

## 01. Stable matching

Both sides rank each other and goal is to pair each up **Constraints** No **rogue couples** - matched partner likes someone more than current partner that also likes them back

### Gale-Shapley Algo

#### Invariant

- If woman not on boy list, she has a better current fav
- Boy choice is strictly worsening
- Girl choice cannot worsen (weakly increasing)

## 04. Greedy algorithms

- Consider jobs in some order and immediately take the job that is compatible with the previous jobs
- Has some heuristic to sort the jobs

### Scheduling intervals

- Maximize number of jobs run
- Heuristic: **end time**, start time, interval size, fewest conflict

### Interval Partitioning

- Minimize number of classrooms to run lectures concurrently
- Heuristic: **start time**
- Assign lecture to first compatible classroom

### Minimize lateness scheduling

- Heuristic: **Earliest deadline**, Shortest processing time first, Smallest slack ( $d_j - t_j$ )
- Start with an optimal solution and inductively reduce number of inversions until it reaches the greedy solution

#### Inversions

- Pair of jobs  $i$  and  $j$  where  $d_i < d_j$  but  $j$  schedule before  $i$
- Greedy solution does not have any inversions

### Greedy analysis Strategies

1. Each step in greedy solution is at least as good as other solutions
2. Exchange argument: Transforming solution to greedy algorithm without hurting its quality
3. Structural: Every solution has a certain value and greedy algos can be in this bound

### Optimal offline caching

- Eviction strategy that minimises number of cache misses
- Heuristic: **Farthest in future**
  - Evict item in cache that is not requested until farthest in the future