

Team Kerbals

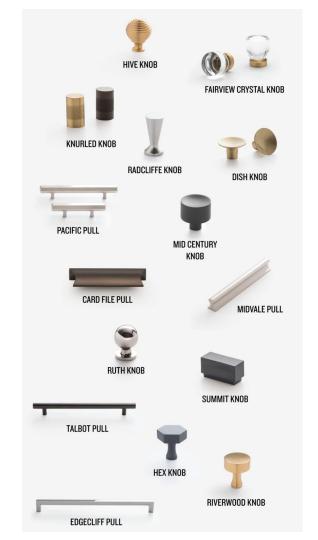
Problem Statement

Design the **end effector** of a robotic arm, having **3 degrees of freedom**.

- The arm must be capable of:
 - Typing on a keyboard
 - Opening a drawer
 - Lifting a rock with maximum radius of 20 mm and mass of 1 kg
- What are some **design constraints** you would have to consider when designing the end effector?
- What would the characteristics of the optimal end effector be?
- What **materials** would you use to manufacture the different parts of the end effector?

Task Specifications

- 1. Typing on a keyboard
- 2. Opening a drawer
 - In general, 3 structural types [1]:
 - 1. Handle
 - 2. Knob
 - 3. Card file pull
- 3. Lifting a rock with maximum radius of 20 mm and mass of 1 kg



Optimal End Effector Characteristics

1) Functionality

Able to complete all tasks

2) Performance

- Tasks are optimised and completed with high performance according to certain metrics (i.e. weight, complexity of mechanism, time, precision)
- Fulfill design constraints

Design Constraints

1. Financial Constraints

- Items procured must be less than \$5000
- Aim for items to be as low-cost as possible

2. Physical Constraints

- Weight of system → design a light system as higher weight, more energy expended to move
- Size of system → design a system that's as compact as possible

3. System Constraints

- System simplicity → reduce number of new systems introduced (such as pneumatics system)
- Manufacturing simplicity → create a design that's easy to manufacture

Gripper Design Inspirations

Traditional Designs







Parallel Motion Two-Jaw [2]

Three-Jaw Gripper [3]

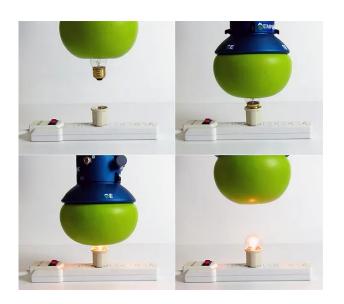
Wide Stroke Adaptive Gripper [4]

Gripper Design Inspirations

Modern Design







FESTO Tentacle Gripper [5]

FESTO Multichoice Gripper [6]

Beanbag Gripper [7]

Comparison

Functionality / Performance	Typing /5	Drawer /5	Lifting rock /5	Pros	Cons
2-Jaw [2]	5	5	4	Simple mechanism	Needs to compensate grip with adding more force - not suitable for brittle items
3-Jaw [3]	5	3	5	Stable in picking up things	More complex design
Wide-stroke Parallel [4]	5	5	4	Simple mechanism	Very commonly used in rovers
Tentacle Gripper [5]	2	5	4	Very innovative	Still in research stage, not commercialised
Multichoice Gripper [6]	5	4	5	- Good for brittle items - Has high friction grip	More complex design
Beanbag Gripper [7]	1	2	5	Innovative and new	Complex system (uses air compressor)

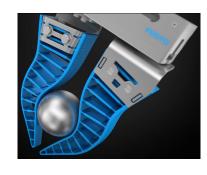
FESTO Adaptive Gripper

Basic Proof of Concept

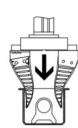
Gripper fingers' interface [8, 9]:

- Designed so that both parts can be easily slid together to form a positively-engaged and friction-based adapter while the fingers can flex
- Reliable gripping of different shapes and with different surfaces (i.e. rock shapes, drawer handles/knobs/openings)
- Gripper is made from TPU
 - Easy to manufacture
 - Light
- Relatively simple design





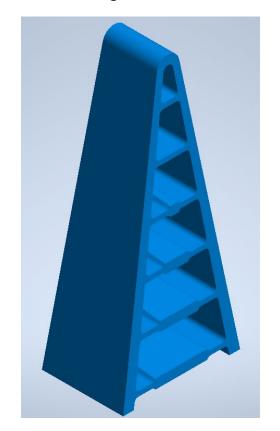


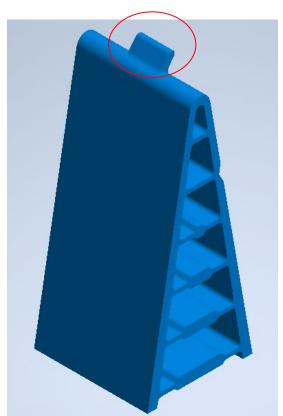


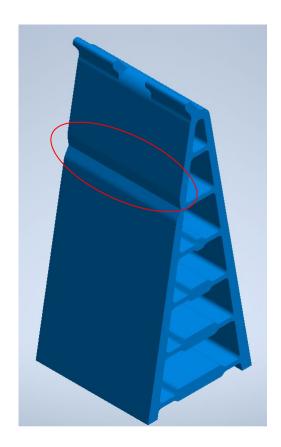




Modified Adaptive Gripper Finger CAD Design







Modified Adaptive Gripper Finger

Basic Proof of Concept + Modifications

To improve **performance**:

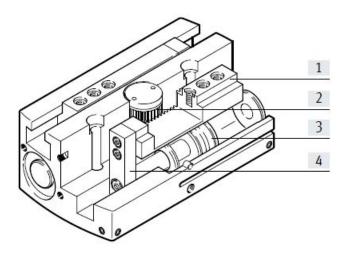
- 1. End/tip gap for enclosing
 - Allows better securement of large objects (task 3)
- 2. **Groove** at gripper
 - Allows thin objects to fit better (e.g. thin drawer handles) (task 2)
- 3. **Make the gripper hold a Laser stylus** to help aim designated key on the keyboard(task 1)
 - Allow user or sensors to have better aim
 - Groove at grip ensured laser is secured at the same position every time
 - A smaller finger which eliminates the chance of accidentally pressing a neighbouring key

Modified Parallel Gripper Actuator

	Pneumatic piston system	Gear system	Hydraulic system
Pros	- Easily bought off-the-shelf, no need to manufacture - Has precise positional control	- Lighter - Can withstand greater force VS pneumatic piston with stepper motors with gear reduction - Has precise positional control - Highly customisable depending on need	- More sustainable VS pneumatic piston
Cons	 Complex system → More things added causes higher probability of something failing Not sustainable → requires constant servicing of the pneumatic pistons Requires heavier system to withstand equivalent force VS Gear system 	- Slower VS pneumatic piston - Not off-the-shelf purchase (less convenient)	- Heavier VS pneumatic piston - Introduces a new system

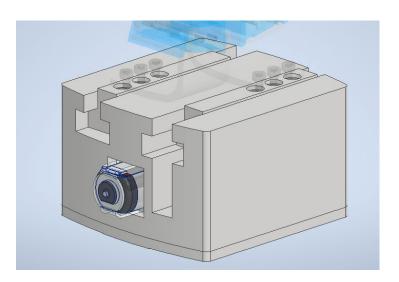
Modified Parallel Gripper Base

Basic Proof of Concept + Modifications



FESTO HGPL-25-20 [10]

- Uses Pneumatics
- Metal-alloy based (heavy)
- Difficult to manufacture
- High cost

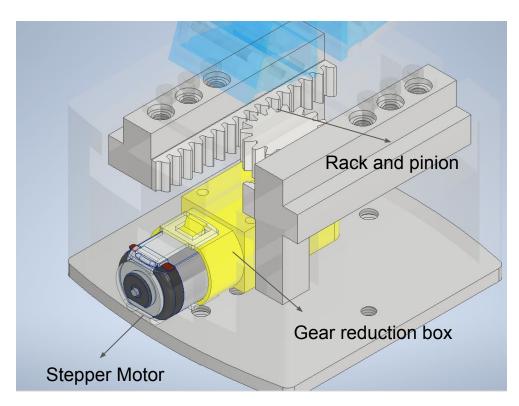


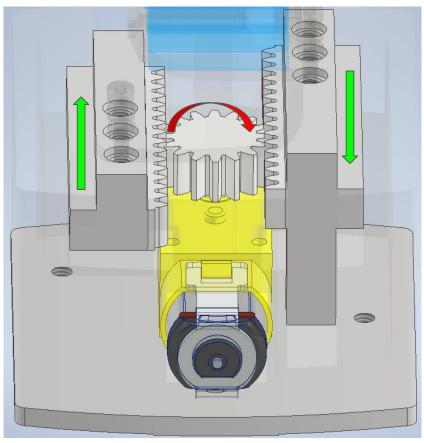
Adapted System

- Uses high-torque stepper motor and gears (rack and pinion)
- Onyx based (3D printed)
- Easy to manufacture
- Low cost

Modified Parallel Gripper Base

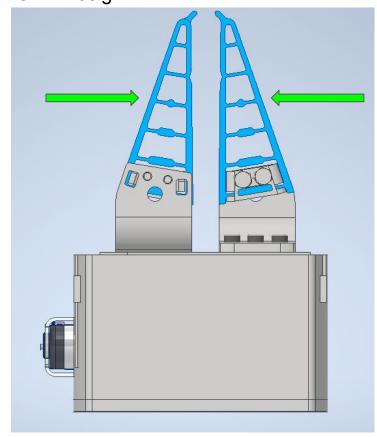
Basic Proof of Concept + Modifications

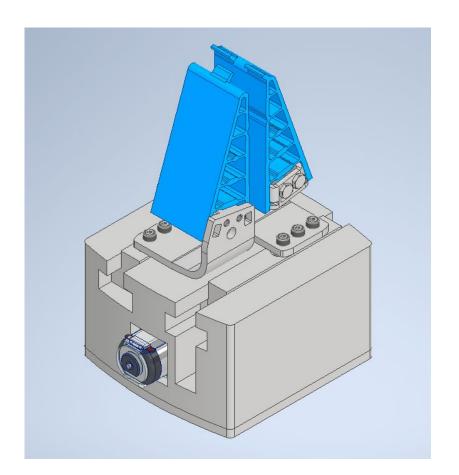




Modified Parallel Gripper Base

CAD Design



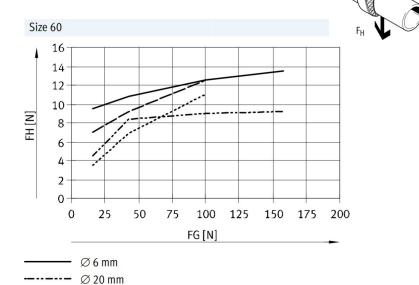


Technical Feasibility [11]

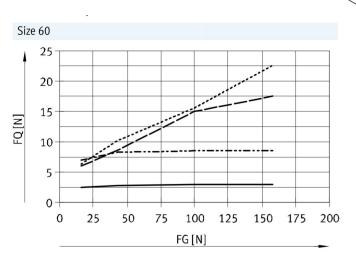
Retention force (pulling handle, pulling knob, etc.)

Ø 40 mm

----- Ø 50 mm



Lateral force (holding stylus, lifting rock, etc.)



 \emptyset 6 mm

Ø 20 mm

Ø 40 mm

----- Ø 50 mm

Technical Feasibility

Rough Technical Calculations

Max Weight: 1 kg or 9.81 N

Max Diameter: 40mm

From Lateral Force graph, Fg required = 50 N

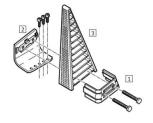
Since gear diameter = 25mm, Torque of motor required = 1.25 Nm

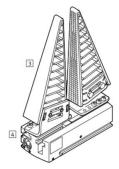
With safety factor of 4, Torque recommended = 4 Nm

Average Stepper motor torque ~ 0.5 Nm

Gear reduction required for system is 8:1

Bill of Material





- 1 Mounting kit
- DHAS-ME

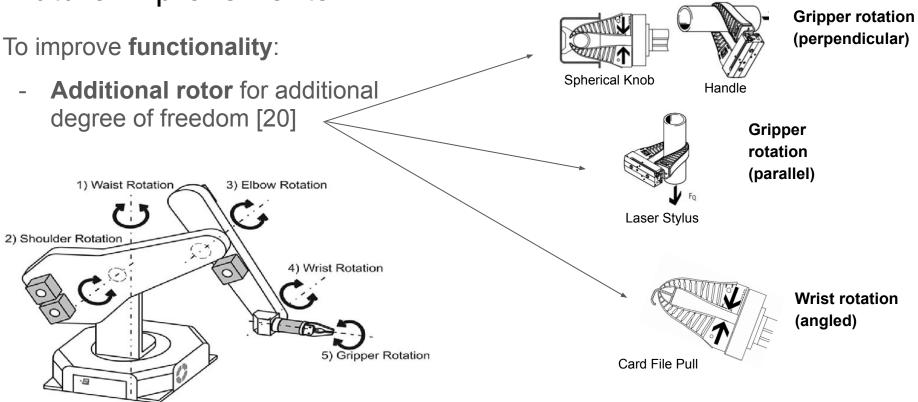
 2 Mounting bracket
 DHAS-MA
- 3 Adaptive gripper finger
- DHAS
- 4 Parallel gripper HGPL-14

Part	Details	Material / Weight	Procurement
Mounting Bracket DHAS-MA-B6-60 [12]	Mounting of adaptive gripper finger together with the mounting kit and parallel gripper	High-alloy stainless steel / 23g	Off-the-shelf purchase [13]
Mounting Kit DHAS-ME-H9-60 [14]	Mounting of adaptive gripper finger	High alloy steel, non-corrosive / 7g	Off-the-shelf purchase [15]
Modified Adaptive Gripper Finger	Adapted from FESTO DHAS-GF-60-U [16]	Polyurethane (TPU) / 39g	3D printed

Bill of Material

Part	Details	Material / Weight	Procurement
Modified Parallel Gripper Frame	Custom frame	Onyx Material / ~250g [17]	3D printed
Stepper Motor	Motor to drive the jaws	Metal Alloys 160 g	Off-the-shelf purchase [18]
Laser pen	Laser pen to guide Task 1	Plastic ~ 30 g	Off-the-shelf purchase [19]

Future Improvements:



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