

RCA Report (EN)

Root Cause Analysis (RCA): Keypad Unresponsive & System ANR

1. Executive Summary

When the user attempted to wake up the device (DVT3 Thorpe, OS-02.01.01.260119), a **System Server ANR** (Application Not Responding) occurred, causing the keypad to become unresponsive and preventing screenshots from being taken. The system recovered automatically later.

Log analysis confirmed the **Root Cause** to be the **GNSS HAL getting stuck**, which blocked the critical `android.fg` thread within `system_server`, thereby stalling the screen wake-up process.

2. Root Cause

The GNSS HAL (GPS) timed out during QMI communication, causing the **android.fg** thread in `system_server` to be blocked for an extended period.

- GNSS HAL Timeout:** Around 15:31:26, the GNSS Service attempted to stop the location session (`LOC_STOP`) and set the operation mode (`LOC_SET_OPERATION_MODE`) via the QMI interface.
- QMI Usage No Response:** The underlying Modem or QMI interface did not respond. After 25 seconds (15:31:51), a Function timed out and `qcError 110` were reported.
- System Server Blocked:** The `android.fg` thread (TID 1755) in `system_server` was calling `GnssHal::stop()` and waiting for a response. Due to the HAL being stuck, this thread remained in an `UNINTERRUPTIBLE_SLEEP` or blocked state for over 15 seconds.
- ANR Triggered:** When the user tried to wake the screen, the system broadcasted `android.intent.action.SCREEN_ON`. This broadcast is

dispatched by the android.fg thread. Since the thread was stuck in the GNSS HAL, the broadcast could not be processed, eventually triggering the Watchdog ANR.

3. Evidence

ANR Information

- **Time:** 01-27 15:32:09.418
- **Process:** system_server (PID 1702)
- **Reason:** Broadcast of Intent { act=android.intent.action.SCREEN_ON
... }
- **Blocked Thread:** android.fg (TID 1755)

Stack Trace (android.fg)

The thread was blocked at

android::hardware::gnss::V1_0::BpHwGnss::_hidl_stop waiting for a return:
> **Source:** FS/data/anr/anr_2026-01-27-15-32-09-441 (Lines 443–463)

```
"android.fg" sysTid=1755
#00 pc 00000000000c12ec
/apex/com.android.runtime/lib64/bionic/libc.so (__ioctl+12)
...
#06 pc 00000000000a5ec8 /system/lib64/android.hardware.gnss@1.0.so
(android::hardware::gnss::V1_0::BpHwGnss::_hidl_stop...+260)
#07 pc 000000000003d50 /system/lib64/libservices.core-gnss.so
(android::gnss::GnssHal::stop())+160)
...
#16 pc 000000000256af0 /system/framework/services.jar
(com.android.server.location.gnss.GnssLocationProvider.stopNavigating+
```

GNSS HAL Error Logs (Logcat)

The system attempted to stop GPS but timed out: > **Source:** bugreport-T70-AQ3A.250408.001-2026-01-27-15-33-02.txt

```
(Line 22444) 01-27 15:31:26.891 ... I SWIGNSS : Stop:
(Line 22447) 01-27 15:31:26.891 ... D SWIGNSS : -> ... Send 11 bytes
...
... (25 seconds with no response) ...
(Line 22668) 01-27 15:31:51.818 ... W SWIGNSS : Function timed out
(Line 22670) 01-27 15:31:51.818 ... E SWIGNSS : swigps_setPosMode:
Stop failed, qcError 110
```

4. Impact Analysis

- **Why did the Keypad fail?:** While Key events are received by the InputDispatcher, they require the upper-layer WindowManager Service (WMS) and PowerManager Service (PMS) to handle the wake-up logic. These critical services state transitions rely on the android.fg thread. When this thread is blocked, the system cannot complete the “wake from sleep” state transition, resulting in no response to user input.
- **Why did screenshots fail?:** Screenshot functionality also depends on system_server to process key combinations and capture notifications, which couldn't execute because the core service was blocked.

5. Recommendations

1. **Check Modem/GNSS Status:** The Modem team needs to analyze QMI logs (if available) or a Modem dump to confirm why QMI did not respond to the L0C_ST0P command around 15:31:26. The Modem might have been in an error state or failed to wake from deep sleep.
2. **HAL Layer Guard:** It is recommended that even if the underlying layer times out, the HAL layer should return an error to the System Server as soon as possible, preventing the main thread (android.fg) from blocking for long periods (over 10–20 seconds) to avoid a full system ANR.