

Modules

Retrieval

Text Splitters

Split code

Split code

CodeTextSplitter allows you to split your code with multiple languages supported. Import enum Language and specify the language.

```
from langchain.text_splitter import (
    Language,
    RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter,
)
```

```
# Full list of supported languages
[e.value for e in Language]
```

```
['cpp',
  'go',
  'java',
  'kotlin',
  'js',
  'ts',
  'php',
  'proto',
```

```
'python',
'rst',
'ruby',
'rust',
'scala',
'swift',
'markdown',
'latex',
'html',
'sol',
'csharp',
'cobol']
```

You can also see the separators used for a gire RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.get_separators_f

```
['\nclass ', '\ndef ', '\n\tdef ', '\n\n', '\n', ' ']
```

Python

Here's an example using the PythonTextSplitter:

```
PYTHON_CODE = """
def hello_world():
```

```
print("Hello, World!")

# Call the function
hello_world()
"""

python_splitter =
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.from_language(
    language=Language.PYTHON, chunk_size=50,
chunk_overlap=0
)

python_docs =
python_splitter.create_documents([PYTHON_CODE])
python_docs
```

```
[Document(page_content='def hello_world():\n
print("Hello, World!")'),
  Document(page_content='# Call the
function\nhello_world()')]
```

JS

Here's an example using the JS text splitter:

```
JS_CODE = """
function helloWorld() {
  console.log("Hello, World!");
}
```

```
// Call the function
helloWorld();
"""

js_splitter =
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.from_language(
    language=Language.JS, chunk_size=60,
chunk_overlap=0
)
js_docs =
js_splitter.create_documents([JS_CODE])
js_docs
```

```
[Document(page_content='function helloWorld()
{\n console.log("Hello, World!");\n}'),
  Document(page_content='// Call the
function\nhelloWorld();')]
```

TS

Here's an example using the TS text splitter:

```
TS_CODE = """
function helloWorld(): void {
  console.log("Hello, World!");
}
```

```
// Call the function
helloWorld();
"""

ts_splitter =
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.from_language(
    language=Language.TS, chunk_size=60,
chunk_overlap=0
)
ts_docs =
ts_splitter.create_documents([TS_CODE])
ts_docs
```

```
[Document(page_content='function
helloWorld(): void {'),
Document(page_content='console.log("Hello,
World!");\n}'),
Document(page_content='// Call the
function\nhelloWorld();')]
```

Markdown

Here's an example using the Markdown text splitter:

```
## Building applications with LLMs through
composability

## Quick Install

```bash
Hopefully this code block isn't split
pip install langchain

```

As an open-source project in a rapidly
developing field, we are extremely open to
contributions.

"""
```

```
md_splitter =
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.from_language(
    language=Language.MARKDOWN,
chunk_size=60, chunk_overlap=0
)
md_docs =
md_splitter.create_documents([markdown_text])
md_docs
```

```
Document(page_content='## Quick
Install\n\n``bash'),
Document(page_content="# Hopefully this code
block isn't split"),
Document(page_content='pip install
langchain'),
Document(page_content='``'),
Document(page_content='As an open-source
project in a rapidly developing field, we'),
Document(page_content='are extremely open to
contributions.')]
```

Latex

Here's an example on Latex text:

```
latex_text = """
\documentclass{article}
\begin{document}

\maketitle
```

\section{Introduction}
Large language models (LLMs) are a type of
machine learning model that can be trained on
vast amounts of text data to generate human-

like language. In recent years, LLMs have made significant advances in a variety of natural language processing tasks, including language translation, text generation, and sentiment analysis.

\subsection{History of LLMs}
The earliest LLMs were developed in the 1980s and 1990s, but they were limited by the amount of data that could be processed and the computational power available at the time. In the past decade, however, advances in hardware and software have made it

possible to train LLMs on massive datasets,

leading to significant improvements in

\subsection{Applications of LLMs}
LLMs have many applications in industry,
including chatbots, content creation, and
virtual assistants. They can also be used in
academia for research in linguistics,
psychology, and computational linguistics.

\end{document}
"""

performance.

```
chunk_size=60, chunk_overlap=0
)
latex_docs =
latex_splitter.create_documents([latex_text])
latex_docs
```

[Document(page_content='\\documentclass{article Document(page_content='\\section{Introduction} Document(page_content='Large language models (Document(page_content='model that can be train Document(page_content='generate human-like lan Document(page_content='made significant advance Document(page_content='processing tasks, inclu Document(page_content='generation, and sentime Document(page_content='\\subsection{History of Document(page_content='The earliest LLMs were Document(page_content='but they were limited b Document(page_content='processed and the compu Document(page_content='time. In the past decad Document(page_content='software have made it p Document(page_content='datasets, leading to si Document(page_content='performance.'), Document(page_content='\\subsection{Applicatio Document(page_content='LLMs have many applicat| Document(page_content='chatbots, content creat Document(page_content='can also be used in aca Document(page_content='psychology, and computa Document(page_content='\\end{document}')]

HTML

Here's an example using an HTML text splitter:

```
html_text = """
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
   <head>
       <style>
           body {
              font-family: Arial, sans-
serif;
           h1 {
              color: darkblue;
       </style>
   </head>
   <body>
       <div>

→ Building applications with
LLMs through composability \frac{4}{\sqrt{p}}
       </div>
       <div>
           As an open-source project in a
rapidly developing field, we are extremely
open to contributions.
```

```
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

```
html_splitter =
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.from_language(
    language=Language.HTML, chunk_size=60,
chunk_overlap=0
)
html_docs =
html_splitter.create_documents([html_text])
html_docs
```

```
[Document(page_content='<!DOCTYPE
html>\n<html>'),
 Document(page_content='<head>\n
<title> \( \lambda \) LangChain</title>'),
 Document(page_content='<style>\n
body {\n
                       font-family: Aria'),
 Document(page_content='l, sans-serif;\n
}\n
              h1 {'),
 Document(page_content='color: darkblue;\n
}\n
          </style>\n </head'),
 Document(page_content='>'),
 Document(page_content='<body>'),
 Document(page_content='<div>\n
```

```
Document(page_content='
    Building
applications with LLMs through composability
    '),
    Document(page_content='
    As
an open-source project in a rapidly dev'),
    Document(page_content='eloping field, we are
extremely open to contributions.'),
    Document(page_content='eloping field, we are
extremely open to contributions.'),
    Document(page_content='eloping field, we are
extremely open to contributions.')

//body>\n
//body>\n
//body>\n
//body>\n
```

Solidity

Here's an example using the Solidity text splitter:

```
SOL_CODE = """
pragma solidity ^0.8.20;
contract HelloWorld {
    function add(uint a, uint b) pure public
returns(uint) {
       return a + b;
    }
}
"""
sol_splitter =
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.from_language(
```

```
language=Language.SOL, chunk_size=128,
chunk_overlap=0
)
sol_docs =
sol_splitter.create_documents([SOL_CODE])
sol_docs
```

```
[Document(page_content='pragma solidity
^0.8.20;'),
Document(page_content='contract HelloWorld
{\n function add(uint a, uint b) pure
public returns(uint) {\n return a +
b;\n }\n}')]
```

C

Here's an example using the C# text splitter:

```
C_CODE = """
using System;
class Program
{
    static void Main()
    {
       int age = 30; // Change the age value
as needed
```

```
// Categorize the age without any
console output
        if (age < 18)
        {
            // Age is under 18
        }
        else if (age >= 18 && age < 65)
        {
            // Age is an adult
        else
        {
            // Age is a senior citizen
        }
    }
}
11 11 11
c_splitter =
RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter.from_language(
    language=Language.CSHARP, chunk_size=128,
chunk_overlap=0
)
c_docs =
c_splitter.create_documents([C_CODE])
c_docs
```

```
Document(page_content='// Categorize the age
without any console output\n
                                  if (age <
                          // Age is under
18)\n
            \{ \n
18'),
Document(page_content='}\n else if
(age >= 18 && age < 65)\n
                          {\n
// Age is an adult\n
                          }\n
                                     else\n
{'),
Document(page_content='// Age is a senior
citizen\n
                }\n }\n}')]
```