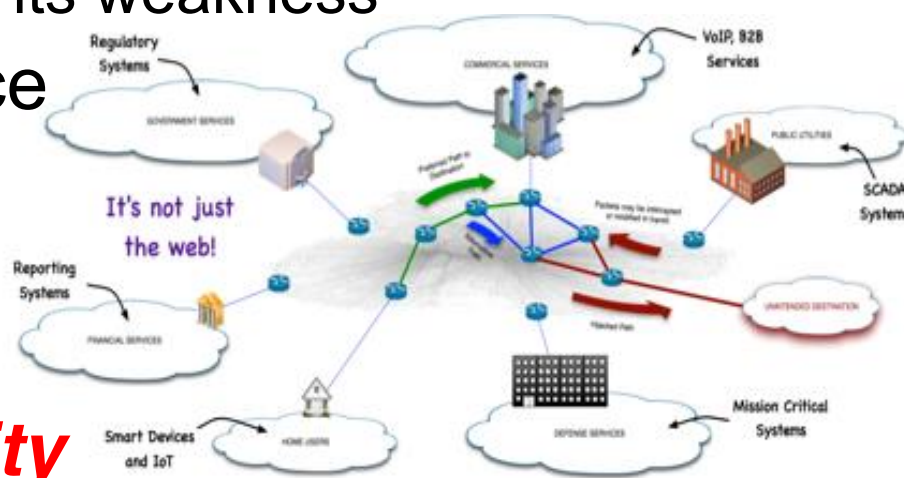
Sub-contractor  
*network operations*

**Raytheon**  
**BBN Technologies**

Sub-contractor  
*security; public key infrastructures*

# Customer Need

- Routing is a critical core-infrastructure protocol
  - *With an Achilles heel*
- Routing protocol (BGP)
  - A global, cooperative, distributed system
  - That's powerful, but also its weakness
- World-wide threat source
- World-wide impact
  - Blackholes, MITM, outages
- ***Everybody's problem***
- ***Nobody's responsibility***



# Approach (Part 1)

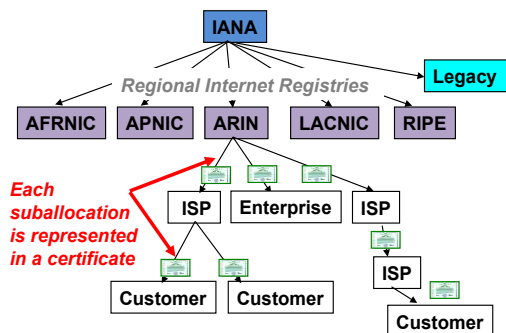
- **Proactive: block bogus routing information**
- **Technical Solution:**
  - Step 1: Certify Right to Use Addresses
  - Step 2: Origin Validation (protect creation of initial route)
  - Step 3: Path Validation (protect record of the route's path)
- **Project Team and Strategy**
  - Project team of experts in key areas
  - Engage with key stakeholders and gatekeepers:
    - Router vendors, operators, Internet resource registries
  - Work on all solution phases:  
standardization, implementation, and deployment
  - Parallel existing systems and operations



# Approach (continued, Part 2)

## STEP 1: Certify the right to use addresses

Parallel Existing Address Allocation System



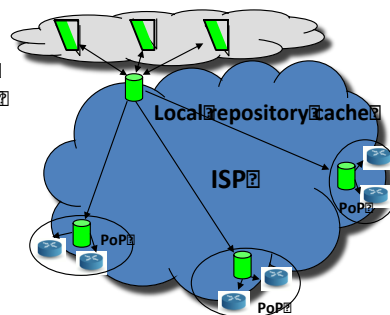
Resource Public Key Infrastructure - RPKI

## STEP 2: Origin Validation (protect area of origin of route)

- RPKI Route Authorization Object: prefix holder
- Authorizes ISP to originate route
- Routers use RPKI authorization to validate the route origin

### Globally Distributed CA Repositories

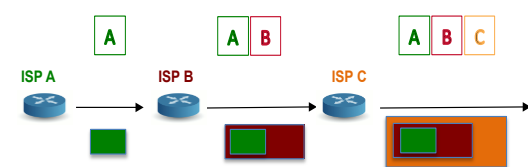
Cache-to-router protocol delivers list of authorized prefix origins to routers in real time. Routers do not need crypto



## STEP 3: Path Validation (protect build up of the route's path)

BGP route carries its path

Signatures for path validation



ISP signs everything it receives to validate the path

- Originators, ISP A sign what they originate
- Propogators, ISP B and ISP C, sign what they propagate
- Routes collect signatures as they pass through the network






Protections parallel legitimate behavior

Proactive solution: BLOCK bogus routing

# Approach (continued, Part 3)

## Stages of ISP Deployment

*Choose activities to facilitate deployment in each stage*

	<b>Reluctance</b> 	<b>Doubting</b> 	<b>Planning</b> 	<b>Beginning to Move</b> 	<b>Progressing Steadily</b> 
Standards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Start solution</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Formalize Solution</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Obtain feedback</li> <li>Revise as needed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Document BCPs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Define needed extensions</li> </ul>
Outreach	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recruit Core Experts</li> <li>Explain need to other Experts</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Explain path</li> <li>Widen Publicity</li> <li>Tutorials</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Coordinate policy</li> <li>Find early adopters</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hold tutorials</li> <li>Technical &amp; Policy Conferences</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Widen outreach</li> <li>Articles &amp; Workshops</li> </ul>
Technical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Analyze</li> <li>Measure Risk</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Predict needs</li> <li>Start tools</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Interop. tests</li> <li>Deploy tools</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Scaling</li> <li>Performance tweaks</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Measure growth</li> <li>Fix slow areas</li> </ul>

**Culture change:** *explain the need, create the tools, find a leader, publish use cases*

# Competition

- **Reactive systems**
  - Routing-history-based anomaly detectors
    - BGP-route collectors and alert services
    - Collectors: RouteViews, RIPE RIS, PacketClearingHouse
    - Alert services: research and commercial: e.g., Cyclops, Dyn Research, BGPMON
- **Proactive systems**
  - Best current practice is BGP route filters
    - Based on customer input or Internet Routing Registry (IRR) data
  - Issues with best current practice
    - **AUTHORIZATION**: Input (customer & IRR) authorization is weak
    - **EFFECTIVENESS**: Most effective close to error
    - **COVERAGE**: Mostly for origin validation, not path validation
    - **PERFORMANCE**: Filters (475K lines) challenge memory; filters must be rebuilt and reloaded periodically; loading new filters seriously impacts operations

# Benefits

- **Proactive**: Block bogus routing, rather than detect and alert
- **Authorization**: Routing information is certified with high assurance
- **Effectiveness**: Validation effective anywhere in the Internet
- **Coverage**: Path validation as well as origin validation
- **Performance**: Incremental update, no need to rebuild full set
  - Updated information can arrive in real time without disrupting operations



# Current Status (Part 1)



- **Certification:**
  - All global registries certifying member resources
  - 2.3M address blocks certified, world-wide
- **Origin Validation:**
  - Three top router vendors support in shipping code
  - Top US companies with deployment in progress
    - using DHS funded implementations
- **Path Validation:**
  - specifications mature but not yet published

# Current Status (continued, Part 2)

## Deployment – Origin Validation - Current Stage

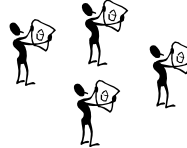
**Reluctance**



**Doubting/  
Inertia**



**Planning**



**Beginning  
to Move**



**Progressing  
Steadily**

- Building tools to aid deployment:
  - Workshop in a Box – training and planning
  - RPKI Visualization – certification monitor
  - Router-RPKI Monitor – origin validation in operation
  - Emulation and Operation Monitor – planning and operations
  - Rpki.net and RPSTIR – standards and operation
- Participating in policy development

# Next Steps

- **FROM NOW TO COMPLETION:** Ensure and accelerate deployment:
  - Tools
    - Ease barriers, monitor, diagnosis, performance
  - Community
    - Training, workshops, tutorials, outreach, community building
    - Working with major providers (ISP, data center, cloud)
    - Working with major address holders to encourage deployment
  - Policy
    - Work with principal policy bodies – registries, government, sector
    - Work with policy bodies' clients and members
  - Specification
    - Complete path validation standardization!
    - As needed, address specification issues

# Potential Transition Activities

- **TECHNOLOGY TRANSITION:**
  - Transition to commercial products in place
  - Transition to critical gateholders in place
- **MAJOR CULTURE CHANGE FOR OPERATIONS:**
  - Ensure community understands need
    - (outreach; status monitors)
  - Ensure community has the means to make the change
    - (OAM tools for internal operations)
  - Find a leader
    - (working with major networks for use cases, experiments, etc.)



# Contact Information



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**PARSONS**

EARS information

[www.securerouting.net](http://www.securerouting.net)

[www.rpki.net](http://www.rpki.net)

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/rpstir/>



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