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SUBJECT
ADVANCED DATABASE SYSTEMS

SUBMITTED BY
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Seat No. 13

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for
Qualifying
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2018-19

Department of Information Technology
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Hindi Vidya Prachar Samiti's

**RAMNIRANJAN
JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE
(AUTONOMOUS)**



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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that Miss. SHAIKH SEEMA ABDUL RASHID with Seat No. 13 has successfully completed the necessary course of experiments in the subject of **ADVANCED DATABASE SYSTEMS** during the academic year **2018 – 2019** complying with the requirements of **RAMNIRANJAN JHUNJHUNWALA COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE**, for the course of **M.Sc. (IT) semester -II**.

Internal Examiner

Date: _____

Head of Department

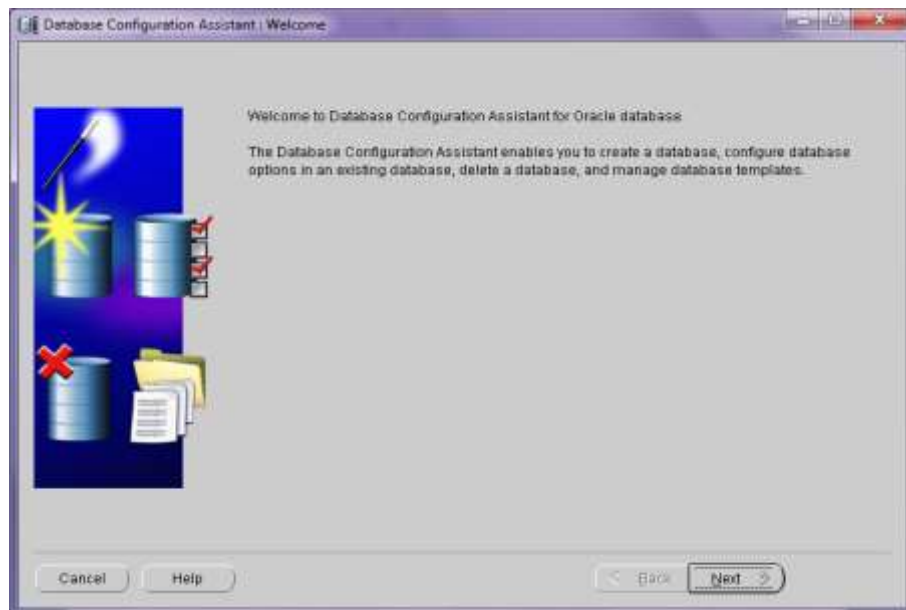
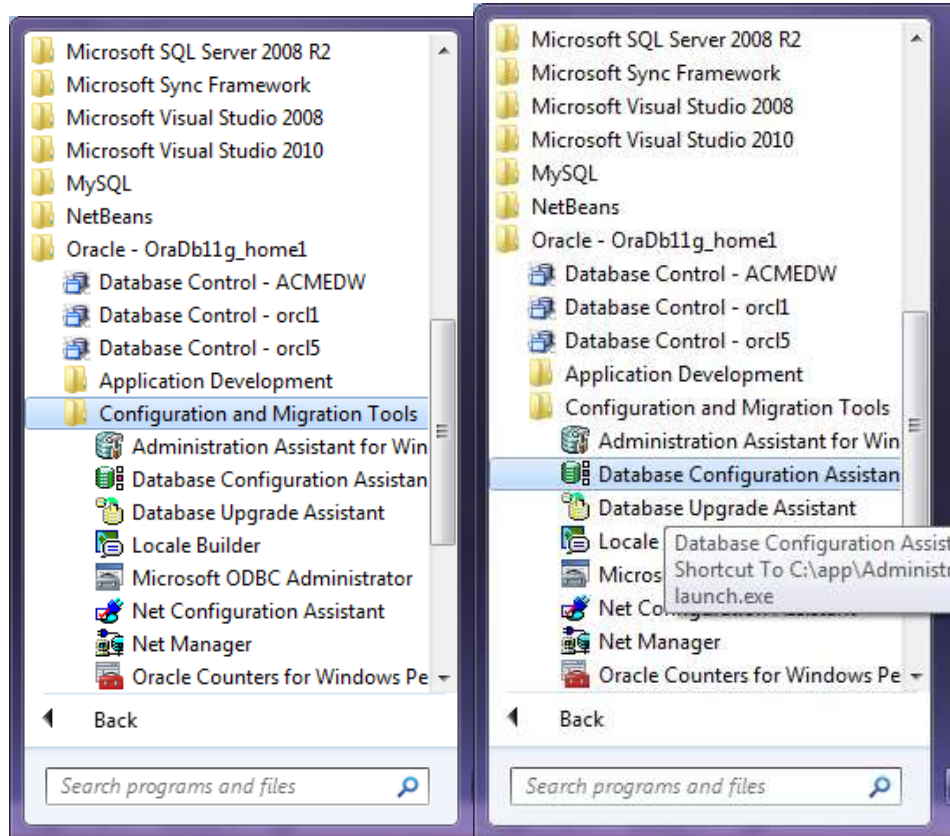
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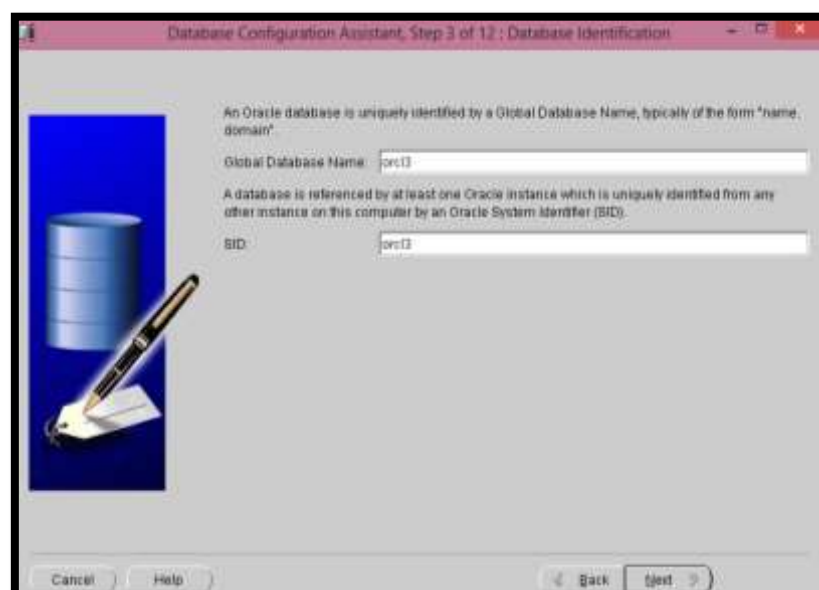
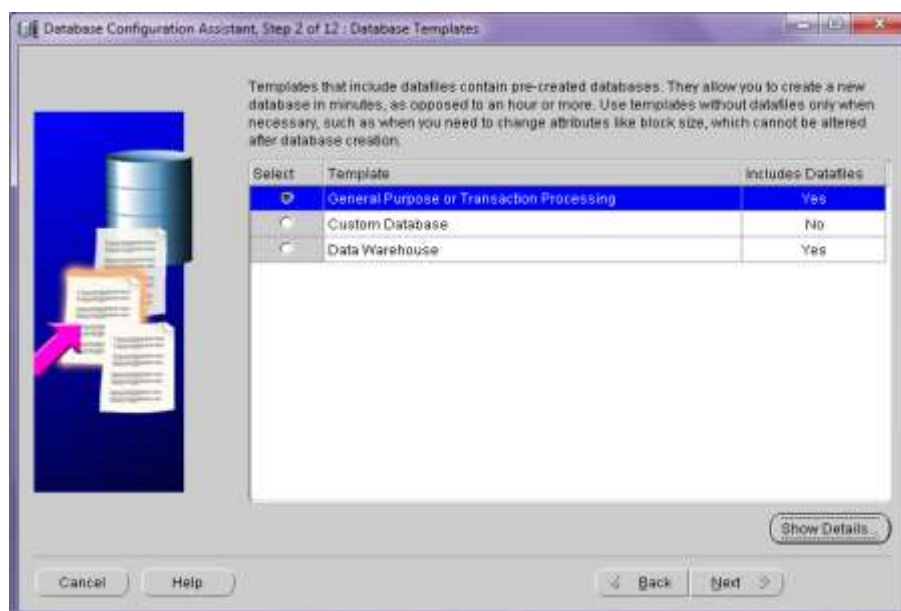
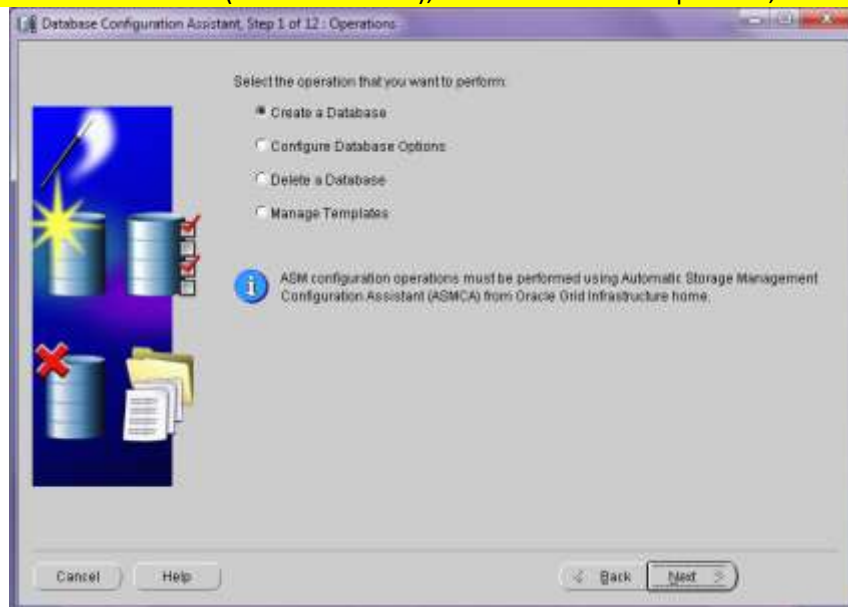
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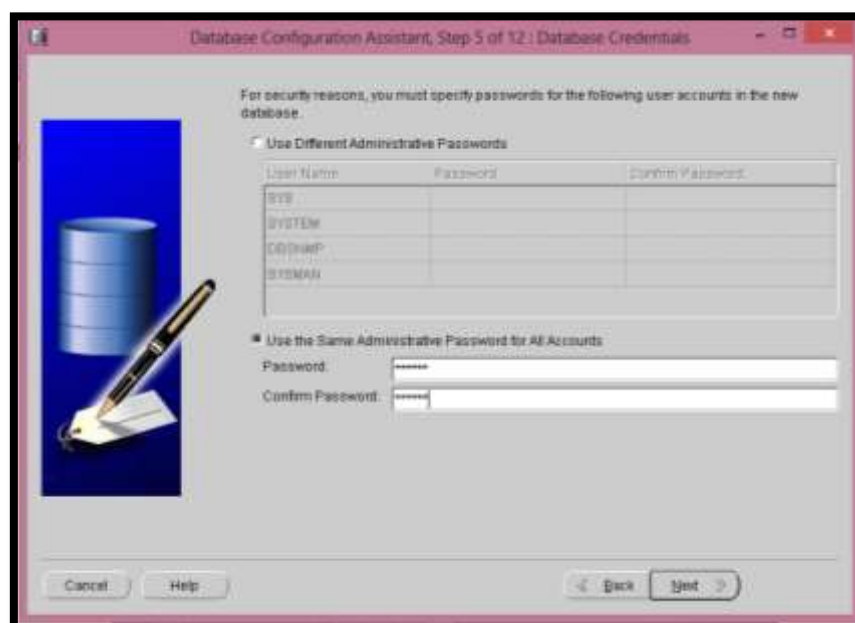
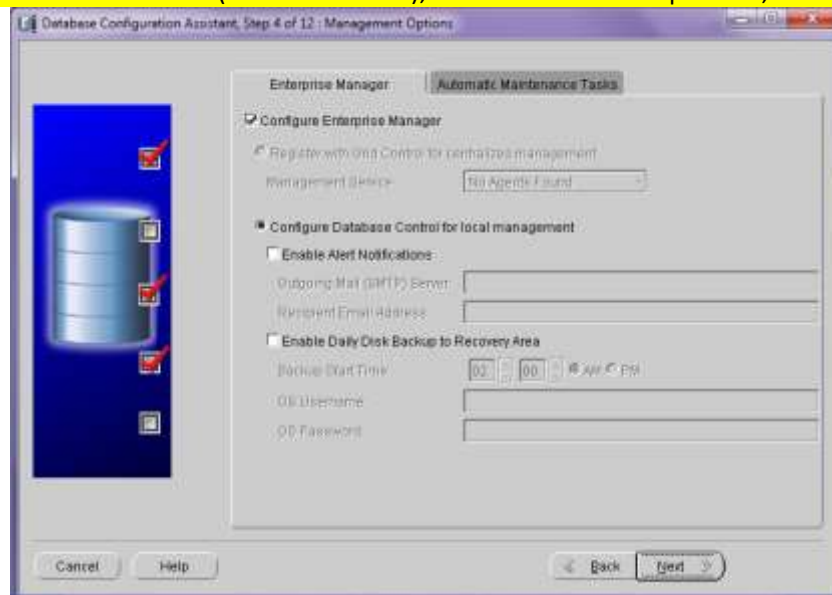
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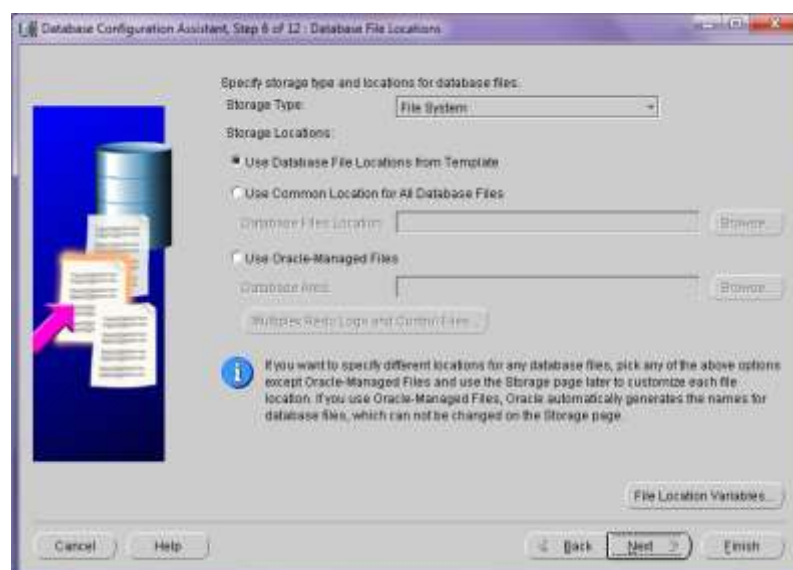
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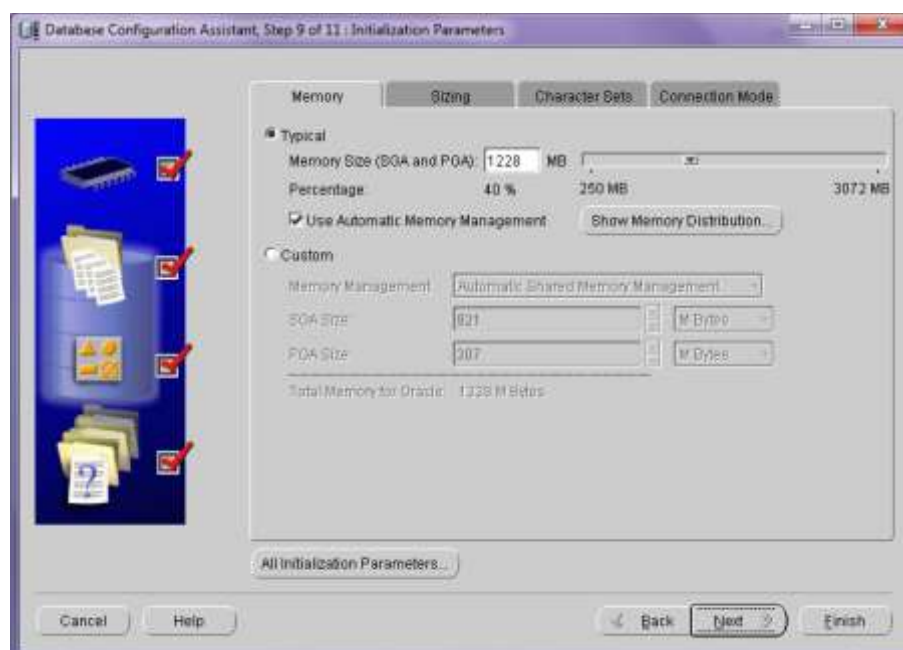
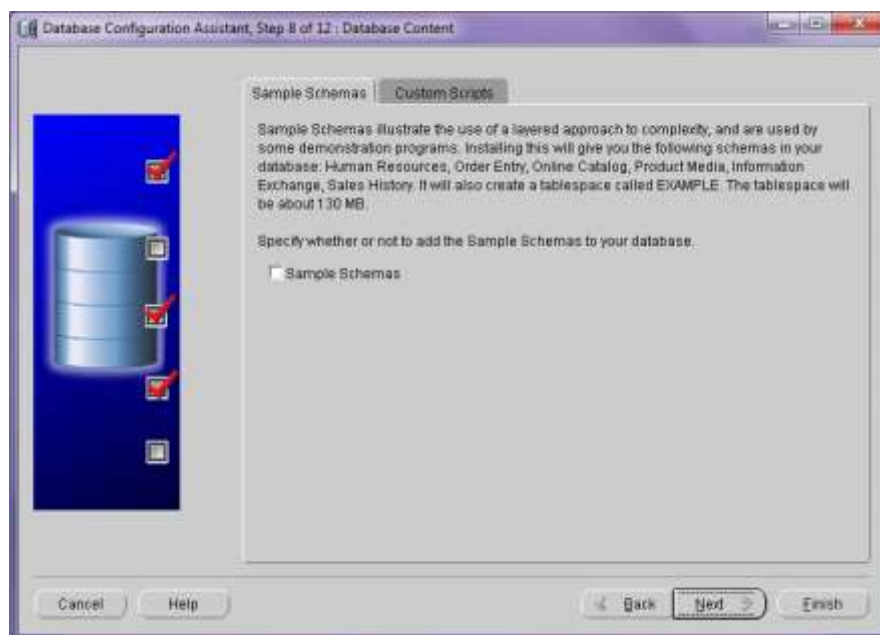
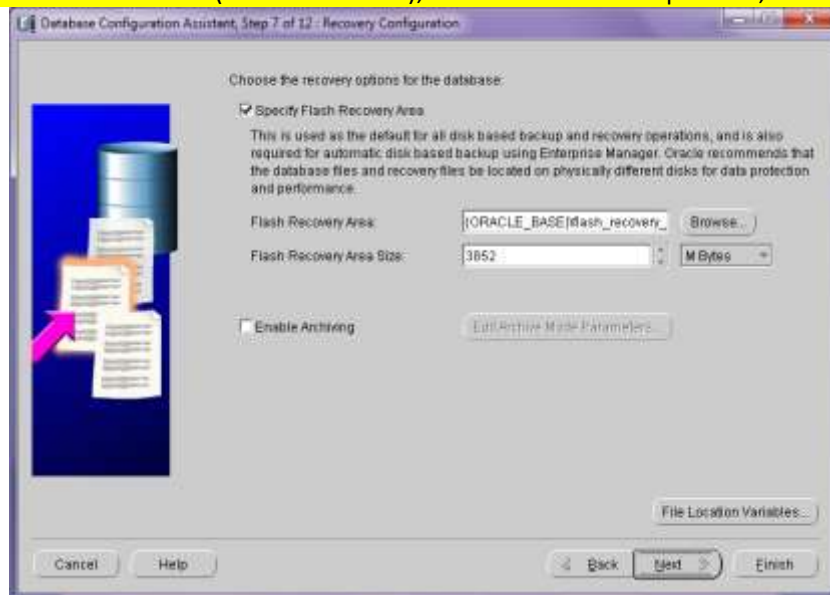


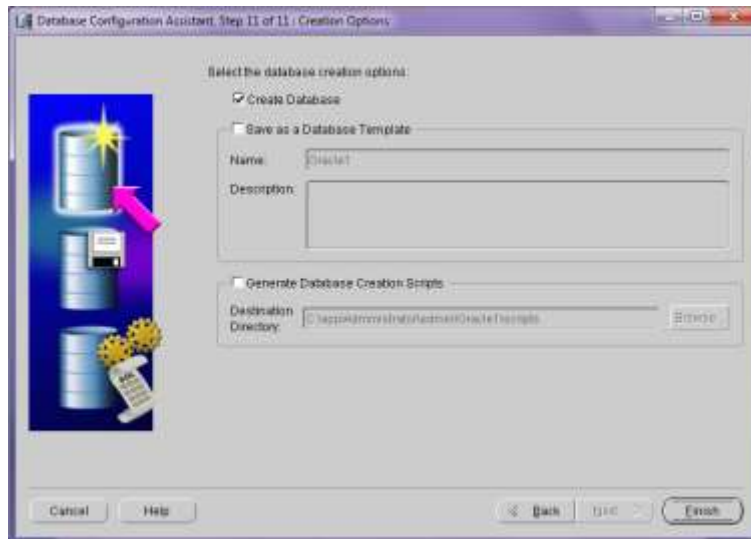
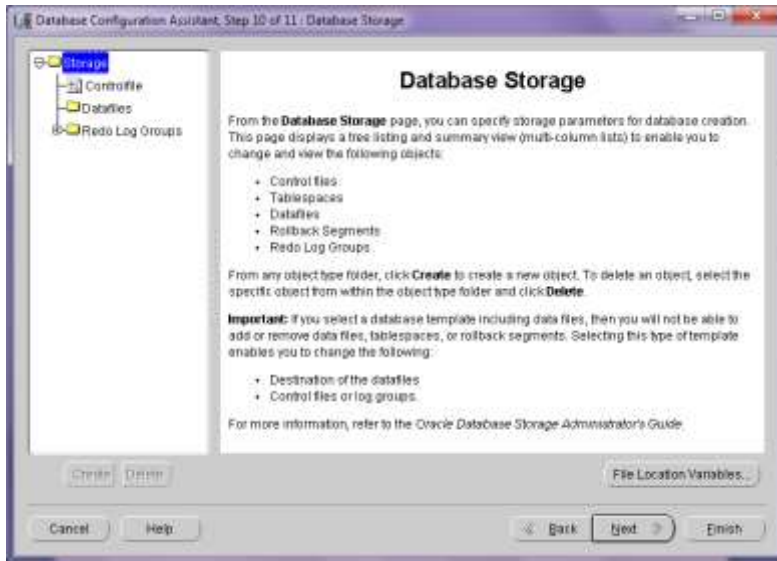




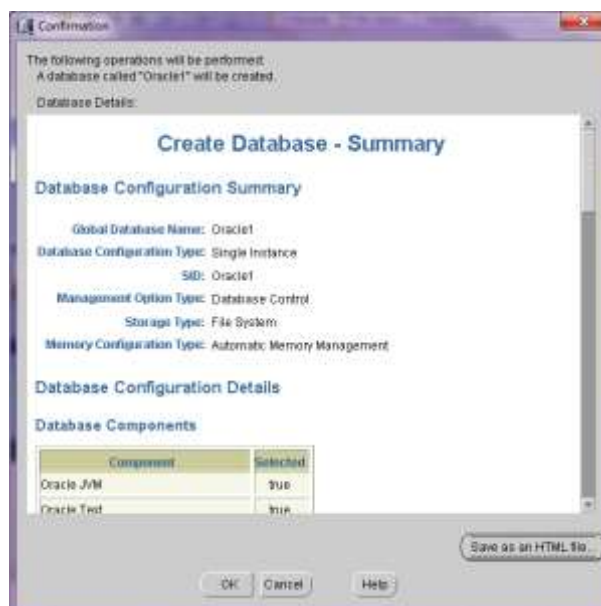
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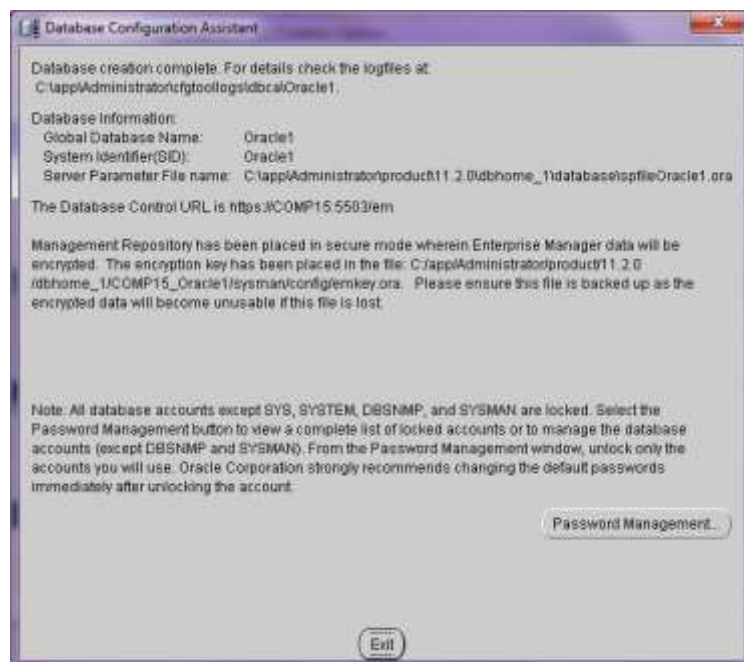
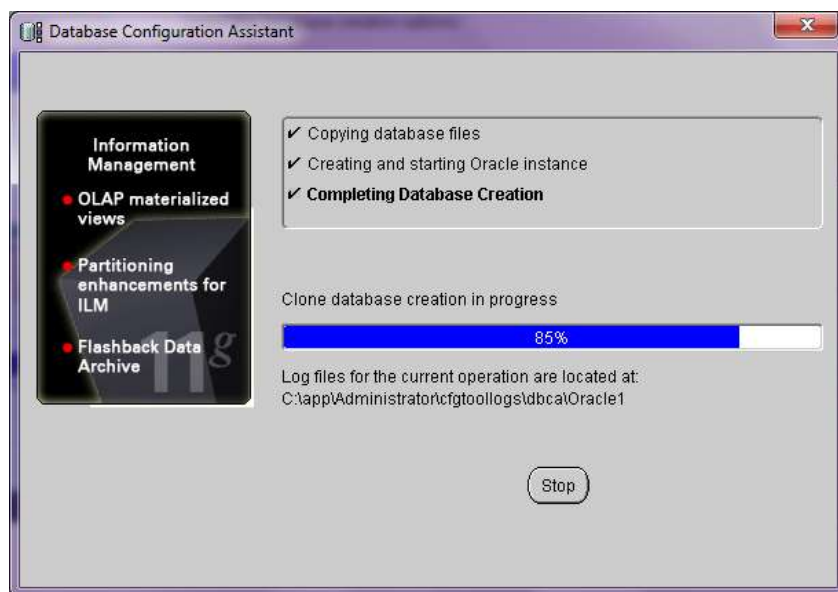
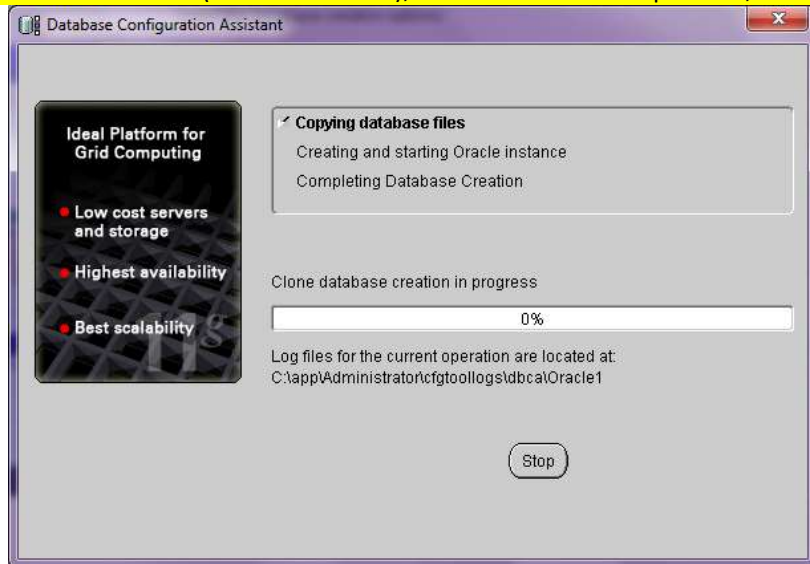




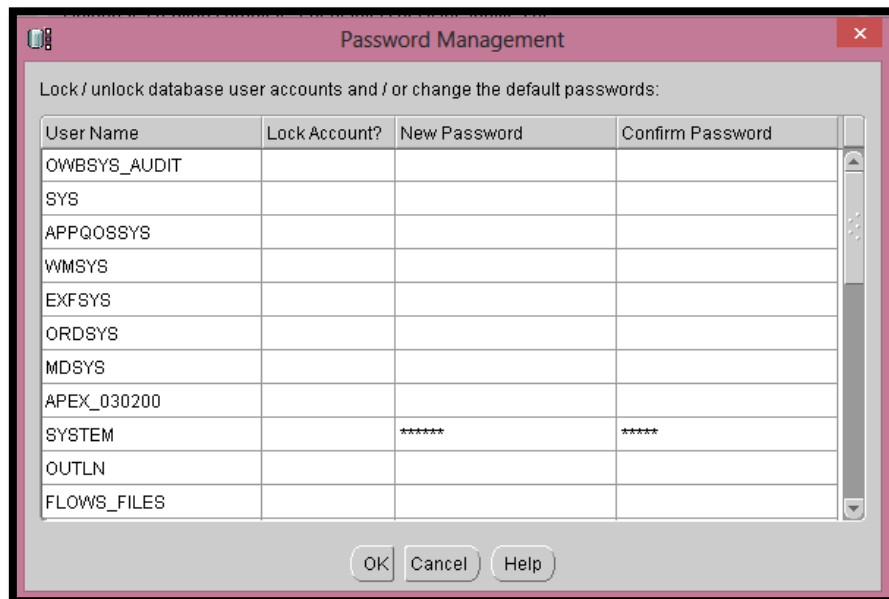
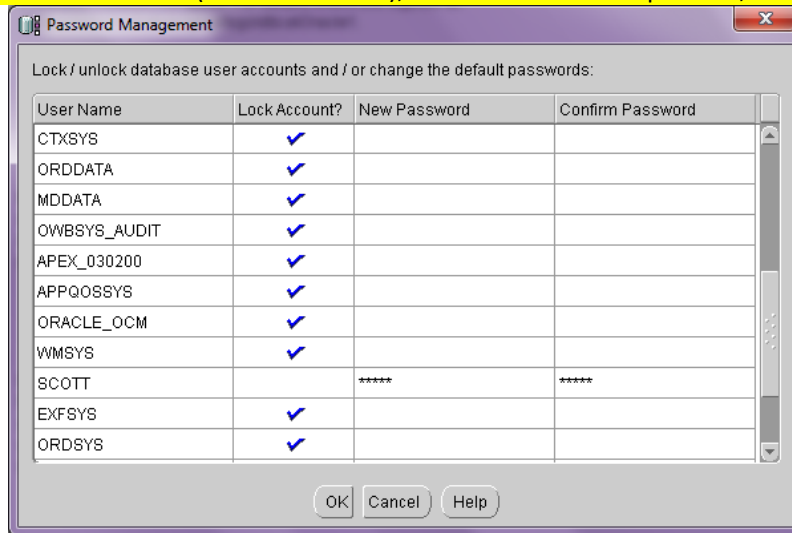
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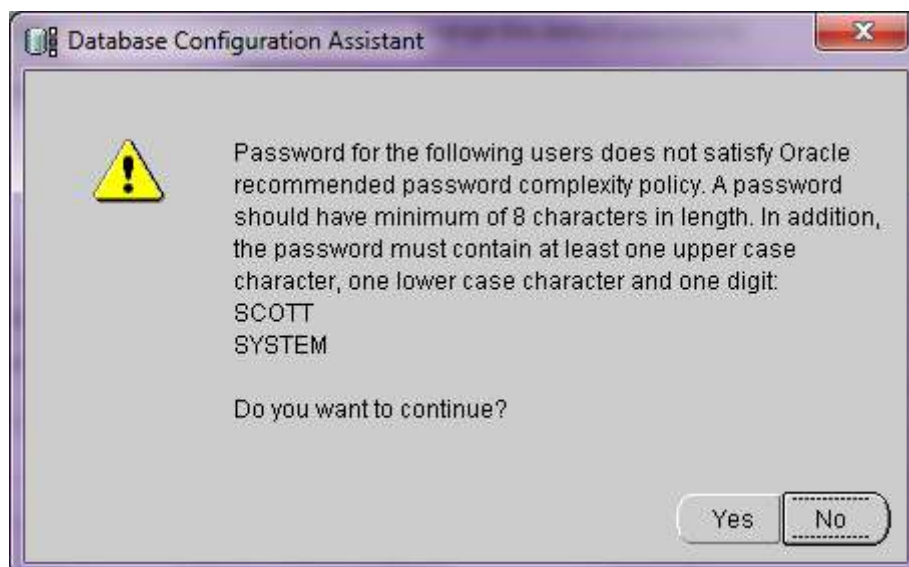


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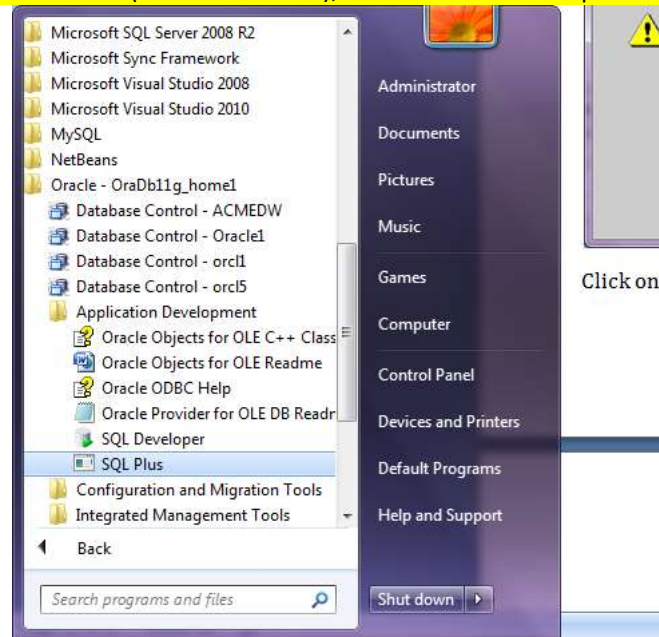


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Practical No.1
Horizontal fragmentation of database.

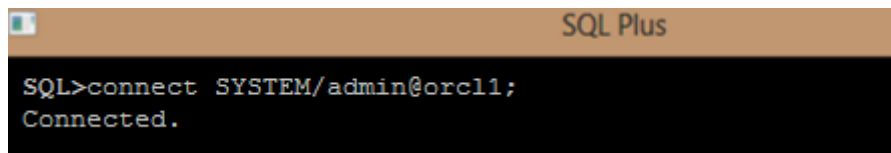
Question: Create a global conceptual schema Emp (Eno, Ename, Address, Email, Salary) and insert 10 records. Divide Emp into horizontal fragments using the condition that Emp contains tuples with salary < 5000 and Emp with 5000 < salary < 20000 on two different nodes. Fire the following queries:

- a) Find the salary of all employees.
- b) Find the Email of all employees where salary=4000.
- c) Find the employee name and Email where employee number is known.
- d) Find the employee name and address where employee number is known.

Similarly create database orcl2

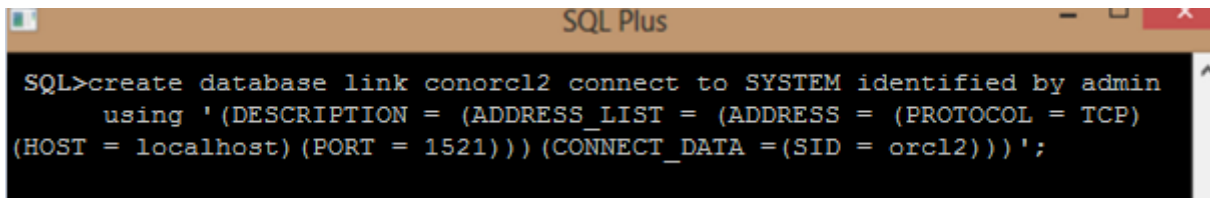
Open sqlplus command prompt and login as SYSTEM (USERNAME) and admin (PASSWORD)

Open ORCL1 Database:



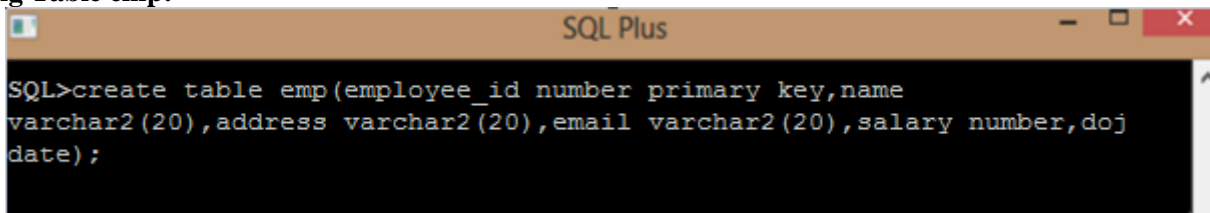
```
SQL>connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl1;
Connected.
```

Creating Link In ORCL1:



```
SQL>create database link conorcl2 connect to SYSTEM identified by admin
      using '(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)
      (HOST = localhost) (PORT = 1521))) (CONNECT_DATA = (SID = orcl2)))';
```

Creating Table emp:



```
SQL>create table emp(employee_id number primary key,name
      varchar2(20),address varchar2(20),email varchar2(20),salary number,dof
      date);
```

Inserting Values Into Table emp:

```

SQL Plus
SQL>insert into emp values(1001,'swapnil','Airoli','sj@gmail.com',2000,
'2-jan-2010');
SQL>
SQL>insert into emp values(1002,'vijay','kalwa','vm@gmail.com',2100,'3-
jan-2010');
SQL>
SQL>insert into emp values(1003,'dipesh','mulund','dk@gmail.com',2456,'7-
jan-2010');
SQL>
SQL>insert into emp values(1004,'sunita','mulund','sy@gmail.com',4000,'8-
jan-2010');
SQL>
SQL>insert into emp values(1005,'sibi','dombivli','st@gmail.com',3000,'8-
feb-2010');

```

Creating view hrz_view:

```

SQL>Create view hrz_view as select * from emp UNION select * from
emp@conorcl2;

```

Output Queries:

1) Find the salary of all employees.

```

SQL> select name,salary from emp union all select e1.name,e1.salary from emp@conorcl2 e1;

```

NAME	SALARY
siddh	6000
chandu	8199
raja	9456
anup	10000
sanket	13000
siddh	6000
chandu	8199
raja	9456
anup	10000
sanket	13000

10 rows selected.

2) Find the Email of all employees where salary=4000.

```

SQL>select name,salary,email from emp where salary >4000 union select
e1.name,e1.salary,e1.email from emp@conorcl1 e1 where e1.salary>4000;

```

NAME	SALARY	EMAIL
anup	10000	ak@gmail.com
chandu	8199	cc@gmail.com
raja	9456	rk@gmail.com
sanket	13000	sk@gmail.com
siddh	6000	sm@gmail.com
sunita	10000	sy@gmail.com

6 rows selected.

3) Find the employee name and Email where employee number is known

```
SQL>select name,email from emp where employee_id=1005 union select  
e1.name ,e1.email from emp@conorcl1 e1 where e1.employee_id=1005
```

```
NAME    email  
----    -  
sibi    st@gmail.com
```

```
SQL>select name,address from emp where employee_id=1005 union select  
e1.name ,e1.address from emp@conorcl1 e1 where e1.employee_id=1005
```

```
NAME    ADDRESS  
----    -  
sibi    Dombivli|
```

Practical No.2**Aim: Vertical fragmentation of database.**

Question: Create a global conceptual schema Emp (Employee_id, first_name,last_name,email,address1,address2,address3,doj,Salary,designation) and insert 10 records. Divide Emp into vertical fragments Emp(Employee_id,first_name,last_name,email) and emp(Employee_id ,address1,address2,address3),Emp(Employee_id,doj,Salary ,designation) on two different nodes.

Fire the following queries:

- Find the salary of an Employee where employee number is known.
- Find the Email where the employee name is known.
- Find the employee name and Email where employee number is known.
- Find the employee name whose salary is > 200.

Solution : create databases orcl,orcl1,orcl2 as shown above

Open ORCL Database:

```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl;
```

Creating link in ORCL:

```
SQL>create database link conorcl connect to SYSTEM identified by admin
using '(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST =
localhost) (PORT = 1521))) (CONNECT_DATA =(SID = orcl )))'; |
```

Creating Table emp:

```
SQL> create table emp(employee_id number primary key,first_name
varchar2(20),last_name varchar2(20),email varchar2(20));
```

Inserting Values Into Table emp:

```
SQL>insert into emp values(1001,'swapnil','jadhav','sj78@gmail.com');
SQL>insert into emp values(1002,'vijay','mhatre','112.vijay@gmail.com');
SQL>insert into emp values(1003,'dipesh','kamble','daku36@gmail.com');
SQL>insert into emp values(1004,'sunita','yadav','sy@gmail.com');
SQL>insert into emp values(1005,'hunusukh','wangadu','hw@gmail.com');
```


Open ORCL1 Database:

```
SQL>connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl;
Connected
```

Creating Link in ORCL1:

```
SQL>create database link conorcl1 connect to SYSTEM identified by admin
using '(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST =
localhost) (PORT = 1521))) (CONNECT_DATA = (SID = orcl1)))';|
```

Creating Table emp:

```
SQL> create table emp(employee_id number primary key,address1 varchar2(20),
address2 varchar2(20), address3 varchar2(20));
```

Inserting Values Into Table emp:

```
SQL>insert into emp values(1001,'near','khadi','airoli gaon');
SQL>insert into emp values(1002,'mhatre','nivas','kalwa country');
SQL>insert into emp values(1003,'6f','nilsagar daku colony','mulund');
SQL>insert into emp values(1004,'33f','samshan','mulund');
SQL>insert into emp values(1005,'4a','ladakh','china');
```

Open ORCL2 Database:


```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl2; |
```

Creating Link In ORCL2:

```
SQL>create database link conorcl2 connect to SYSTEM identified by admin
using '(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST =
localhost) (PORT = 1521))) (CONNECT_DATA = (SID = orcl2)))';
```

Creating Table emp:

```
SQL> create table emp(employee_id number primary key,doj date,salary
number,designation varchar2(20));

Table created
```

Inserting Values Into Table emp:

```
SQL>insert into emp values(1001,'17-dec-2009',200,'Developer');
SQL>insert into emp values(1002,'10-jan-2010',250,'SR developer');
SQL>insert into emp values(1003,'10-jan-2010',250,'Entertainer');
SQL>insert into emp values(1004,'1-jan-2010',251,'manager');
SQL>insert into emp values(1005,'7-jan-2010',500,'sr manager');
```

Creating view vrt_view:

```
SQL>create view vrt_view as select
e1.employee_id,e1.first_name,e1.last_name,e1.email,e2.address1,e2.address2
e2.address3,e3.doj,e3.salary,e3.designation from emp e1,emp@conorcl1
e2,emp@conorcl2 e3 where e1.employee_id=e2.employee_id and
e2.employee_id=e3.employee_id; |
```

Output Queries:

1) Find the salary of an Employee where employee number is known.

```
SQL>select e1.employee_id,e1.first_name,e2.salary from emp e1,emp@conorcl2
e2 where e1.employee_id=e2.employee_id and e1.employee_id=1001;
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	SALARY
1001	swapnil	200

2) Find the Email where the employee name is known.

```
SQL>select e1.employee_id,e1.first_name,e1.email from emp e1 where
e1.first_name='vijay'
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	EMAIL
1002	vijay	vijay@gmail.com

3) Find the employee name and Email where employee number is known.

```
SQL>select e1.employee_id,e1.first_name,e1.email from emp e1 where
e1.employee_id=1001;
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	FIRST_NAME	EMAIL
1001	swapnil	sj78@gmail.com

4) Find the employee name whose salary is > 200.

```
SQL>select e1.employee_id,e1.first_name,e2.salary from emp e1,emp@conorcl2
e2 where e1.employee_id=e2.employee_id
and e2.salary>=200;
```

```
EMPLOYEE_ID FIRST_NAME SALARY
```

```
-----
```

```
1001      swapnil      200
```

```
1002      vijay        250
```

```
1003      dipesh       250
```

```
1004      sunita       251
```

```
1005      hunusuk      500|
```

Practical No.3**Creating Replica of database.**

Question: Create global conceptual schema Emp (Eno ,Ename, Address, Email, Salary) and insert 10 records. Store the replication of Emp into two different nodes and

Fire The Following Queries.

- Find the salary of all employees.
- Find the email of all employees where salary = 15000.
- Find the employee name and email where employee number is known.
- Find the employee name and address where employee number is known.

Open ORCL Database:

```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl;
```

Creating link in ORCL:

```
SQL>create database link conorcl connect to SYSTEM identified by admin  
using '(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST =  
localhost) (PORT = 1521))) (CONNECT_DATA = (SID = orcl )))'; |
```

Creating Table emp:

create table emp (eno number, ename varchar2(20), address varchar(20), email varchar2(20), salary number);

Open ORCL2 Database:**Open ORCL2 Database:**

```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl2; |
```

Creating Link In ORCL2:

```
SQL>create database link conorcl2 connect to SYSTEM identified by admin  
using '(DESCRIPTION = (ADDRESS_LIST = (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST =  
localhost) (PORT = 1521))) (CONNECT_DATA = (SID = orcl2)))';
```

Creating Table emp:

```
SQL>create table emp (eno number, ename varchar2(20), address varchar(20),
email varchar2(20), salary number);
Table created.
```

Creating Trigger emptrigger:

```
SQL>create or replace trigger emptrigger
2 after insert or update of ename,address,email,salary or delete on emp
3 for each row
4 begin
5 if inserting then
6 INSERT INTO emp@conorcl1
7 VALUES (:new.eno, :new.ename, :new.address, :new.email, :new.salary);
8 INSERT INTO emp@conorcl2
9 VALUES (:new.eno, :new.ename, :new.address, :new.email, :new.salary);
10 end if;
11 if updating then
12 update emp@conorcl1 set ename=:new.ename where eno=:new.eno;
13 update emp@conorcl2 set ename=:new.ename where eno=:new.eno;
14 update emp@conorcl1 set address=:new.address where eno=:new.eno;
15 update emp@conorcl2 set address=:new.address where eno=:new.eno;
16 update emp@conorcl1 set email=:new.email where eno=:new.eno;
17 update emp@conorcl2 set email=:new.email where eno=:new.eno;
18 update emp@conorcl1 set salary=:new.salary where eno=:new.eno;
19 update emp@conorcl2 set salary=:new.salary where eno=:new.eno;
20 end if;
21 if deleting then
22 delete from emp@conorcl1 where eno=:new.eno;
23 delete from emp@conorcl2 where eno=:new.eno;
24 end if;
25 end;
26 /
```

Output Queries:**A) Inserting values into employee table:**

```
SQL>insert into emp
values(1002,'vijay','mhatre','112.vijay@gmail.com',3000);
1 row created.
SQL> select * from emp
```

E_ID	ENAME	ADDRESS	EMAIL	SALARY
101	Vijay	Kalwa	vijay@gmail.com	10000

Connect to orcl1 database:

```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl;
```

```
SQL> select * from emp
```

E_ID	ENAME	ADDRESS	EMAIL	SALARY
101	Vijay	Kalwa	vijay@gmail.com	10000

Connect to orcl2 database:

```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl2;
```

```
SQL> select * from emp
```

E_ID	ENAME	ADDRESS	EMAIL	SALARY
101	Vijay	Kalwa	vijay@gmail.com	10000

B) Updating the values into employee table:

```
SQL>update emp set salary = 20000 where e_id=101 ;
```

```
1 row updated
```

```
SQL> select * from emp;
```

E_ID	ENAME	ADDRESS	EMAIL	SALARY
101	Vijay	Kalwa	vijay@gmail.com	20000

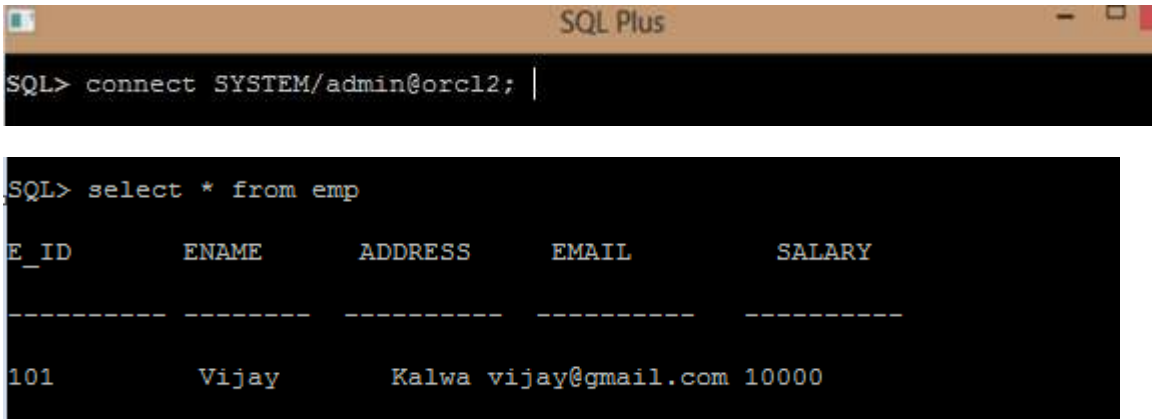
Connect to orcl1 database:

```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl;
```

```
SQL> select * from emp
```

E_ID	ENAME	ADDRESS	EMAIL	SALARY
101	Vijay	Kalwa	vijay@gmail.com	10000

Connect to orcl2 database:

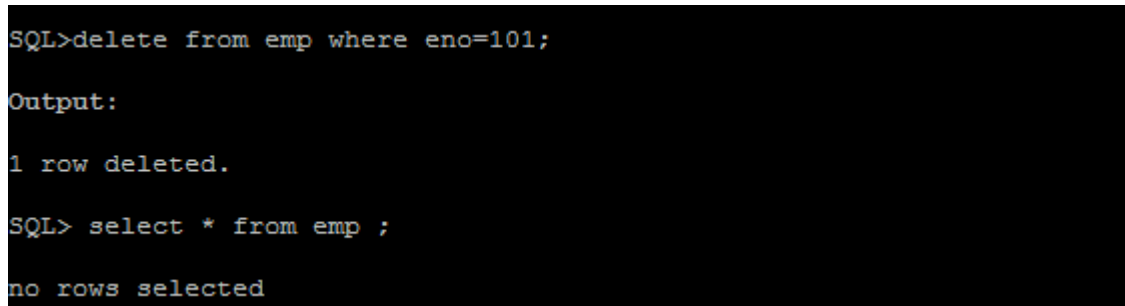


```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl2;

SQL> select * from emp
```

E_ID	ENAME	ADDRESS	EMAIL	SALARY
101	Vijay	Kalwa	vijay@gmail.com	10000

C) **Deleting the values into employee table:**



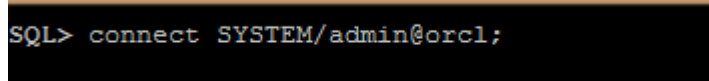
```
SQL> delete from emp where eno=101;

Output:
1 row deleted.

SQL> select * from emp ;

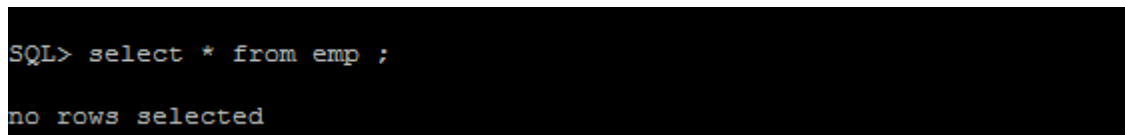
no rows selected
```

Connect to orcl1 database:



```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl;
```

Fire the query:



```
SQL> select * from emp ;


no rows selected
```

Connect to orcl2 database:



```
SQL> connect SYSTEM/admin@orcl2;
```

Fire the query:



```
SQL> select * from emp ;

no rows selected
```

Practical No. 4

Implement ORDBMS Application.

Create or replace type AddrType as object(pin integer, street varchar2(50), city varchar2(50), state varchar2(50), rno integer);

```
SQL> Create or replace type AddrType as object(pin integer, street
varchar2(50),city varchar2(50), state varchar2(50), rno integer);

Type created.
```

create or replace type BranchType as object(address AddrType1,phone1 integer,phone2 integer);

```
SQL> create or replace type BranchType as object(address AddrType1,phone1 integer,
phone2 integer);
2 /

Type created.
```

create or replace type BranchTableType as table of BranchType;

```
SQL> create or replace type BranchTableType as table of BranchType;
2 /

Type created.
```

create or replace type AuthorType as object(name varchar2 (50), addr AddrType1);

/

create table Authors of AuthorType;

create or replace type AuthorListType as varray(10) of ref AuthorType;

/

```
SQL> create or replace type AuthorType as object(name varchar2 (50), addr AddrType1,
phone1);
2 /

Type created.

SQL> create table Authors of AuthorType;

Table created.

SQL> create or replace type AuthorListType as varray(10) of ref AuthorType;
2 /

Type created.
```

create or replace type PublisherType as object(name varchar2(50), addr AddrType1,branches BranchTableType);

/

create table Publishers of PublisherType NESTED TABLE branches STORE as branchtable;

create table books(title varchar2(50), year date, published_by ref PublisherType,authorsAuthorListType);

```
SQL> create or replace type PublisherType as object(name varchar2(50), addr AddrType1, branches BranchTableType);
2 /

Type created.

SQL> create table Publishers of PublisherType NESTED TABLE branches STORE as branchtable;

Table created.

SQL> create table books(title varchar2(50), year date, published_by ref PublisherType, authors AuthorListType);

Table created.
```

```
SQL>insert into Publishers values('Raj', AddrType1(4002,'Park street','mumbai','maharashtra',03), BranchTableType (BranchType (AddrType1 (5002,'Pali street','mumbai','maharashtra',03),23406,69896)));
1 row created.

SQL>insert into Publishers values('Rohit',AddrType1(7007,'Lovely street','mumbai','maharashtra',07),BranchTableType (BranchType (AddrType1 (7007,'K street','mumbai','maharashtra',1007),4543545,8676775)));
1 row created.

SQL>insert into Publishers values('Tata',AddrType1(7008,'Jewel street','mumbai','maharashtra',27),BranchTableType (BranchType (AddrType1 (1002,'Diamondstreet','nasik','maharashtra',1007),456767,7675757)));
1 row created.

SQL>insert into Publishers values('McGrew', AddrType1(7002,'South street','pune','maharashtra',1007),BranchTableType (BranchType (AddrType1 (1002,'Southstreet','pune','maharashtra',1007),4543545,8676775)));
1 row created.

SQL>insert into Publishers values('Tata', AddrType1(6002,'Gold street','nasik','maharashtra',1007),BranchTableType (BranchType (AddrType1 (6002,'South street','nasik','mha',1007),4543545,8676775)));
```

```
SQL> insert into Authors values('Sangoi', AddrType1(7000,'Dalal street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra',1007));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Authors values('Schiller',AddrType1(7008,'Pali street', 'nasik', 'maharashtra',1008));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Authors values('Jerry',AddrType1(7003,'Tagore street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra',1003));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Authors values('Sangoi',AddrType1(7008,'Dalal street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra',1007));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Authors values ('A.K.Mehta', AddrType1 (7006,'Nehru street','mumbai', 'maharashtra',1005));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Authors values ('Ramakrishnan', AddrType1(8002,'Thakur street', 'pune', 'maharashtra',13));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Authors values('Richard',AddrType1(7002,'Flower street','pune', 'maharashtra',03));

1 row created.
```

select * from Authors;

```
SQL> select * from Authors;

NAME
-----
ADDR(PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO)
-----
Sangoi
ADDRTYPE1(7000, 'Dalal street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 1007)
Schiller
ADDRTYPE1(7008, 'Pali street', 'nasik', 'maharashtra', 1008)
Jerry
ADDRTYPE1(7003, 'Tagore street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 1003)
NAME
-----
ADDR(PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO)
-----
Sangoi
ADDRTYPE1(7008, 'Dalal street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 1007)
A.K.Mehta
ADDRTYPE1(7006, 'Nehru street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 1005)
Ramakrishnan
ADDRTYPE1(8002, 'Thakur street', 'pune', 'maharashtra', 13)
NAME
-----
ADDR(PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO)
-----
Richard
ADDRTYPE1(7002, 'Flower street', 'pune', 'maharashtra', 3)

7 rows selected.
```

```
SQL> insert into Publishers values('Raj', AddrType1(4002, 'Park street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 03), BranchTableType(BranchType(AddrType1(5002, 'Pali street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 03), 23406, 69896)));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Publishers values('Rohit', AddrType1(7007, 'Lovely street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 07), BranchTableType(BranchType(AddrType1(7007, 'K street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 1007), 4543545, 8676775)));

1 row created.

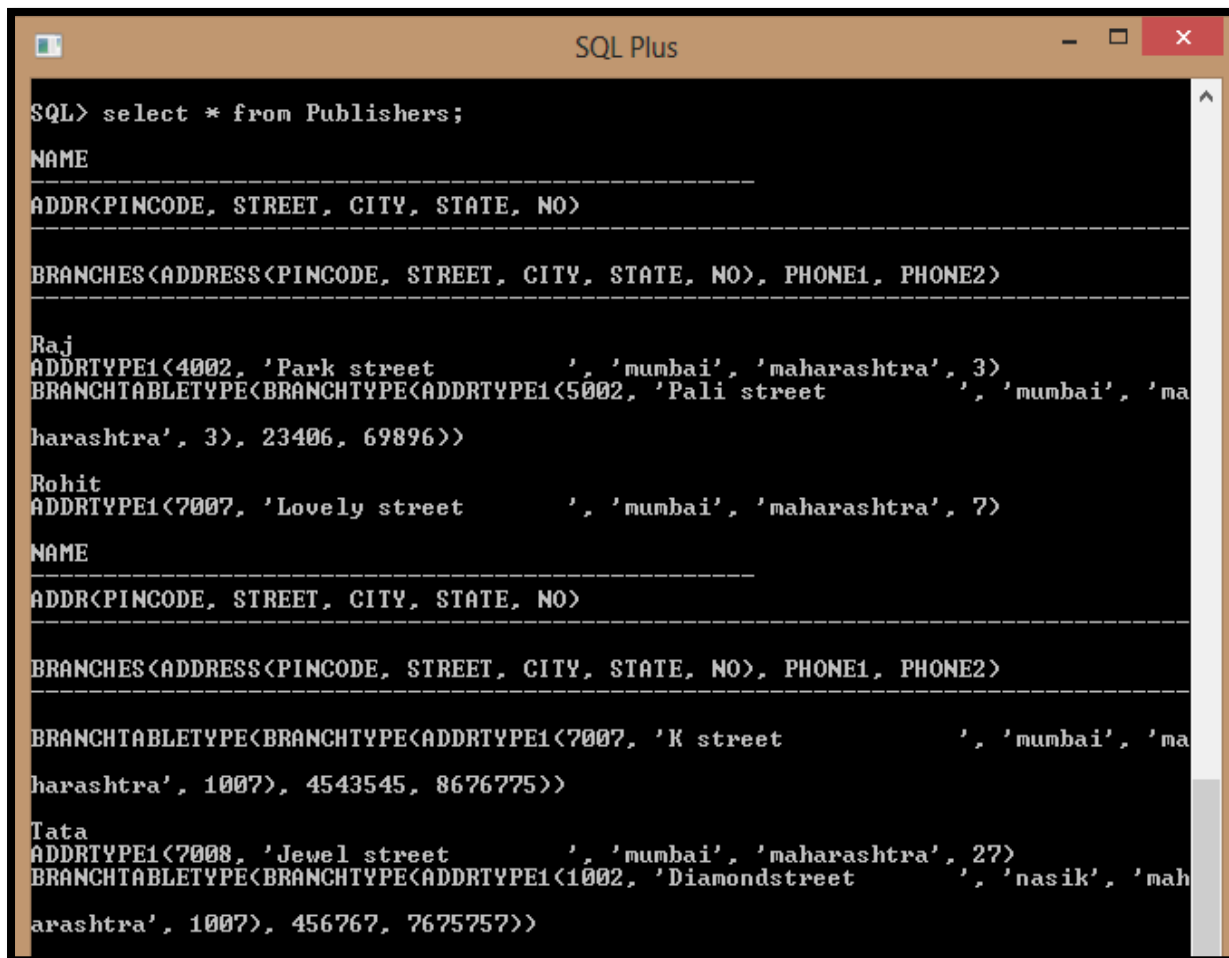
SQL> insert into Publishers values('Tata', AddrType1(7008, 'Jewel street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 27), BranchTableType(BranchType(AddrType1(1002, 'Diamondstreet', 'nasik', 'maharashtra', 1007), 456767, 7675757)));

1 row created.

SQL> insert into Publishers values('McGrew', AddrType1(7002, 'South street', 'pune', 'maharashtra', 1007), BranchTableType(BranchType(AddrType1(1002, 'Southstreet', 'pune', 'maharashtra', 1007), 4543545, 8676775)));

1 row created.
```

select * from Publishers;



```
SQL> select * from Publishers;

NAME
-----
ADDR(PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO)
-----
BRANCHES(ADDRESS(PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO), PHONE1, PHONE2)
-----
Raj
ADDRTYPE1(4002, 'Park street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 3)
BRANCHTABLETYPE(BRANCHTYPE(ADDRTYPE1(5002, 'Pali street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 3), 23406, 69896))
Rohit
ADDRTYPE1(7007, 'Lovely street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 7)
NAME
-----
ADDR(PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO)
-----
BRANCHES(ADDRESS(PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO), PHONE1, PHONE2)
-----
BRANCHTABLETYPE(BRANCHTYPE(ADDRTYPE1(7007, 'K street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 1007), 4543545, 8676775))
Tata
ADDRTYPE1(7008, 'Jewel street', 'mumbai', 'maharashtra', 27)
BRANCHTABLETYPE(BRANCHTYPE(ADDRTYPE1(1002, 'Diamondstreet', 'nasik', 'maharashtra', 1007), 456767, 7675757))
```

```

SQL Plus

NAME
-----
ADDR<PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO>
-----
BRANCHES<ADDRESS<PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO>, PHONE1, PHONE2>
-----

McGrew
ADDRTYPE1<7002, 'South street', 'pune', 'maharashtra', 1007>
BRANCHTABLETYPE<BRANCHTYPE<ADDRTYPE1<1002, 'Southstreet', 'pune', 'maha
rashtra', 1007>, 4543545, 8676775>>

Tata
NAME
-----
ADDR<PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO>
-----
BRANCHES<ADDRESS<PINCODE, STREET, CITY, STATE, NO>, PHONE1, PHONE2>
-----

ADDRTYPE1<6002, 'Gold street', 'nasik', 'maharashtra', 1007>
BRANCHTABLETYPE<BRANCHTYPE<ADDRTYPE1<6002, 'South street', 'nasik', 'mha
', 1007>, 4543545, 8676775>>

SQL>

```

insert into books

select 'IP','28-may-1983', ref (pub), AuthorListType(ref(aut)) from
Publishers pub,Authorsaut where pub.name='Tata' and aut.name='Richard';

insert into books select 'ADBMS','09-jan-1890',ref(pub), AuthorListType(ref(aut)) from Publishers pub,Authorsaut
where pub.name='McGrew' and aut.name='Sangoi';

```

SQL Plus

SQL>
SQL> insert into books
2 select 'IP','28-may-1983', ref (pub), AuthorListType(ref(aut)) from
3 Publishers pub,Authors aut where pub.name='Tata' and aut.name='Richard';

2 rows created.

SQL> insert into books select 'ADBMS','09-jan-1890',ref(pub), AuthorListType(ref
(aut)) from Publishers pub,Authors aut where pub.name='McGrew' and aut.name='San
goi';

2 rows created.

```

insert into books

select 'c prog','25-may-1983', ref (pub),AuthorListType(ref(aut)) from
Publishers pub,Authorsaut where pub.name='Raj' and aut.name='Ramkrishnan.';

select a.name from Authors a, Publishers p where a.addr.pincode = p.addr.pincode;

```

SQL> select a.name from Authors a, Publishers p where a.addr.pincode = p.addr.pincode;

NAME
-----
Schiller
Sangoi
Richard
    
```

List the name of the publisher that has the most branches:

Select p.name from publishers p, table (p.branches)group by p.name having count(*)>= all (select count(*)from publishers p, table(p.branches) group by name);

```

SQL> Select p.name from publishers p, table (p.branches)group by p.name having count(*)>= all (select count(*)from publishers p, table(p.branches) group by name);

NAME
-----
Tata
SQL>
    
```

List all the authors who have published more than one book & Name of authors who have published books with atleast two different publishers

select a.name from authors a, books b, table (b.authors) v where v.column_value = ref(a) group by a.name having count(*) = 1;

```

SQL> select a.name from authors a, books b, table (b.authors) v where v.column_value = ref(a) group by a.name having count(*) = 1;

no rows selected
    
```

List all the authors who have published more than one book & Name of authors who have published books with atleast two different publishers:

select a.name from authors a, books b, table (b.authors) v where v.column_value = ref(a) group by a.name having count(*) > 1;

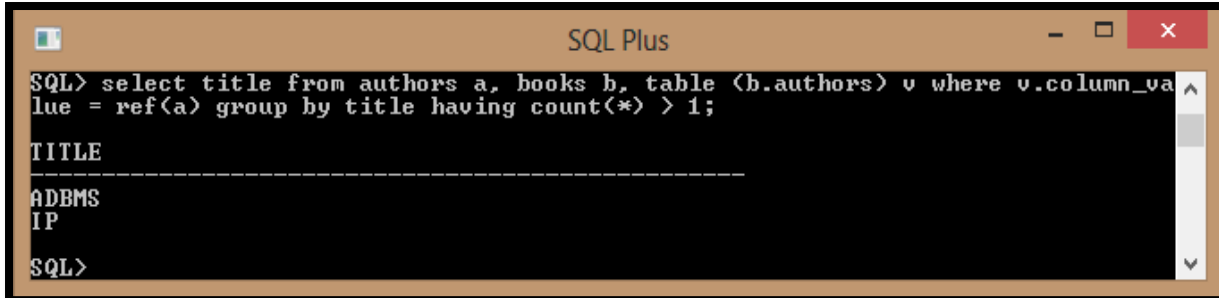
```

SQL> select a.name from authors a, books b, table (b.authors) v where v.column_value = ref(a) group by a.name having count(*) > 1;

NAME
-----
Richard
Sangoi
    
```


List all books (title) where the same author appears more than once on the list of authors (assuming that an integrity constraint requiring that the name of an author is unique in a list of authors has not been specified):

select title from authors a, books b, table (b.authors) v where v.column_value = ref(a) group by title having count(*) > 1;

A screenshot of a SQL Plus window titled "SQL Plus". The window has a standard OS-style title bar with minimize, maximize, and close buttons. The main area is a black terminal with white text. The prompt "SQL>" is followed by the query: "select title from authors a, books b, table (b.authors) v where v.column_value = ref(a) group by title having count(*) > 1;". Below the query, the results are displayed with the column header "TITLE" underlined. The results are "ADBMS" and "IP". The prompt "SQL>" is visible at the bottom left of the terminal area.

```
SQL> select title from authors a, books b, table (b.authors) v where v.column_value = ref(a) group by title having count(*) > 1;

TITLE
-----
ADBMS
IP
SQL>
```

Practical No. 5**Aim: Implement XML Application**

A] Create an XML Application using XML as database and ASP.

B] Create a table employee having dept_id as number datatype and employee_spec as XML datatype(XM_Type). The employee_spec is a schema with attributes emp_id, name, email, acc_no, managerEmail, dataOfJoining. Insert 10 tuples into employee table.

Fire the following queries on XML database.

- a) Retrieve the names of employee.
- b) Retrieve the acc_no of employees.
- c) Retrieve the names, acc_no, email of employees.
- d) Update the 3rd record from the table and display the name of an employee.
- e) Delete 4th record from the table.

A] Create an XML Application using XML as database and ASP.**VerifyPerson.asp:**

```
<% @ Language=JScript%>
<%Server.ScriptTimeout=21478836%>
<%Response.Buffer=false%>
```

```
// 1) To check whether the user has already pressed the submit button
```

```
<%
var submit = Request.Form("submit").Count;
if( submit > 0 ){
```

```
// 2) Create the needed variables to store data from the form
```

```
var name = Request.Form("Name");
var age = Request.Form("Age");
var gender = Request.Form("Gender");
var pcode = Request.Form("PostalCode");
var city = Request.Form("City");
```

```
// 3) First check whether the user has entered anything or not !
```

```
var error = "";
if ( name == "" )
error = "Name ";
if ( age == "" )
error += "Age ";
```

```
if ( pcode == "" )
error += "PostalCode ";
if ( city == "" )
error += "City ";
```

```
// 4) We have found that the user didnt entered anything
```

```
if(error!=""){
Response.Write("<center>");
```

```

Response.Write("<font fac=verdana size=2>");
Response.Write("Please enter the following data:<br>");
Response.Write("<b>");
Response.Write(error);
Response.Write("</b>");
Response.Write("</font>");
Response.Write("</center>");
}

```

```

//Response.Write(name+" has been added to your Friend list.");
// 5) Load the xmlDoc and create the required elements/nodes

```

```

varxmlDoc=Server.CreateObject("MICROSOFT.FreeThreaddXMLDOM");
xmlDoc.async="false";
xmlDoc.load(Server.MapPath("Person.xml"));
varnodeList = xmlDoc.getElementsByTagName("PersonList");
if(nodeList.length> 0){
varparentNode = nodeList(0) ;
varpersonNode = xmlDoc.createElement("Person");
varnameNode = xmlDoc.createElement("Name");
varageNode = xmlDoc.createElement("Age");
vargenderNode = xmlDoc.createElement("Gender");
varpcodeNode = xmlDoc.createElement("PostalCode");
varcityNode = xmlDoc.createElement("City");
nameNode.text = name;
ageNode.text = age;
genderNode.text= gender;
pcodeNode.text = pcode;
cityNode.text = city;

```

```

// 6) Attach the nodes to the parent node (Person)

```

```

parentNode.appendChild(personNode);
personNode.appendChild(nameNode);
personNode.appendChild(ageNode);
personNode.appendChild(genderNode);
personNode.appendChild(pcodeNode);
personNode.appendChild(cityNode);
// 7) Now save the nodes to the file
xmlDoc.save(Server.MapPath("Person.xml"));
}
}
}
%>
<html><body>

```

```

<TD width="69"><FONT face=Verdana size=2><STRONG style="BACKGROUND-COLOR:
silver">Age</STRONG></FONT></TD>
<TD width="112"><FONT face=Verdana size=2><STRONG style="BACKGROUND-COLOR:
silver">Gender</STRONG></FONT></TD>
<TD width="115"><FONT face=Verdana size=2><STRONG style="BACKGROUND-COLOR: silver">Postal
Code</STRONG></FONT></TD>
<TD width="115"><FONT face=Verdana size=2><STRONG style="BACKGROUND-COLOR:
silver">City</STRONG></FONT></TD>
</TR>
<%

```

```

// This part is used to display the data in a table via XSL
varobjXMLDoc = Server.CreateObject("MICROSOFT.FreeThreaddXMLDOM");
objXMLDoc.async = false;
objXMLDoc.load(Server.MapPath("person.xml"));

```

```

varxsl=Server.CreateObject("MICROSOFT.FreeThreadedXMLDOM");
xsl.async = false;
xsl.load(Server.MapPath("person.xml"));
varxmlQuery="//Person";
vardocHeadlines=objXMLDoc.documentElement.selectNodes(xmlQuery);
varnumNodes;
numNodes=docHeadlines.length;
varnn;
for(vari=0;i<numNodes;i++){
nn = docHeadlines.nextNode();
Response.Write(nn.transformNode(xsl));
}
%>
</table>
</body>
</html>

```

Person.xml :

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<PersonList>
<Person><Name>Sonu</Name><Age>25</Age><Gender>Male</Gender><PostalCode>99999</PostalCode><
City>Thane</City></Person>
<Person><Name>vijay</Name><Age>23</Age><Gender>Male</Gender><PostalCode>121</PostalCode><Ci
ty>mumbai</City></Person></PersonList>

```

Person.xsl :

```

<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform" version="1.0">
<xsl:template match="Person">
<tr>
<td><font face="verdana" size="2"><xsl:value-of select="Name"/></font></td>
<td><font face="verdana" size="2"><xsl:value-of select="Age"/></font></td>
<td><font face="verdana" size="2"><xsl:value-of select="Gender"/></font></td>
<td><font face="verdana" size="2"><xsl:value-of select="PostalCode"/></font></td>
<td><font face="verdana" size="2"><xsl:value-of select="City"/></font></td>
</tr>
</xsl:template>
</xsl:stylesheet>

```



B] XML Database**Creating Table emp_xml15**

```
SQL> create table emp_xml15(
dept_id number(4),
employee_specXMLtype);
Table created.
Inserting Values Into Table emp_xml15:
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values(1,XMLtype(
'<emp id="1">
<name>sharmila</name>
<email>dave@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>23456</acc_no>
<mgr_email>rekha.shah@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>12/12/2003</doj>
</emp>'));
1 row created.
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values(1,XMLtype(
'<emp id="2">
<name>anita</name>
<email>ani@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>234346</acc_no>
<mgr_email>rekha.shah@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>2/6/2003</doj>
</emp>'));
1 row created.
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values(1,XMLtype(
'<emp id="3">
<name>ekta</name>
<email>ektabhatt@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>2343456</acc_no>
<mgr_email>ekta.bhatt@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>24/5/2001</doj>
</emp>'));
1 row created.
```

```
SQL Plus
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values(1,XMLtype(
'<emp id="4">
<name>nancy</name>
<email>nancyshah@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>2343678</acc_no>
<mgr_email>ekta.shah@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>21/5/2002</doj>
</emp>'));
1 row created.
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values(1,XMLtype(
'<emp id="5">
<name>falguni</name>
<email>falgunishah@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>2343345</acc_no>
<mgr_email>falguni.shah@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>1/8/2002</doj>
</emp>'));
1 row created.
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values(1,XMLtype(
'<emp id="6">
<name>sweta</name>
<email>swetamehta@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>2343890</acc_no>
<mgr_email>sweta.mehta@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>2/1/2001</doj>
</emp>'));
1 row created.
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values(2,XMLtype(
'<emp id="7">
<name>aarti</name>
<email>aartigupta@yahoo.com</email>
```

```
<acc_no>23433898</acc_no>
<mgr_email>falguni.shah@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>4/9/2002</doj>
</emp>')));
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> insert into emp_xml15 values (2,XMLtype (
'<emp id="8">
<name> sandy </name>
<email>sagupta@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>23567898</acc_no>
<mgr_email>sweta.shah@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>4/4/2004</doj>
</emp>'))
1 row created.
```

Queries:

a) Retrieve the names of employee:

```
SQL> select e.employee_spec.extract('//name/text()').getStringVal()
"EMP_NAME" from emp_xml15 e;

EMP_NAME
-----
sharmila
anita
ekta
nancy
falguni
sweta
aarti
sandy
```

b) Retrieve the acc_no of employees:

```
SQL>select e.employee_spec.extract('//acc_no/text()').getStringVal()
"Acc_No" from emp_xml15 e;

Acc_No
-----
23456
234346
2343456
2343678
2343345
```

c) Retrieve the names, acc_no, email of employees:

```
SQL> select e.employee_spec.extract('///name/text()').getStringVal()
"NAME",e.employee_spec.extract('///acc_no/text()').getStringVal()
"ACC_NO",e.employee_spec.extract('///email/text()').getStringVal()
"EMAIL" from emp_xml15 e;
```

NAME	ACC_NO	EMAIL
sharmila	23456	dave@yahoo.com
anita	234346	ani@yahoo.com
ekta	2343456	ektabhatt@yahoo.com
nancy	2343678	nancyshah@yahoo.com
falguni	2343345	falgunishah@yahoo.com
sweta	2343890	swetamehta@yahoo.com
aarti	23433898	aartigupta@yahoo.com
sandy	23567898	sagupta@yahoo.com

d) Update the 3rd record from the table and display the name of an employee:

```
SQL> update emp_xml15 e set employee_spec=XMLtype('<emp id="3">
<name>ekta</name>
<email>ektabhatt@yahoo.com</email>
<acc_no>2343456</acc_no>
<mgr_email>ekta.bhatt@hotmail.com</mgr_email>
<doj>24/5/2001</doj>
<update>This is the updated record</update>
</emp>')
where e.employee_spec.extract('///name/text()').getStringVal() = 'ekta';
```

```
SQL>
SQL> select e.employee_spec.extract('///name/text()').getStringVal() "NAME",
e.employee_spec.getClobVal() "EMP_SPECIFICATION" from emp_xml15 e where
e.employee_spec.extract('///name/text()').getStringVal()='ekta '
SQL>
```

Output:

NAME

EMP_SPECIFICATION

ekta

<emp id="3">

<name>ekta</name>

<email>ektabhatt@yahoo.com</email>

<acc_no>2343456</acc_no>

<mgr_email>ekta.bhatt@hotmail.com</mgr_email>

<doj>24/5/2001</doj>

<update>This is the updated record</update>

</emp>

e) Delete the 4th record from the table:

```
SQL> delete from emp_xml15 e
where e.employee_spec.extract('//name/text()').getStringVal()
='nancy '
SQL> select e.employee_spec.extract('//name/text()').getStringVal() "NAME"
from emp_xml151 e;
```

NAME
sharmila
anita
ekta
falguni
sweta
aarti

Practical No.6
Implement Active database using Triggers.

Question: Create table emptabl (eno, ename, hrs, pno, super_no) and project (pname, pno, thrs, head_no) where thrs is the total hours and is the derived attribute. Its value is the sum of all employees working on that project. eno and pno are primary keys, head_no is foreign key to emp relation.

Insert 10 tuples and write triggers to do the following.

- Creating a trigger to insert new employee tuple and display the new total hours from project table.
- Creating a trigger to change the hrs of existing employee and display the new total hours from project table.
- Creating a trigger to change the project of an employee and display the new total hours from project table.
- Creating a trigger to delete the project of an employee.

Create table emptabl(eno number primary key, ename varchar(12), hrs number, pno number, super_no number)

```
SQL> CONNECT SYSTEM/SYSTEM@ORCL2;
Connected.
SQL> grant create database link to scott;
Grant succeeded.
```

create table project(pname varchar2(20), pno number primary key, thrs number, head_no number references emptabl(eno));

```
SQL> Create table emptabl(eno number primary key, ename varchar(12), hrs number, pno number, super_no number)
2 ;
Table created.
SQL> create table project(pname varchar2(20), pno number primary key, thrs number, head_no number references emptabl(eno));
Table created.
SQL> insert into emptabl values(1001,'Sunil',55,10,null);
```

```
insert into emptabl values(1001,'Sunil',55,10,null);
insert into emptabl values(1002,'vijaya',155,20,1001);
insert into emptabl values(1003,'dipti',175,40,1001);
insert into emptabl values(1004,'sonu',455,30,null);
insert into emptabl values(1005,'anupam',155,10,1003);
insert into emptabl values(1006,'sunil',110,20,1002);
insert into emptabl values(1007,'chandni',55,10,1004);
insert into emptabl values(1008,'shoobi',255,30,1002);
insert into emptabl values(1009,'sid',155,10,1005);
insert into emptabl values(1010,'raj',235,40,1006);
```

```
SQL> insert into emptabl values(1001,'Sunil',55,10,null);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1002,'vijaya',155,20,1001);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1003,'dipti',175,40,1001);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1004,'sonu',455,30,null);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1005,'anupam',155,10,1003);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1006,'sunil',110,20,1002);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1007,'chandni',55,10,1004);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1008,'shoobi',255,30,1002);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1009,'sid',155,10,1005);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into emptabl values(1010,'raj',235,40,1006);
1 row created.
```

insert into project values('Bank Management',10,22,1001);

insert into project values('Hospital Management',20,220,1002);

insert into project values('Speech Recognition',30,220,1004);

insert into project values('Cyber Cafe',40,220,1003);

```
SQL> insert into project values('Bank Management',10,22,1001);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into project values('Hospital Management',20,220,1002);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into project values('Speech Recognition',30,220,1004);
1 row created.

SQL> insert into project values('Cyber Cafe',40,220,1003);
1 row created.
```

```

update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=10) wherepno=10;

update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=20) wherepno=20;

update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=30)wherepno=30;

update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=40) wherepno=40;

```

```

SQL> update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=10)
  2 where pno=10;

1 row updated.

SQL>
SQL> update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=20)
  2 where pno=20;

1 row updated.

SQL>
SQL> update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=30)
  2 where pno=30;

1 row updated.

SQL>
SQL> update project set thrs=thrs+(select sum(hrs) from emptabl where pno=40)
  2 where pno=40;

```

```

create or replace trigger emptrigg
after insert on emptabl
for each row
when(New.pno!=0)
begin
update project
setthrs=thrs+:new.hrs
wherepno=:new.pno;
end;
/

```

```
insert into emptabl values(1011,'sameer',21,10,1001);
```

```

SQL> create or replace trigger thrs_4
  2 after update of pno on emptabl
  3 for each row
  4 when(old.pno!=0)
  5 begin
  6 update project
  7 set thrs=thrs-:old.hrs
  8 where pno=:new.pno;
  9 end;
10 /

Trigger created.

SQL> update emptabl
  2 set pno=10
  3 where eno=1008;

1 row updated.

SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PROJECT;

```

PNAME	PNO	THRS	HEAD_NO
Bank Management	10	508	1001
Hospital Management	20	485	1002
Speech Recognition	30	675	1004
Cyber Cafe	40	630	1003

```
create or replace trigger emptrigg1
after update on emptabl
for each row
when(New.pno!=0)
begin
update project
setthrs=thrs+:old.hrs+:new.hrs
wherepno=:new.pno;
end;
/
```

```
SQL> create or replace trigger emptrigg
2 after insert on emptabl
3 for each row
4 when(New.pno!=0)
5 begin
6 update project
7 set thrs=thrs+:new.hrs
8 where pno=:new.pno;
9 end;
10 /

Trigger created.
```

```
UPDATE EMPTABL
SET HRS=100
WHERE ENO=1001;
```

```
SQL>
SQL> SELECT * FROM PROJECT;
```

PNAME	PNO	THRS	HEAD_NO
Bank Management	10	508	1001
Hospital Management	20	485	1002
Speech Recognition	30	675	1004
Cyber Cafe	40	630	1003

```
create or replace trigger emptrigg2
after update of pno on emptabl
for each row
when(New.pno!=0)
begin
update project
setthrs=thrs+:new.hrs
wherepno=:new.pno;
update project
setthrs=thrs+:old.hrs
wherepno=:old.pno;
end;
/
```

```

SQL> create or replace trigger thrs_4
  2  after update of pno on emptabl
  3  for each row
  4  when(old.pno!=0)
  5  begin
  6  update project
  7  set thrs=thrs-:old.hrs
  8  where pno=:new.pno;
  9  end;
10  /

```

updateemptabl

setpno=10

whereeno=1001;

```

SQL> UPDATE EMPTABL
  2  SET HRS=100
  3  WHERE ENO=1001;

1 row updated.

```

```

SQL> create or replace trigger thrs_4
  2  after update of pno on emptabl
  3  for each row
  4  when(old.pno!=0)
  5  begin
  6  update project
  7  set thrs=thrs-:old.hrs
  8  where pno=:new.pno;
  9  end;
10  /

```

```

create or replace trigger thrs_4
after update of pno on emptabl
for each row
when(old.pno!=0)
begin
update project
setthrs=thrs-:old.hrs
wherepno=:new.pno;
end;
/

```

updateemptabl

setpno=10

whereeno=1008;

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM PROJECT;
```

PNAME	PNO	THRS	HEAD_NO
Bank Management	10	508	1001
Hospital Management	20	485	1002
Speech Recognition	30	675	1004
Cyber Cafe	40	630	1003

Practical No.7

Aim: Create Temporal Database.

A] Create a table tbl_shares, which stores the, name of company, number of shares, and price per share at transaction time. Insert 10 records and fire the following queries.

1) Find all the names of a company whose share price is more than Rs.100 at 11:45 A.M.

2) Find the name of company which has highest shares price at 5.00 P.M.

B] Create a table employees, which stores the, employee_id, name, department, salary at transaction time using Time DB .insert 3 records and fire the following queries.

1) Find all the details where employee_id=10;

A)

Open ORCL1 Database:

```
SQL> grant create database link to scott;  
Grant succeeded.  
SQL> grant create view to scott;  
Grant succeeded.  
SQL> conn scott/tiger@orcl1;  
Connected.
```

Create table tbl_shares15

```
(  
  cname varchar2(20),  
  nofshares number(5),  
  pricepshare number(5),  
  transtime timestamp(6)  
)
```

insert into tbl_shares15 values('Cap Gemini',250,25,'17-dec-94 11.55.00.000000 am');

insert into tbl_shares15 values('Tata',205,20,'05-jun-04 11.45.00.000000 am');

insert into tbl_shares15 values('Wipro',250,25,'10-mar-03 06.15.00.000000 pm');

insert into tbl_shares15 values('Apple',115,15,'08-may-01 07.25.00.000000 am');

insert into tbl_shares15 values('Infotech',140,12,'14-apr-05 05.30.00.000000 pm');

insert into tbl_shares15 values('Google',310,30,'12-sep-03 10.30.00.000000 am');

insert into tbl_shares15 values('LT',100,250,'21-aug-04 05.30.00.000000 pm')

```

SQL*Plus: Release 11.2.0.1.0 Production on Tue Feb 19 20:08:46 2019.
Copyright (c) 1982, 2010, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Enter user-name: SYSTEM
Enter password:

Connected to:
Oracle Database 11g Enterprise Edition Release 11.2.0.1.0 - Production
With the Partitioning, OLAP, Data Mining and Real Application Testing options

SQL> connect SYSTEM/SYSTEM@port11;
Connected.
SQL> Create table tbl_shares15
2 (
3  cname varchar2(20),
4  nofshares number(5),
5  pricepsare number(5),
6  transtime timestamp(6)
7 )
8 ;

Table created.

SQL> insert into tbl_shares15 values('Cap Gemini',250,25,'17-dec-94 11.55.00.000000 am');
ERROR:
ORA-01756: quoted string not properly terminated

SQL> insert into tbl_shares15 values('Tata',205,20,'05-jun-04 11.45.00.000000 am');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into tbl_shares15 values('Wipro',250,25,'10-mar-03 06.15.00.000000 pm');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into tbl_shares15 values('Apple',115,15,'08-may-01 07.25.00.000000 am');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into tbl_shares15 values('Infotech',140,12,'14-apr-05 05.30.00.000000 pm');

```

select * from tbl_shares15;

```

SQL> select * from tbl_shares15;

CNAME          NOFSHARES PRICEPSARE
-----
TRANSTIME
Tata          205         20
05-JUN-04 11.45.00.000000 AM

Wipro         250         25
10-MAR-03 06.15.00.000000 PM

Apple         115         15
08-MAY-01 07.25.00.000000 AM

CNAME          NOFSHARES PRICEPSARE
-----
TRANSTIME
Infotech      140         12
14-APR-05 05.30.00.000000 PM

Google        310         30
12-SEP-03 10.30.00.000000 AM

LT            100        250
21-AUG-04 05.30.00.000000 PM

```

select cname from tbl_shares15 where pricepsare>15 and to_char(transtime,'HH12:MI:AM')='11:45:AM';

```

SQL> select cname from tbl_shares15 where pricepsare>15 and to_char(transtime,'HH12:MI:AM')='11:45:AM';

CNAME
-----
Tata

```

select cname from tbl_shares15 where pricepshare in (select max(pricepshare) from tbl_shares15 where to_char(transtime,'HH12:MI:AM')='05:30:PM');

```
SQL> select cname from tbl_shares15 where pricepshare in (select max(pricepshare) from tbl_shares15 where to_char(transtime,'
HH12:MI:AM')='05:30:PM');

CNAME
-----
LT
SQL>
```

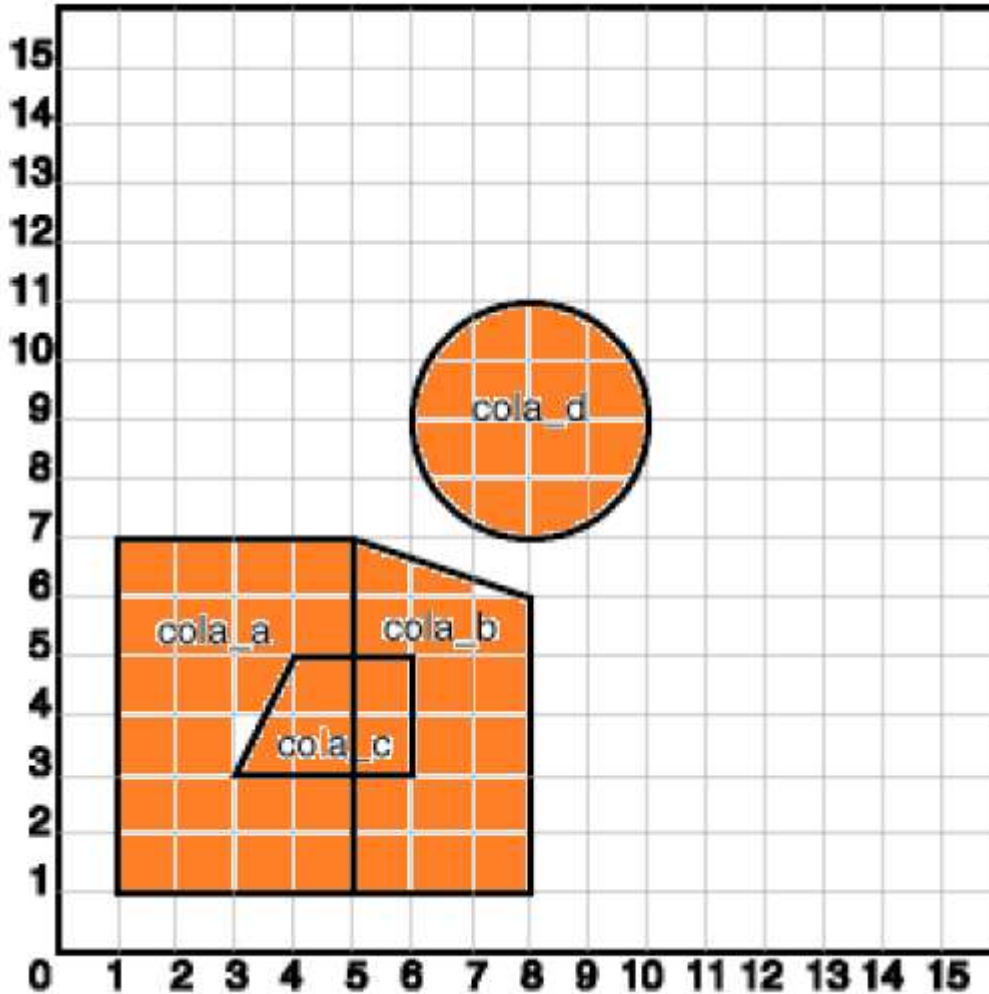
Practical No.8

Implement and retrieve records from a Spatial Database.

A] Spatial Database

Create a spatial database that stores the number, name and location, which consists of four different areas say abc, pqr, mno and xyz. Fire the following queries.

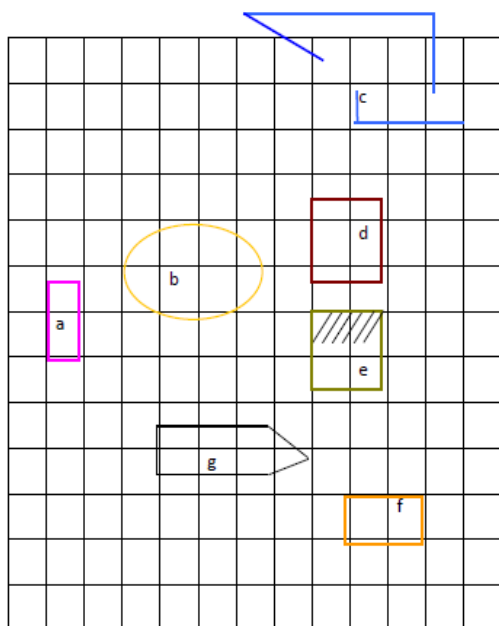
1. Find the topological intersection of two geometries.
2. Find whether two geometric figures are equivalent to each other.
3. Find the areas of all direction locations.
4. Find the area of only one location.
5. Find the distance between two geometries.



B) Spatial Database

Create a spatial database that stores the number, name and location, which consists of different areas within the university campus including the main gate, the playground, the arts and science college buildings, the lab and print facility building. Fire the following queries.

1. Display area for each object.
2. Find out the distance of the main gate from all other objects
3. Find the intersection area of lab and print facility
4. Distance between arts and science building
5. Find the spatial relationship between canteen and print facility
6. Find the distance between college buildings and canteen.



Symbol	Area
A	Main gate
B	Playground
C	Science building
D	Lab
E	Print facility
F	Canteen
G	Arts building

A)

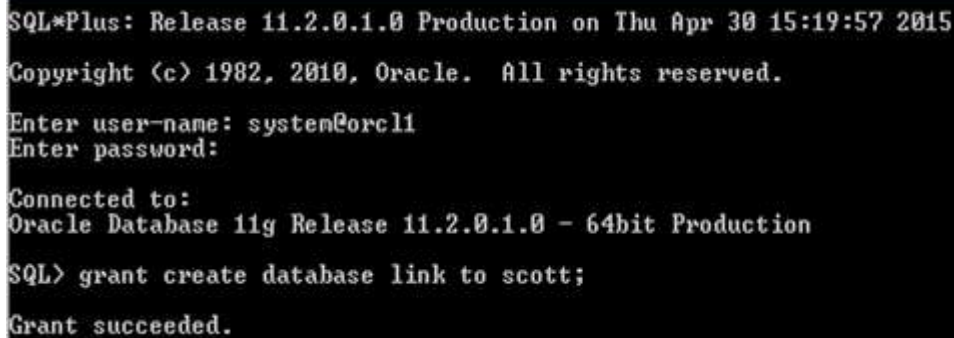
```
CREATE TABLE cola_markets1 (
mkt_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
name VARCHAR2(32),
shape MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY);
```

```
INSERT INTO cola_markets1
VALUES(1,'abc',MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(2003,NULL,NULL,MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(1,1, 5,7) ));
```

```
INSERT INTO cola_markets1
VALUES(2,'pqr',MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(2003,NULL,NULL,MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,1),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(5,1, 8,1, 8,6, 5,7, 5,1)));
```

```
INSERT INTO cola_markets1 VALUES(3,'mno',MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(2003,
NULL,NULL,MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,1),MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(3,3, 6,3, 6,5,
4,5, 3,3)));
```

```
INSERT INTO cola_markets1 VALUES(4,'xyz',MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(2003,
NULL,NULL,MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,4),MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(8,7, 10,9,
8,11)));
```



```
SQL*Plus: Release 11.2.0.1.0 Production on Thu Apr 30 15:19:57 2015
Copyright (c) 1982, 2010, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Enter user-name: system@orcl1
Enter password:

Connected to:
Oracle Database 11g Release 11.2.0.1.0 - 64bit Production

SQL> grant create database link to scott;

Grant succeeded.
```

```
INSERT INTO USER_SDO_GEOM_METADATA
VALUES ('cola_markets1','shape',
MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ARRAY(
MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('X', 0, 20, 0.005),
MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Y', 0, 20, 0.005)
),NULL
);
```



```
SQL> INSERT INTO USER_SDO_GEOM_METADATA
2 VALUES ('cola_markets1','shape',
3 MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ARRAY(
4 MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('X', 0, 20, 0.005),
5 MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Y', 0, 20, 0.005)
6 ),NULL
7 );

1 row created.
```

```
CREATE INDEX cola_spatial_idx
ON cola_markets1(shape)
INDEXTYPE IS MDSYS.SPATIAL_INDEX;
```

```
SQL> CREATE INDEX cola_spatial_idx
2 ON cola_markets1(shape)
3 INDEXTYPE IS MDSYS.SPATIAL_INDEX;

Index created.
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_INTERSECTION(c_a.shape, c_c.shape, 0.005)
FROM cola_markets1 c_a, cola_markets1 c_c
WHERE c_a.name = 'abc' AND c_c.name = 'mno';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_INTERSECTION(c_a.shape, c_c.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM cola_markets1 c_a, cola_markets1 c_c
3 WHERE c_a.name = 'abc' AND c_c.name = 'mno';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_INTERSECTION(C_A.SHAPE,C_C.SHAPE,0.005)<SDO_GTYPE, SDO_SRID, SDO_PO
-----
SDO_GEOMETRY(2003, NULL, NULL, SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1, 1003, 1), SDO_ORDINATE_ARR
AY(4, 5, 3, 3, 5, 3, 5, 5, 4, 5))
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.RELATE(c_b.shape, 'equal', c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM cola_markets1 c_b, cola_markets1 c_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'abc' AND c_d.name = 'mno';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.RELATE(c_b.shape, 'equal', c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM cola_markets1 c_b, cola_markets1 c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'abc' AND c_d.name = 'mno';

SDO_GEOM.RELATE(C_B.SHAPE,'EQUAL',C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
FALSE
```

```
SELECT name, SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(shape, 0.005) FROM cola_markets1;
```

```
SELECT c.name, SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(c.shape, 0.005) FROM cola_markets1 c WHERE c.name = 'xyz';
```

```
SQL> SELECT name, SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(shape, 0.005) FROM cola_markets1;

NAME                                SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(SHAPE,0.005)
-----                                -
abc                                  24
pqr                                  16.5
mno                                   5
xyz                                12.5663706

SQL> SELECT c.name, SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(c.shape, 0.005) FROM cola_markets1 c WHERE
c.name = 'xyz';

NAME                                SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(C.SHAPE,0.005)
-----                                -
xyz                                12.5663706
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM cola_markets1 c_b, cola_markets1 c_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'abc' AND c_d.name = 'xyz';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM cola_markets1 c_b, cola_markets1 c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'abc' AND c_d.name = 'xyz';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
1.60555128
```

B)

```
CREATE TABLE university_camp (
mkt_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
name VARCHAR2(32),
shape MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY);
```

```
INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(
1,'a',
MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
2003,NULL,NULL,
MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(1,5, 2,8)
)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(
4,'d',
MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
2003,NULL,NULL,
MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(8,6,10,9)
)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(
5,'e',
MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
2003,NULL,NULL,
MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(8,4,10,7)
)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(
6,'f',
MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
2003,NULL,NULL,
MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(9,1,11,3)
)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO university_campVALUES(
3,'c',
MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
2003,NULL,NULL,
MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,1),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(8,10,11,10,11,13,6,13,8,11,8,10)
)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO university_campVALUES(
7,'g',
MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
2003, NULL,NULL,
MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,1),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(4,2,7,2,8,3,7,4,4,4,2)
)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO university_campVALUES(
2,'b',
MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
2003, NULL,NULL,
MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,4),
MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(3,7, 5,5,5,9)
)
);
```

```
INSERT INTO USER_SDO_GEOM_METADATA
VALUES ('university_camp','shape',
MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ARRAY(
MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('X', 0, 20, 0.005),
MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Y', 0, 20, 0.005)
),NULL
);
```



```
SQL> CREATE TABLE university_camp (  
2 mkt_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,  
3 name VARCHAR2(32),  
4 shape MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY);  
  
Table created.  
  
SQL> INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(  
2 1,'a',  
3 MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(  
4 2003,NULL,NULL,  
5 MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),  
6 MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(1,5, 2,8)  
7 )  
8 );  
  
1 row created.  
  
SQL>  
SQL> INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(  
2 4,'d',  
3 MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(  
4 2003,NULL,NULL,  
5 MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),  
6 MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(8,6,10,9)  
7 )  
8 );  
  
1 row created.  
  
SQL>  
SQL> INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(  
2 5,'e',  
3 MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(  
4 2003,NULL,NULL,  
5 MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),  
6 MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(8,4,10,7)  
7 )  
8 );  
  
1 row created.  
  
SQL>  
SQL> INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(  
2 6,'f',  
3 MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(  
4 2003,NULL,NULL,  
5 MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,3),  
6 MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(9,1,11,3)  
7 )  
8 );  
  
1 row created.
```

```

SQL> INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(
2 3,'c',
3 MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
4 2003,NULL,NULL,
5 MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,1),
6 MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(8,10,11,10,11,13,6,13,8,11,8,10)
7 )
8 );

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(
2 7,'g',
3 MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
4 2003, NULL,NULL,
5 MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,1),
6 MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(4,2,7,2,8,3,7,4,4,4,4,2)
7 )
8 );

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO university_camp VALUES(
2 2,'b',
3 MDSYS.SDO_GEOMETRY(
4 2003, NULL,NULL,
5 MDSYS.SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1,1003,4),
6 MDSYS.SDO_ORDINATE_ARRAY(3,7, 5,5,5,9)
7 )
8 );

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO USER_SDO_GEOM_METADATA
2 VALUES ('university_camp','shape',
3 MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ARRAY(
4 MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('X', 0, 20, 0.005),
5 MDSYS.SDO_DIM_ELEMENT('Y', 0, 20, 0.005)
6 ),NULL
7 );

1 row created.

```

```

CREATE INDEX cola_spatial_idx1
ON university_camp(shape)
INDEXTYPE IS MDSYS.SPATIAL_INDEX;

```

```

SQL> CREATE INDEX cola_spatial_idx1
2 ON university_camp(shape)
3 INDEXTYPE IS MDSYS.SPATIAL_INDEX;

Index created.

```

```

SELECT name, SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(shape, 0.005) FROM university_camp;

```

```
SQL> SELECT name, SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(shape, 0.005) FROM university_camp;

NAME                                SDO_GEOM.SDO_AREA(SHAPE,0.005)
-----                                -
a                                    3
d                                    6
e                                    6
f                                    4
c                                    11
g                                    7
b                                   12.5663706

7 rows selected.
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'b';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2  FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3  WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'b';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
1
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'c';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2  FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3  WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'c';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
6.32455532
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'd';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2  FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3  WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'd';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
6
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'e';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'e';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
6
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'f';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'f';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
7.28010989
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'g';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'a' AND c_d.name = 'g';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
2.23606798
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_INTERSECTION(c_a.shape, c_c.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_a, university_campc_c
WHERE c_a.name = 'd' AND c_c.name = 'e';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_INTERSECTION(c_a.shape, c_c.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM university_camp c_a, university_camp c_c
3 WHERE c_a.name = 'd' AND c_c.name = 'e';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_INTERSECTION(C_A.SHAPE,C_C.SHAPE,0.005)<SDO_GTYPE, SDO_SRID, SDO_PO
-----
SDO_GEOMETRY(2003, NULL, NULL, SDO_ELEM_INFO_ARRAY(1, 1003, 1), SDO_ORDINATE_ARR
AY(8, 7, 8, 6, 10, 6, 10, 7, 8, 7))
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'c' AND c_d.name = 'g';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'c' AND c_d.name = 'g';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
6.08276253
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.RELATE(c_b.shape, 'anyinteract', c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'e' AND c_d.name = 'f';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.RELATE(c_b.shape, 'anyinteract', c_d.shape, 0.005) FROM uni
versity_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
2 WHERE c_b.name = 'e' AND c_d.name = 'f';

SDO_GEOM.RELATE(C_B.SHAPE,'ANYINTERACT',C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
FALSE
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'c' AND c_d.name = 'f';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'c' AND c_d.name = 'f';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
7
```

```
SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
FROM university_campc_b, university_campc_d
WHERE c_b.name = 'g' AND c_d.name = 'f';
```

```
SQL> SELECT SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(c_b.shape, c_d.shape, 0.005)
2 FROM university_camp c_b, university_camp c_d
3 WHERE c_b.name = 'g' AND c_d.name = 'f';

SDO_GEOM.SDO_DISTANCE(C_B.SHAPE,C_D.SHAPE,0.005)
-----
1
```

Practical No.9

Implement Prolog Programming.

- a) Map colorings.
- b) Two factorial definitions.
- c) Towers of Hanoi puzzle.
- d) Tree data and relations.
- e) Animal identification game.

A] Map colorings

Source Code:

```

adjacent(1,2).      adjacent(2,1).
adjacent(1,3).      adjacent(3,1).
adjacent(1,4).      adjacent(4,1).
adjacent(1,5).      adjacent(5,1).
adjacent(2,3).      adjacent(3,2).
adjacent(2,4).      adjacent(4,2).
adjacent(3,4).      adjacent(4,3).
adjacent(4,5).      adjacent(5,4).

```

```

color(1,red,a). color(1,red,b).
color(2,blue,a). color(2,blue,b).
color(3,green,a). color(3,green,b).
color(4,yellow,a). color(4,blue,b).
color(5,blue,a). color(5,green,b).

```

conflict(Coloring) :-

```

    adjacent(X,Y),
    color(X,Color,Coloring),
    color(Y,Color,Coloring).

```

conflict(R1,R2,Coloring) :-

```

    adjacent(R1,R2),
    color(R1,Color,Coloring),
    color(R2,Color,Coloring).

```

File Edit Settings Run Debug Help

```

?- conflict(R1,R2,b)
R1=2 R2=4
?- conflict(R1,R2,b),color(R1,C,b).
R1=2 R2=4 C=blue
?-conflict(which)
false
?-adjacent(2,3)
true

```

B] Two factorial definitions :

Source Code:

```
factorial(0,1).
factorial(N,F) :-
N>0,
N1 is N-1,
factorial(N1,F1),
F is N * F1.
factorial(0,F,F).
factorial(N,A,F) :-
N > 0,
A1 is N*A,
N1 is N -1,
factorial(N1,A1,F).
```



SWI-Prolog (AMD64, Multi-threaded, version 7.6.4)

File Edit Settings Run Debug Help

```
?- ['fact.pl'].
true.

?- factorial(2,V).
V = 2
Unknown action:  (h for help)
Action? ,

?- factorial(2,V).
V = 2 ,

?- factorial(2,6).
false.

?- factorial(3,6).
true
```

C] Towers of Hanoi puzzle

Source Code:

```
move(I,X,Y,_):-
write('Move top disk from '),
write(X),
write(' to '),
write(Y),
nl.
move(N,X,Y,Z):-
N>1,
M is N-1,
move(M,X,Z,Y),
move(I,X,Y,_),
move(M,Z,Y,X).
```



```
?- ['hanoi.pl'].
true.

?- move(3,left,right,center).
Move top disk from left to right
Move top disk from left to center
Move top disk from right to center
Move top disk from left to right
Move top disk from center to left
Move top disk from center to right
Move top disk from left to right
true ■
```

D] Tree data and relations

Source Code:

```
:- op(500,xfx,'is_parent').
ais_parent b. c is_parent g. f is_parent l. j is_parent q.
ais_parent c. c is_parent h. f is_parent m. j is_parent r.
ais_parent d. c is_parent i. h is_parent n. j is_parent s.
bis_parent e. d is_parent j. i is_parent o. m is_parent t.
bis_parent f. e is_parent k. i is_parent p.
/* X and Y are siblings */
:- op(500,xfx,'is_sibling_of').
X is_sibling_of Y :- Z is_parent X, Z is_parent Y, X \== Y.
/* X and Y are on the same level in the tree. */
:- op(500,xfx,'is_same_level_as').
X is_same_level_as X.
X is_same_level_as Y :- W is_parent X, Z is_parent Y, W is_same_level_as Z.
/* Depth of node in the tree. */
:- op(500,xfx,'has_depth').
ahas_depth 0 :- !.
Node has_depth D :- Mother is_parent Node, Mother has_depth D1,
D is D1 + 1.
/* Locate node by finding a path from root down to the node. */
locate(Node) :- path(Node), write(Node), nl.
path(a). /* Can start at a. */
path(Node) :- Mother is_parent Node, /* Choose parent, */
path(Mother), /* find path and then */
write(Mother),
write(' --> ').
/* Calculate the height of a node, length of longest path to
a leaf under the node. */
height(N,H) :- setof(Z,ht(N,Z),Set), /* See section 2.8 for 'setof'. */
max(Set,0,H).
ht(Node,0) :- leaf(Node), !.
ht(Node,H) :- Node is_parent Child,
ht(Child,H1),
H is H1 + 1.
leaf(Node) :- not(is_parent(Node,Child)). /* Node grounded */
max([],M,M).
max([X/R],M,A) :- (X > M -> max(R,X,A) ; max(R,M,A)).
```



```

SWI-Prolog (AMD64, Multi-threaded, version 7.6.4)
File Edit Settings Run Debug Help

1 ?- b is_sibling_of S
S=9

2 ?- t has_depth D.
D=4

3 ?- locate(n)
a ==> c ==> b ==> n

```

E] Animal identification game

Source Code:

```


/* start with ?- go. */
go :- hypothesize(Animal), write('I guess that the animal is: '), write(Animal), nl, undo.
/* hypotheses to be tested */
hypothesize(cheetah) :- cheetah, !.
hypothesize(tiger) :- tiger, !.
hypothesize(giraffe) :- giraffe, !.
hypothesize(zebra) :- zebra, !.
hypothesize(ostrich) :- ostrich, !.
hypothesize(penguin) :- penguin, !.
hypothesize(albatross) :- albatross, !.
hypothesize(unknown). /* no diagnosis */
/* animal identification rules */
cheetah :- mammal,
carnivore,
verify(has_tawny_color),
verify(has_dark_spots).
tiger :- mammal,
carnivore,
verify(has_tawny_color),
verify(has_black_stripes).
giraffe :- ungulate,
verify(has_long_neck),
verify(has_long_legs).
zebra :- ungulate,
verify(has_black_stripes).
ostrich :- bird,
verify(does_not_fly),
verify(has_long_neck).
penguin :- bird,
verify(does_not_fly),
verify(swims),
verify(is_black_and_white).
albatross :- bird,
verify(appears_in_story_Ancient_Mariner),
verify(flys_well).
/* classification rules */
mammal :- verify(has_hair), !.
mammal :- verify(gives_milk).
bird :- verify(has_feathers), !.
bird :- verify(flys),
verify(lays_eggs).
carnivore :- verify(eats_meat), !.
carnivore :- verify(has_pointed_teeth),
verify(has_claws),

```

```

verify(has_forward_eyes).
ungulate :- mammal,
verify(has_hooves), !.
ungulate :- mammal,
verify(chews_cud).
/* how to ask questions */
ask(Question) :-
write('Does the animal have the following attribute: '),
write(Question),
write('? '),
read(Response),
nl,
( (Response == yes ; Response == y)
->
assert(yes(Question)) ;
assert(no(Question)), fail).
:- dynamic yes/1,no/1.
/* How to verify something */
verify(S) :-
(yes(S)
->
true ;
(no(S)
->
fail ;
ask(S))).
/* undo all yes/no assertions */
undo :- retract(yes(_)),fail.
undo :- retract(no(_)),fail.
undo.

```

 SWI-Prolog (AMD64, Multi-threaded, version 7.6.4)

File Edit Settings Run Debug Help

Does the animal have the following attribute: has_dark_spots? |: yes.

I guess that the animal is: cheetah
true.

?- ['animal.pl'].
true.

?- go.
Does the animal have the following attribute: has_hair? no.

Does the animal have the following attribute: gives_milk? |: yes.

Does the animal have the following attribute: eats_meat? |: yes.

Does the animal have the following attribute: has_tawny_color? |: no.

Does the animal have the following attribute: has_hooves? |: no.

Does the animal have the following attribute: chews_cud? |: yes.

Does the animal have the following attribute: has_long_neck? |: yes.

Does the animal have the following attribute: has_long_legs? |: yes.

I guess that the animal is: giraffe
true.

?- ■

Aim:-

- 1. Create XML Parser**
- 2. Using XML DOM Traverse XML Document**

Source Code:-

XML file for parsing in Java

Here is xml file Stocks.xml which contains some stocks and there price, quantity we will use this in our xml parsing example in Java.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<stocks>
  <stock>
    <symbol>Citibank</symbol>
    <price>100</price>
    <quantity>1000</quantity>
  </stock>
  <stock>
    <symbol>Axis bank</symbol>
    <price>90</price>
    <quantity>2000</quantity>
  </stock>
</stocks>
```

Code Example of Parsing XML File in Java using DOM Parser

Here is a code example of parsing above xml file in Java using DOM parser:

```
import java.io.File;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilder;
import javax.xml.parsers.DocumentBuilderFactory;
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
import org.w3c.dom.Node;
import org.w3c.dom.NodeList;

public class DOMExampleJava {

    public static void main(String args[]) {
        try {

            File stocks = new File("Stocks.xml");
            DocumentBuilderFactory dbFactory = DocumentBuilderFactory.newInstance();
            DocumentBuilder dBuilder = dbFactory.newDocumentBuilder();
            Document doc = dBuilder.parse(stocks);
            doc.getDocumentElement().normalize();

            System.out.println("root of xml file" + doc.getDocumentElement().getNodeName());
```

```

NodeList nodes = doc.getElementsByTagName("stock");
System.out.println("=====");

for (int i = 0; i < nodes.getLength(); i++) {
    Node node = nodes.item(i);

    if (node.getNodeType() == Node.ELEMENT_NODE) {
        Element element = (Element) node;
        System.out.println("Stock Symbol: " + getValue("symbol", element));
        System.out.println("Stock Price: " + getValue("price", element));
        System.out.println("Stock Quantity: " + getValue("quantity", element));
    }
} catch (Exception ex) {
    ex.printStackTrace();
}

private static String getValue(String tag, Element element) {
    NodeList nodes = element.getElementsByTagName(tag).item(0).getChildNodes();
    Node node = (Node) nodes.item(0);
    return node.getNodeValue();
}

```

Output:

root of xml file stocks

=====

Stock Symbol: Citibank
 Stock Price: 100
 Stock Quantity: 1000
 Stock Symbol: Axis bank
 Stock Price: 90
 Stock Quantity: 2000

E:\java>javac DOMExampleJava.java

E:\java>java DOMExampleJava

root of xml file stocks

=====

Stock Symbol: Citibank
 Stock Price: 100
 Stock Quantity: 1000
 Stock Symbol: Axis bank
 Stock Price: 90
 Stock Quantity: 2000

E:\java>

Practical No.11**Inserting and Retrieving Multimedia Objects in Database (Image/audio/video).**Coding:

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Data.SqlClient;
using System.IO;
namespace ImageSaveToSQLServer
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(@"Data Source=VAIO\SQLEXPRESS;Initial
        Catalog=MultimediaDB;Integrated Security=True");
        SqlCommand command;
        string imgLoc = "";
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }

        private void Form1_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
        }

        private void buttonBrowse_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            try
            {
                OpenFileDialog dlg = new OpenFileDialog();
                dlg.Filter = "JPG Files(*.jpg)|*.jpg|GIF Files(*.gif)|*.gif|All Files(*.*)|*.*";
                dlg.Title = "Select employee picture";
                if (dlg.ShowDialog() == DialogResult.OK)
                {
                    imgLoc = dlg.FileName.ToString();
                    picEmp.ImageLocation = imgLoc;
                }
            }
            catch (Exception ex)
            {
                MessageBox.Show(ex.Message);
            }
        }

        private void buttonSave_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            try
            {
                byte[] img = null;

```

```

FileStream fs = new FileStream(imgLoc, FileMode.Open, FileAccess.Read);
BinaryReader br = new BinaryReader(fs);
img = br.ReadBytes((int)fs.Length);
string sql = "insert into Employee(EID,FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, IMAGE) values(" + textBoxEID.Text + "," +
textBoxFName.Text + "," + textBoxLName.Text + ", @img)";
if (conn.State != ConnectionState.Open)
    conn.Open();
command = new SqlCommand(sql, conn);
command.Parameters.Add(new SqlParameter("@img", img));
int x = command.ExecuteNonQuery();
conn.Close();
MessageBox.Show(x.ToString() + "record(s) saved.");

    textBoxEID.Text = "";
    textBoxFName.Text = "";
    textBoxLName.Text = "";
    picEmp.Image = null;
}
catch (Exception ex)
{
    conn.Close();
    MessageBox.Show(ex.Message);
}

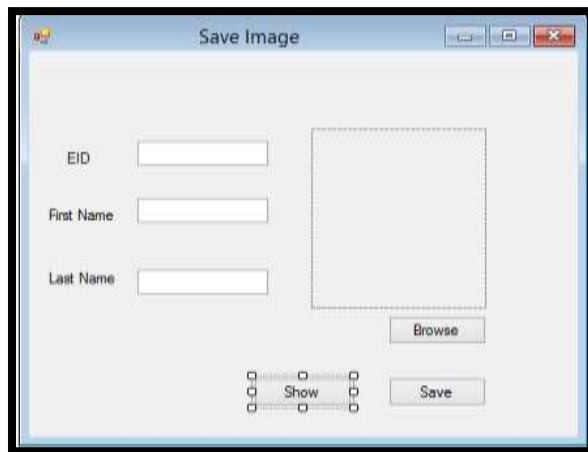
private void buttonShow_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    try
    {
        string sql = "SELECT FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, IMAGE FROM Employee WHERE EID=" + textBoxEID.Text + "";
        if (conn.State != ConnectionState.Open)
            conn.Open();
        command = new SqlCommand(sql, conn);
        SqlDataReader reader = command.ExecuteReader();
        reader.Read();
        if (reader.HasRows)
        {
            textBoxFName.Text = reader[0].ToString();
            textBoxLName.Text = reader[1].ToString();
            byte[] img = (byte[])(reader[2]);
            if (img == null)
                picEmp.Image = null;
            else
            {
                MemoryStream ms = new MemoryStream(img);
                picEmp.Image = Image.FromStream(ms);
            }
        }
        else
        {
            MessageBox.Show("This does not Exist.");
        }
        conn.Close();
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {

```

```

        conn.Close();
    MessageBox.Show(ex.Message);
    }
}
}
}

```



A 'Save Image' dialog box with a title bar. It contains three text input fields labeled 'EID', 'First Name', and 'Last Name'. To the right of these fields is a large empty rectangular box for an image. Below the 'Last Name' field is a 'Browse' button. At the bottom of the dialog are two groups of buttons: one with 'Show' and 'Save' buttons, and another with 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

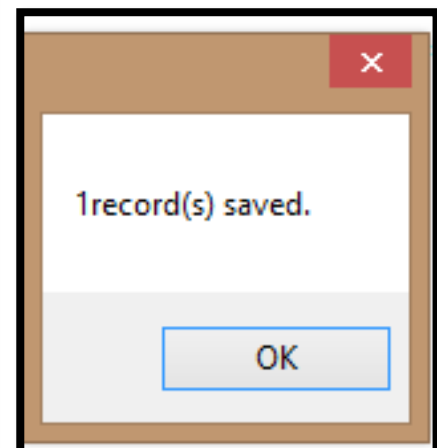
dbo.Employee: Ta...ess.MultimediaDB			
Start Page			
	Column Name	Data Type	Allow Nulls
	EID	int	<input type="checkbox"/>
	FIRST_NAME	varchar(50)	<input type="checkbox"/>
	LAST_NAME	varchar(50)	<input type="checkbox"/>
	IMAGE	image	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>

```

SQLQuery1.sql - VAIOL...saniya (54))
/***** Script for SelectTopNRows command from SSMS *****/
SELECT TOP 1000 [EID]
, [FIRST_NAME]
, [LAST_NAME]
, [IMAGE]
FROM [MultimediaDB].[dbo].[Employee]

```

	EID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	IMAGE
1	101	yashfeen	khan	0xFFD8FFE158E445786966000049492A0008000000D0000...



A small dialog box with a title bar. It contains the text '1record(s) saved.' and an 'OK' button at the bottom.