CAR RENTING AND BOOKING SYSTEM

INTRODUCTION

This System manages the most important components of a car rental and booking company through a modular network, which can be adapted to any country or size.it connects management of fleet, people, and business, to make the operations as efficient as possible

REQUIREMENTS

Customer

The customer will book the vehicle for renting or for own use depending on the situation like for example if the customer prefers off-roading he prefers Renting a Jeep, if the customer wants to go on a trip moving places like different towns and villages then they will prefer SUVs and if the customer wants to be in the same city/town where there is more traffic and all then it prefers sedans, hatchback such type of small vehicles which is easy to park and roam around different places.

Driver(Optional)

If the customer is renting then he will be given the driver's details.

Vehicle

There are different types of vehicles like sedans, hatchbacks, SUV's, Jeep so based on the scenario they will choose the vehicles.

Scenarios such as Going for Off Riding, Travelling like going on a long drive to different places etc.

ERD:

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CAB_Booking/Rental System October 28, 2021 Rentals Cab_Booking Customer Rental_Id Booking_ld Cus_id Cust_Name Borrow_Date Book_date DOB Borrow_Time Pickup_Location Address Return_Date Drop_Location Contact_Number No_Of_Days Vehicle_Type Distance_in_Km Vehicle_Type Agency_ld Vehicle_ld Vehicle_ld Cus_ld Cus_ld Vehicle_Details Agency Drivers Vehicle_Id Agency_Id Driver_Id Vehicle_no Agency_Location Driver_Name Vehicle_Type Vehicle_Model Driver_Address Vehicle_Status Driver_Number Price_Per_Day/KM driver_ld

Tables:

	TABLE_NAME
1	DRIVERS
2	BOOK_PAYMENT
3	RENT_PAYMENT
4	BOOK_PRICE
5	VEHICLE_DETAILS_BOOKING
6	VEHICLE_DETAILS_RENT
7	CAB_BOOKING
8	RENTALS
9	RENT_PRICE
10	AGENCY
11	CUSTOMERS

1. Customers Table

Create table customers (Cust_id int CONSTRAINT pk_cust_id PRIMARY KEY, Cust_Name varchar(10),dob date ,Address varchar(20),Contact_Number int);

Name	Nul	1?	Type
CUST_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38)
CUST_NAME			VARCHAR2 (10)
DOB			DATE
ADDRESS			VARCHAR2 (20)
CONTACT_NUMBER			NUMBER (38)

2. Drivers Table

Create table Drivers (Driver_id int constraint pk_driv_id primary key ,Driver_Name varchar(10), Driver_Address varchar(50), Driver_Number int);

	Name	Nul	1?	Type
ı				
ı	DRIVER_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38)
ı	DRIVER_NAME			VARCHAR2 (10)
ı	DRIVER_ADDRESS			VARCHAR2 (50)
ı	DRIVER_NUMBER			NUMBER (38)
ı				

3. Vehicle_Details for Booking

Create table Vehicle_Details_Booking(Vehicle_id int constraint pk_vchl_no primary key, Vehicle_No varchar(20), Vehicle_Type varchar(20), Vehicle_Model varchar(50), Vehicle_Status varchar(50), price_per_km int, Driver_id int constraint fk_drivr_id REFERENCES Drivers(Driver_id));

Name	Null	L?	Type
VEHICLE_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38)
VEHICLE_NO			VARCHAR2 (20)
VEHICLE_TYPE			VARCHAR2 (20)
VEHICLE_MODEL			VARCHAR2 (50)
VEHICLE_STATUS			VARCHAR2 (50)
PRICE_PER_KM			NUMBER (38)
DRIVER ID			NUMBER (38)

4. Vehicle Details for Rentals

Create table Vehicle_Details_Rent(Vehicle_id int constraint pk_rent_vchl_no primary key, Vehicle_No varchar(20), Vehicle_Type varchar(20), Vehicle_Model varchar(50), Vehicle_Status varchar(50), price_per_day int, Driver_id int constraint fk_rent_drivr_id REFERENCES Drivers(Driver_id));

Name	Nul	L?	Type
VEHICLE_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38)
VEHICLE_NO			VARCHAR2 (20)
VEHICLE_TYPE			VARCHAR2 (20)
VEHICLE_MODEL			VARCHAR2 (50)
VEHICLE_STATUS			VARCHAR2 (50)
PRICE_PER_DAY			NUMBER (38)
DRIVER_ID			NUMBER (38)

5. Agency Table

Create table Agency(Agency_id int constraint pk_agncyid primary key ,Agency_location varchar(50));

Name	Nul	l?	Type
AGENCY_ID AGENCY_LOCATION	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (50)

6. Cab_Booking Table

Create table Cab_Booking (Booking_id int constraint pk_bookid primary key ,Book_date date, Pickup_location varchar(50), Drop_location varchar(50), Vehicle_Type varchar(20),Distance_in_KM int,Vehicle_id int constraint fk_vhclno REFERENCES Vehicle_Details_Booking(Vehicle_id), Cust_id int constraint fk_cust_id REFERENCES customers(cust_id));

Name	Nul	1?	Type	
BOOKING_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38)	
BOOK_DATE			DATE	
PICKUP_LOCATION			VARCHAR2 (50)	
DROP_LOCATION			VARCHAR2 (50)	
VEHICLE_TYPE			VARCHAR2 (20)	
DISTANCE_IN_KM			NUMBER (38)	
VEHICLE_ID			NUMBER (38)	
CUST_ID			NUMBER (38)	

7. Booking Price Table

Create table book_price (id int Constraint pk_price_id Primary Key, Price int Default NULL, Book_id int CONSTRAINT fk_price_bookid REFERENCES cab_booking(booking_id));

Name	Null	L?	Туре
ID PRICE BOOK_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38) NUMBER (38) NUMBER (38)

8. Booking Payment Table

Create table book_payment (pay_id int, pay_mode varchar(20), pay_status varchar(20), book_id int CONSTRAINT fk_bookid REFERENCES cab_booking(booking_id));

Name	Null?	Type
PAY_ID PAY_MODE PAY_STATUS BOOK_ID		NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (20) VARCHAR2 (20) NUMBER (38)

9. Rentals Table

Create table Rentals

(Rental_id int constraint pk_rentid primary key, Borrowing_Date date, Borrowing_Time varchar(10), Return_Date date, No_of_Days int, Vehicle_type varchar(20), agency_id int constraint fk_agncyid REFERENCES agency(agency_id), Vehicle_id int constraint fk_vehino REFERENCES Vehicle_Details_Rent(Vehicle_id), Cust id int constraint fk custm id REFERENCES customers(Cust id));

Name	Nul:	1?	Type
RENTAL_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38)
BORROWING_DATE			DATE
BORROWING_TIME			VARCHAR2(10)
RETURN_DATE			DATE
NO_OF_DAYS			NUMBER (38)
VEHICLE_TYPE			VARCHAR2 (20)
AGENCY_ID			NUMBER (38)
VEHICLE_ID			NUMBER (38)
CUST_ID			NUMBER (38)

10. Rent Price Table

Create table rent_price (id int Constraint pk_priceid Primary Key, Price int Default NULL, Rent id int CONSTRAINT fk price rentid REFERENCES Rentals(Rental id));

Name	Null	L?	Туре
ID PRICE RENT_ID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER (38) NUMBER (38) NUMBER (38)

11. Rent Payment Table

Create table rent_payment (pay_id int, pay_mode varchar(20), pay_status varchar(20), Rental_id int CONSTRAINT fk_rentid REFERENCES Rentals(Rental_id));

Name	Null?	Type
PAY ID		NUMBER (38)
PAY_MODE		VARCHAR2 (20)
PAY_STATUS		VARCHAR2 (20)
RENT ID		NUMBER (38)

REPORTS:

Report 1: Display Customers Details and their NearBy Agency Location

Select c.cust_id, c.cust_name, c.address, a.agency_id, a.agency_location from customers c left join agency a on c.address = a.agency_location ORDER BY c.cust_id asc;

	CUST_ID	CUST_NAME			
1	1	Vaibhav	Vasco	3	Vasco
2	2	shubhav	Ponda	2	Ponda
3	3	vedika	Panjim	1	Panjim
4	4	anuksha	Mapusa	4	Mapusa
5	5	faizal	Margao	6	Margao
6	6	sidhi	Old Goa	5	Old Goa

Report 2: Display Vehicles and their Rates Of Cab Booking

select vehicle model, vehicle type, price per km from vehicle details booking;

	♦ VEHICLE_MODEL		₱ PRICE_PER_KM	
1	Ertiga	MVP	200	
2	BMW	XUV	800	
3	Audi	SEDAN	600	

Report 3: Display Customers Details and their Booking Details who have booked a CAB.

select c.cust_id, c.cust_name, c.contact_number,
cb.booking_id, cb.pickup_location, cb.drop_location, cb.distance_in_km,
v.vehicle_no, v.vehicle_model,v.vehicle_type, v.price_per_km
from cab_booking cb left join customers c on cb.cust_id =
c.cust_id left JOIN vehicle_details_booking v on cb.vehicle_id = v.vehicle_id;

	CUST_ID	CUST_NAME	CONTACT_NUMBER	BOOKING_ID	PICKUP_LOCATION	□ DROP_LOCATION					PRICE_PER_KM
1	1	Vaibhav	7798866095	1 p	pamjim	phonda	8	Ga-08-F-0862	Ertiga	MVP	200
2	2	shubhav	5687468215	2 p	phonda	Vasco	10	Ga-04-A-0527	BMW	XUV	800
3	3	vedika	5247813675	3 n	napusa	Old Goa	9	Ga-01-CD-7524	Audi	SEDAN	600

Report 4: Display Vehicles and their Rates Of Renting

select vehicle model, vehicle type, price per day from vehicle details rent;

∜ VEHI	CLE_MODEL		PRICE_PER_DAY
1 Renult		HatchBack	800
2 Kia Se	ltos	SUV	1400
3 Chevol	ate	MVP	1000

Report 5: Display Customer Details ,Rental Details and Vehicle Details of Customer Who have Rented a Car.

select c.cust_id, c.cust_name, c.contact_number,
r.rental_id, r.borrowing_date, r.return_date, r.no_of_days,
v.vehicle_no, v.vehicle_model, v.vehicle_type, v.price_per_day
from rentals r left join customers c on r.cust_id =
c.cust_id left JOIN vehicle_details_rent v on r.vehicle_id = v.vehicle_id;

-0	CUST_ID & CUST_NAME		RENTAL_ID	BORROWING_DATE		NO_OF_DAYS				PRICE_PER_DAY
1	4 anuksha	9615731476	1	07-10-21	10-10-21	3	Ga-09-AD-0828	Renult	HatchBack	800
2	5 faizal	9534781205	2	07-10-21	12-10-21	5	Ga-06-BS-5461	Kia Seltos	SUV	1400
3	6 sidhi	7634158501	3	07-10-21	14-10-21	7	Ga-02-Q-2369	Chevolate	MVP	1000

Report 6: Display Rented Vehicle on Specific Dates

select * from vehicle_details_rent where vehicle_id = any(select vehicle id from rentals where borrowing date = '07-10-21');

			O VEHICLE_TYPE			♦ PRICE_PER_DAY	
1	1	Ga-09-AD-08	28 HatchBack	Renult	UN-Occupied	800	2
2	2	Ga-06-BS-54	61 SUV	Kia Seltos	Occupied	1400	3
3	3	Ga-02-Q-236	9 MVP	Chevolate	Occupied	1000	6

Report 7: Display CAB Details Booked on Specific Dates

select * from vehicle_details_booking where vehicle_id = any(select vehicle_id from cab_booking where book_date = '07-10-21');

			♦ VEHICLE_TYPE		♦ VEHICLE_STATUS	₱ PRICE_PER_KM	DRIVER_ID
1	1	Ga-08-F-0862	MVP	Ertiga	Occupied	200	1

Report 8: Trigger to Update Vehicle Status of CAB Booked

Create or Replace Trigger vehicle_stat

Before Insert OR Delete OR Update

OF vehicle_status

ON vehicle_details_booking

FOR EACH ROW

WHEN (old.vehicle_id > 0)

BEGIN

dbms_output.put_line('Vechile NO: '|| :OLD.vehicle_no);
dbms_output.put_line('OLD Vehicle Status: '|| :OLD.vehicle_status);
dbms_output.put_line('New Vehicle Status: '|| :NEW.vehicle_status);

END;

Vechile NO: Ga-08-F-0862 OLD Vehicle Status: Un-Occupied New Vehicle Status: Occupied

Report 9: Trigger to Update Vehicle Status of Rented Car

```
Create or Replace Trigger rent_vehicle_stat

Before Insert OR Delete OR Update

OF vehicle_status

ON vehicle_details_rent

FOR EACH ROW

WHEN (old.vehicle_id > 0)

BEGIN

dbms_output.put_line('Vehicle NO: '|| :OLD.vehicle_no);
dbms_output.put_line('OLD Vehicle Status: '|| :OLD.vehicle_status);
dbms_output.put_line('New Vehicle Status: '|| :NEW.vehicle_status);

END;

/

Vechile NO: Ga-09-AD-0828

OLD Vehicle Status: Un-Occupied

New Vehicle Status: Occupied
```

Report 10: Trigger to Updated CAB Booking Price after Calculation

```
Create or Replace Trigger book_price_update

Before Insert OR Delete OR Update

OF price

ON book_price

FOR EACH ROW

WHEN (old.id > 0)

BEGIN

dbms_output.put_line('Book ID: '|| :OLD.book_id);

dbms_output.put_line('OLD price: '|| :OLD.price);

dbms_output.put_line('Updated Booking Price: '|| :NEW.price);

dbms_output.put_line(");

END;
```

```
Book ID: 1
OLD price: 0
Updated Booking Price: 1600
1 row updated.
Report 11: Trigger to Updated CAR Rental Price after Calculation
Create or Replace Trigger rent price update
Before Insert OR Delete OR Update
OF price
ON rent price
FOR EACH ROW
WHEN (old.id > 0)
BEGIN
      dbms output.put line('Rental ID: '||:OLD.rent id);
      dbms output.put line('OLD price: '|| :OLD.price);
      dbms_output.put_line('Updated Rental Price: '|| :NEW.price);
      dbms output.put line(");
END;
```

```
Rental ID: 1
OLD price: 0
Updated Rental Price: 2400

1 row updated.
```

Report 12: Procedure To Calculate Cab Booking Price

Declare

```
pay id book price.id%type:=1;
      price book price.price%type;
Begin
      Loop
      Select id, price into pay id, price from book price where id = pay id;
      IF pay id > 0 THEN
      Update book price set price = (select cb.Distance_in_km *(select price_per_km
from vehicle details booking where vehicle id = cb.vehicle id)
      as Booking Price from cab booking cb where booking id = book price.id) where
id = pay_id;
      END IF;
      pay id := pay id + 1;
      EXIT WHEN pay_id > 5;
      END LOOP;
      Exception
      WHEN no data found THEN
      dbms output.put line('Data Updated Successfully');
      WHEN others THEN
      dbms output.put line('Error!');
End;
```

Book ID: 1 OLD price: 0

Updated Booking Price: 1600

Book ID: 2 OLD price: 0

Updated Booking Price: 8000

Book ID: 3 OLD price: 0

Updated Booking Price: 5400

Data Updated Successfully

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Report 13 : Procedure To Calculate and Display No of Days of Car Taken on Rent Declare

```
rent id rentals.rental id%type:=1;
      brw dt rentals.borrowing date%type;
      rtrn dt rentals.return date%type;
Begin
      Loop
      Select rental id, borrowing date, return date into rent id, brw dt, rtrn dt from
rentals where rental id = rent id;
      IF rent id > 0 THEN
      Update rentals set no of days = rtrn dt - brw dt where rental id = rent id;
      END IF;
      rent id := rent id + 1;
      EXIT WHEN rent id > 5;
      END LOOP;
      Exception
      WHEN no data found THEN
      dbms output.put line('Data Updated Successfully');
      WHEN others THEN
      dbms output.put line('Error!');
End;
-- To Display No of Days of the Car taken for Rent
Declare
      rent id rentals.rental id%type:=1;
```

```
brw dt rentals.borrowing date%type;
      rtrn dt rentals.return date%type;
      nod rentals.no of days%type;
Begin
      Loop
      Select rental id, borrowing date, return date, no of days into rent id, brw dt,
rtrn dt, nod from rentals where rental id = rent id;
      IF rent id > 0 THEN
      dbms output.put line('Id: ' || rent id || ' Borrow Date: ' || brw dt || ' Return Date: ' ||
rtrn dt || ' NO of Days: ' || nod);
      END IF;
      rent id := rent id + 1;
      EXIT WHEN rent id > 5;
      END LOOP;
      Exception
      WHEN no data found THEN
      dbms output.put line('Data Updated Successfully');
      WHEN others THEN
      dbms output.put line('Error!');
End;
```

```
Data Updated Successfully

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Id: 1 Borrow Date: 07-10-21 Return Date: 10-10-21 NO of Days: 3

Id: 2 Borrow Date: 07-10-21 Return Date: 12-10-21 NO of Days: 5

Id: 3 Borrow Date: 07-10-21 Return Date: 14-10-21 NO of Days: 7

Data Updated Successfully

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

Report 14: Procedure To Calculate Car Rental Price

```
Declare
```

```
pay id rent price.id%type:=1;
      price rent price.price%type;
Begin
      Loop
      Select id, price into pay id, price from rent price where id = pay id;
      IF pay id > 0 THEN
      Update rent price set price = (select r.no of days *(select price per day from
vehicle details rent where vehicle id = r.vehicle id)
      as Rental Price from rentals r where rental id = rent price.rent id) where id =
pay_id;
      END IF;
      pay id := pay id + 1;
      EXIT WHEN pay id > 5;
      END LOOP;
      Exception
      WHEN no data found THEN
      dbms output.put line('Data Updated Successfully');
      WHEN others THEN
      dbms output.put line('Error!');
End;
```

Rental ID: 1 OLD price: 0

Updated Rental Price: 2400

Rental ID: 2 OLD price: 0

Updated Rental Price: 7000

Rental ID: 3 OLD price: 0

Updated Rental Price: 7000

Data Updated Successfully

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Report 15: Procedure To Implement a Fine if Car Not Returned On Time **DECLARE** Price rent price.price%type; Return date rentals.return date%type:='11-10-21'; **BEGIN** IF Return date = '10-10-21' THEN UPDATE rent price SET price = price + 0; ELSIF Return date > '10-10-21' THEN UPDATE rent price SET price = price + 500 Where id IN (Select rp.id From rentals r,rent price rp, rent payment rpp WHERE (r.Rental id = rp.rent id) and (r.Rental id = rpp.rent id) AND (Return date >'10-10-21')); dbms output.put line('Car has not Returned on Time, Fine By ₹500 Per Day'); END IF; END; Rental ID: 2 OLD price: 7000 Updated Rental Price: 7500 Rental ID: 3 OLD price: 7000 Updated Rental Price: 7500 Car has not Returned on Time, Fine By RS500 Per Day

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

SQL FILE:

 $\frac{https://drive.google.com/file/d/1y0TDoPMxjuLVRLTCcCxeyuCCFM9P9LUX/view?usp=sharing}{aring}$