# AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF ARMENIA

College of Science and Engineering

# COMP120 Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming

## MIDTERM 1 EXAM

Date:

Tuesday, February 17 2015

Starting time:

10:30

**Duration**:

1 hour 20 minutes

Attention:

ANY TYPE OF COMMUNICATION IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED

Please write down your name at the top of all used pages

#### Problem 1

Square arrays can be rotated by 90°, say, in clock-wise direction. For example:

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	2.2	23	24	25

21	16	11	6	1
22	17	12	7	2
23	18	13	8	3
24	19	14	9	4
25	20	15	10	5

The easiest way to implement the rotation by 90° is to transpose the initial square array and then to reverse all its rows separately. Write a Java method *void rotate(int[][] array2D)* that takes as its argument a square *int[][] array2D* and rotates its. Use already implemented methods *void reverse(int[] array1D)* and *void transpose(int[][] array2D)*:

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### Problem 2

Colors in Java can be represented by objects of type *Color*. Each such object contains the *red*, *green* and *blue* components of the corresponding color as integer values from 0 to 255. Consider below a Java code that creates and initializes a rectangular array of *Color* type:

Continue with a Java code that creates another array Color[][] g of the same size and fills it with gray equivalents of the colors from the array Color[][] c. To get a grey equivalent of a given color c[i][j], it is enough to construct a Color object, whose red, green and blue components all are equal to the calculated average of red, green and blue components of the initial c[i][j]. Use  $int\ getRed()$ ,  $int\ getGreen()$  and  $int\ getBlue()$  methods of class Color.

Use the backside, if needed

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### Problem 3

Similar to files, strings also can be related to streams in C++, this time using stringstream objects. Particularly, it is enough to create an object of type istringstream to organize formatted reading from a string. Consider, for example, a C++ code below:

```
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void main()
      string text = "Before increment: 199999999", word;
      istringstream tokens(text);
      tokens >> word >> num;
      cout << "After " << word.substr(7) << num + 1 << endl;</pre>
// After increment:200000000
```

Write a C++ function double value(string expression) that takes as its argument a string representing an arithmetic expression, evaluates it and returns its value. The expression includes only '+' and '-' operations and double operands, both positive and negative. The operands and operations are delimited by spaces.

For example, value("5.1 - -0.7 + 1.2") results in 7.0.

istring & race (string expression) & deadle int; double oppnend. toneus >> operand in to openal. while (towns >> sign >> opened) {

Use the backside, if needed

see AB, DP, NA DOP.MH. 180215-L122

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