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Advanced Verification and Debugging

SE

Foreign Language Interface

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Technotes	HTML	select Technotes dropdown on www.model.com/support

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This chapter introduces ModelSim's VHDL FLI (Foreign Language Interface). For a categorical listing of FLI functions, see "FLI functions by category" (FLI-43). For complete details on the functions including purpose, syntax, and usage, see "FLI function definitions" (FLI-53).

Note: The Tcl C interface is included in the FLI; tcl.h is found in the <install_dir>/modeltech/include directory. Tk and Tix are not included in the FLI because the FLI is in the kernel, not the user interface. You can FTP Tcl from the Scriptics, Inc. web site.

Using the VHDL FLI

FLI routines are C programming language functions that provide procedural access to information within Model Technology's HDL simulator, vsim. A user-written application can use these functions to traverse the hierarchy of an HDL design, get information about and set the values of VHDL objects in the design, get information about a simulation, and control (to some extent) a simulation run. The header file *mti.h* externs all of the FLI functions and types that can be used by an FLI application.

Important concepts

A good understanding of the following concepts is necessary before creating an FLI application.

Elaboration

When the simulator starts, it first goes through an elaboration phase during which the entire design is loaded and connected and initial values are set. During this phase all foreign shared libraries are loaded and the initialization functions of all foreign architectures are executed.

Simulation

The simulation phase of the simulator begins when the first run command is executed and continues until a quit or restart command is executed. When a restart command is executed, the simulator goes through its elaboration phase again.

Foreign architecture

A foreign architecture is a design unit that is instantiated in a design but that does not (generally) contain any VHDL code. Instead it is a link to a C model that can communicate to the rest of the design through the ports of the foreign architecture. Normally, a C model creates processes and reads and drives signal values; in essence, behaving in the same manner as VHDL code but with the advantage of the power of C and the ease of reading and writing files and communicating with other system processes.

Foreign subprogram

A foreign subprogram is a VHDL function or procedure that is implemented in C as opposed to VHDL. A foreign subprogram reads its in and inout parameters, performs some operation(s) which may include accessing simulator information through FLI function calls, writes its inout and out parameters, and returns a value (in the case of a function).

Callback

A callback is a C function that is registered with the simulator for a specific reason. The registered function is called whenever the reason occurs. Callback functions generally perform special processing whenever certain simulation conditions occur.

Process

A process is a VHDL process that is created through the FLI. It can either be scheduled for a specific time or be made sensitive to one or more signals that trigger the process to run.

The process is associated with a C function and the C function is executed whenever the process is run by the simulator.

Using the VHDL FLI with foreign architectures

To use the foreign language interface with C models, you first create and compile an architecture with the FOREIGN attribute. The string value of the attribute is used to specify the name of a C initialization function and the name of an object file to load. When the simulator elaborates the architecture, the initialization function is called. Parameters to the function include a list of ports and a list of generics. See "Mapping to VHDL data types" (FLI-18).

Declaring the FOREIGN attribute

Starting with VHDL93, the FOREIGN attribute is declared in package STANDARD. With the 1987 version, you need to declare the attribute yourself. You can declare it in a separate package, or you can declare it directly in the architecture. (This will also work with VHDL93).

The FOREIGN attribute string

The value of the FOREIGN attribute is a string containing three parts. For the following declaration:

```
ATTRIBUTE foreign OF arch_name : ARCHITECTURE IS "app_init app.so; parameter";
```

the attribute string parses this way:

```
app_init
```

The name of the initialization function for this architecture. This part is required. See "The C initialization function" (FLI-12).

```
app.so
```

The path to the shared object file to load. This part is required. See "Location of shared object files" (FLI-11).

```
parameter
```

A string that is passed to the initialization function. This part is preceded by a semicolon and is optional.

If the initialization function has a leading '+' or '-', the VHDL architecture body will be elaborated in addition to the foreign code. If '+' is used (as in the example below), the VHDL will be elaborated first. If '-' is used, the VHDL will be elaborated after the foreign initialization function is called.

UNIX environment variables can also be used within the string as in this example:

```
ATTRIBUTE foreign OF arch_name : ARCHITECTURE IS "+app_init $CAE/app.so";
```

Location of shared object files

The simulator searches for object files in the following order:

- \$MGC WD/<so> or ./<so> (If MGC WD is not set, then it will use ".")
- <so>
- within \$LD_LIBRARY_PATH (\$SHLIB_PATH on HP only)

- \$MGC_HOME/lib/<so>
- \$MODEL_TECH/<so>
- \$MODEL_TECH/../<so>

In the search information above, "<so>" refers to the shared library path specified in the FOREIGN attribute string. MGC_WD and MGC_HOME are user-definable environment variables. MODEL_TECH is set internally by vsim to the directory where the **vsim** executable resides.

Note: The .so extension will work on all platforms (it is not necessary to use the .sl extension on HPs).

The C initialization function

This is the entry point into the foreign C model. The initialization function typically:

- allocates memory to hold variables for the instance
- · registers a callback function to free the memory when the simulator is restarted
- saves the handles to the signals in the port list
- creates drivers on the ports that will be driven
- creates one or more processes (a C function that can be called when a signal changes)
- sensitizes each process to a list of signals

The declaration of an initialization function is:

```
app_init(
  mtiRegionIdT region,
  char *param,
  mtiInterfaceListT *generics,
  mtiInterfaceListT *ports
)
```

The function specified in the foreign attribute is called during elaboration. The first parameter is a region ID that can be used to determine the location in the design for this instance. The second parameter is the last part of the string in the foreign attribute. The third parameter is a linked list of the generic values for this instance. The list will be NULL if there are no generics. The last parameter is a linked list of the ports for this instance. The typedef mtiInterfaceListT in mti.h describes the entries in these lists.

Restrictions on generics

RECORD generics are not supported in the foreign language interface.

Using the VHDL FLI with foreign subprograms

Declaring a foreign subprogram in VHDL

To call a foreign C subprogram, you must write a VHDL subprogram declaration that has the equivalent VHDL parameters and return type. Then use the FOREIGN attribute to specify which C function and module to load. The syntax of the FOREIGN attribute is almost identical to the syntax used for foreign architectures. For instance:

```
procedure in_params(
vhdl_integer : IN integer;
vhdl_enum : IN severity_level;
vhdl_real : IN real;
vhdl_array : IN string);
attribute FOREIGN of in_params : procedure is "in_params app.so";
```

You must also write a subprogram body for the subprogram, but it will never be called. For instance:

```
procedure in_params(
vhdl_integer : IN integer;
vhdl_enum : IN severity_level;
vhdl_real : IN real;
vhdl_array : IN string) is
begin
report "ERROR: foreign subprogram in_params not called";
end;
```

Matching VHDL parameters with C parameters

Use the table below to match the C parameters in your foreign C subprogram to the VHDL parameters in your VHDL package declaration. The parameters must match in order as well as type.

		Parameters of class CONSTANT OR VARIABLE			
VHDL Type	IN	INOUT/OUT	IN		
Integer	int	int *	mtiSignalIdT		
Enumeration	int	char * if <= 256 values int * if > 256 values	mtiSignalIdT		
Real	double *	double *	mtiSignalIdT		
Time	mtiTime64T *	mtiTime64T *	mtiSignalIdT		
Array	mtiVariableIdT	mtiVariableIdT	mtiVariableIdT		
Record	mtiVariableIdT	mtiVariableIdT	mtiVariableIdT		
File	Not supported	•			
Access Integer	int	int *	Not supported		

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	Parameters of class CONSTANT OR VA	Parameters of class SIGNAL		
VHDL Type	IN	IN INOUT/OUT		
Access Enumeration	int	int *	Not supported	
Access Real	double *	double *	Not supported	
Access Array	mtiVariableIdT *	mtiVariableIdT *	Not supported	
Access File	Not supported	,	,	
Access Record	Not supported			

Note: Handles to foreign subprogram parameters (non-signals) are not persistent. The handles are no longer valid after the subprogram has exited, so they cannot be saved and used later by other foreign code.

Arrays are not NULL-terminated. The length of an array can be determined by calling mti_TickLength() (FLI-657) on the array's type.

Array and record SIGNAL parameters are passed as an mtiVariableIdT type. Any array or record subelements of these composite variables are also of type mtiVariableIdT. The values of all scalar subelements are of type mtiSignalIdT. To access the signal IDs, use mti_GetVarSubelements() (FLI-431) at each composite level. For each subelement that is of a scalar type, use mti_GetVarValueIndirect() (FLI-449) to get the signal ID of the scalar. Once you have the signal IDs of the scalar subelements, you can use the FLI signal functions to manipulate the signals.

Matching VHDL return types with C return types

Use the table below to match the C return types in your foreign C subprogram to the VHDL return types in your VHDL code.

VHDL Return Type	C Return Type
Integer	int
Enumeration	int
Real ^a	mtiRealT
Time ^a	mtiTime64T
Array	Not supported
File	Not supported
Record	Not supported
Access	Not supported

a.On Linux, the compiler switch -freg-struct-return must be used when compiling any FLI application code that contains foreign functions that return real or time values.

MtiRealT is a special type that must be used as the return type of a foreign function that returns a real value. Macros are provided in *mti.h* for setting values in and getting values out of variables of type mtiRealT.

C code and VHDL examples

The following examples illustrate the association between C functions and VHDL procedures. The C function is connected to the VHDL procedure through the FOREIGN attribute specification.

C subprogram example

Functions declared in this code, **in_params()** and **out_params()**, have parameters and return types that match the procedures in the subsequent package declaration (**pkg**).

```
= %g\n", *vhdl_real);
    printf("Real
    printf("String = %s\n", get_string(vhdl_array));
void out_params (
                       *vhdl_integer, /* OUT integer
        int
       char *vhdl_enum, /* OUT severity_level */
double *vhdl_real, /* OUT real */
mtiVariableIdT vhdl_array /* OUT string */
{
    char *val;
    int i, len, first;
    *vhdl_integer += 1;
    *vhdl_enum += 1;
    if (*vhdl_enum > 3){
        *vhdl_enum = 0;
    *vhdl_real += 1.01;
    /* rotate the array */
    val = mti_GetArrayVarValue(vhdl_array, NULL);
    len = mti_TickLength(mti_GetVarType(vhdl_array));
    first = val[0];
    for (i = 0; i < len - 1; i++){}
        val[i] = val[i+1];
    val[len - 1] = first;
}
/* Convert a VHDL String array into a NULL terminated string */
static char *get_string(mtiVariableIdT id)
    static char buf[1000];
   mtiTypeIdT type;
   int len;
    mti_GetArrayVarValue(id, buf);
    type = mti_GetVarType(id);
    len = mti_TickLength(type);
    buf[len] = 0;
    return buf;
```

Package (pkg) example

The FOREIGN attribute specification links the C functions (declared above) to VHDL procedures (**in_params**()) and **out_params**()) in **pkg**.

```
package pkg is
   procedure in_params(
        vhdl_integer : IN integer;
        vhdl_enum : IN severity_level;
        vhdl_real : IN real;
        vhdl_array : IN string);
```

```
attribute foreign of in_params : procedure is "in_params test.sl";
    procedure out_params(
        vhdl_integer : OUT integer;
        vhdl_enum : OUT severity_level;
        vhdl_real : OUT real;
vhdl_array : OUT string);
    attribute foreign of out_params : procedure is "out_params test.sl";
end;
package body pkg is
    procedure in_params(
        vhdl_integer : IN integer;
        vhdl_enum : IN severity_level;
vhdl_real : IN real;
        vhdl_array : IN string) is
    begin
        report "ERROR: foreign subprogram in_params not called";
    end;
    procedure out_params(
        vhdl_integer : OUT integer;
        vhdl_enum : OUT severity_level;
vhdl_real : OUT real;
        vhdl_array : OUT string) is
    begin
        report "ERROR: foreign subprogram out_params not called";
    end;
end;
```

Entity (test) example

The VHDL model **test** contains calls to procedures (**in_params**()) and **out_params**()) that are declared in **pkg** and linked to functions in the C code.

```
entity test is end test;
use work.pkg.all;
architecture only of test is
begin
   process
       variable int : integer := 0;
       variable enum : severity_level := note;
       variable r : real := 0.0;
       variable s : string(1 to 5) := "abcde";
   begin
       for i in 1 to 10 loop
           in_params(int, enum, r, s);
            out_params(int, enum, r, s);
        end loop;
       wait;
    end process;
end;
```

Mapping to VHDL data types

Many FLI functions have parameters and return values that represent VHDL object values. This section describes how the object values are mapped to the various VHDL data types.

VHDL data types are identified in the C interface by a type ID. A type ID can be obtained for a signal by calling mti_GetSignalType() and for a variable by calling mti_GetVarType().

Alternatively, the mti_CreateScalarType(), mti_CreateRealType(), mti_CreateTimeType(), mti_CreateEnumType(), and mti_CreateArrayType() functions return type IDs for the data types they create.

Given a type ID handle, the mti_GetTypeKind() function returns a C enumeration of mtiTypeKindT that describes the data type. The mapping between mtiTypeKindT values and VHDL data types is as follows:

mtiTypeKindT value	VHDL data type
MTI_TYPE_ACCESS	Access type (pointer)
MTI_TYPE_ARRAY	Array composite type
MTI_TYPE_ENUM	Enumeration scalar type
MTI_TYPE_FILE	File type
MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL	Physical scalar type
MTI_TYPE_REAL	Floating point scalar type
MTI_TYPE_RECORD	Record composite type
MTI_TYPE_SCALAR	Integer scalar type
MTI_TYPE_TIME	Time type

Object values for access and file types are not supported by the C interface. Values for record types are supported at the non-record subelement level. Effectively, this leaves scalar types and arrays of scalar types as valid types for C interface object values. In addition, multi-dimensional arrays are accessed in the same manner as arrays of arrays. For example, toto(x,y,z) is accessed as toto(x)(y)(z).

Scalar and physical types use 4 bytes of memory; TIME and REAL types use 8 bytes. An enumeration type uses either 1 byte or 4 bytes, depending on how many values are in the enumeration. If it has 256 or fewer values, then it uses 1 byte; otherwise, it uses 4 bytes. In some cases, all scalar types are cast to "long" before being passed as a non-array scalar object value across the C interface. The mti_GetSignalValue() function can be used to get the value of any non-array scalar signal object except TIME and REAL types, which can be retrieved using mti_GetSignalValueIndirect(). Use mti_GetVarValue() and mti_GetVarValueIndirect() for variables.

Enumeration types

Enumeration object values are equated to the position number of the corresponding identifier or character literal in the VHDL type declaration. For example:

```
-- C interface values

TYPE std_ulogic IS('U',-- 0
'X',-- 1
'0',-- 2
'1',-- 3
'Z',-- 4
'W',-- 5
'L',-- 6
'H',-- 7
'-' -- 8
```

Real and time types

Eight bytes are required to store the values of variables and signals of type REAL and TIME. In C, this corresponds, respectively, to the C "double" data type and the mtiTime64T structure defined in *mti.h*. The mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() and mti_GetVarValueIndirect() functions are used to retrieve these values.

Array types

The C type "void *" is used for array type object values. The pointer points to the first element of an array of C type "char" for enumeration types with 256 or fewer values, "double" for REAL types, "mtiTime64T" for TIME types, and "mtiInt32T" in all other cases. The first element of the array corresponds to the left bound of the array index range.

Multi-dimensional arrays are represented internally as arrays of arrays. For example, toto(x,y,z) is represented as toto(x)(y)(z). In order to get the values of the scalar subelements, you must use $mti_GetSignalSubelements()$ or $mti_GetVarSubelements()$ at each level of the array until you get to an array of scalars.

Note: A STRING data type is represented as an array of enumeration values. The array is not NULL terminated as you would expect for a C string, so you must call mti_TickLength() to get its length.

Using checkpoint/restore with the FLI

In order to use checkpoint/restore with the FLI, any data structures that have been allocated in foreign models and certain IDs passed back from FLI function calls must be explicitly saved and restored. We have provided a number of features to make this as painless as possible.

The main feature is a set of memory allocation functions. Memory allocated by such a function will be automatically restored for you to the same location in memory, ensuring that pointers into the memory will still be valid.

The second feature is a collection of explicit functions to save and restore data. You will need to use these functions for any pointers to your data structures, and for IDs returned from FLI functions.

Pointers that you save and restore must point to memory allocated by ModelSim. Objects in the shared library will no longer be valid if the shared library is reloaded into a different location during a restore. If you choose not to use the MTI provided memory allocation functions, you will have to explicitly save and restore your allocated memory structures as well.

You must code your model assuming that the code could reside in a different memory location when restored. This requires that you update all process pointers during a restore and re-register all callback functions either in the init function or after the restore is complete.

Example

The following is a C model of a two-input AND gate taken from /<install_dir>/modeltech/examples/foreign/example_two/gates.c. It has been adapted for checkpoint/restore, and the added lines are marked as comments. Note that this example addresses only one of the foreign architectures in the example file. If you plan to use the file from the installation directory, you should comment out the instantiation of the two foreign architectures that aren't used. For example:

```
-- dump: dump_design;
-- monit: monitor;

/*
 * This program creates a process sensitive to two signals and
 * whenever one or both of the signals change it does an AND operation
 * and drives the value onto a third signal.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include "mti.h"

typedef struct {
    mtiSignalIdT in1;
    mtiSignalIdT in2;
    mtiDriverIdT out1;
    mtiProcessIdT proc; /* new */
} inst_rec;

void do_and( void * param )
{
    inst_rec * ip = (inst_rec *)param;
```

```
mtiInt32T val1, val2;
    mtiInt32T result;
    val1 = mti_GetSignalValue( ip->in1 );
    val2 = mti_GetSignalValue( ip->in2 );
    result = val1 & val2;
    mti_ScheduleDriver( ip->out1, result, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
void save_data( void * param ) /* new function */
{
    inst_rec * ip = (inst_rec *)param;
   mti_SaveBlock( (char*)&ip, sizeof(ip) );
}
void restore_data( void * param ) /* new function */
   inst_rec * ip;
   mti_RestoreBlock( (char*)&ip );
   mti_AddSaveCB( save_data, ip ); /* new */
   mti_RestoreProcess( ip->proc, "p1", do_and, ip );
void and_gate_init(
   mtiRegionIdT
                      region,
   char
                     *param,
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics,
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
   inst_rec *ip;
    mtiSignalIdT outp;
    if ( ! mti_IsRestore() ) { /* new */
        ip = (inst_rec *)mti_Malloc( sizeof(inst_rec) );
       mti_AddSaveCB( save_data, ip ); /* new */
       ip->in1 = mti_FindPort( ports, "in1" );
        ip->in2 = mti_FindPort( ports, "in2" );
        outp = mti_FindPort( ports, "out1" );
       ip->out1 = mti_CreateDriver( outp );
       ip->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "p1", do_and, ip ); /* changed */
       mti_Sensitize( ip->proc, ip->in1, MTI_EVENT ); /* changed */
        mti_Sensitize( ip->proc, ip->in2, MTI_EVENT ); /* changed */
    mti_AddRestoreCB( restore_data, 0 ); /* new */
}
```

The above example displays the following features:

- mti_Malloc() is used instead of malloc().
- A callback is added using mti_AddRestoreCB() to restore the ip pointer and p1 process.
- Two callbacks are added using mti_AddSaveCB to save the ip pointer each time its value is determined.
- The mti_IsRestore() flag is checked for restore.

FLI-22 Introduction

- When a restore is being done, mti_RestoreBlock() is used to restore the ip pointer because mti_SaveBlock() was used to save it. (Restores must be performed in the same order as saves.) The pointer is saved in this fashion because there are no mti_SavePointer/mti_RestorePointer routines.
- mti_RestoreProcess() is used to update the process created by mti_CreateProcess() with the possibly new address of the do_and() function. (This is in case the foreign code gets loaded into a different memory location.) All processes *must* be restored in this manner.
- All callbacks must be added with an mti_Add*() call during first initialization, restart, and restore. The restore does not restore callbacks because the routines might be located at different places after the restore operation.

The effect of restart on FLI application code

When a simulator restart command is given, the simulator by default reloads shared libraries under the following conditions:

- A shared library loaded due to a foreign attribute on a VHDL architecture is reloaded.
- A shared library loaded due to the **-foreign** option to **vsim** is reloaded.
- A shared library loaded due to a foreign attribute on a VHDL subprogram is not reloaded, even if the shared library also contains code for a foreign architecture.

This default behavior can be overridden in two ways. First, an FLI application can prevent reloading of the shared library in which it is contained by calling mti_KeepLoaded() during execution of its foreign architecture initialization function. Second, the reloading of all shared libraries can be controlled by the **vsim** options **-keeploaded** and

-keeploadedrestart, both of which prevent any shared libraries from being reloaded during a restart.

When a shared library is reloaded, the internal state of any FLI application which it contains is automatically reset to its initial state. But when a shared library is not reloaded, if any FLI application which it contains does not specifically check for a restart and reset its internal state to its initial state, then the internal state of that FLI application will remain in its last simulation state even though time has been reset to zero.

Because FLI shared libraries might or might not be reloaded during a restart, it is wise to always include a restart callback function (see mti_AddRestartCB() (FLI-71)) in your FLI application that frees any memory that your code has allocated and resets the internal state of your application. It is also a good idea to avoid the use of static local variables.

Support for Verilog instances

The FLI functions are designed to work with VHDL designs and VHDL objects. However, the functions for traversing the design hierarchy also recognize Verilog instances.

The following functions operate on Verilog instances as indicated:

mti_GetTopRegion() (FLI-399)

Gets the first top-level module. Use mti_NextRegion() to get additional top-level modules.

mti_GetPrimaryName() (FLI-311)

Gets the module name.

mti_GetSecondaryName() (FLI-355)

Returns NULL for normally compiled Verilog modules or the secondary name used for Verilog modules compiled with **-fast**.

The following functions operate on Verilog instances in the same manner as they operate on VHDL instances.

mti_CreateRegion() (FLI-142)	mti_GetRegionFullName() (FLI-325)					
mti_FindRegion() (FLI-177)	mti_GetRegionName() (FLI-341)					
mti_FirstLowerRegion() (FLI-191)	mti_GetRegionSourceName() (FLI-344)					

mti_GetCurrentRegion() (FLI-248)	mti_HigherRegion() (FLI-459)			
mti_GetLibraryName() (FLI-283)	mti_NextRegion() (FLI-489)			

All other FLI functions operate only on VHDL instances and objects. Specifically, the functions that operate on VHDL signals and drivers cannot be used on Verilog nets and drivers. For example, a call to mti_FirstSignal() on a Verilog region always returns NULL. You must use the PLI or VPI functions to operate on Verilog objects.

Support for Windows platforms

Under Windows, sockets are separate objects from files and pipes, which require the use of different system calls. There is no way to determine if a given descriptor is for a file or a socket. This necessitates the use of different callback functions for sockets under Windows. The following functions work specifically with sockets. While these functions are required for use with Windows, they are optional for use on UNIX platforms.

- mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() (FLI-85)
- mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() (FLI-90)

VHDL FLI examples

Included in the ModelSim installation are a header file that must be included with foreign C code and several examples that illustrate how to use the foreign language interface.

The header file is:

```
/<install_dir>/modeltech/include/mti.h
```

The examples are located in:

```
/<install_dir>/modeltech/examples/foreign/
```

in the following directories:

```
example_one
```

This example illustrates how to create processes and sensitize them to signals and how to read and drive signals from these processes.

```
example_two
```

This example illustrates traversal of the design hierarchy, creation of a simple gate function, creation and sensitization of a process, and loading of multiple foreign shared libraries.

```
example_three
```

This example illustrates how to read a testvector file and use it to stimulate and test a design via FLI function calls.

```
example_four
```

This example illustrates how to create and use foreign subprograms.

Compiling and linking FLI C applications

The following platform-specific instructions show you how to compile and link your FLI applications so they can be loaded by ModelSim. Microsoft Visual C/C++ is supported for creating Windows DLLs while gcc and cc compilers are supported for creating UNIX shared libraries.

Although compilation and simulation switches are platform-specific, references to load shared objects are the same for all platforms. For information on loading objects see "Using the VHDL FLI with foreign architectures" (FLI-11) and "Declaring a foreign subprogram in VHDL" (FLI-13).

Windows platforms

Under Windows ModelSim loads a 32-bit dynamically linked library for each FLI application.

Microsoft Visual C 4.1 or later

```
cl -c -I<install_dir>\modeltech\include app.c
link -dll -export:<C_init_function> app.obj \
     <install_dir>\modeltech\win32\mtipli.lib /out:app.dll
```

Multiple **-export** options can be specified, one for each different FOREIGN attribute function name. < C_init_function > is the function name specified in the FOREIGN attribute.

When executing cl commands in a DO file, use the /NOLOGO switch to prevent the Microsoft C compiler from writing the logo banner to stderr. Writing the logo causes Tcl to think an error occurred.

If you need to run the Performance Analyzer on a design that contains FLI code, add these two switches to the linking command shown above:

```
/DEBUG /DEBUGTYPE:COFF
```

These switches add symbols to the .dll that the profiler can use in its report.

MinGW gcc 3.2.3

```
gcc -c -I<install_dir>\modeltech\include app.c
gcc -shared -o app.dll app.o -L<install_dir>\modeltech\win32 -lmtipli
```

MinGW gcc is available on the ModelSim FTP site.

32-bit Linux platform

If your foreign module uses anything from a system library, you'll need to specify that library when you link your foreign module. For example, to use the standard C library, specify '-lc' to the 'ld' command.

gcc compiler:

```
gcc -c -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -shared -E -Bsymbolic -o app.so app.o -lc
```

When using -Bsymbolic with ld, all symbols are first resolved within the shared library at link time. This will result in a list of undefined symbols. This is only a warning for shared libraries and can be ignored. If you are using ModelSim on Redhat version 6.0 through 7.1, you also need to add the -noinhibit-exec switch when you specify -Bsymbolic.

The compiler switch -freg-struct-return must be used when compiling any FLI application code that contains foreign functions that return real or time values.

64-bit Linux for IA64 platform

64-bit Linux is supported on RedHat Linux Advanced Workstation 2.1 for Itanium 2.

gcc compiler (gcc 3.2 or later)

```
gcc -c -fPIC -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -shared -Bsymbolic -E --allow-shlib-undefined -o app.so app.o
```

If your FLI application requires a user or vendor-supplied C library, or an additional system library, you will need to specify that library when you link your FLI application. For example, to use the system math library libm, specify '-lm' to the 'ld' command:

```
gcc -c -fPIC -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include math_app.c
ld -shared -Bsymbolic -E --allow-shlib-undefined -o math_app.so math_app.o -lm
```

32-bit Solaris platform

If your foreign module uses anything from a system library, you'll need to specify that library when you link your foreign module. For example, to use the standard C library, specify '-lc' to the 'ld' command.

gcc compiler:

```
gcc -c -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -G -B symbolic -o app.so app.o -lc
```

cc compiler:

```
cc -c -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -G -B symbolic -o app.so app.o -lc
```

When using -B symbolic with ld, all symbols are first resolved within the shared library at link time. This will result in a list of undefined symbols. This is only a warning for shared libraries and can be ignored.

- Add a path before *app.so* in the foreign attribute specification. (The path may include environment variables.)
- Put the path in a UNIX shell environment variable:
 LD_LIBRARY_PATH= library path without filename>

64-bit Solaris platform

gcc compiler:

```
gcc -c -I$MTI_HOME/include -m64 -fpic app.c
gcc -shared -o example1.sl -m64 app.o
```

This was tested with gcc 3.2.2. You may need to add the location of *libgcc_s.so.1* to the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable.

cc compiler:

```
cc -v -xarch=v9 -O -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include -c app.c
ld -G -B symbolic app.o -o app.so -lc
```

When using -B symbolic with ld, all symbols are first resolved within the shared library at link time. This will result in a list of undefined symbols. This is only a warning for shared libraries and can be ignored.

See "Using 64-bit ModelSim with 32-bit FLI Applications" (FLI-34) for more information on 64-bit platforms.

32-bit HP700 platform

A shared library is created by creating object files that contain position-independent code (use the +z or **-fpic** compiler option) and by linking as a shared library (use the **-b** linker option).

If your foreign module uses anything from a system library, you'll need to specify that library when you link your foreign module. For example, to use the standard C library, specify '-lc' to the 'ld' command.

gcc compiler:

```
gcc -c -fpic -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -b -o app.sl app.o -lc
```

cc compiler:

```
cc -c +z +DD32 -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -b -o app.sl app.o -lc
```

Note that **-fpic** may not work with all versions of **gcc**.

64-bit HP platform

cc compiler:

```
cc -v +DD64 -0 -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include -c app.c
ld -b -o app.so app.o -lc
```

See "Using 64-bit ModelSim with 32-bit FLI Applications" (FLI-34) for more information on 64-bit platforms.

64-bit HP for IA64 platform

cc compiler (/opt/ansic/bin/cc, /usr/ccs/bin/ld)

```
cc -c +DD64 -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -b -o app.sl app.o
```

If your FLI application requires a user or vendor-supplied C library, or an additional system library, you will need to specify that library when you link your FLI application. For example, to use the system math library, specify '-lm' to the 'ld' command:

```
cc -c +DD64 -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include math_app.c
ld -b -o math_app.sl math_app.o -lm
```

32-bit IBM RS/6000 platform

ModelSim loads shared libraries on the IBM RS/6000 workstation. The shared library must import ModelSim's C interface symbols and it must export the C initialization function. ModelSim's export file is located in the ModelSim installation directory in *modeltech/rs6000/mti_exports*.

If your foreign module uses anything from a system library, you'll need to specify that library when you link your foreign module. For example, to use the standard C library, specify '-lc' to the 'ld' command. The resulting object must be marked as shared reentrant using these gcc or cc compiler commands for AIX version 4.x:

gcc compiler:

```
gcc -c -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -o app.sl app.o -bE:app.exp \
-bI:/<install_dir>/modeltech/rs6000/mti_exports -bM:SRE -bnoentry -lc
```

cc compiler:

```
cc -c -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -o app.sl app.o -bE:app.exp \
   -bI:/<install_dir>/modeltech/rs6000/mti_exports -bM:SRE -bnoentry -lc
```

The *app.exp* file must export the C initialization functions named in all FOREIGN attributes.

64-bit IBM RS/6000 platform

cc compiler:

```
cc -c -q64 -I/<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.c
ld -o app.s1 app.o -b64 -bE:app.exports \
   -bI:/<install_dir>/modeltech/rs64/mti_exports \
   -bM:SRE -bnoentry -lc
```

A gcc 64-bit compiler is not available at this time. Only version 4.3 of AIX supports the 64-bit platform.

See "Using 64-bit ModelSim with 32-bit FLI Applications" (FLI-34) for more information on 64-bit platforms.

When using AIX 4.3 in 32-bit mode, you must add the switch -DUSE_INTTYPES to the compile command lines. This switch prevents a name conflict that occurs between *inttypes.h* and *mti.h*.

Compiling and linking FLI C++ applications

ModelSim does not have direct support for any language other than standard C; however, C++ code can be loaded and executed under certain conditions.

Since ModelSim's FLI functions have a standard C prototype, you must prevent the C++ compiler from mangling the FLI function names. This can be accomplished by using the following type of extern:

```
extern "C"
{
   <FLI application function prototypes>
}
```

The header file *mti.h* already includes this type of extern. You must also put any functions specified in a VHDL foreign attribute inside of this type of extern.

The following platform-specific instructions show you how to compile and link your FLI C++ applications so that they can be loaded by ModelSim. Microsoft Visual C++ is supported for creating Windows DLLs while GNU C++ and native C++ compilers are supported for creating UNIX shared libraries.

Although compilation and simulation switches are platform-specific, references to load shared libraries are the same for all platforms. For information on loading libraries, see "Using the VHDL FLI with foreign architectures" (FLI-11) and "Declaring a foreign subprogram in VHDL" (FLI-13).

Windows platforms

Microsoft Visual C++ 4.1 or later

The -GX option enables exception handling.

Multiple -export options can be specified, one for each different FOREIGN attribute function name. <C_init_function> is the function name specified in the FOREIGN attribute.

When executing **cl** commands in a DO file, use the /**NOLOGO** switch to prevent the Microsoft C++ compiler from writing the logo banner to stderr. Writing the logo causes Tcl to think an error occurred.

If you need to run the Performance Analyzer on a design that contains FLI code, add these two switches to the linking command shown above:

```
/DEBUG /DEBUGTYPE:COFF
```

These switches add symbols to the .dll that the profiler can use in its report.

MinGW g++ 3.2.3

```
g++ -c -I<install_dir>\modeltech\include app.c
g++ -shared -o app.dll app.o -L<install_dir>\modeltech\win32 -lmtipli
```

MinGW g++ is available on the ModelSim FTP site.

32-bit Linux platform

GNU C++ version 2.95.3 or later

```
c++ -c -fPIC -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C
c++ -shared -fPIC -o app.so app.o
```

64-bit Linux for IA64 platform

64-bit Linux is supported on RedHat Linux Advanced Workstation 2.1 for Itanium 2.

GNU C++ version 3.2 or later

```
c++ -c -fPIC -I/<install_dir>/include app.C
c++ -shared -fPIC -o app.sl app.o
```

If your FLI application requires a user or vendor-supplied C++ library, or an additional system library, you will need to specify that library when you link your FLI application.

32-bit Solaris platform

Sun WorkShop version 5.0 or later

```
CC -c -Kpic -o app.o -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C CC -G -o app.so app.o -lCstd -lCrun
```

GNU C++ version 2.95.3 or later

```
c++ -c -fPIC -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C
c++ -shared -fPIC -o app.so app.o
```

LD_LIBRARY_PATH must be set to point to the directory containing libstdc++.so so that the simulator can find this shared object.

64-bit Solaris platform

Sun WorkShop version 5.0 or later

```
CC -c -v -xcode=pic32 -xarch=v9 -o app.o \
    -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C
CC -G -xarch=v9 -o app.so app.o -lCstd -lCrun
```

32-bit HP-UX platform

C++ shared libraries are supported only on HP-UX 11.0 and later operating system versions.

HP C++ version 3.25

```
aCC -c +DAportable +Z -o app.o -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C aCC -v -b -o app.so app.o -lstd -lstream -lCsup
```

HP C++ version 3.3 or later

For I/O streams such as *cout* to work correctly within shared objects, HP's new *iostream* library must be used. Access the library by compiling all C++ source files with the **-AA** option. When building the shared object, use **-lstd_v2** instead of **-lstd**, and use **-lCsup_v2** instead of **-lCsup**. See the release notes in /opt/aCC/newconfig for more details.

```
aCC -c +DAportable +Z -AA -o app.o -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C aCC -v -b -o app.so app.o -lstd_v2 -lstream -lCsup_v2
```

GNU C++ version 2.95.3 or later

```
c++ -c -fPIC -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C
c++ -shared -fPIC -o app.so app.o
```

Exceptions are not supported.

When ModelSim loads GNU C++ shared libraries on HP-UX, it calls the constructors and destructors only for the shared libraries that it loads directly. Libraries loaded as a result of ModelSim loading a shared library do not have their constructors and destructors called.

64-bit HP-UX platform

HP C++ version 3.25 or later

```
aCC -c +DA2.0W +z -o app.o -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C aCC -v +DA2.0W -b -o app.so app.o -lstd -lstream -lCsup
```

64-bit HP for IA64 platform

HP C++ (/opt/aCC/bin/aCC) or later

```
aCC -c +DD64 -z -o app.o -I/<install_dir>/include app.C aCC -b +DD64 -z -o app.sl app.o -lstd_v2 -lCsup
```

If your FLI application requires a user or vendor-supplied C++ library, or an additional system library, you will need to specify that library when you link your FLI application.

32-bit IBM RS/6000 platform

IBM C++ version 3.6 or later

```
xlC -c -o app.o -I<install_dir>/modeltech/include app.C
makeC++SharedLib -o app.sl \
    -bI:<install_dir>/modeltech/rs6000/mti_exports -p 10 app.o
```

64-bit IBM RS/6000 platform

IBM C++ version 3.6 or later

Using 64-bit ModelSim with 32-bit FLI Applications

If you have 32-bit FLI applications and wish to use 64-bit ModelSim, you will need to port your code to 64 bits by moving from the ILP32 data model to the LP64 data model. We strongly recommend that you consult the 64-bit porting guides for Sun and HP.

Porting C code to the LP64 data model

The following list identifies some key points about porting C code to the LP64 data model:

- C long type grows to 64 bits
- C pointer types, e.g. char*, grow to 64 bits
- all other data types are unchanged from the 32-bit world
- C long and pointer types don't fit in a C int
- · functions with no visible prototype are assumed to return int
- C long and pointer values are truncated to 32 bits when
 - returned as an int type
 - assigned to an int type
 - cast to an int type
 - printf %d or %x formats are used instead of %ld or %lx
- ints are zero- or sign-extended to 64 bits when
 - returned as a long or pointer type
 - assigned to a long or pointer type
 - cast to a long or pointer type

64-bit time values in the FLI

64-bit time values in the FLI are represented by the type mtiTime64T, which is defined in *mti.h*. As of ModelSim version 5.4, this type is defined as a 64-bit C long type on 64-bit systems, and as a C union type with 64-bit storage alignment on 32-bit systems.

Because the syntax for referencing mtiTime64T objects has changed, C preprocessor macros have been provided in *mti.h* to deal with mtiTime64T references and to make FLI code portable between 32- and 64-bit systems. The macros MTI_TIME64_INIT, MTI_TIME64_ASGN, MTI_TIME64_HI32, and MTI_TIME64_LO32 support initialization, assignment, and reference to mtiTime64T objects as a 32-bit signed high-order component and a 32-bit unsigned low-order component. Here is a small example:

```
#include "mti.h"
mtiTime64T tMinus1 = MTI TIME64 INIT(-1,~0U); /* -1
void increment_time(mtiTime64T *tval)
#if defined(_LP64) || defined(__LP64__)
   *tval = *tval + 1;
#else
   int t_hi;
   unsigned int t_lo;
   t_hi = MTI_TIME64_HI32(*tval);
   t_lo = MTI_TIME64_LO32(*tval);
   ++t_lo;
   if (t_lo == 0)
      ++t_hi;
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN(*tval, t_hi, t_lo);
#endif
```

Shared library dependency

By default ModelSim does not share the symbols defined by any of the shared libraries that it dynamically loads because of the many problems this can cause (for example, symbol clashing). However, you can load libraries with global symbol visibility by using the **-gblso** argument to **vsim** (see the ModelSim Command Reference for details on this argument).

If you have a shared library that needs access to symbols in another shared library, but global visibility is not viable, then you must do one of the following:

- Put the shared library dependency in the link of the shared library that has the dependency.
- Code your shared library to dynamically load the shared library on which it depends and look up the symbols that it needs.

Following are examples of both styles of handling library dependencies.

Example 1

In this example there are two shared libraries, A and B. Library B uses functions in library A, and both libraries are dynamically loaded by ModelSim.

```
----- A.c -----
#include <mti.h>
int Afunc1( char * str )
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Afunc1 was called with parameter \"%s\".\n", str );
   return 17;
int Afunc2( char * str )
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Afunc2 was called with parameter \"%s\".\n", str );
   return 211;
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT region,
char *param,
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics,
    mtiInterfaceListT *ports
{
    mti_PrintFormatted( "+++ Shared lib A initialized.\n" );
---- B.c ----
#include <mti.h>
extern int Afuncl( char * );
extern int Afunc2( char * );
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
```

```
{
   int retval;
   retval = Afunc2( "B calling Afunc2" );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "B called Afunc2 which returned %d.\n", retval );
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
   char
                     *param,
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics,
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
{
   int retval;
   mti_PrintFormatted( "+++ Shared lib B initialized.\n" );
   retval = Afunc1( "B calling Afunc1" );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "B called Afunc1 which returned %d.\n", retval );
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, 0 );
```

Compilation instructions

The following commands illustrate how to compile the files on Solaris. See "Compiling and linking FLI C applications" (FLI-25) for instructions on other platforms.

```
gcc -c -I$MTI_HOME/include src/A.c
ld -G -B symbolic -o libA.so A.o
gcc -c -I$MTI_HOME/include src/B.c
ld -G -B symbolic -L . -l A -o B.so B.o
```

Simulation output

```
setenv LD LIBRARY PATH .
vsim -c test -do test.do -foreign "initForeign libA.so" -foreign "initForeign
B.so"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -do test.do -foreign {initForeign libA.so} -foreign {initForeign B.so}
-c test
# Loading ../sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.test(a)
# Loading ./libA.so
# +++ Shared lib A initialized.
# Loading ./B.so
# +++ Shared lib B initialized.
# Afunc1 was called with parameter "B calling Afunc1".
# B called Afunc1 which returned 17.
# Afunc2 was called with parameter "B calling Afunc2".
# B called Afunc2 which returned 211.
# do test.do
```

Example 2

In this example there are two shared libraries, *A* and *C*. ModelSim dynamically loads library *C* which in turn dynamically loads library *A*.

Library *A* is the same as in Example 1 above.

FLI code

```
---- C.c ----
#include <dlfcn.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef int (*funcPtrT)(char *);
void initForeign(
                     region,
   mtiRegionIdT
                    *param,
   char
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics,
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
   int retval;
    funcPtrT funcH;
    void * libH;
    mti_PrintFormatted( "+++ Shared lib C initialized.\n" );
   libH = dlopen("libA.so", RTLD_LAZY);
   if ( ! libH ) {
       mti_PrintMessage( "ERROR: Failed to load library libA.so.\n" );
    } else {
       funcH = dlsym( libH, "Afunc1" );
       if ( ! funcH ) {
            mti_PrintMessage( "ERROR: Failed to find function \"Afunc1\" "
                             "in library libA.so.\n" );
        } else {
           retval = funcH( "C calling Afunc1" );
            mti_PrintFormatted( "C called Afunc1 which returned %d.\n",
                              retval );
   }
```

Compilation instructions

The following commands illustrate how to compile the files on Solaris. See "Compiling and linking FLI C applications" (FLI-25) for instructions on other platforms.

```
gcc -c -I$MTI_HOME/include src/A.c
ld -G -B symbolic -o libA.so A.o
gcc -c -I$MTI_HOME/include src/C.c
ld -G -B symbolic -o C.so C.o -ldl
```

Simulation output

```
vsim -c test -do test.do -foreign "initForeign C.so"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl

# 5.6

# vsim -do test.do -foreign {initForeign C.so} -c test
# Loading ../sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.test(a)
# Loading ./C.so
# +++ Shared lib C initialized.
# Afuncl was called with parameter "C calling Afuncl".
# C called Afuncl which returned 17.
# do test.do
```

Note: The initForeign() function in library A is not called by ModelSim because ModelSim does not load library A as a foreign library.

FLI tracing

The foreign interface tracing feature is available for tracing user foreign language calls made to the MTI VHDL FLI. Foreign interface tracing creates two kinds of traces: a human-readable log of what functions were called, the value of the arguments, and the results returned; and a set of C-language files to replay what the foreign interface side did.

The purpose of tracing files

The purpose of the logfile is to aid you in debugging FLI code. The primary purpose of the replay facility is to send the replay file to MTI support for debugging co-simulation problems, or debugging FLI problems for which it is impractical to send the FLI code. MTI would still require a copy of the VHDL/Verilog part of the design to actually execute a replay, but many problems can be resolved with the trace only.

Invoking a trace

To invoke the trace, call vsim (see *ModelSim Command Reference*) with the **-trace_foreign** option:

Syntax

```
vsim
  -trace_foreign <action> [-tag <name>]
```

Arguments

<action>

Specifies one of the following actions:

Value	Action	Result
1	create log only	writes a local file called "mti_trace_ <tag>"</tag>
2	create replay only	writes local files called "mti_data_ <tag>.c", "mti_init_<tag>.c", "mti_replay_<tag>.c" and "mti_top_<tag>.c"</tag></tag></tag></tag>
3	create both log and replay	

⁻tag <name>

Used to give distinct file names for multiple traces. Optional.

Examples

```
vsim -trace_foreign 1 mydesign
Creates a logfile.
```

vsim -trace_foreign 3 mydesign Creates both a logfile and a set of replay files.

vsim -trace_foreign 1 -tag 2 mydesign Creates a logfile with a tag of "2".

The tracing operations will provide tracing during all user foreign code-calls, including VHDL foreign process callbacks and Verilog VCL callbacks. The miscellaneous VHDL callbacks (LoadComplete, Restart, Quit, EnvChanged, SimStatus, Save and Restore) are traced during execution but not explicitly identified as being from a callback function.

Note: Tracing does not work across checkpoint/restore operations.

Debugging FLI application code

ModelSim Versions 5.7 and later offer the optional C Debug feature. This tool allows you to interactively debug C/C++ source code with the open-source **gdb** debugger. See *C Debug* in the *ModelSim User's Manual* for details. If you don't have access to C Debug, continue reading for instructions on how to attach to an external C debugger.

In order to debug your FLI application code in a debugger, your application code must be compiled with debugging information (for example, by using the **-g** option). You must then load **vsim** into a debugger. Even though **vsim** is stripped, most debuggers will still execute it. You can invoke the debugger directly on **vsimk**, the simulation kernel where your application code is loaded (for example, "ddd `which vsimk`"), or you can attach the debugger to an already running **vsim** process. In the second case, you must attach to the PID for **vsimk**, and you must specify the full path to the **vsimk** executable (for example, "gdb \$MTI_HOME/sunos5/vsimk 1234").

On Solaris, AIX, and Linux systems you can use either **gdb** or **ddd**. On HP-UX systems you can use the **wdb** debugger from HP. You will need version 1.2 or later.

Since initially the debugger recognizes only **vsim's** FLI function symbols, when invoking the debugger directly on **vsim**, you need to place a breakpoint in the first FLI function that is called by your application code. An easy way to set an entry point is to put a call to mti_GetProductVersion() (FLI-323) as the first executable statement in your application code. Then, after **vsim** has been loaded into the debugger, set a breakpoint in this function. Once you have set the breakpoint, run **vsim** with the usual arguments (e.g., "run -c top").

On HP-UX you might see some warning messages that **vsim** doesn't have debugging information available. This is normal. If you are using Exceed to access an HP machine from Windows NT, it is recommended that you run **vsim** in command line or batch mode because your NT machine may hang if you run **vsim** in GUI mode. Click on the "go" button, or use F5 or the "go" command to execute **vsim** in **wdb**.

When the breakpoint is reached, the shared library containing your application code has been loaded. In some debuggers you must use the **share** command to load the FLI application's symbols.

On HP-UX you might see a warning about not finding "__dld_flags" in the object file. This warning can be ignored. You should see a list of libraries loaded into the debugger. It should include the library for your FLI application. Alternatively, you can use "share" to load only a single library.

At this point all of the FLI application's symbols should be visible. You can now set breakpoints in and single step through your FLI application code.

FLI functions by category

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This chapter lists the FLI functions by category and provides a brief description. For information on creating and using foreign architectures and subprograms, see "Introduction" (FLI-9). For complete details on the functions including purpose, syntax, and usage, see "FLI function definitions" (FLI-53).

Table 1: FLI region functions

Function	Action
mti_CreateRegion() (FLI-142)	Creates a new region
mti_FindRegion() (FLI-177)	Finds a region by name
mti_FirstLowerRegion() (FLI-191)	Gets the first subregion inside of a region
mti_GetCallingRegion() (FLI-240)	Gets the current elaboration region during elaboration or the region of the currently active process or signal resolution function or the current environment during simulation
mti_GetCurrentRegion() (FLI-248)	Gets the current elaboration region during elaboration or the current environment during simulation
mti_GetGenericList() (FLI-277)	Gets a list of the VHDL generics defined for a region
mti_GetTopRegion() (FLI-399)	Gets the first top-level region
mti_HigherRegion() (FLI-459)	Gets the parent region of a region
mti_NextRegion() (FLI-489)	Gets the next region at the same level as a region
mti_GetLibraryName() (FLI-283)	Gets the physical name of the library that contains a region
mti_GetPrimaryName() (FLI-311)	Gets the primary name of a region (entity, package, or module)
mti_GetRegionFullName() (FLI-325)	Gets the full hierarchical name of a region
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)	Gets the type of a region (VHDL, Verilog or SystemC)
mti_GetRegionName() (FLI-341)	Gets the simple name of a region
mti_GetRegionSourceName() (FLI-344)	Gets the name of the source file which contains a region
mti_GetSecondaryName() (FLI-355)	Gets the secondary name of a region

Table 2: FLI process functions

Function	Action
mti_CreateProcess() (FLI-123)	Creates a new VHDL process
mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() (FLI-128)	Creates a new VHDL process with a specific priority
mti_FirstProcess() (FLI-195)	Gets the first VHDL process in a region
mti_NextProcess() (FLI-485)	Gets the next VHDL process in a region

Table 2: FLI process functions (Continued)

Function	Action			
mti_GetProcessName() (FLI-315)	Gets the name of a VHDL process			
mti_GetProcessRegion() (FLI-319)	Gets a handle to a process' region.			
mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)	Sensitizes a VHDL process to a VHDL signal			
mti_Desensitize() (FLI-160)	Desensitizes a VHDL process to the VHDL signals to which it is sensitive			
mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606)	Schedules a VHDL process to wake up at a specific time			
mti_ScheduleWakeup64() (FLI-610)	Schedules a VHDL process to wake up at a specific time using a 64-bit delay			

Table 3: FLI signal functions

Function	Action
mti_CreateSignal() (FLI-149)	Creates a new VHDL signal
mti_FindPort() (FLI-170)	Finds a port signal in a port interface list
mti_FindSignal() (FLI-182)	Finds VHDL or SystemC signals by name
mti_FirstSignal() (FLI-199)	Gets the first VHDL or SystemC signal in a region
mti_ForceSignal() (FLI-208)	Forces a value onto a VHDL signal
mti_GetArraySignalValue() (FLI-226)	Gets the value of a VHDL signal of type array
mti_GetDrivingSignals() (FLI-267)	Gets a handle to all of the signals driving a signal
mti_GetParentSignal() (FLI-301)	Gets the higher up VHDL or SystemC signal to which a VHDL or SystemC signal is connected
mti_GetSignalMode() (FLI-359)	Gets the mode (direction) of a VHDL signal
mti_GetSignalName() (FLI-363)	Gets the simple name of a scalar or top-level composite VHDL signal
mti_GetSignalNameIndirect() (FLI-367)	Gets the full simple name of a VHDL signal including array indices and record subelement names
mti_GetSignalRegion() (FLI-372)	Gets the region in which a VHDL signal is declared
mti_GetSignalSubelements() (FLI-376)	Gets the subelements of a composite VHDL or SystemC signal
mti_GetSignalType() (FLI-381)	Gets the type of a VHDL signal
mti_GetSignalValue() (FLI-386)	Gets the value of a scalar VHDL signal of type enumeration, integer, or physical

Table 3: FLI signal functions (Continued)

Function	Action
mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() (FLI-392)	Gets the value of a VHDL signal of any type except record
mti_NextSignal() (FLI-493)	Gets the next VHDL or SystemC signal in a region
mti_ReleaseSignal() (FLI-527)	Releases a force on a VHDL signal
mti_SetSignalValue() (FLI-621)	Sets the value of a VHDL signal
mti_SignalImage() (FLI-635)	Gets the string image of a VHDL signal's value
mti_SignalIsResolved() (FLI-639)	Indicates whether or not the specified signal is resolved

Table 4: FLI driver functions

Function	Action
mti_CreateDriver() (FLI-113)	Creates a driver on a VHDL signal
mti_FindDriver() (FLI-167)	Finds out if a VHDL signal has any drivers on it
mti_GetDriverNames() (FLI-253)	Gets the names of all drivers on a VHDL signal
mti_GetDriverSubelements() (FLI-258)	Gets the subelements of a composite driver
mti_GetDriverValues() (FLI-262)	Gets the values of all drivers on a VHDL signal
mti_ScheduleDriver() (FLI-595)	Schedules a driver to drive a value onto a VHDL signal
mti_ScheduleDriver64() (FLI-601)	Schedules a driver to drive a value onto a VHDL signal with a 64-bit delay
mti_SetDriverOwner() (FLI-617)	Sets the owning process of a driver

Table 5: FLI variable functions

Function	Action				
mti_FindVar() (FLI-187)	Finds a VHDL variable, generic, or constant by name				
mti_FirstVar() (FLI-203)	Gets the first VHDL variable, generic, or constant in a process				
mti_NextVar() (FLI-497)	Gets the next VHDL variable, generic, or constant in a process				
mti_GetArrayVarValue() (FLI-233)	Gets the value of a VHDL variable of type array				
mti_GetVarAddr() (FLI-408)	Gets a pointer to a VHDL variable's value space				
mti_GetVarImage() (FLI-416)	Gets the string image of the value of a VHDL constant, generic, or variable (by name).				

Table 5: FLI variable functions (Continued)

Function	Action
mti_GetVarImageById() (FLI-421)	Gets the string image of a VHDL variable's value (by ID)
mti_GetVarName() (FLI-426)	Gets the simple name of a VHDL variable
mti_GetVarSubelements() (FLI-431)	Gets the subelements of a composite VHDL variable
mti_GetVarType() (FLI-438)	Gets the type of a VHDL variable
mti_GetVarValue() (FLI-442)	Gets the value of a scalar VHDL variable of type enumeration, integer, or physical
mti_GetVarValueIndirect() (FLI-449)	Gets the value of a VHDL variable of any type except record
mti_SetVarValue() (FLI-628)	Sets the value of a VHDL variable

Table 6: FLI type functions

Function	Action
mti_CreateArrayType() (FLI-108)	Creates an array type
mti_CreateEnumType() (FLI-118)	Creates an enumeration type
mti_CreateRealType() (FLI-139)	Creates a real type
mti_CreateScalarType() (FLI-146)	Creates a scalar type
mti_CreateTimeType() (FLI-154)	Creates a time type
mti_GetArrayElementType() (FLI-222)	Gets the type of an array type's subelements
mti_GetNumRecordElements() (FLI-295)	Gets the number of subelements in a record type
mti_GetEnumValues() (FLI-271)	Gets the values of an enumeration type
mti_GetParentSignal() (FLI-301)	Gets the unit information of a physical type
mti_GetTypeKind() (FLI-404)	Gets the kind of a type
mti_Image() (FLI-463)	Gets the string image of a value of a specific type
mti_TickDir() (FLI-647)	Gets the direction of a type
mti_TickHigh() (FLI-651)	Gets the high value of a ranged type
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)	Gets the left value of a ranged type
mti_TickLength() (FLI-657)	Gets the length of a type
mti_TickLow() (FLI-661)	Gets the low value of a ranged type
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)	Gets the right value of a ranged type

Table 7: FLI callback functions

Function	Action
mti_AddEnvCB() (FLI-57)	Adds an environment change callback
mti_AddLoadDoneCB() (FLI-65)	Adds an elaboration done callback
mti_AddQuitCB() (FLI-69)	Adds a simulator exit callback
mti_AddRestartCB() (FLI-71)	Adds a simulator restart callback
mti_AddRestoreCB() (FLI-74)	Adds a simulator restore callback
mti_AddRestoreDoneCB() (FLI-77)	Adds a simulator restore done callback
mti_AddSaveCB() (FLI-80)	Adds a simulator checkpoint callback
mti_AddSimStatusCB() (FLI-83)	Adds a simulator run status change callback
mti_AddInputReadyCB() (FLI-60)	Adds or removes a file/pipe input ready callback
mti_AddOutputReadyCB() (FLI-68)	Adds or removes a file/pipe output ready callback
mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() (FLI-85)	Adds or removes a socket input ready callback
mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() (FLI-90)	Adds or removes a socket output ready callback
mti_RemoveEnvCB() (FLI-536)	Removes an environment change callback
mti_RemoveLoadDoneCB() (FLI-539)	Removes an elaboration done callback
mti_RemoveQuitCB() (FLI-542)	Removes a simulator exit callback
mti_RemoveRestartCB() (FLI-545)	Removes a simulator restart callback
mti_RemoveRestoreCB() (FLI-548)	Removes a simulator restore callback
mti_RemoveRestoreDoneCB() (FLI-551)	Removes a simulator restore done callback
mti_RemoveSaveCB() (FLI-554)	Removes a simulator checkpoint callback
mti_RemoveSimStatusCB() (FLI-557)	Removes a simulator run status change callback

Table 8: FLI memory management functions

Function	Action	
mti_Malloc() (FLI-482)	Allocates simulator-managed memory	
mti_Realloc() (FLI-523)	Re-allocates simulator-managed memory	
mti_Free() (FLI-219)	Frees simulator-managed memory	

Table 8: FLI memory management functions

Function	Action	
mti_VsimFree() (FLI-667)	Frees memory allocated by an FLI function that would normally be freed with the free() C-library function	

Table 9: FLI checkpoint/restore functions

Function	Action
mti_GetCheckpointFilename() (FLI-245)	Gets the name of the current checkpoint file
mti_IsRestore() (FLI-476)	Determines if a restore operation is in progress
mti_IsColdRestore() (FLI-470)	Determines if a cold restore operation is in progress
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)	Saves a block of data to the checkpoint file
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)	Saves a byte of data to the checkpoint file
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)	Saves sizeof(long) bytes of data to the checkpoint file
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)	Saves sizeof(short) bytes of data to the checkpoint file
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)	Saves a null-terminated string to the checkpoint file
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)	Gets a block of data from the checkpoint file
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)	Gets a byte of data from the checkpoint file
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)	Gets sizeof(long) bytes of data from the checkpoint file
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)	Gets sizeof(short) bytes of data from the checkpoint file
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)	Gets a null-terminated string from the checkpoint file
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)	Restores a process that was created by mti_CreateProcess() (FLI-123) or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() (FLI-128)

Table 10: FLI time and event functions

Function	Action
mti_Delta() (FLI-157)	Gets the simulator iteration count for the current time step
mti_Now() (FLI-501)	Gets the low order 32 bits of the 64-bit current simulation time
mti_NowUpper() (FLI-510)	Gets the high order 32 bits of the 64-bit current simulation time
mti_NowIndirect() (FLI-505)	Gets the upper and lower 32 bits of the 64-bit current simulation time

Table 10: FLI time and event functions

Function	Action
mti_GetNextEventTime() (FLI-287)	Gets the next event time (from a foreign subprogram or callback)
mti_GetNextNextEventTime() (FLI-291)	Gets the next event time (from a VHDL process)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)	Gets the simulator resolution limit
mti_GetRunStopTime() (FLI-352)	Gets the stop time of the current simulation run

Table 11: FLI communication and command functions

Function	Action	
mti_AddCommand() (FLI-54)	Adds a user-defined simulator command	
mti_AddTclCommand() (FLI-91)	Adds a user-defined Tcl-style simulator command	
mti_Interp() (FLI-467)	Gets the Tcl_Interp pointer used in the simulator	
mti_Command() (FLI-105)	Executes a simulator command	
mti_Cmd() (FLI-102)	Executes a simulator command with Tcl return status and no transcribing	
mti_AskStdin() (FLI-96)	Prompts the user for an input string	
mti_PrintMessage() (FLI-517)	Prints a message to the main transcript window	
mti_PrintFormatted() (FLI-514)	Prints a formatted message to the main transcript window	
mti_Break() (FLI-99)	Requests the simulator to halt	
mti_FatalError() (FLI-164)	Requests the simulator to halt with a fatal error	
mti_Quit() (FLI-520)	Requests the simulator to exit immediately	

Table 12: FLI miscellaneous functions

Function	Action
mti_GetProductVersion() (FLI-323)	Gets the name and version of the simulator
mti_GetWlfFilename() (FLI-457)	Gets the name of the waveform logfile (.wlf)
mti_FindProjectEntry() (FLI-173)	Gets the value of an entry in the project (.ini) file
mti_WriteProjectEntry() (FLI-670)	Writes an entry to the project (.ini) file
mti_IsFirstInit() (FLI-473)	Detects the first call to the initialization function

Table 12: FLI miscellaneous functions

Function	Action	
mti_KeepLoaded() (FLI-479)	Requests that the current shared library not be unloaded on restart or load of a new design	

FLI function definitions

This chapter describes the FLI functions in detail, explaining their purpose, syntax, and usage. For information on creating and using foreign architectures and subprograms, see "Introduction" (FLI-9). For a categorical listing of FLI functions, see "FLI functions by category" (FLI-43).

Keep in mind the following caveats which are described further in the appropriate function descriptions:

- There are several FLI functions that work only during certain simulator phases (e.g., mti_GetVarImage() (FLI-416)), or only when called from a certain context (e.g., from either inside of a process (mti_GetNextNextEventTime() (FLI-291)) or outside of a process (mti_GetNextEventTime() (FLI-287))).
- There are others that have slightly different behavior depending on when they are called and from which context (e.g., mti_GetCurrentRegion() (FLI-248) and mti_GetCallingRegion() (FLI-240)).
- There are also several FLI functions that can be used on Verilog and SystemC regions in addition to VHDL regions (e.g., mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)).
- Note: Function arguments are required unless marked as optional.

mti_AddCommand()

Adds a user-defined simulator command.

Syntax

```
mti_AddCommand( cmd_name, cmd_func )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
cmd_name	char *	The name of the command being added
cmd_func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to the function that will be called whenever the command is recognized by the command interpreter

Description

mti_AddCommand() adds the specified command to the simulator. The case of the command name is significant. The simulator command interpreter subsequently recognizes the command and calls the command function whenever the command is recognized. The entire command line (the command and any arguments) is passed to the command function as a character string. The command function prototype is:

```
void commandFuncName( void * command )
```

A command can be added with the same name as a previously added command (or even a standard simulator command), but only the command added last has any effect.

Related functions

```
mti_AddTclCommand() (FLI-91)
mti_Cmd() (FLI-102)
mti_Command() (FLI-105)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printSigInfo( void * param )
{
   char * cp;
   char * command = param;
```

```
mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d:\n", mti_NowUpper(),
                    mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " Command: %s\n", command );
  for ( cp = command; (*cp != ' ') && (*cp != '\0'); cp++ ) { ; }
  for ( ; (*cp == ' ') && (*cp != '\0'); cp++ ) { ; }
  if (*cp == '\0') {
     mti_PrintMessage( "
                          Usage: printSig <signame>\n" );
  } else {
     sigid = mti_FindSignal( cp );
     if (! sigid ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( "
                                Signal %s not found.\n", cp );
      } else {
         switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetSignalType( sigid ))) {
           case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
           case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
           case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
             mti_PrintFormatted( "
                                      Signal %s = %d\n", cp,
                                mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) );
             break;
             mti_PrintFormatted( " The type of signal %s "
                                 "is not supported.\n", cp );
             break;
     }
 }
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
  char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
                                                                       * /
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign
                                                                       * /
                              /* model.
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddCommand( "printSig", printSigInfo );
HDL code
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : real := 1.0;
begin
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s2 <= s2 + 1.0 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> printSig
# Time [0,0] delta 0:
# Command: printSig
# Usage: printSig <signame>
VSIM 2> printSig /top/s2
# Time [0,0] delta 0:
# Command: printSig /top/s2
# The type of signal /top/s2 is not supported.
VSIM 3> printSig /top/s3
# Time [0,0] delta 0:
# Command: printSig /top/s3
# Signal /top/s3 not found.
VSIM 4> printSig /top/s1
# Time [0,0] delta 0:
# Command: printSig /top/s1
\# Signal /top/s1 = 0
VSIM 5> run 5
VSIM 6> printSig /top/s1
# Time [0,5] delta 1:
# Command: printSig /top/s1
# Signal /top/s1 = 1
VSIM 7> quit
```

mti_AddEnvCB()

Adds an environment change callback.

Syntax

```
mti_AddEnvCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiEnvCBFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called whenever the simulation environment changes
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddEnvCB() adds the specified function to the simulator environment change callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. Whenever the simulator environment changes (for example, when the environment command is used), all callbacks in this list are called with their respective parameters plus a second parameter that is a pointer to the current context.

Related functions

mti_RemoveEnvCB() (FLI-536)

Example

```
/* The last part of the string in the
 char
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddEnvCB( envCallback, region );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity bottom is
end bottom;
architecture b of bottom is
begin
end b;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
 component bottom is
 end component;
begin
 bot : bottom;
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading \dots/\text{modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl}
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.bottom(b)
```

```
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Foreign Arch in Region i1: the current region is now top.
VSIM 1> env /top
# sim:/top
VSIM 2> env /top/i1
# Foreign Arch in Region i1: the current region is now i1.
# sim:/top/i1
VSIM 3> env /top/bot
# Foreign Arch in Region i1: the current region is now bot.
# sim:/top/bot
VSIM 4> env /top
# Foreign Arch in Region i1: the current region is now top.
# sim:/top
VSIM 5> quit
```

mti_AddInputReadyCB()

Add or remove a file/pipe(/socket) input ready callback.

Syntax

mti_AddInputReadyCB(file_desc, func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
file_desc	int	On UNIX, a file, pipe, or socket descriptor; on Windows, a pipe descriptor
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called whenever there is data available for reading on the file descriptor
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddInputReadyCB() puts a watch on the specified file descriptor. Whenever the file descriptor has data available for reading, the specified function is called along with its parameter.

In a UNIX environment, mti_AddInputReadyCB() can be used with files, pipes, and sockets. In a Windows environment, it can be used only with pipes. (See mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() (FLI-85).)

To remove a previously added callback, call $mti_AddInputReadyCB()$ with the same file descriptor but with a NULL function pointer.

Related functions

$$\begin{split} mti_AddOutputReadyCB() \text{ (FLI-68)} \\ mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() \text{ (FLI-85)} \\ mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() \text{ (FLI-90)} \end{split}$$

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#ifdef WIN32
#include <winsock.h>
#else
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <netdb.h> /* gethostbyname() */
#endif
#ifdef HP700
#include <resolv.h>
#endif
#ifdef WIN32
#define MAXHOSTNAMELEN MAXGETHOSTSTRUCT
#else
#define SOCKET_ERROR -1
#define INVALID_SOCKET -1
typedef int SOCKET;
#endif
void sockCB( void * sock )
 int i;
 char buf[1];
#ifdef WIN32
 i = recv( (SOCKET)sock, buf, sizeof(buf), 0 );
#else
 i = read( (SOCKET)sock, buf, sizeof(buf) );
#endif
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Read returned %d - Read %c\n", i, buf[0] );
  if ((i == 0) || (buf[0] == 'C')) {
     /* Remove the callback. */
#ifdef WIN32
     mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB( (SOCKET)sock, (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)0, 0 );
     mti_AddInputReadyCB( (SOCKET)sock, (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)0, 0 );
#endif
      mti_PrintMessage("Closing socket\n");
      close( (SOCKET)sock );
 }
void loadDoneCB( void * sock )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Load Done: Adding socket callback.\n" );
#ifdef WIN32
```

```
mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB( (SOCKET)sock, (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)sockCB, sock );
#else
 mti_AddInputReadyCB( (SOCKET)sock, (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)sockCB, sock );
#endif
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 char hostname[MAXHOSTNAMELEN] = "localhost";
      statusFlags;
server_length;
  int
 int status;
 int retry cnt = 0;
 short portNum = 0;
 struct sockaddr_in server;
 struct hostent *hp;
 SOCKET sock = INVALID_SOCKET;
#ifdef WIN32
  WORD wVersionRequested;
 WSADATA wsaData;
 int err;
 wVersionRequested = MAKEWORD( 1, 1 );
 err = WSAStartup( wVersionRequested, &wsaData );
 if ( err != 0 ) {
    mti_PrintMessage( "Cannot find a usable winsock.dll.\n" );
/* Confirm that the Windows Sockets DLL supports 1.1. Note that if
 * the DLL supports versions greater than 1.1 in addition to 1.1,
 * it will still return 1.1 in wVersion since that is the version
 * we requested.
  if ( (LOBYTE( wsaData.wVersion ) != 1) ||
       (HIBYTE( wsaData.wVersion ) != 1) ) {
     mti_PrintMessage( "Cannot find a usable winsock.dll.\n" );
     WSACleanup();
     return;
/* The Windows Sockets DLL is acceptable. Proceed. */
#endif
 sock = socket( AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0 );
 if ( sock == INVALID_SOCKET ) {
#ifdef WIN32
     DWORD le = GetLastError();
     mti_PrintFormatted( "Error opening socket. Error=%d\n", le );
#else
     mti_PrintMessage( "Error opening socket.\n" );
```

```
#endif
     return;
 while ( retry_cnt < 2 ) {</pre>
     memset( (char *)&server, 0, sizeof(server) );
     server.sin_family = AF_INET;
     if ( (hp = gethostbyname(hostname)) == 0 ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( "%s: Unknown host.\n", hostname );
         close( sock );
         return;
     = 19; /* 'chargen' */
     portNum
     server.sin_port = htons(portNum);
     server_length = sizeof(server);
     status = connect( sock, (struct sockaddr *)&server, server_length );
     if ( status < 0 ) {
         if ( retry_cnt++ > 1 ) {
             mti_PrintFormatted( "Error connecting to server %s:%d\n",
                                 hostname, portNum );
             close( sock );
         } else {
             strcpy( hostname, "map" ); /* Put your hostname here. */
     }
}
#ifdef WIN32
   {
       unsigned long non_blocking = 1;
       status = ioctlsocket( sock, FIONBIO, &non_blocking );
       if ( status == SOCKET_ERROR ) {
          perror( "Setting socket status" );
#else
   statusFlags = fcntl( sock, F_GETFL );
   if ( statusFlags == SOCKET_ERROR ) {
      perror( "Getting socket status" );
   } else {
      int ctlValue;
       statusFlags |= O_NONBLOCK;
       ctlValue = fcntl( sock, F_SETFL, statusFlags );
       if ( ctlValue == SOCKET_ERROR ) {
           perror( "Setting socket status" );
   }
#endif
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)loadDoneCB, (void *)sock );
```

HDL code

```
entity top is
end top;

architecture a of top is
   signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
   s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;</pre>
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c -foreign "initForeign ./for_model.sl" top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign ./for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Load Done: Adding socket callback.
# Read returned 1 - Read
# Read returned 1 - Read !
# Read returned 1 - Read "
# Read returned 1 - Read #
# Read returned 1 - Read $
# Read returned 1 - Read %
# Read returned 1 - Read &
# Read returned 1 - Read '
# Read returned 1 - Read (
# Read returned 1 - Read )
# Read returned 1 - Read *
# Read returned 1 - Read +
# Read returned 1 - Read ,
# Read returned 1 - Read -
# Read returned 1 - Read .
# Read returned 1 - Read /
# Read returned 1 - Read 0
# Read returned 1 - Read 1
# Read returned 1 - Read 2
# Read returned 1 - Read 3
# Read returned 1 - Read 4
# Read returned 1 - Read 5
# Read returned 1 - Read 6
# Read returned 1 - Read 7
# Read returned 1 - Read 8
# Read returned 1 - Read 9
# Read returned 1 - Read :
# Read returned 1 - Read ;
# Read returned 1 - Read <
# Read returned 1 - Read =
# Read returned 1 - Read >
# Read returned 1 - Read ?
# Read returned 1 - Read @
# Read returned 1 - Read A
# Read returned 1 - Read B
# Read returned 1 - Read C
# Closing socket
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_AddLoadDoneCB()

Adds an elaboration done callback.

Syntax

```
mti_AddLoadDoneCB( func, param );
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called at the end of elaboration
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddLoadDoneCB() adds the specified function to the elaboration done callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. At the end of elaboration, all callbacks in the list are called with their respective parameters. These callbacks are also called at the end of a restart or a cold restore (vsim -restore).

mti_AddLoadDoneCB() must be called from a foreign initialization function in order for the callback to take effect. A foreign initialization function is specified either in the foreign attribute string of a foreign architecture or in the -foreign string option of a vsim command.

Related functions

mti_RemoveLoadDoneCB() (FLI-539)

Example

```
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                         * /
  char
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                               /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, region );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity bottom is
end bottom;
architecture b of bottom is
begin
end b;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component bottom is
  end component;
begin
 bot : bottom;
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b

# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.bottom(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ../for_model.sl
# Foreign Arch in Region i1: the top-level region is top.
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_AddOutputReadyCB()

Adds or removes a file/pipe(/socket) output ready callback.

Syntax

mti_AddOutputReadyCB(file_desc, func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
file_desc	int	On UNIX, a file, pipe, or socket descriptor; on Windows, a pipe descriptor
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called whenever the file descriptor is available for writing
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddOutputReadyCB() puts a watch on the specified file descriptor. Whenever the file descriptor is available for writing, the specified function is called along with its parameter.

In a UNIX environment, mti_AddOutputReadyCB() can be used with files, pipes, and sockets. In a Windows environment, it can be used only with pipes. (See mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() (FLI-90).)

To remove a previously added callback, call mti_AddOutputReadyCB() with the same file descriptor but with a NULL function pointer.

Related functions

mti_AddInputReadyCB() (FLI-60)
mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() (FLI-85)
mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() (FLI-90)

mti_AddQuitCB()

Adds a simulator exit callback.

Syntax

```
mti_AddQuitCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called when the simulator exits
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddQuitCB() adds the specified function to the simulator exit callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. When the simulator exits, all callbacks in the list are called with their respective parameters.

When the "quit -sim" command is given to vsim, quit callbacks are not called because the simulator is not quitting completely. Instead, restart callbacks are called.

Related functions

mti_RemoveQuitCB() (FLI-542)

Example

```
/* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
  char * instance_info;
  instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddQuitCB( quitCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> quit
# Cleaning up for_model for simulator exit ...
```

mti_AddRestartCB()

Adds a simulator restart callback.

Syntax

```
mti_AddRestartCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called when the simulator restarts
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddRestartCB() adds the specified function to the simulator restart callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. When the simulator restarts, all callbacks in the list are called with their respective parameters before the simulator is restarted. The callback function should do a cleanup operation including freeing any allocated memory and resetting global/static variables.

When the "quit -sim" command is given to vsim, restart callbacks are called because the simulator is not completely quitting but may be restarting the previous design or loading a new design.

Related functions

mti_RemoveRestartCB() (FLI-545)

Example

```
region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                           /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                          /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                  *param,
                           /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 char * instance_info;
 instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddRestartCB( restartCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for\_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
  "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b

# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> restart -f
# Cleaning up for_model for simulator restart ...
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 3> quit
```

mti_AddRestoreCB()

Adds a simulator restore callback.

Syntax

mti_AddRestoreCB(func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called when the simulator does a restore
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddRestoreCB() adds the specified function to the simulator restore callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. During a restore, all callbacks in the list are called with their respective parameters. The callback function should restore its saved state at this time.

mti_AddRestoreCB() must be called from a foreign initialization function in order for the callback to take effect. A foreign initialization function is specified either in the foreign attribute string of a foreign architecture or in the -foreign string option of a vsim command.

Related functions

```
mti_AddRestoreDoneCB() (FLI-77)
mti_AddSaveCB() (FLI-80)
mti_IsRestore() (FLI-476)
mti_IsColdRestore() (FLI-470)
mti_RemoveRestoreCB() (FLI-548)
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
  char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
 mti_SaveString( inst_info );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info ); \\
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  free( param );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                                /* The ID of the region in which this
                                /\!\!\!\!\!\!^* foreign architecture is instantiated. \!\!\!\!\!\!\!^*/
                                /* The last part of the string in the
                     *param,
                                /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
```

Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cp.file"

Checkpoint created Thu Apr 27 15:52:32 2000
Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1

VSIM 2> checkpoint cp.file

VSIM 4> restore cp.file

VSIM 3> run 30

VSIM 5> run 10 VSIM 6> quit # Cleaning up...

Saving instance info "for_model"

Restored instance info "for_model"

mti_AddRestoreDoneCB()

Adds a simulator warm restore done callback.

Syntax

mti_AddRestoreDoneCB(func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called after the simulator completes a warm restore
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddRestoreDoneCB() adds the specified function to the simulator warm restore done callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. After a warm restore is completed but before control is returned to the user, all callbacks in the list are called with their respective parameters.

mti_AddRestoreDoneCB() must be called from a foreign initialization function in order for the callback to take effect. A foreign initialization function is specified either in the foreign attribute string of a foreign architecture or in the -foreign string option of a vsim command.

For cold restores (i.e., vsim -restore), restore done callbacks are not called at the end of the restore process. Instead the load done callbacks (see mti_AddLoadDoneCB() (FLI-65)) are called.

Related functions

```
mti_AddRestoreCB() (FLI-74)
mti_AddSaveCB() (FLI-80)
mti_RemoveRestoreDoneCB() (FLI-551)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
```

```
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
 mti_SaveString( inst_info );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
void restoreDoneCallback( void * param )
  char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\"%s\": Restore complete\n", inst_info );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreDoneCB( restoreDoneCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
  "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
```

```
component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cp.file
# Saving instance info "for_model"
VSIM 3> run 30
VSIM 4> restore cp.file
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cp.file"
# Checkpoint created Thu Apr 27 15:52:32 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restored instance info "for_model"
# "for_model": Restore complete
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_AddSaveCB()

Adds a simulator checkpoint callback.

Syntax

mti_AddSaveCB(func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called when the simulator does a checkpoint
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddSaveCB() adds the specified function to the simulator checkpoint callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. During a checkpoint operation, all callbacks in the list are called with their respective parameters. The callback function should save its state at this time.

mti_AddSaveCB() should be called from a foreign initialization function. A foreign initialization function is specified either in the foreign attribute string of a foreign architecture or in the -foreign string option of a vsim command.

Related functions

```
mti_AddRestoreCB() (FLI-74)
mti_GetCheckpointFilename() (FLI-245)
mti_RemoveSaveCB() (FLI-554)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
  char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
 mti_SaveString( inst_info );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info ); \\
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  free( param );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                                /* The ID of the region in which this
                                /\!\!\!\!\!\!^* foreign architecture is instantiated. \!\!\!\!\!\!\!^*/
                                /* The last part of the string in the
                     *param,
                                /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
```

Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cp.file"

Checkpoint created Thu Apr 27 15:52:32 2000
Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1

VSIM 2> checkpoint cp.file

VSIM 4> restore cp.file

VSIM 3> run 30

VSIM 5> run 10 VSIM 6> quit # Cleaning up...

Saving instance info "for_model"

Restored instance info "for_model"

mti_AddSimStatusCB()

Adds a simulator run status change callback.

Syntax

```
mti_AddSimStatusCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiSimStatusCBFunc PtrT	A pointer to a function to be called whenever the simulator run status changes
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

 $mti_AddSimStatusCB()$ adds the specified function to the simulator run status change callback list. The same function can be added multiple times, with possibly a different parameter each time. Whenever the simulator run status changes, all callbacks in the list are called with their respective parameters plus a second parameter of type int which is 1 when the simulator is about to start a run and 0 when the run completes.

Related functions

mti_RemoveSimStatusCB() (FLI-557)

Example

```
/* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                  region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
  char
                   *param,
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddSimStatusCB( simStatusCallback, region );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
  "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 10
# Time [0,0]: Region il: the simulator is about to run
# Time [0,10]: Region il: the simulator just completed a run
VSIM 2> run 15
\mbox{\tt\#} Time [0,10]: Region il: the simulator is about to run
\# Time [0,25]: Region il: the simulator just completed a run
VSIM 3> quit
```

mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB()

Adds or removes a socket input ready callback.

Syntax

mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB(socket_desc, func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
socket_desc	int	A socket descriptor
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called whenever there is data available for reading on the socket descriptor
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() puts a watch on the specified socket descriptor. Whenever the socket descriptor has data available for reading, the specified function is called along with its parameter.

To remove a previously added callback, call mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() with the same socket descriptor but with a NULL function pointer.

mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() and mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() are useful in setting up cosimulation environments where FLI code uses sockets to communicate with other processes. In the course of initialization, a cosimulation application typically would use standard system library routines to create or open a socket and obtain a socket descriptor and then call mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() and

mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() to set up the callback functions. During simulation, FLI code may initiate a non-blocking I/O operation on the socket (again using standard system library routines) and immediately return control to the simulator. When the I/O is completed, the simulator invokes the callback function which could check for errors, handle received data, or initiate another non-blocking I/O operation before returning to the simulator.

Related functions

mti_AddInputReadyCB() (FLI-60)

mti_AddOutputReadyCB() (FLI-68)

mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() (FLI-90)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#ifdef WIN32
#include <winsock.h>
#else
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <sys/param.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <netdb.h> /* gethostbyname() */
#endif
#ifdef HP700
#include <resolv.h>
#endif
#ifdef WIN32
#define MAXHOSTNAMELEN MAXGETHOSTSTRUCT
#else
#define SOCKET_ERROR -1
#define INVALID_SOCKET -1
typedef int SOCKET;
#endif
void sockCB( void * sock )
 int i;
 char buf[1];
#ifdef WIN32
 i = recv( (SOCKET)sock, buf, sizeof(buf), 0 );
#else
 i = read( (SOCKET)sock, buf, sizeof(buf) );
#endif
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Read returned %d - Read %c\n", i, buf[0] );
  if ((i == 0) || (buf[0] == 'C') ) {
     /* Remove the callback. */
     mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB( (SOCKET)sock, (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)0, 0 );
     mti_PrintMessage("Closing socket\n");
     close( (SOCKET)sock );
void loadDoneCB( void * sock )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Load Done: Adding socket callback.\n" );
 mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB( (SOCKET)sock, (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)sockCB, sock );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
```

```
/* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param,
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 char hostname[MAXHOSTNAMELEN] = "localhost";
 int
       statusFlags;
 int server_length;
 int status;
 int retry_cnt = 0;
 short portNum = 0;
 struct sockaddr_in server;
 struct hostent *hp;
 SOCKET sock = INVALID_SOCKET;
 #ifdef WIN32
 WORD wVersionRequested;
 WSADATA wsaData;
 int
         err;
 wVersionRequested = MAKEWORD( 1, 1 );
 err = WSAStartup( wVersionRequested, &wsaData );
 if ( err != 0 ) {
   mti_PrintMessage( "Cannot find a usable winsock.dll.\n" );
   return;
 }
/* Confirm that the Windows Sockets DLL supports 1.1. Note that if
 * the DLL supports versions greater than 1.1 in addition to 1.1,
^{\star} it will still return 1.1 in wVersion since that is the version
 * we requested.
 if ( (LOBYTE( wsaData.wVersion ) != 1) ||
      (HIBYTE( wsaData.wVersion ) != 1) ) {
     mti_PrintMessage( "Cannot find a usable winsock.dll.\n" );
     WSACleanup();
     return;
/* The Windows Sockets DLL is acceptable. Proceed. */
#endif
 sock = socket( AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0 );
 if ( sock == INVALID_SOCKET ) {
#ifdef WIN32
   DWORD le = GetLastError();
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Error opening socket. Error=%d\n", le );
   mti_PrintMessage( "Error opening socket.\n" );
#endif
   return;
 while ( retry_cnt < 2 ) {</pre>
   memset( (char *)&server, 0, sizeof(server) );
   server.sin_family = AF_INET;
   if ( (hp = gethostbyname(hostname)) == 0 ) {
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "%s: Unknown host.\n", hostname );
     close( sock );
     return;
    }
   memcpy( (char *)&server.sin_addr, (char *)hp->h_addr, hp->h_length );
             = 19; /* 'chargen' */
   portNum
    server.sin_port = htons(portNum);
    server_length = sizeof(server);
   status = connect( sock, (struct sockaddr *)&server, server_length );
   if ( status < 0 ) {
     if ( retry_cnt++ > 1 ) {
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Error connecting to server %s:%d\n",
                          hostname, portNum );
       close( sock );
     } else {
       strcpy( hostname, "map" ); /* Put your hostname here. */
    }
  }
#ifdef WIN32
  {
   unsigned long non_blocking = 1;
   status = ioctlsocket( sock, FIONBIO, &non_blocking );
   if ( status == SOCKET_ERROR ) {
     perror( "Setting socket status" );
  }
#else
  statusFlags = fcntl( sock, F_GETFL );
  if ( statusFlags == SOCKET_ERROR ) {
   perror( "Getting socket status" );
  } else {
   int ctlValue;
   statusFlags |= O_NONBLOCK;
   ctlValue = fcntl( sock, F_SETFL, statusFlags );
   if ( ctlValue == SOCKET_ERROR ) {
     perror( "Setting socket status" );
  }
#endif
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( (mtiVoidFuncPtrT)loadDoneCB, (void *)sock );
HDL code
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c -foreign "initForeign ./for_model.sl" top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
\# vsim -foreign {initForeign ./for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Load Done: Adding socket callback.
# Read returned 1 - Read
# Read returned 1 - Read !
# Read returned 1 - Read "
# Read returned 1 - Read #
# Read returned 1 - Read $
# Read returned 1 - Read %
# Read returned 1 - Read &
# Read returned 1 - Read '
# Read returned 1 - Read (
# Read returned 1 - Read )
# Read returned 1 - Read *
# Read returned 1 - Read +
# Read returned 1 - Read ,
# Read returned 1 - Read -
# Read returned 1 - Read .
# Read returned 1 - Read /
# Read returned 1 - Read 0
# Read returned 1 - Read 1
# Read returned 1 - Read 2
# Read returned 1 - Read 3
# Read returned 1 - Read 4
# Read returned 1 - Read 5
# Read returned 1 - Read 6
# Read returned 1 - Read 7
# Read returned 1 - Read 8
# Read returned 1 - Read 9
# Read returned 1 - Read :
# Read returned 1 - Read ;
# Read returned 1 - Read <
# Read returned 1 - Read =
# Read returned 1 - Read >
# Read returned 1 - Read ?
# Read returned 1 - Read @
# Read returned 1 - Read A
# Read returned 1 - Read B
# Read returned 1 - Read C
# Closing socket
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB()

Adds or removes a socket output ready callback.

Syntax

mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB(socket_desc, func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
socket_desc	int	A socket descriptor
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function to be called whenever the socket descriptor is available for writing
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() puts a watch on the specified socket descriptor. Whenever the socket descriptor is available for writing, the specified function is called along with its parameter.

To remove a previously added callback, call mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() with the same socket descriptor but with a NULL function pointer.

mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() and mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() are useful in setting up cosimulation environments where FLI code uses sockets to communicate with other processes. In the course of initialization, a cosimulation application typically would use standard system library routines to create or open a socket and obtain a socket descriptor and then call mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() and

mti_AddSocketOutputReadyCB() to set up the callback functions. During simulation, FLI code may initiate a non-blocking I/O operation on the socket (again using standard system library routines) and immediately return control to the simulator. When the I/O is completed, the simulator invokes the callback function which could check for errors, handle received data, or initiate another non-blocking I/O operation before returning to the simulator.

Related functions

mti_AddInputReadyCB() (FLI-60)
mti_AddOutputReadyCB() (FLI-68)
mti_AddSocketInputReadyCB() (FLI-85)

mti_AddTclCommand()

Adds a user-defined, Tcl-style simulator command.

Syntax

```
mti_AddTclCommand( cmd_name, cmd_func, cmd_param, func_delete_cb )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
cmd_name	char *	The name of the command being added
cmd_func	Tcl_CmdProc *	A pointer to a function that will be called whenever the command is recognized by the command interpreter
cmd_param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the command function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL
func_delete_cb	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function that will be called if the command is redefined or deleted; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_AddTclCommand() adds the specified Tcl command to the simulator. The case of the command name is significant. The simulator command interpreter subsequently recognizes the command and calls the command function along with its parameter and user-supplied arguments whenever the command is recognized. The command function must return a valid Tcl status (for example TCL_OK or TCL_ERROR). The command function prototype is:

```
int commandFuncName( ClientData cmd_param, Tcl_Interp * interp, int argc,
char ** argv)
```

A command can be added with the same name as a previously added command (or even a standard simulator command), but only the command added last has any effect.

If a command is readded or deleted, the delete callback function is called along with the command parameter so that the old command information can be cleaned up. The delete callback function prototype is:

```
void deleteCBname( ClientData cmd_param )
```

To make the prototype of mti_AddTclCommand() visible, the header file *tcl.h* must be included in the FLI application code before *mti.h*.

Related functions

```
mti_AddCommand() (FLI-54)
mti_Cmd() (FLI-102)
mti_Command() (FLI-105)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <tcl.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct {
             model_name[100];
 mtiSignalIdT sig1;
 mtiSignalIdT sig2;
} instanceInfoT;
int noAction( ClientData param, Tcl_Interp * interp, int argc, char ** argv )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%ld,%ld] delta %d:\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
 mti_PrintMessage( " The printSigs command has been deactivated.\n" );
 return TCL_OK;
void printSigInfo( mtiSignalIdT sigid, char printFullName )
 char * region_name;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "
                          Signal " );
 if ( printFullName ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%s/", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%s = ", mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetSignalType( sigid )) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%d\n", mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) );
     break;
   default:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "(Type not supported)\n" );
int printRegionInfo( ClientData param, Tcl_Interp * interp,
                   int argc, char ** argv )
 instanceInfoT * inst_info = (instanceInfoT*)param;
                 printFullName = 0;
 char
  if ( argc > 1 ) {
   if ( strcmp( argv[1], "full" ) == 0 ) {
```

```
printFullName = 1;
    } else {
        Tcl_SetResult( interp, "printRegionInfo(): Unknown argument",
                      TCL_STATIC );
        return TCL_ERROR;
    }
  mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%ld,%ld] delta %d:\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal info for %s:\n", inst_info->model_name );
 printSigInfo( inst_info->sig1, printFullName );
 printSigInfo( inst_info->sig2, printFullName );
  if ( mti_Now() > 15 ) {
     mti_AddTclCommand( "printSigs", noAction, 0, 0 );
 return TCL_OK;
}
void deleteCB( ClientData param )
  instanceInfoT * inst_info = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%ld,%ld] delta %d:\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Deleting old command data for %s.\n",
                    inst_info->model_name );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                    *param,
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                           /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instanceInfoT     * inst_info;
 mtiInterfaceListT * portp;
  inst_info = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  /* ASSUME param is less than 100 chars and
  * there are at least two signal ports.
  strcpy( inst_info->model_name, param );
  portp = ports;
  inst_info->sig1 = portp->u.port;
  portp = portp->nxt;
  inst_info->sig2 = portp->u.port;
mti_AddTclCommand( "printSigs", printRegionInfo, inst_info, deleteCB );
mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst_info );
```

```
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity for_model is
 port ( inb : in bit;
        ins : in std_logic
        );
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : std_logic := '1';
 component for_model is
    port ( inb : in bit;
            ins : in std_logic
          );
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model
       port map ( s1, s2 );
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;</pre>
 s2 <= not s2 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

mti_AddRestartCB(cleanupCallback, inst_info);

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.5 Dev
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> printSigs
# Time [0,0] delta 0:
# Signal info for for_model:
    Signal s1 = 0
     Signal s2 = 3
#
VSIM 2> printSigs full
# Time [0,0] delta 0:
   Signal info for for_model:
     Signal /top/s1 = 0
     Signal /top/s2 = 3
VSIM 3> run 5
VSIM 4> printSigs
# Time [0,5] delta 1:
# Signal info for for_model:
     Signal s1 = 1
     Signal s2 = 2
VSIM 5> printSigs all
# printRegionInfo(): Unknown argument
VSIM 6> run 5
VSIM 7> printSigs
# Time [0,10] delta 1:
# Signal info for for_model:
     Signal s1 = 0
#
     Signal s2 = 3
VSIM 8> run 10
VSIM 9> printSigs
# Time [0,20] delta 1:
# Signal info for for_model:
     Signal s1 = 0
     Signal s2 = 3
# Time [0,20] delta 1:
# Deleting old command data for for_model.
VSIM 10> run 5
VSIM 11> printSigs
# Time [0,25] delta 1:
  The printSigs command has been deactivated.
VSIM 12> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_AskStdin()

Prompts the user for an input string.

Syntax

```
error_code = mti_AskStdin( buffer, prompt )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
error_code	int	-1 if the buffer parameter is NULL; 0 otherwise

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
buffer	char *	A pointer to a character buffer in which the user's input is returned
prompt	char *	A character string that will be used as the prompt to the user

Description

mti_AskStdin() gets input from the user by displaying the specified prompt on the vsim command line and returning what the user types. All characters entered up to, but not including, a newline character are returned in the character buffer. The character string is null-terminated. The caller is responsible for allocating the space for the buffer.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <strings.h>
#include <mti.h>

void printSigInfo( void * param )
{
   char         buffer[128];
   int         done = 0;
   mtiSignalIdT sigid;

   while ( ! done ) {
```

```
mti_AskStdin( buffer, "printSigs:" );
   if ( strcasecmp( buffer, "quit" ) == 0 ) {
       done = 1;
    } else {
       sigid = mti_FindSignal( buffer );
       if (! sigid) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s not found.\n", buffer );
       } else {
            switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetSignalType( sigid )) ) {
               case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
               case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
               case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
                mti_PrintFormatted( "
                                         Signal %s = %d\n", buffer,
                                  mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) );
                 break;
               default:
                 mti_PrintFormatted( " The type of signal %s "
                                  "is not supported.\n", buffer );
                 break;
            }
      }
   }
 }
}
void initForeign(
                             /\,{}^{\star} The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                      * /
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddCommand( "printSigs", printSigInfo );
HDL code
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : real := 1.0;
begin
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s2 <= s2 + 1.0 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
```

```
VSIM 1> printSigs
printSigs: /top/s1
/top/s1
# Signal /top/s1 = 0
printSigs: /top/s2
/top/s2
# The type of signal /top/s2 is not supported.
printSigs: /top/s3
/top/s3
# Signal /top/s3 not found.
printSigs: quit
quit
VSIM 2> run 5
VSIM 3> quit
```

mti_Break()

Requests the simulator to halt.

Syntax

```
mti_Break()
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

None

Description

mti_Break() requests the simulator to halt the simulation and issue an assertion message with the text "Simulation halt requested by foreign interface". The break request is satisfied after the foreign code returns control to the simulator. The simulation can be continued by the user after it has been halted with mti_Break().

mti_Break() cannot be called during elaboration.

Related functions

```
mti_FatalError() (FLI-164)
mti_Quit() (FLI-520)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
                 /* 'U' */
 STD_LOGIC_U,
                  /* 'X' */
 STD_LOGIC_X,
                   /* '0' */
 STD_LOGIC_0,
                   /* '1' */
 STD_LOGIC_1,
                   /* 'Z' */
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
                  /* 'H' */
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicT;
void monitorSignal( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid = (mtiSignalIdT)param;
 switch ( mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_X:
   case STD_LOGIC_W:
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s is UNKNOWN\n",
                         mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                         mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
      mti_Break();
      break;
    default:
      break;
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the */
  char
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
  mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalMonitor", monitorSignal, sigid );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
begin
 p1 : process
 begin
   c1 : case s1 is
     when 'U' => s1 <= 'X' after 5 ns;
      when 'X' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow '0' after 5 ns;
      when '0' => s1 <= '1' after 5 ns;
     when '1' => s1 <= 'Z' after 5 ns;
     when 'Z' => s1 <= 'W' after 5 ns;
     when 'W' => s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
      when 'L' \Rightarrow s1 <= 'H' after 5 ns;
      when 'H' => s1 <= '-' after 5 ns;
     when '-' => s1 <= 'U' after 5 ns;
    end case c1;
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal s1 is UNKNOWN
# Simulation halt requested by foreign interface
# Stopped at top.vhd line 27
VSIM 2> drivers /top/s1
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# W : Signal /top/sl
    W : Driver /top/p1
VSIM 3> cont
# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal s1 is UNKNOWN
# Simulation halt requested by foreign interface
# Stopped at top.vhd line 27
VSIM 4> drivers /top/s1
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# X : Signal /top/s1
    X : Driver /top/p1
VSIM 5> quit
```

mti_Cmd()

Executes a simulator command with Tcl return status and no transcribing.

Syntax

```
tcl_status = mti_Cmd( command )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
tcl_status	int	TCL_OK if the command is successful or TCL_ERROR if there is an error

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
command	char *	A simulator command

Description

mti_Cmd() causes the specified command to be executed by the simulator. The string must contain the command just as it would be typed at the VSIM prompt. The results of the command are not transcribed into the vsim transcript, but they can be obtained by using the Tcl_interp pointer. (See mti_Interp() (FLI-467)). The command result should be reset using Tcl ResetResult() after each call to mti Cmd().

Any command that changes the state of simulation (such as run, restart, restore, etc.) cannot be sent from a foreign architecture, foreign subprogram, or callback that is executing under the direct control of vsim.

Related functions

```
mti Command() (FLI-105)
mti_Interp() (FLI-467)
```

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <tcl.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
```

```
STD_LOGIC_0,
                /* '0' */
 STD_LOGIC_1,
                 /* '1' */
                 /* 'Z' */
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
                 /* 'W' */
 STD_LOGIC_W,
                 /* 'L' */
 STD_LOGIC_L,
                 /* 'H' */
 STD_LOGIC_H,
                 /* '-' */
 STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicT;
void monitorSignal( void * param )
 char
            buffer[256];
 char *
           region_name;
 char *
           signal_name;
             status;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid = (mtiSignalIdT)param;
 Tcl_Interp * interp;
 switch ( mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) ) {
   case STD LOGIC X:
   case STD_LOGIC_W:
     signal_name = mti_GetSignalName( sigid );
     region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ));
     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                     region_name, signal_name);
     sprintf( buffer, "drivers %s/%s", region_name, signal_name );
     interp = mti_Interp();
     status = mti_Cmd( buffer );
     if ( status != TCL_OK ) {
      mti_PrintMessage( "ERROR while executing drivers command.\n" );
     } else {
      mti_PrintFormatted( "The drivers of %s/%s are:\n%s\n",
                     region_name, signal_name, interp->result );
     Tcl_ResetResult( interp );
     mti_VsimFree( region_name );
     break;
   default:
     break;
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                           /* The ID of the region in which this
                  region,
                           /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                  * /
 char
                  *param,
                           /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalMonitor", monitorSignal, sigid );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
```

HDL code

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
begin
  p1 : process
  begin
   c1 : case s1 is
      when 'U' => s1 <= 'X' after 5 ns;
      when 'X' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow '0' after 5 ns;
      when '0' => s1 <= '1' after 5 ns;
      when '1' => s1 <= 'Z' after 5 ns;
      when 'Z' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow 'W' after 5 ns;
      when 'W' => s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
      when 'L' => s1 <= 'H' after 5 ns;
     when 'H' => s1 <= '-' after 5 ns;
     when '-' => s1 <= 'U' after 5 ns;
    end case cl;
    wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is UNKNOWN
# The drivers of /top/sl are:
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# W : Signal /top/s1
    W : Driver /top/pl
# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is UNKNOWN
# The drivers of /top/sl are:
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# X : Signal /top/s1
    X : Driver /top/p1
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_Command()

Executes a simulator command.

Syntax

```
mti_Command( command )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
command	char *	A simulator command

Description

mti_Command() causes the specified command to be executed by the simulator. The string must contain the command just as it would be typed at the VSIM prompt. The results of the command are transcribed in the vsim transcript.

Any command that changes the state of simulation (such as run, restart, restore, etc.) cannot be sent from a foreign architecture, foreign subprogram, or callback that is executing under the direct control of vsim.

Related functions

```
mti_Cmd() (FLI-102)
```

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
                  /* 'U' */
                 /* 'X' */
/* '0' */
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
                  /* '1' */
 STD_LOGIC_1,
                  /* 'Z' */
/* 'W' */
/* 'L' */
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
                   /* 'H' */
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicT;
void monitorSignal( void * param )
```

```
{
  char
             buffer[256];
           region_name;
  char *
  char *
             signal_name;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid = (mtiSignalIdT)param;
  switch ( mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_X:
   case STD_LOGIC_W:
     signal_name = mti_GetSignalName( sigid );
     region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ));
     mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                        mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        region_name, signal_name );
      sprintf( buffer, "drivers %s/%s", region_name, signal_name );
      mti_Command( buffer );
      mti_VsimFree( region_name );
     break;
   default:
     break;
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
  char
                    *param,
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
  sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalMonitor", monitorSignal, sigid );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
begin
 p1 : process
 begin
   c1 : case s1 is
     when 'U' => s1 <= 'X' after 5 ns;
     when 'X' => s1 <= '0' after 5 ns;
     when '0' => s1 <= '1' after 5 ns;
     when '1' => s1 <= 'Z' after 5 ns;
     when 'Z' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow 'W' after 5 ns;
     when 'W' \Rightarrow s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
      when 'L' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow 'H' after 5 ns;
```

```
when 'H' => s1 <= '-' after 5 ns;
when '-' => s1 <= 'U' after 5 ns;
end case c1;
wait for 5 ns;
end process;
end a;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
\mbox{\tt\#} Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is UNKNOWN
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# W : Signal /top/s1
    W : Driver /top/pl
# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is UNKNOWN
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# X : Signal /top/sl
   X : Driver /top/p1
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_CreateArrayType()

Creates an array type.

Syntax

type_id = mti_CreateArrayType(left, right, element_type)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description		
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to the new array type		

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description	
left	mtiInt32T	The left bound of the new array type	
right	mtiInt32T The right bound of the new array ty		
element_type	mtiTypeIdT	The type of the elements of the new array type	

Description

mti_CreateArrayType() creates a new type ID that describes a VHDL array type whose bounds are the specified left and right values and whose elements are of the specified element type.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateEnumType() (FLI-118)
mti_CreateRealType() (FLI-139)
mti_CreateScalarType() (FLI-146)
mti_CreateTimeType() (FLI-154)
mti_GetArrayElementType() (FLI-222)
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 SIGVAL_0,
 SIGVAL_1,
 SIGVAL X
} mySigType;
char *enum_lits[3] = { "0", "1", "X" };
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid1;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid2;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid3;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid1;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid2;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid3;
} instanceInfoT;
/* This function inverts mySig(2) every 5 ns. */
void driveSignal1( void * param )
               * region_name;
  char
 char
               * signal_name;
  instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                 sigval;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid1 );
  switch ( sigval ) {
   case SIGVAL_0:
     mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, SIGVAL_1, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
   case SIGVAL 1:
     mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, SIGVAL_0, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   case SIGVAL_X:
     signal_name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( inst->sigid1, NULL, 0 );
     region_name =
       mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
     mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                        mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        region_name, signal_name );
     mti_VsimFree( signal_name );
     mti_VsimFree( region_name );
     break;
    default:
      signal_name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( inst->sigid1, NULL, 0 );
     region name =
       mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
      mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                         "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%s\n",
                         mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        sigval, region_name, signal_name );
      mti_VsimFree( signal_name );
      mti_VsimFree( region_name );
```

```
break;
 }
}
/* This function inverts mySig(1) every 10 ns. */
void driveSignal2( void * param )
                * region_name;
 char
 char
               * signal_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                sigval;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid2 );
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case SIGVAL_0:
     mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, SIGVAL_1, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
   case SIGVAL 1:
     mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, SIGVAL_0, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
     break;
   case SIGVAL_X:
     signal_name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( inst->sigid2, NULL, 0 );
     region_name =
       mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid2));
     mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                        mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        region_name, signal_name );
     mti_VsimFree( signal_name );
     mti_VsimFree( region_name );
     break;
   default:
     signal_name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( inst->sigid2, NULL, 0 );
     region_name =
       mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion
(inst->sigid1));
     mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                         "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%s\n",
                        mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        sigval, region_name, signal_name );
     mti_VsimFree( signal_name );
     mti_VsimFree( region_name );
     break;
/* This function drives mySig(0) with the values of mySig(2) and mySig(1). */
void driveSignal3( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T sigval1;
 mtiInt32T
                sigval2;
 sigval1 = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid1 );
  sigval2 = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid2 );
 if ( sigval1 == sigval2 ) {
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid3, sigval1, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
  } else {
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid3, SIGVAL_X, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
```

```
}
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                           /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                  region,
                           /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                         /* The last part of the string in the
                           /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSiqnalIdT * elem list;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT array_type;
 mtiTypeIdT
              enum_type;
 array_type = mti_CreateArrayType( 2, 0, enum_type );
 sigid = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig", region, array_type );
 elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, NULL );
 inst->sigid1 = elem_list[0];
 inst->drvid1 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid1 );
          = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig1Driver", driveSignal1, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid1, procid );
 inst->sigid2 = elem_list[1];
 inst->drvid2 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid2 );
           = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig2Driver", driveSignal2, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid2, procid );
 inst->sigid3 = elem_list[2];
 inst->drvid3 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid3 );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig3Driver", driveSignal3, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid3, procid );
 mti AddOuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
```

HDL code

```
entity top is
end top;

architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> examine mysig
# {0 0 0}
VSIM 2> run 5
VSIM 3> examine mysig
# {1 0 X}
VSIM 4> run 5
VSIM 5> examine mysig
# {0 1 X}
VSIM 6> run 5
VSIM 7> examine mysig
# {1 1 1}
VSIM 8> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_CreateDriver()

Creates a driver on a VHDL signal.

Syntax

driver_id = mti_CreateDriver(signal_id)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description		
driver_id	mtiDriverIdT	A handle to the new driver or NULL if there is an error		

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description		
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal		

Description

mti_CreateDriver() creates a new driver for the specified array or scalar signal. A driver must be created for a resolved signal in order to be able to drive values onto that signal and have the values be resolved. Multiple drivers can be created for a resolved signal, but no more than one driver can be created for an unresolved signal. Alternatively, an unresolved signal's value can be changed using mti_SetSignalValue() (FLI-621) if that signal doesn't have any drivers.

When using mti_CreateDriver() it is necessary to follow up with a call to mti_SetDriverOwner() (FLI-617); otherwise, the vsim **drivers** command and the Dataflow window may give unexpected or incorrect information regarding the newly created driver.

A driver cannot be created on a signal of type record, but drivers can be created on non-record subelements of a record signal.

A driver cannot be created on a subelement of a resolved composite signal. Drivers must be created at the resolution level or above.

mti_CreateDriver() cannot create a driver on a VHDL port that has not been collapsed with the connected signal. A VHDL port is not collapsed when it is connected to a Verilog signal, when a conversion function appears in a VHDL port map, or when the **vsim** option **-nocollapse** is used.

Related functions

```
mti_FindDriver() (FLI-167)
mti_GetDriverSubelements() (FLI-258)
mti_ScheduleDriver() (FLI-595)
mti_ScheduleDriver64() (FLI-601)
mti_SetDriverOwner() (FLI-617)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
   STD_LOGIC_U,
   STD_LOGIC_X,
   STD_LOGIC_0,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_Z,
   STD_LOGIC_W,
   STD_LOGIC_L,
   STD_LOGIC_H,
   STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
   mtiSignalIdT sigid;
   mtiDriverIdT drvid;
   mtiTypeIdT time_type;
} instanceInfoT;
void driveScalarSignal( void * param )
                 * curr_time_str;
   char * region_name;
   instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
   mtiInt32T sigval;
mtiTime64T curr_time;
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid));
   sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
   curr_time_str = mti_Image( mti_NowIndirect(&curr_time), inst->time_type );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time %s delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                      curr_time_str, mti_Delta(),
                      region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid ),
                      mti_SignalImage(inst->sigid) );
   switch ( sigval ) {
     case STD_LOGIC_U: sigval = STD_LOGIC_X; break;
     case STD_LOGIC_X: sigval = STD_LOGIC_0; break;
     case STD_LOGIC_0: sigval = STD_LOGIC_1; break;
     case STD_LOGIC_1: sigval = STD_LOGIC_Z; break;
     case STD_LOGIC_Z: sigval = STD_LOGIC_W; break;
     case STD_LOGIC_W: sigval = STD_LOGIC_L; break;
     case STD_LOGIC_L: sigval = STD_LOGIC_H; break;
```

```
case STD_LOGIC_H: sigval = STD_LOGIC_D; break;
     case STD_LOGIC_D: sigval = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
     default:
                       sigval = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid, sigval, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void driveArraySignal( void * param )
{
                 * curr_time_str;
   char
                 * region_name;
   char
                * sigval;
   instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
   mtiTime64T
                 curr time;
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid));
                = (char *)mti_GetArraySignalValue( inst->sigid, 0 );
   curr_time_str = mti_Image( mti_NowIndirect(&curr_time), inst->time_type );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time %s delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                      curr_time_str, mti_Delta(),
                      region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid ),
                      mti_SignalImage(inst->sigid) );
   for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( mti_GetSignalType( inst->sigid )); i++ ) {
       switch ( sigval[i] ) {
         case STD_LOGIC_U: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_X; break;
         case STD_LOGIC_X: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_0; break;
         case STD_LOGIC_0: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_1; break;
         case STD_LOGIC_1: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_Z; break;
         case STD_LOGIC_Z: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_W; break;
         case STD_LOGIC_W: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_L; break;
         case STD_LOGIC_L: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_H;
case STD_LOGIC_H: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_D;
                                                    break;
         case STD_LOGIC_D: sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
                           sigval[i] = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
         default:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid, (long)sigval, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   mti_VsimFree( sigval );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT
                     region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                     *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
   {
   instanceInfoT * inst;
   mtiProcessIdT procid;
             = (instanceInfoT *)mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
   inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
   inst->drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid );
```

```
procid
               = mti_CreateProcess( "sigDriver1", driveScalarSignal, inst );
   mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid, procid );
   inst->time_type = mti_CreateTimeType();
               = (instanceInfoT *)mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
   inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s2" );
   inst->drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid );
              = mti_CreateProcess( "sigDriver2", driveArraySignal, inst );
   mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid, procid );
   inst->time_type = mti_CreateTimeType();
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
 signal s2 : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "UX01";
begin
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 42
# Time {0 ns} delta 1: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time {0 ns} delta 1: Signal /top/s2 is "UX01"
\# Time {5 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "X01Z"
# Time {5 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time {10 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'Z'
# Time {10 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "01ZW"
# Time {15 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "1ZWL"
\# Time {15 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'W'
# Time {20 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'L'
# Time {20 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "ZWLH"
# Time {25 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "WLH-"
# Time {25 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'H'
\# Time {30 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '-'
# Time {30 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "LH-U"
# Time {35 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "H-UX"
# Time {35 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'U'
```

```
# Time {40 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/sl is 'X'
# Time {40 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/s2 is "-UX0"
VSIM 2> drivers /top/sl
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# X : Signal /top/s1
    X : Driver /top/sigDriver1
          0 at 45 ns
VSIM 3> drivers /top/s2
# Drivers for /top/s2(3:0):
  - : Signal /top/s2(3)
     - : Driver /top/sigDriver2
         U at 45 ns
  U : Signal /top/s2(2)
    U : Driver /top/sigDriver2
         X at 45 ns
   X : Signal /top/s2(1)
     X : Driver /top/sigDriver2
         0 at 45 ns
  0 : Signal /top/s2(0)
     0 : Driver /top/sigDriver2
         1 at 45 ns
VSIM 4> quit
```

mti_CreateEnumType()

Creates an enumeration type.

Syntax

type_id = mti_CreateEnumType(size, count, literals)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description		
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to the new enumeration type		

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description		
size	mtiInt32T	The number of bytes to be used to store the values of the new enumeration type; if the count parameter is greater than 256 then size must be 4; otherwise size should be 1		
count	mtiInt32T	The number of literals/values in the new enumeration type		
literals	char **	An array of strings that define the enumeration literals for the new enumeration type		

Description

mti_CreateEnumType() creates a new type ID that describes a VHDL enumeration type. The new type consists of the specified enumeration literals and its values are of the specified size. The count parameter indicates the number of strings in the literals parameter. The left-most value of the enumeration type is 0 and is associated with the first literal string, the next value is 1 and is associated with the next literal string, and so on.

If there are more than 256 values in the enumeration type, then 4 bytes must be used to store the values; otherwise 1 byte should be used.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateArrayType() (FLI-108)
mti_CreateRealType() (FLI-139)
mti_CreateScalarType() (FLI-146)
mti_CreateTimeType() (FLI-154)
mti_GetEnumValues() (FLI-271)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 SIGVAL_0,
 SIGVAL_1,
 SIGVAL_X
} mySigType;
char *enum_lits[3] = { "0", "1", "X" };
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid1;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid2;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid3;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid1;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid2;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid3;
} instanceInfoT;
/* This function inverts mySig1 every 5 ns. */
void driveSignal1( void * param )
             * region_name;
 char
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                 sigval;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid1 );
 switch ( sigval ) {
  case SIGVAL_0:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, SIGVAL_1, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
   case SIGVAL_1:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, SIGVAL_0, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
  case SIGVAL_X:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                      mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                      region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid1 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
   default:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                       "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%s\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       sigval, region_name,
                       mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid1 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
}
/* This function inverts mySig2 every 10 ns. */
void driveSignal2( void * param )
               * region_name;
 char
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                 sigval;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid2 );
 switch ( sigval ) {
  case SIGVAL_0:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, SIGVAL_1, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
  case SIGVAL 1:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, SIGVAL_0, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
  case SIGVAL_X:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid2));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid2 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
  default:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid2));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                       "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%s\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       sigval, region_name,
                       mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid2 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
/* This function drives mySig3 with the values of mySig1 and mySig2. */
void driveSignal3( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T sigval1;
 mtiInt32T
                sigval2;
 sigval1 = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid1 );
 sigval2 = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid2 );
 if ( sigval1 == sigval2 ) {
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid3, sigval1, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
  } else {
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid3, SIGVAL_X, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
}
```

```
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param, /* The last part of the string in the
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                enum_type;
            = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst
 enum_type = mti_CreateEnumType( 1, 3, enum_lits );
 inst->sigid1 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig1", region, enum_type );
 inst->drvid1 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid1 );
            = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig1Driver", driveSignal1, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid1, procid );
 inst->sigid2 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig2", region, enum_type );
 inst->drvid2 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid2 );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig2Driver", driveSignal2, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid2, procid );
 inst->sigid3 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig3", region, enum_type );
 inst->drvid3 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid3 );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig3Driver", driveSignal3, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid3, procid );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 0 0 0
VSIM 2> run 5
VSIM 3> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 1 0 X
VSIM 4> run 5
VSIM 5> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 0 1 X
VSIM 6> run 5
VSIM 7> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 1 1 1
VSIM 8> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_CreateProcess()

Creates a new VHDL process.

Syntax

process_id = mti_CreateProcess(name, func, param)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description		
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to the new VHDL process or NULL if there is an error		

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description		
name	char *	The name of the new VHDL process; OPTIONAL - can be NULL		
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to the function that will be executed as the body of the new process		
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL		

Description

mti_CreateProcess() creates a new VHDL process with the specified name. If the name is non-NULL, then it appears in the simulator's Process window; otherwise, it does not. The specified function is called along with its parameter whenever the process executes. The process executes either at the time specified in a call to mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606) or whenever one of the signals to which it is sensitive changes (see mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)).

If the process is created during elaboration from inside of a foreign architecture instance, then the process is automatically executed once at time zero after all signals have been initialized. If the process is created either after elaboration is complete or from any other context (such as from an initialization function that executes as a result of the loading of a foreign shared library by the **-foreign** option to **vsim**), then the process is not run automatically but must be scheduled or sensitized.

mti_CreateProcess() allows you to create a process with an illegal HDL name. This can be useful for integrators who provide shared libraries for use by end customers, as this is an easy way to avoid potential name conflicts with HDL processes. We recommend the following naming style:

<PREFIX_name>

where *PREFIX* is 3 or 4 characters that denote your software (to avoid name conflicts with other integration software) and *name* is the name of the process. Enclosing the entire name in angle brackets makes it an illegal HDL name. For example, *<MTI_foreign_architecture>*.

We strongly recommend that you do not use characters in the name that will cause Tcl parsing problems. This includes spaces, the path separator (normally '/' or '.'), square brackets ([]), and dollar signs (\$). If you must use these characters, then create an escaped name by putting a backslash (\) at both ends of the name.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() (FLI-128)
mti_Desensitize() (FLI-160)
mti_GetProcessName() (FLI-315)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606)
mti_ScheduleWakeup64() (FLI-610)
mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid;
} instanceInfoT;
char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
  char * retval;
  switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
    case STD LOGIC 1: retval = "'1'"; break;
    case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
```

```
case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
void driveSignal( void * param )
              * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mt.iInt.32T
                sigval;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid));
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                    region name, mti GetSignalName( inst->sigid ),
                    convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: sigval = STD_LOGIC_X; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: sigval = STD_LOGIC_0; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: sigval = STD_LOGIC_1; break;
case STD_LOGIC_1: sigval = STD_LOGIC_Z; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: sigval = STD_LOGIC_W; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: sigval = STD_LOGIC_L; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: sigval = STD_LOGIC_H; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: sigval = STD_LOGIC_D; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: sigval = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
   default: sigval = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
 mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid, sigval, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
}
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                   *param,
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
            = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 inst->drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid );
           = mti_CreateProcess( "sigDriver", driveSignal, inst );
```

```
mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid, procid );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
# Time [0,0] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
\# Time [0,5] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,10] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'Z'
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is 'W'
# Time [0,20] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'L'
\# Time [0,25] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'H'
\# Time [0,30] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '-'
\# Time [0,35] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'U'
# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'X'
\# Time [0,45] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
```

```
# Time [0,50] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is '1'
VSIM 2> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_CreateProcessWithPriority()

Creates a new VHDL process with a specific priority.

Syntax

process_id = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority(name, func, param, priority)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description		
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to the new VHDL process or NULL if there is an error		

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
name	char *	The name of the new VHDL process; OPTIONAL - can be NULL
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to the function that will be executed as the body of the new process
param	void *	A parameter to be passed to the function; OPTIONAL - can be NULL
priority	mtiProcessPriorityT	The priority of the new process: immediate, normal, synch, NBA, or postponed

Description

mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() creates a new VHDL process with the specified name and priority. If the name is non-NULL, then it appears in the simulator's Process window; otherwise, it does not. The specified function is called along with its parameter whenever the process executes. The process executes either at the time specified in a call to mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606) or whenever one of the signals to which it is sensitive changes (mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)).

The	priority	of the	process	can be	one	of the	followin	g:

MEN DOOG DOGEDIATE	
MTI_PROC_IMMEDIATE	All immediate processes run immediately after signal activation (if triggered). If any immediate process activates any signals, then the signals are reevaluated and all immediate processes (if triggered) are run again in the same delta. This cycle continues until no more signals are activated.
MTI_PROC_NORMAL	Normal processes run (when triggered) after all immediate processes have run and settled. They can run once per delta and can schedule events in zero delay.
MTI_PROC_SYNCH	Synchronized processes (when triggered) run after immediate and normal processes, but before NBA processes. They can run once per delta and can schedule events in zero delay.
MTI_PROC_NBA	Non-Blocking Assignment processes (when triggered) run after synchronized processes, but before postponed processes. They can run once per delta and can schedule events in zero delay.
MTI_PROC_POSTPONED	Postponed processes (when triggered) run once at the end of the time step for which they are scheduled after all immediate, normal, synchronized, and NBA processes. They cannot schedule anything in zero delay. (In Verilog, these types of processes are also known as read-only synchronization processes or \$monitor() processes.)

If the process is created during elaboration from inside of a foreign architecture instance, then the process is automatically executed once at time zero. If the process is created either after elaboration is complete or from any other context (such as from an initialization function that executes as a result of the loading of a foreign shared library by the -foreign option to vsim), then the process is not run automatically but must be scheduled or sensitized.

mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() allows you to create a process with an illegal HDL name. This can be useful for integrators who provide shared libraries for use by end customers, as this is an easy way to avoid potential name conflicts with HDL processes. We recommend the following naming style:

<PREFIX_name>

where *PREFIX* is 3 or 4 characters that denote your software (to avoid name conflicts with other integration software) and *name* is the name of the process. Enclosing the entire name in angle brackets makes it an illegal HDL name. For example, <*MTI_foreign_architecture*>.

We strongly recommend that you do not use characters in the name that will cause Tcl parsing problems. This includes spaces, the path separator (normally '/' or '.'), square brackets ([]), and dollar signs (\$). If you must use these characters, then create an escaped name by putting a backslash (\) at both ends of the name.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateProcess() (FLI-123)
mti_Desensitize() (FLI-160)
mti_GetProcessName() (FLI-315)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606)
mti_ScheduleWakeup64() (FLI-610)
mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct {
 mtiProcessIdT immed_procid[5];
 mtiProcessIdT normal_procid[5];
 mtiProcessIdT synch_procid[5];
 mtiProcessIdT nba_procid[5];
 mtiProcessIdT postponed_procid[5];
 mtiSignalIdT sig02;
} instanceInfoT;
void scheduleProcesses( instanceInfoT * inst, int i, mtiDelayT delay )
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->immed_procid[i],
 delay );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->postponed_procid[i], delay );
/* Main test process */
void testProcess( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst = param;
 mtiInt32T sigval;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nTime [%d,%d] delta %d: testProcess()\n",
                   mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
 scheduleProcesses( inst, 0, 0 );
 /* Test immediate activation of immediate process. */
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sig02 );
 if ( sigval == 0 ) {
   sigval = 1;
 } else {
   sigval = 0;
```

```
mti_SetSignalValue( inst->sig02, (long)sigval );
/* Immediate process sensitive to a signal in zero-delay */
void sigImmedProc( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: sigImmedProc()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
/* Processes scheduled by testProcess() */
void immedProcess1( void * param )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: immedProcess1()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void normalProcess1( instanceInfoT * inst )
  mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: normalProcess1():
                     "Scheduling processes ending in 2\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
 scheduleProcesses( inst, 1, 0 );
void synchProcess1( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: synchProcess1():
                    "Scheduling processes ending in 3\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
 scheduleProcesses( inst, 2, 0 );
void nbaProcess1( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: nbaProcess1():
                     "Scheduling processes ending in 4\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
  scheduleProcesses( inst, 3, 0 );
void postponedProcess1( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: postponedProcess1(): "
                   "Scheduling processes ending in 5\n",
                  mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
  scheduleProcesses( inst, 4, 1 );
/* Processes scheduled by normalProcess1() */
void immedProcess2( void * param )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: immedProcess2()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void normalProcess2( instanceInfoT * inst )
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: normalProcess2()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void synchProcess2( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: synchProcess2()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void nbaProcess2( instanceInfoT * inst )
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted("Time [%d,%d] delta %d: nbaProcess2()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void postponedProcess2( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: postponedProcess2()\n",
                      mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
}
/* Processes scheduled by synchProcess1() */
void immedProcess3( void * param )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: immedProcess3()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
}
void normalProcess3( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: normalProcess3()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void synchProcess3( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: synchProcess3()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void nbaProcess3( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: nbaProcess3()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void postponedProcess3( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
/* Processes scheduled by nbaProcess1() */
void immedProcess4( void * param )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: immedProcess4()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
```

```
}
void normalProcess4( instanceInfoT * inst )
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted("Time [%d,%d] delta %d: normalProcess4()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void synchProcess4( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: synchProcess4()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void nbaProcess4( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: nbaProcess4()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void postponedProcess4( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: postponedProcess4()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
/* Processes scheduled by postponedProcess1() */
void immedProcess5( void * param )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: immedProcess5()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void normalProcess5( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: normalProcess5()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
}
void synchProcess5( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: synchProcess5()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
void nbaProcess5( instanceInfoT * inst )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: nbaProcess5()\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
}
void postponedProcess5( instanceInfoT * inst )
mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: postponedProcess5()\n",
                   mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
}
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
```

```
free( param );
void initForeign(
                 region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                                                                       * /
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
 char
                   *param,
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 * immed_name;
 char
 char
              * normal_name;
              * synch_name;
 char
 char
              * nba_name;
              * postponed_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 int
                i;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiVoidFuncPtrT immed_func;
 mtiVoidFuncPtrT normal_func;
 mtiVoidFuncPtrT synch_func;
 mtiVoidFuncPtrT nba_func;
 mtiVoidFuncPtrT postponed_func;
 inst = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority( "TestProcess", testProcess,
                                        inst, MTI_PROC_IMMEDIATE );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
 inst->sig02 = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s2" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority( "sigImmedProc", sigImmedProc,
                                       inst, MTI_PROC_IMMEDIATE );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sig02, MTI_EVENT );
 for (i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
   switch ( i ) {
     case 0:
       immed_func = immedProcess1;
       normal_func = normalProcess1;
       synch_func = synchProcess1;
nba_func = nbaProcess1;
       postponed_func = postponedProcess1;
       immed_name = "immedProcess1";
       normal_name = "normalProcess1";
       synch_name = "synchProcess1";
nba_name = "nbaProcess1";
       postponed_name = "postponedProcess1";
       break;
     case 1:
                     = immedProcess2;
       immed_func
       normal_func
                      = normalProcess2;
       normal_land = synchification = synchification = nbaProcess2;
                     = synchProcess2;
       postponed_func = postponedProcess2;
       immed_name = "immedProcess2";
       normal_name = "normalProcess2";
       synch_name = "synchProcess2";
```

```
nba_name
                    = "nbaProcess2";
      postponed_name = "postponedProcess2";
      break;
    case 2:
      immed_func = immedProcess3;
      normal_func = normalProcess3;
      synch_func = synchProcess3;
nba_func = nbaProcess3;
      postponed_func = postponedProcess3;
      immed_name = "immedProcess3";
     normal_name = "normalProcess3";
      synch_name = "synchProcess3";
nba_name = "nbaProcess3";
      nba_name
      postponed_name = "postponedProcess3";
      break;
    case 3:
      immed_func
                    = immedProcess4;
      normal_func = normalProcess4;
      synch_func = synchProcess4;
nba_func = nbaProcess4;
     nba func
     postponed_func = postponedProcess4;
      immed_name = "immedProcess4";
     normal_name = "normalProcess4";
     synch_name = "synchProcess4";
nba_name = "nbaProcess4";
      postponed_name = "postponedProcess4";
     break;
    case 4:
      immed func = immedProcess5;
     normal_func = normalProcess5;
      synch_func = synchProcess5;
nba_func = nbaProcess5;
      postponed_func = postponedProcess5;
      immed_name = "immedProcess5";
     = "normalProcess5";
      postponed_name = "postponedProcess5";
      break;
  inst->immed_procid[i] = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority( immed_name,
                                                     immed_func, inst,
                                                     MTI_PROC_IMMEDIATE );
  inst->normal_procid[i] = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority( normal_name,
                                                     normal_func, inst,
                                                     MTI_PROC_NORMAL );
  inst->synch_procid[i] = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority( synch_name,
                                                     synch func, inst,
                                                     MTI_PROC_SYNCH );
  inst->nba_procid[i]
                         = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority( nba_name,
                                                     nba_func, inst,
                                                     MTI_PROC_NBA );
  inst->postponed_procid[i] = mti_CreateProcessWithPriority
  ( postponed_name, postponed_func, inst, MTI_PROC_POSTPONED );
mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
```

```
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 i1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 8
# Time [0,0] delta 0: nbaProcess5()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: synchProcess5()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: normalProcess5()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: immedProcess5()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: nbaProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: synchProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: normalProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: immedProcess4()
```

Scheduling processes ending in 4

Time [0,0] delta 0: nbaProcess3() # Time [0,0] delta 0: synchProcess3() # Time [0,0] delta 0: normalProcess3() # Time [0,0] delta 0: immedProcess3() # Time [0,0] delta 0: nbaProcess2() # Time [0,0] delta 0: synchProcess2() # Time [0,0] delta 0: normalProcess2() # Time [0,0] delta 0: immedProcess2() # Time [0,0] delta 0: nbaProcess1():

```
# Time [0,0] delta 0: synchProcess1():
                                          Scheduling processes ending in 3
# Time [0,0] delta 0: normalProcess1(): Scheduling processes ending in 2
# Time [0,0] delta 0: immedProcess1()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: sigImmedProc()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: testProcess()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: postponedProcess5()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: postponedProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: postponedProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: postponedProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 0: postponedProcess1(): Scheduling processes ending in 5
# Time [0,0] delta 1: sigImmedProc()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: immedProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: immedProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: immedProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: immedProcess1()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: normalProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: normalProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: normalProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 1: normalProcess1():
                                          Scheduling processes ending in 2
# Time [0,0] delta 2: immedProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 2: normalProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 2: synchProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 2: synchProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 2: synchProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 2: synchProcess1():
                                           Scheduling processes ending in 3
# Time [0,0] delta 3: immedProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 3: normalProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 3: synchProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 3: nbaProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 3: nbaProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 3: nbaProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 3: nbaProcess1():
                                           Scheduling processes ending in 4
# Time [0,0] delta 4: immedProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 4: normalProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 4: synchProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 4: nbaProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 4: postponedProcess4()
# Time [0,0] delta 4: postponedProcess3()
# Time [0,0] delta 4: postponedProcess2()
# Time [0,0] delta 4: postponedProcess1(): Scheduling processes ending in 5
# Time [0,1] delta 0: immedProcess5()
# Time [0,1] delta 0: normalProcess5()
# Time [0,1] delta 0: synchProcess5()
# Time [0,1] delta 0: nbaProcess5()
# Time [0,1] delta 0: postponedProcess5()
# Time [0,5] delta 0: testProcess()
# Time [0,5] delta 0: sigImmedProc()
# Time [0,5] delta 1: immedProcess1()
# Time [0,5] delta 1: normalProcess1():
                                           Scheduling processes ending in 2
# Time [0,5] delta 2: immedProcess2()
# Time [0,5] delta 2: normalProcess2()
# Time [0,5] delta 2: synchProcess2()
# Time [0,5] delta 2: synchProcess1():
                                           Scheduling processes ending in 3
# Time [0,5] delta 3: immedProcess3()
# Time [0,5] delta 3: normalProcess3()
# Time [0,5] delta 3: synchProcess3()
# Time [0,5] delta 3: nbaProcess3()
# Time [0,5] delta 3: nbaProcess2()
# Time [0,5] delta 3: nbaProcess1():
                                         Scheduling processes ending in 4
```

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```
# Time [0,5] delta 4: immedProcess4()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: normalProcess4()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: synchProcess4()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: nbaProcess4()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: postponedProcess4()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: postponedProcess3()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: postponedProcess2()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: postponedProcess2()
# Time [0,5] delta 4: postponedProcess2()
# Time [0,6] delta 0: immedProcess5()
# Time [0,6] delta 0: normalProcess5()
# Time [0,6] delta 0: synchProcess5()
# Time [0,6] delta 0: nbaProcess5()
# Time [0,6] delta 0: postponedProcess5()
# Time [0,6] delta 0: postponedProcess5()
```

mti_CreateRealType()

Creates a real type.

Syntax

```
type_id = mti_CreateRealType()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to the new real type

Arguments

None

Description

mti_CreateRealType() creates a new type ID that describes a VHDL real type.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateArrayType() (FLI-108)
mti_CreateEnumType() (FLI-118)
mti_CreateScalarType() (FLI-146)
mti_CreateTimeType() (FLI-154)
```

Example

```
region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid), sigval );
  sigval = sigval + 1.5;
 mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid, (long)&sigval, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
  char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiTypeIdT      real_type;
            = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 real_type = mti_CreateRealType();
 inst->sigid = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig", region, real_type );
 inst->drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid );
         = mti_CreateProcess( "mySigDriver", driveSignal, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid, procid );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
\# Time [0,0] delta 1: Signal /top/mysig is 0
# Time [0,5] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 1.5
# Time [0,10] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 3
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 4.5
\# Time [0,20] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 6
# Time [0,25] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 7.5
# Time [0,30] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 9
\# Time [0,35] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 10.5
# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 12
\# Time [0,45] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 13.5
# Time [0,50] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 15
VSIM 2> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_CreateRegion()

Creates a new VHDL region.

Syntax

region_id = mti_CreateRegion(parent, name)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the new region or NULL if there is an error

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
parent	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the parent region under which the new region is to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL
name	char *	The name of the new region; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_CreateRegion() creates a new region with the specified name under the specified parent region. The name is converted to lower case unless it is an extended identifier. If the name is NULL, then the region is hidden. If the parent region is NULL, then the new region is not connected to the design hierarchy.

The new region can be created below either a VHDL region or a Verilog region. The new region is of type accForeign and of fulltype accShadow (see acc_vhdl.h).

If a region is created with no name or with no parent, the returned handle to the region must be saved as there is no way to find the region by name or by traversing the design with the region traversal functions.

mti_CreateRegion() allows you to create a region with an illegal HDL name. This can be useful for integrators who provide shared libraries for use by end customers, as this is an easy way to avoid potential name conflicts with HDL regions. We recommend the following naming style:

```
<PREFIX_name>
```

where *PREFIX* is 3 or 4 characters that denote your software (to avoid name conflicts with other integration software) and *name* is the name of the region. Enclosing the entire name in angle brackets makes it an illegal HDL name. For example, *ATI_regiona*.

We strongly recommend that you do not use characters in the name that will cause Tcl parsing problems. This includes spaces, the path separator (normally '/' or '.'), square brackets ([]), and dollar signs (\$). If you must use these characters, then create an escaped name by putting a backslash (\) at both ends of the name.

Related functions

```
mti_FindRegion() (FLI-177)
mti_GetTopRegion() (FLI-399)
```

Example

```
#include <acc_user.h>
#include <acc_vhdl.h>
#include <mti.h>
void printRegionInfo( mtiRegionIdT regid, int indent )
           * regkind;
 char
 mtiRegionIdT subreg;
  switch ( mti_GetRegionKind( regid ) ) {
   case accArchitecture:
     regkind = "Architecture";
     break;
   case accForeign:
     regkind = "Foreign";
     break;
   case accModule:
     regkind = "Module";
     break;
   case accPackage:
      regkind = "Package";
      break;
   default:
     regkind = "Unknown";
     break;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s : %s\n", indent, ' ',
                    mti_GetRegionName( regid ), regkind );
  indent += 2;
  for ( subreg = mti_FirstLowerRegion( regid ); subreg;
       subreg = mti_NextRegion( subreg ) ) {
     printRegionInfo( subreg, indent );
void loadDone( void * param )
 mtiRegionIdT foreign_region = (mtiRegionIdT)param;
 mtiRegionIdT parent;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
  (void) mti_CreateRegion( foreign_region, "reg_under_for_arch_post_elab" );
  parent = mti_HigherRegion( foreign_region );
```

```
(void) mti_CreateRegion( parent, "region_under_parent_post_elab" );
  for (regid = mti_GetTopRegion(); regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid )) {
     printRegionInfo( regid, 1 );
void initForeign(
                  region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                          /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiRegionIdT parent;
 (void) mti_CreateRegion( region, "region_under_foreign_arch" );
 parent = mti_HigherRegion( region );
 (void) mti_CreateRegion( parent, "region_under_parent" );
  (void) mti_CreateRegion( region, 0 ); /* Region with no name */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDone, region );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Region top : Architecture
   Region region_under_parent_post_elab : Foreign
# Region i1 : Architecture
     Region reg_under_for_arch_post_elab : Foreign
     Region region_under_foreign_arch : Foreign
   Region region_under_parent : Foreign
# Region standard : Package
# Region std_logic_1164 : Package
VSIM 1> run 5
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_CreateScalarType()

Creates a scalar type.

Syntax

```
type_id = mti_CreateScalarType( left, right )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to the new scalar type

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
left	mtiInt32T	The left-most value of the new scalar type
right	mtiInt32T	The right-most value of the new scalar type

Description

mti_CreateScalarType() creates a new type ID that describes a VHDL scalar (integer) type whose value range is determined by the specified left and right values.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateArrayType() (FLI-108)
mti_CreateEnumType() (FLI-118)
mti_CreateRealType() (FLI-139)
mti_CreateTimeType() (FLI-154)
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

typedef struct {
  mtiSignalIdT sigid;
```

```
mtiDriverIdT drvid;
} instanceInfoT;
void driveSignal( void * param )
{
             * region_name;
  instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                 sigval;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( inst->sigid ) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %d\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                    region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid), sigval );
  sigval = sigval + 2;
 mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid, sigval, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the */
 char
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model.
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                scalar_type;
          = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 scalar_type = mti_CreateScalarType( 0, 100 );
  inst->sigid = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig", region, scalar_type );
  inst->drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid );
           = mti_CreateProcess( "mySigDriver", driveSignal, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid, procid );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
```

HDL code

```
entity top is
end top;

architecture a of top is
   signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
   s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
\# Time [0,0] delta 1: Signal /top/mysig is 0
\# Time [0,5] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 2
\# Time [0,10] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 4
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 6
# Time [0,20] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 8
\# Time [0,25] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 10
\# Time [0,30] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 12
# Time [0,35] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 14
# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 16
# Time [0,45] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 18
# Time [0,50] delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is 20
VSIM 2> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_CreateSignal()

Creates a new VHDL signal.

Syntax

```
signal_id = mti_CreateSignal( name, region, type )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to the new VHDL signal or NULL if there is an error

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
name	char *	The name of the new VHDL signal; OPTIONAL - can be NULL
region	mtiRegionIdT	The design region into which the new signal is to be placed
type	mtiTypeIdT	The type of the new signal

Description

mti_CreateSignal() creates a new VHDL signal of the specified type in the specified region. If the name is not NULL, then the signal will appear in the simulator's Signals window.

All signal names that do not start and end with a \" are converted to lower case. Signal names starting and ending with \" are treated as VHDL extended identifiers and are used unchanged.

mti_CreateSignal() allows you to create a signal with an illegal HDL name. This can be useful for integrators who provide shared libraries for use by end customers, as this is an easy way to avoid potential name conflicts with HDL signals. We recommend the following naming style:

```
<PREFIX_name>
```

where *PREFIX* is 3 or 4 characters that denote your software (to avoid name conflicts with other integration software) and *name* is the name of the signal. Enclosing the entire name in angle brackets makes it an illegal HDL name. For example, *<MTI_siga>*.

We strongly recommend that you do not use characters in the name that will cause Tcl parsing problems. This includes spaces, the path separator (normally '/' or '.'), square brackets ([]), and dollar signs (\$). If you must use these characters, then create an escaped name by putting a backslash (\) at both ends of the name.

Related functions

```
mti_FindSignal() (FLI-182)
mti_GetSignalName() (FLI-363)
mti_GetSignalRegion() (FLI-372)
mti_GetSignalType() (FLI-381)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
 STD LOGIC X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} mySigType;
char *std_logic_lits[9] =
{ "'U'", "'X'", "'O'", "'1'", "'Z'", "'W'", "'L'", "'H'", "'-'" };
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid1;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid2;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid3;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid1;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid2;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid3;
} instanceInfoT;
/\,{}^\star This function inverts mySig1 every 5 ns. ^\star/
void driveSignal1( void * param )
          * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T sigval;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid1 );
 switch ( sigval ) {
  case STD_LOGIC_U:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, STD_LOGIC_0, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
   case STD_LOGIC_0:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, STD_LOGIC_1, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
   case STD LOGIC 1:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, STD_LOGIC_0, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   case STD_LOGIC_X:
```

```
region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid1 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
  default:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                       "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%s\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       sigval, region_name,
                       mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid1 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
/* This function inverts mySig2 every 10 ns. */
void driveSignal2( void * param )
  char
               * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                sigval;
  sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid2 );
 switch ( sigval ) {
  case STD LOGIC U:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, STD_LOGIC_0, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
  case STD_LOGIC_0:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, STD_LOGIC_1, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
  case STD_LOGIC_1:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, STD_LOGIC_0, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
  case STD LOGIC X:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid2));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                      mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid2 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
  default:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid2));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                       "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%s\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       sigval, region_name,
                       mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid2 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
/* This function drives mySig3 with the values of mySig1 and mySig2. */
void driveSignal3( void * param )
  instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T sigval1;
```

```
mtiInt32T
               sigval2;
 sigval1 = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid1 );
 sigval2 = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid2 );
 if ( sigval1 == sigval2 ) {
     mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid3, sigval1, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
     mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid3, STD_LOGIC_X, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param, /* The last part of the string in the
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                enum type;
         = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 enum_type = mti_CreateEnumType( 1, 9, std_logic_lits );
 inst->sigid1 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig1", region, enum_type );
 inst->drvid1 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid1 );
            = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig1Driver", driveSignal1, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid1, procid );
 inst->sigid2 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig2", region, enum_type );
 inst->drvid2 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid2 );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig2Driver", driveSignal2, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid2, procid );
 inst->sigid3 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig3", region, enum_type );
 inst->drvid3 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid3 );
            = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig3Driver", driveSignal3, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_EVENT );
 mti ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid3, procid );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
```

HDL code

```
entity top is
end top;

architecture a of top is
   signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
   s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 0
VSIM 2> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 0 0 0
VSIM 3> run 5
VSIM 4> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 1 0 X
VSIM 5> run 5
VSIM 6> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 0 1 X
VSIM 7> run 5
VSIM 8> examine mySig1 mySig2 mySig3
# 1 1 1
VSIM 9> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_CreateTimeType()

Creates a time type.

Syntax

```
type_id = mti_CreateTimeType()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to the new time type

Arguments

None

Description

mti_CreateTimeType() creates a new type ID that describes a VHDL time type.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateArrayType() (FLI-108)
mti_CreateEnumType() (FLI-118)
mti_CreateRealType() (FLI-139)
mti_CreateScalarType() (FLI-146)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct {
   mtiSignalIdT sigid;
   mtiDriverIdT drvid;
   mtiTime64T sigval;
   mtiTypeIdT time_type;
} instanceInfoT;
void driveSignal( void * param )
   char
                 * region_name;
          * curr_time_str;
   instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
   mtiTime64T
                  curr_time;
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( inst->sigid ) );
```

```
curr_time_str = mti_Image( mti_NowIndirect(&curr_time), inst->time_type );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time %s delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                     curr_time_str, mti_Delta(),
                     region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid),
                     mti_SignalImage(inst->sigid) );
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN( inst->sigval, MTI_TIME64_HI32(inst->sigval),
                  MTI_TIME64_LO32(inst->sigval) + 1 );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid, (long)&(inst->sigval), 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void initForeign(
                     region, /* The ID of the region in which this
   mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                                                                        */
   char
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
                                                                        * /
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
   instanceInfoT * inst;
   mtiProcessIdT procid;
                 = (instanceInfoT *)mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
   inst->time_type = mti_CreateTimeType();
   = mti_CreateProcess( "mySigDriver", driveSignal, inst );
   procid
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid, procid );
   mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
}
HDL code
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
\# Time {0 ns} delta 1: Signal /top/mysig is {0 ns}
# Time {5 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {1 ns}
# Time {10 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {2 ns}
# Time {15 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {3 ns}
# Time {20 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {4 ns}
\# Time {25 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {5 ns}
# Time {30 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {6 ns}
# Time {35 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {7 ns}
# Time {40 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {8 ns}
\# Time {45 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {9 ns}
# Time {50 ns} delta 0: Signal /top/mysig is {10 ns}
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_Delta()

Gets the simulator iteration count for the current time step.

Syntax

```
delta = mti_Delta()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
delta	mtiUInt32T	The simulator iteration count for the current time step

Arguments

None

Description

mti_Delta() returns the simulator iteration count for the current time step.

Related functions

```
mti_Now() (FLI-501)
mti_NowIndirect() (FLI-505)
mti_NowUpper() (FLI-510)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

typedef enum {
   STD_LOGIC_U,
   STD_LOGIC_X,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_E,
   STD_LOGIC_E,
   STD_LOGIC_W,
   STD_LOGIC_H,
   STD_LOGIC_B)
} standardLogicType;

char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
{
   char * retval;
}
```

```
switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
void monitorSignal( void * param )
            * region_name;
 char
 mtiSignalIdT sigid = (mtiSignalIdT)param;
 mtiInt32T
               siqval;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                    region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ),
                    convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                  region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "sigMonitor", monitorSignal, sigid );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
```

```
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 p1 : process
 begin
   s1 <= '1';
   wait for 5 ns;
   s1 <= '0';
   wait for 0 ns;
   s1 <= '1';
   wait for 0 ns;
   s1 <= '0';
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
```

```
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
# Time [0,0] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
\# Time [0,0] delta 1: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,5] delta 1: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,5] delta 2: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,5] delta 3: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,10] delta 1: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,15] delta 1: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,15] delta 2: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,15] delta 3: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,20] delta 1: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_Desensitize()

Desensitizes a VHDL process to the VHDL signals to which it is sensitive.

Syntax

```
mti_Desensitize( proc )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
proc	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a VHDL process

Description

mti_Desensitize() disconnects a process from the signals to which it is sensitive. The process can then be re-sensitized (mti_Sensitize()) or scheduled (mti_ScheduleWakeup()).

Related functions

```
mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606)
mti_ScheduleWakeup64() (FLI-610)
mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
} instanceInfoT;
```

```
char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
 char * retval;
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
}
void monitorSignal( void * param )
              * region_name;
 char
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
                sigval;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( inst->sigid ) );
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                   mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                   region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid ),
                   convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
 if ( mti_Now() >= 20 ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " Desensitizing process %s\n",
                       mti_GetProcessName( inst->procid ) );
     mti_Desensitize( inst->procid );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the */
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
             = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "sigMonitor", monitorSignal,inst );
 mti_Sensitize( inst->procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
```

```
mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 p1 : process
 begin
   s1 <= '1';
   wait for 5 ns;
   s1 <= '0';
   wait for 0 ns;
   s1 <= '1';
   wait for 0 ns;
   s1 <= '0';
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 30
```

```
# Time [0,0] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is '0'
# Time [0,0] delta 1: Signal /top/sl is '1'
# Time [0,5] delta 1: Signal /top/sl is '0'
# Time [0,5] delta 2: Signal /top/sl is '1'
# Time [0,5] delta 3: Signal /top/sl is '0'
# Time [0,10] delta 1: Signal /top/sl is '1'
# Time [0,15] delta 1: Signal /top/sl is '0'
# Time [0,15] delta 2: Signal /top/sl is '0'
# Time [0,15] delta 2: Signal /top/sl is '1'
# Time [0,15] delta 3: Signal /top/sl is '1'
# Time [0,20] delta 1: Signal /top/sl is '0'
# Time [0,20] delta 1: Signal /top/sl is '1'
# Desensitizing process sigMonitor
VSIM 2> run 10
VSIM 3> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_FatalError()

Requests the simulator to halt with a fatal error.

Syntax

```
mti_FatalError()
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

None

Description

mti_FatalError() causes the simulator to immediately halt the simulation and issue an assertion message with the text "** Fatal: Foreign module requested halt". A call to mti_FatalError() does not return control to the caller. The simulation cannot be continued after being halted with mti_FatalError().

Related functions

```
mti_Break() (FLI-99)
mti_Quit() (FLI-520)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
                 /* 'U' */
/* 'X' */
 STD_LOGIC_U,
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
                  /* '0' */
                  /* '1' */
 STD_LOGIC_1,
                  /* 'Z' */
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
                  /* 'L' */
 STD_LOGIC_L,
                  /* 'H' */
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicT;
void monitorSignal( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid = (mtiSignalIdT)param;
  switch ( mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_X:
   case STD_LOGIC_W:
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s is UNKNOWN\n",
                           mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
```

```
mti_FatalError();
       break;
   default:
       break;
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalMonitor", monitorSignal, sigid );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
begin
 p1 : process
 begin
   c1 : case s1 is
     when 'U' => s1 <= 'X' after 5 ns;
     when 'X' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow '0' after 5 ns;
     when '0' => s1 <= '1' after 5 ns;
     when '1' => s1 <= 'Z' after 5 ns;
     when 'Z' => s1 <= 'W' after 5 ns;
     when 'W' => s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
     when 'L' \Rightarrow s1 <= 'H' after 5 ns;
     when 'H' => s1 <= '-' after 5 ns;
     when '-' => s1 <= 'U' after 5 ns;
   end case c1;
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
```

mti_GetSignalName(sigid));

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal s1 is UNKNOWN
# ** Fatal: Foreign module requested halt.
# Time: 15 ns Iteration: 0 Foreign Process: /top/SignalMonitor File: Foreign
# Fatal error at line 0
VSIM 2> cont
# Cannot continue because of fatal error.
VSIM 3> quit
```

mti_FindDriver()

Determines if a VHDL signal has any drivers on it.

Syntax

driver_id = mti_FindDriver(signal_id)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
driver_id	mtiDriverIdT	A handle to a driver of the specified signal or NULL if there is an error, if no drivers are found for a scalar signal, or if any element of an array signal does not have a driver

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to the VHDL signal

Description

mti_FindDriver() returns a handle to a driver of the specified signal. If no drivers are found for a scalar signal or if any element of an array signal does not have a driver, then NULL is returned. The returned handle can be freed with mti_Free() (FLI-219). The driver remains in effect even if the handle is freed.

mti_FindDriver() essentially returns the first driver in the signal's driver list. You cannot tell which driver it is, so we don't recommend that you use this driver to drive values from an FLI application. Use mti_FindDriver() simply to determine whether a signal has any drivers.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateDriver() (FLI-113)
mti_GetDriverNames() (FLI-253)
mti_GetDriverSubelements() (FLI-258)
mti_GetDriverValues() (FLI-262)
mti_SignalIsResolved() (FLI-639)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiDriverIdT drvid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 drvid = mti_FindDriver( sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Driver %sfound for /top/sl\n", drvid ? "" : "not " );
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s2" );
 drvid = mti_FindDriver( sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Driver %sfound for /top/s2\n", drvid ? "" : "not " );
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s3" );
  drvid = mti_FindDriver( sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Driver %sfound for /top/s3\n", drvid ? "" : "not " );
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s4" );
 drvid = mti_FindDriver( sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Driver %sfound for /top/s4\n", drvid ? "" : "not " );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                   region,
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                                                                         * /
  char
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
 signal s2 : std_logic := '0';
  signal s3 : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "0110";
  signal s4 : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "1010";
begin
  s4 <= not s4 after 5 ns;
 p1 : process
 begin
```

```
c1 : case s1 is
   when 'U' => s1 <= 'X' after 5 ns;
   when 'X' => s1 <= '0' after 5 ns;
   when '0' => s1 <= '1' after 5 ns;
   when '1' => s1 <= '2' after 5 ns;
   when 'Z' => s1 <= 'W' after 5 ns;
   when 'W' => s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
   when 'L' => s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
   when 'H' => s1 <= 'H' after 5 ns;
   when 'H' => s1 <= '-' after 5 ns;
   when '-' => s1 <= 'U' after 5 ns;
   end case c1;
   s3(3) <= not s3(3) after 5 ns;
   wait for 5 ns;
   end process;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b

# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Driver found for /top/s1
# Driver not found for /top/s2
# Driver not found for /top/s3
# Driver found for /top/s4
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_FindPort()

Finds a VHDL or SystemC port signal in a port interface list.

Syntax

```
signal_id = mti_FindPort( list, name )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL or SystemC port signal or NULL if the signal is not found

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
list	mtiInterfaceListT *	A pointer to a list of interface objects
name	char *	The name of the signal to be found in the list

Description

mti_FindPort() searches linearly through the specified interface list and returns a handle to the VHDL or SystemC port signal whose name matches the specified name. The search is not case-sensitive.

Related functions

```
mti_FindSignal() (FLI-182)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct {
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT bitsig;
 mtiSignalIdT intsig;
 mtiSignalIdT realsig;
} instanceInfoT;
void checkValues( void * param )
                 real_val;
  instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d:\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta() );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " %s = %d\n",
                    mti_GetSignalName( inst->bitsig ),
                    mti_GetSignalValue( inst->bitsig ) );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " %s = %d\n",
                    mti_GetSignalName( inst->intsig ),
                    mti_GetSignalValue( inst->intsig ) );
  (void) mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( inst->realsig, &real_val );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " %s = %g\n",
                    mti_GetSignalName( inst->realsig ), real_val );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 5 );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                    *param,
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instanceInfoT * inst;
              = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst->intsig = mti_FindPort( ports, "PORT2" );
  inst->bitsig = mti_FindPort( ports, "p1" );
  inst->realsig = mti_FindPort( ports, "rPort" );
  inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "ValueChecker", checkValues, inst );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity for_model is
 port (pl : bit;
        port2 : integer;
        rport : real
      );
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : integer := 42;
  signal s3 : real := 1.57;
 component for_model is
   port ( pl : bit;
          port2 : integer;
          rport : real
        );
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model
      port map ( s1, s2, s3 );
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s2 <= s2 + 1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= s3 + 1.5 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,0] delta 0:
\# s1 = 0
\# s2 = 42
# s3 = 1.57
# Time [0,5] delta 0:
   s1 = 1
   s2 = 43
  s3 = 3.07
# Time [0,10] delta 0:
# s1 = 0
# s2 = 44
  s3 = 4.57
# Time [0,15] delta 0:
  s1 = 1
# s2 = 45
   s3 = 6.07
VSIM 2> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

Note: mti_GetSignalName() returns the name of the top-level signal connected to each port because of standard simulator optimization that collapses hierarchical port connections wherever possible.

mti_FindProjectEntry()

Gets the value of an entry in the project (.ini) file.

Syntax

value = mti_FindProjectEntry(section, name, expand)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	char *	The value of the specified entry or NULL if the entry is not found

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
section	char *	The name of the section in the project file in which the entry resides
name	char *	The name of the entry
int	expand	If this parameter is non-zero, then environment variables in the entry are expanded; otherwise they are not

Description

mti_FindProjectEntry() returns the value of the specified entry from the specified section of the project file (*modelsim.ini*). Expansion of environment variables in the entry's value is controlled by the expand parameter. The comparison against the section and name strings is not case-sensitive.

The caller is responsible for freeing the returned pointer with mti_VsimFree() (FLI-667).

Related functions

mti_WriteProjectEntry() (FLI-670)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                 region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                           /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                  *param, /* The last part of the string in the
                            /* foreign attribute.
                                                                    * /
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 char * entry;
 entry = mti_FindProjectEntry( "myconfig", "myentry", 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "[myconfig] myentry = %s\n", entry );
 mti_VsimFree( entry );
 entry = mti_FindProjectEntry( "myconfig", "myentry", 1 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "[myconfig] myentry = %s\n", entry );
 mti_VsimFree( entry );
 entry = mti_FindProjectEntry( "library", "std", 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "[Library] std = %s\n", entry );
 mti_VsimFree( entry );
 entry = mti_FindProjectEntry( "VSIM", "resolution", 1 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "[vsim] Resolution = %s\n", entry );
 mti_VsimFree( entry );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
```

end a;

Project file

```
[Library]
std = $MODEL_TECH/../std
ieee = $MODEL_TECH/../ieee
verilog = $MODEL_TECH/../verilog
std_developerskit = $MODEL_TECH/../std_developerskit
synopsys = $MODEL_TECH/../synopsys
work = work
[myconfig]
myentry = $MODEL_TECH/xyz
[vcom]
; Turn on VHDL-1993 as the default. Normally is off (VHDL-1987).
; VHDL93 = 1
; Turn on resolving of ambiguous function overloading in favor of the
; "explicit" function declaration (not the one automatically created by
; the compiler for each type declaration). Default is off.
; .ini file has Explict enable so that std_logic_signed/unsigned
; will match synthesis tools behavior.
Explicit = 1
[vlog]
; Turn on converting regular Verilog identifiers to uppercase. Allows case
; insensitivity for module names. Default is no conversion.
; UpCase = 1
; Turns on incremental compilation of modules
; Incremental = 1
[vsim]
; Simulator resolution
; Set to fs, ps, ns, us, ms, or sec with optional prefix of 1, 10, or 100.
Resolution = ns
; User time unit for run commands
; Set to default, fs, ps, ns, us, ms, or sec. The default is to use the
; unit specified for Resolution. For example, if Resolution is 100ps,
; then UserTimeUnit defaults to ps.
UserTimeUnit = default
; Default run length
RunLength = 100
; Maximum iterations that can be run without advancing simulation time
IterationLimit = 5000
; Stop the simulator after an assertion \ensuremath{\mathsf{message}}
; 0 = Note 1 = Warning 2 = Error 3 = Failure 4 = Fatal
BreakOnAssertion = 3
; Default radix for all windows and commands...
; Set to symbolic, ascii, binary, octal, decimal, hex, unsigned
DefaultRadix = symbolic
```

```
; VSIM Startup command
; Startup = do startup.do
; File for saving command transcript
TranscriptFile = transcript
; Specify whether paths in simulator commands should be described
; in VHDL or Verilog format. For VHDL, PathSeparator = /
; for Verilog, PathSeparator = .
PathSeparator = /
; Specify the dataset separator for fully rooted contexts.
; The default is ':'. For example, sim:/top
; Must not be the same character as PathSeparator.
DatasetSeparator = :
; Control VHDL files opened for write
; 0 = Buffered, 1 = Unbuffered
UnbufferedOutput = 0
; Control number of VHDL files open concurrently
; This number should always be less then the
; current ulimit setting for max file descriptors
   0 = unlimited
ConcurrentFileLimit = 40
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
```

Loading work.for_model(a)
Loading ./for_model.sl

[vsim] Resolution = ns

VSIM 1> run 5 VSIM 2> quit

[myconfig] myentry = \$MODEL_TECH/xyz

[Library] std = \$MODEL_TECH/../std

[myconfig] myentry = .../modeltech/sunos5/xyz

mti_FindRegion()

Finds a region by name.

Syntax

region_id = mti_FindRegion(name)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the region or NULL if the region is not found

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
name	char *	The name of the region to be found

Description

mti_FindRegion() returns a handle to the specified region. The region name can be either a full hierarchical name or a relative name. A relative name is relative to the current region set by the simulator's environment command. The default current region is the foreign architecture region during elaboration and the top-level region after elaboration is complete.

mti_FindRegion() can be used to obtain a handle to either VHDL, Verilog or SystemC region. A handle to a Verilog region can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about or access objects in the Verilog region.

During elaboration, design units that have not yet been instantiated will not be found by mti_FindRegion().

Related functions

mti_FirstLowerRegion() (FLI-191)
mti_GetCallingRegion() (FLI-240)
mti_GetCurrentRegion() (FLI-248)
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)
mti_GetTopRegion() (FLI-399)
mti_HigherRegion() (FLI-459)
mti_NextRegion() (FLI-489)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 char *
            region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "top" );
 if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "inst1" );
 if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 /* The il region is not found here because it is not a subregion
 * of /top, which is the current context.
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "i1" );
 if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "inst1/flip" );
 if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "/top/inst1/toggle" );
 if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti\_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
```

```
char *
              region_name;
  mtiRegionIdT regid;
  mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
  regid = mti_FindRegion( "top" );
  if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "inst1" );
  if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
  regid = mti_FindRegion( "i1" );
  if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "flip" );
  if (regid) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 /* The toggle instance is not found here because it has not
  {}^{\star} yet been instantiated.
 regid = mti_FindRegion( "/top/inst1/toggle" );
 if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Found region %s\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
```

```
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
    port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Found region /top
# Found region /top/inst1
# Found region /top/inst1/i1
# Found region /top/inst1/flip
# Load Done phase:
# Found region /top
# Found region /top/inst1
# Found region /top/inst1/flip
# Found region /top/inst1/toggle
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_FindSignal()

Finds a VHDL or SystemC signal by name.

Syntax

signal_id = mti_FindSignal(name)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to the VHDL or SystemC signal or NULL if the signal is not found

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
name	char *	The name of a VHDL or SystemC signal

Description

mti_FindSignal() returns a handle to the specified VHDL or SystemC signal. The signal name can be either a full hierarchical name or a relative name. A relative name is relative to the current region set by the simulator's environment command. The default current region is the foreign architecture region during elaboration and the top-level region after elaboration is complete.

The name of a package signal must include the name of the package.

During elaboration, signals in design units that have not yet been instantiated will not be found by mti_FindSignal().

If the specified name is for a subelement of an input port that has been collapsed due to optimizations, the handle that is returned is a handle to the subelement of the actual signal connected to that port.

mti_FindSignal() cannot be used to find slices of arrays.

Related functions

mti_FindPort() (FLI-170) mti_FirstSignal() (FLI-199) mti_NextSignal() (FLI-493)

Example

```
#include "mti.h"
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
   char *
                region_name;
   mtiSignalIdT sigid;
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "s1" );
   if ( sigid ) \{
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                          region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   }
    /* Signal pl is not found here because the current context when
    * elaboration is complete is the top-level design unit and p1
     * exists in the context /top/i1.
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "p1" );
    if ( sigid ) {
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                           region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    }
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/mypkg/packsig" );
   if ( sigid ) {
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                          region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    }
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s2" );
   if ( sigid ) {
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                          region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   }
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s3(0)" );
   if ( sigid ) {
      char * signal_name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
      region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
      mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n", region_name, signal_name );
      mti_VsimFree( region_name );
      mti_VsimFree( signal_name );
   }
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "toggle/a" );
    if ( sigid ) {
        region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                           region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   }
}
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT
                       region,
                                /* The ID of the region in which this
                                 /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                                /* The last part of the string in the
   char
                      *param,
                                /* foreign attribute.
                                                                           * /
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                                /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
   char *
                region_name;
   mtiSignalIdT sigid;
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
    /* Signal s1 is not found here because the current context during
     {}^{\star} elaboration is the context of the foreign architecture and s1
     * exists in the context /top.
    sigid = mti_FindSignal( "s1" );
   if ( sigid ) {
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                           region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    }
    sigid = mti_FindSignal( "p1" );
    if ( sigid ) {
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                           region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
        mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    }
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/mypkg/packsig" );
    if ( sigid ) {
        region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                           region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   }
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s2" );
   if ( sigid ) {
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                           region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    }
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s3(4)" );
    if ( sigid ) {
      char * signal_name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
```

```
region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
      mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n", region_name, signal_name );
      mti_VsimFree( region_name );
      mti_VsimFree( signal_name );
    }
    /* Signal /top/toggle/a is not found because the toggle instance has
    * not yet been elaborated.
   sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/toggle/a" );
    if ( sigid ) {
       region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ) );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found signal %s/%s\n",
                          region_name, mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    }
}
HDL code
package mypkg is
 signal packsig : bit := '0';
end mypkg;
entity for_model is
 port ( pl : in bit );
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
       );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
use work.mypkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit_vector( 7 downto 0 ) := "01101010";
 component for_model is
   port ( pl : in bit );
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
```

```
component inv is
    generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
    port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
  i1 : for_model port map ( s1 );
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
 packsig <= not packsig after 5 ns;</pre>
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.5
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.mypkg
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Found signal /top/i1/p1
```

Found signal /mypkg/packsig
Found signal /top/s2
Found signal /top/s3(4)
Loading work.inv(b)

Found signal /mypkg/packsig

Load Done phase:
Found signal /top/s1

VSIM 1> run 10 VSIM 2> quit

Found signal /top/s2
Found signal /top/s3(0)
Found signal /top/toggle/a

mti_FindVar()

Finds a VHDL variable, generic, or constant by name.

Syntax

```
variable_id = mti_FindVar( name )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to the VHDL variable, generic, or constant or NULL if the object is not found

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
name	char *	The name of a VHDL variable, generic, or constant

Description

mti_FindVar() returns a handle to the specified VHDL variable, generic, or constant. The name can be either a full hierarchical name or a relative name. A relative name is relative to the current region set by the simulator's environment command. The default current region is the top-level region. For objects declared in a process, the name must include the process label.

mti_FindVar() can be called successfully only after elaboration is complete.

mti_FindVar() cannot be used to find slices of arrays.

mti_FindVar() cannot be used to find a process variable when mti_FindVar() is called from a foreign subprogram that is called from the process where the variable is declared.

Related functions

mti_FirstVar() (FLI-203) mti_NextVar() (FLI-497)

Example

```
#include "mti.h"
static void printVarInfo( mtiVariableIdT varid )
    if ( varid ) {
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Found variable %s\n", mti_GetVarName( varid ) );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/TOP/p1/v1" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/p1/const1" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "c1" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/svl" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/TOGGLE/proc1/count" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/toggle/delay" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/toggle/myconst" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/my_pkg/psv1" ) );
void initForeign(
                     region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                                                                          * /
   mtiRegionIdT
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                               /* The last part of the string in the
                     *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
                                                                          * /
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
   {
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/p1/v1" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/p1/const1" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/c1" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/sv1" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/toggle/proc1/count" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/toggle/delay" ) );
   printVarInfo( mti_FindVar( "/top/toggle/myconst" ) );
HDL code
package my_pkg is
 shared variable psv1 : bit := '1';
end my_pkg;
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
```

```
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
       );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
 constant myconst : real := 13.78;
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 proc1 : process
   variable count : integer := 0;
 begin
   count := count + 1;
   wait on a;
 end process;
end b;
use work.my_pkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 constant c1 : integer := 42;
 shared variable sv1 : integer := 0;
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
 p1 : process
   constant const1 : integer := 4;
   variable v1 : integer := 0;
   v1 := v1 + const1;
   sv1 := sv1 + 1;
```

```
psv1 := not psv1;
wait for 5 ns;
end process;

p2 : process
begin
    sv1 := sv1 + 1;
    wait for 3 ns;
end process;

end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.my_pkg
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Load Done phase:
# Found variable v1
# Found variable const1
# Found variable c1
# Found variable sv1
# Found variable count
# Found variable delay
# Found variable myconst
# Found variable psv1
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_FirstLowerRegion()

Gets the first subregion inside of a region.

Syntax

subregion_id = mti_FirstLowerRegion(region_id)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
subregion_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the first subregion inside a region or NULL if there are no subregions

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the region from which the first subregion is to be obtained

Description

mti_FirstLowerRegion() returns a handle to the first subregion of the specified region. mti_NextRegion() (FLI-489) can be used to get the subsequent subregions of the specified region.

mti_FirstLowerRegion() will return a handle to a VHDL, a Verilog, or a SystemC region. Verilog regions include tasks and functions. A handle to a Verilog region can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about or access objects in the Verilog region.

During elaboration, design units that have not yet been instantiated will not be found by mti_FirstLowerRegion().

Related functions

```
mti_FindRegion() (FLI-177)
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)
mti_GetTopRegion() (FLI-399)
mti_HigherRegion() (FLI-459)
mti_NextRegion() (FLI-489)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
  char *
             region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
  indent += 2;
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
     printHierarchy( regid, indent );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
```

```
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
 signal s3 : bit := '0';
 signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
          );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl \,
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1
# Region /top/inst1/i1
   Region /top/inst1/flip
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1
  Region /top/inst1/flip
# Region /top/inst1/i1
# Region /top/inst1/toggle
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_FirstProcess()

Gets the first VHDL process in a region.

Syntax

```
process_id = mti_FirstProcess( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to the first VHDL process in a region or NULL if there are no processes in the region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL region

Description

mti_FirstProcess() returns a handle to the first process in the specified region. mti_NextProcess() can be used to get the subsequent processes in the specified region.

mti_FirstProcess() resets the region used by previous calls to mti_FirstProcess() and mti_NextProcess(); therefore, mti_NextProcess() always uses the region set by the latest call to mti_FirstProcess().

Related functions

mti_NextProcess() (FLI-485)

Example

```
}
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
 char *
            region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 indent += 2;
 printProcesses( region, indent );
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
     printHierarchy( regid, indent );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process
```

```
variable count : integer := 0;
   count := count + 1;
   wait on a;
 end process;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
        );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1
# Region /top/inst1/i1
   Region /top/inst1/flip
    Process pl
Process line__19
#
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1
# Process line__58
#
   Process line__57
   Region /top/inst1/flip
#
   Process pl
Process line__19
#
  Region /top/inst1/i1
  Region /top/inst1/toggle
   Process pl
    Process line__19
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_FirstSignal()

Gets the first VHDL or SystemC signal in a region.

Syntax

```
signal_id = mti_FirstSignal( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to the first VHDL or SystemC signal in a region or NULL if there are no signals in the region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL or SystemC region

Description

mti_FirstSignal() returns a handle to the first VHDL or SystemC signal in the specified region. mti_NextSignal() can be used to get the subsequent VHDL or SystemC signals in the specified region.

mti_FirstSignal() resets the region used by previous calls to mti_FirstSignal() and mti_NextSignal(); therefore, mti_NextSignal() always uses the region set by the latest call to mti_FirstSignal().

Related functions

```
mti_FindPort() (FLI-170)
mti_FindSignal() (FLI-182)
mti_NextSignal() (FLI-493)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printSignals( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
{
  mtiSignalIdT sigid;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( region ); sigid;
```

```
sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
      if ( sigid ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cSignal %s\n", indent, ' ',
                               mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
     }
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
 char *
             region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 indent += 2;
 printSignals( region, indent );
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid: regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
     printHierarchy( regid, indent );
  mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
      );
end inv;
```

```
architecture b of inv is
 signal count : integer := 0;
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process( a )
 begin
   count <= count + 1 after 0 ns;</pre>
 end process;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
    generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
    port ( a : in bit;
         b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1
# Signal s4
  Signal s3
Signal s2
Signal s1
#
#
#
   Region /top/inst1/i1
  Region /top/inst1/flip
   Signal count
   Signal b
    Signal a
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
  Region /top/inst1
   Signal s1
  Signal s2
  Signal s3
# Signal s4
# Region /top/inst1/flip
#
   Signal a
   Signal b
#
    Signal count
  Region /top/inst1/i1
#
   Region /top/inst1/toggle
    Signal a
    Signal b
    Signal count
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_FirstVar()

Gets the first VHDL variable, generic, or constant visible to a process.

Syntax

```
variable_id = mti_FirstVar( process_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to the first VHDL variable, generic, or constant visible to a process or NULL if none of these objects are visible to the process

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a VHDL process

Description

mti_FirstVar() returns a handle to the first VHDL variable, generic, or constant visible to the specified process. mti_NextVar() can be used to get the subsequent VHDL variables, generics, and constants visible to the specified process.

All generics of an entity are visible to every process within the associated architecture.

mti_FirstVar() resets the process used by previous calls to mti_FirstVar() and mti_NextVar(); therefore, mti_NextVar() always uses the process set by the latest call to mti_FirstVar().

Related functions

```
mti_FindVar() (FLI-187)
mti_NextVar() (FLI-497)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printVariables( mtiProcessIdT process, int indent )
{
   mtiVariableIdT varid;
```

```
for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( process ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
   if ( varid ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cVariable %s\n", indent, ' ',
                      mti_GetVarName( varid ) );
void printProcesses( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( region ); procid;
      procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   if ( procid ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cProcess %s\n", indent, ' ',
                        mti_GetProcessName( procid ) );
     printVariables( procid, indent+2 );
 }
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
            region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 indent += 2;
 printProcesses( region, indent );
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
     printHierarchy( regid, indent );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
```

HDL code

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process
   constant increment : integer := 1;
   variable count : integer := 0;
   count := count + increment;
   wait on a;
 end process;
end b;
entity mid is
 generic ( gen1 : string := "Mid" );
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
        );
  end component;
begin
  testproc : process
   constant c1 : string := "mystring";
   variable v1 : bit := '0';
   variable v2 : integer := 42;
   variable v3 : real := 7.82;
 begin
```

```
v1 := not v1;
   v2 := v2 + 2;
   v3 := v3 + 1.5;
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
  generic ( gen1 : string := "Top" );
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Region /top
 Region /top/inst1
   Process testproc
    Variable gen1
    Variable cl
    Variable v1
#
    Variable v2
#
     Variable v3
    Region /top/inst1/i1
#
    Region /top/inst1/flip
    Process pl
#
#
     Variable delay
     Variable increment
     Variable count
#
   Process line__19
#
     Variable delay
```

```
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1
# Process line__72
# Variable gen1
# Process line__71
#
     Variable gen1
   Process testproc
#
   Variable gen1
Variable c1
#
    Variable v1
   Variable v2
     Variable v3
#
   Region /top/inst1/flip
#
   Process pl
     Variable delay
Variable increment
Variable count
#
#
   Process line__19
     Variable delay
# Region /top/inst1/i1
# Region /top/inst1/toggle
# Process p1
     Variable delay
Variable increment
Variable count
#
    Process line__19
Variable delay
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_ForceSignal()

Forces a value onto a VHDL signal.

Syntax

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
error_code	int	1 if successful; 0 if there is an error

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to the VHDL signal to be forced
value_string	char *	The value to be forced specified as a string in the same format as would be provided to the simulator's force command
delay	mtiDelayT	The time at which the force is to be applied relative to the current time; specified in current simulator resolution units
force_type	mtiForceTypeT	Indicates whether the force is to freeze, drive, deposit, or use the default force type
cancel_period	mtiInt32T	If non-negative, specifies the period after which the force is cancelled; specified in current simulator resolution units
repeat_period	mtiInt32T	If non-negative, specifies the period in which the force is repeated; specified in current simulator resolution units

Description

mti_ForceSignal() forces the specified VHDL signal to the specified value using the specified force type and an optional delay, cancel period, and repeat period. The value must be specified in a string in the same format as would be provided to the simulator's **force** command, and the restrictions on the type of the value are the same as for the **force** command (see *ModelSim Command Reference* for details).

If the delay parameter is non-negative, then the delay specifies the time at which the force is to be applied relative to the current time. If the delay parameter is negative, then the force is applied immediately.

If the cancel_period parameter is non-negative, then the force is cancelled after the specified period. If the cancel_period parameter is negative, then the force is not automatically cancelled.

If the repeat_period parameter is non-negative, then the force is repeated for the specified period. If the repeat_period parameter is negative, then the force is not automatically repeated.

To force records or arrays that are not one-dimensional arrays of character enumerations, use mti_GetSignalSubelements() (FLI-376) to get a handle to each element and force each element individually.

mti_ForceSignal() cannot force a port if the port has values coming into it from a higher level or if the port has a conversion function on it (although in some cases you might be able to force the port using the MTI_FORCE_DRIVE force type with mti_ForceSignal()).

Related functions

```
mti_ReleaseSignal() (FLI-527)
mti_ScheduleDriver() (FLI-595)
mti_ScheduleDriver64() (FLI-601)
mti_SetSignalValue() (FLI-621)
```

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#ifndef WIN32
#include <unistd.h>
#endif
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
 struct signalInfoT_tag * child;
 char
                         * name;
                         * last_value;
 void
 mtiSignalIdT
mtiTypeIdT
                           siqid;
                           typeid;
```

```
typekind;
 mtiTypeKindT
 mtiDirectionT
                      direction;
 char
                      granulate;
} signalInfoT;
} instanceInfoT;
static void forceSignal(
 mtiSignalIdT sigid,
 mtiTypeIdT sigtypeid,
 mtiTypeKindT sigtypekind,
           state
      i;
result = 1;
 int
 int
 mtiSignalIdT *elem_list;
 mtiSignalIdT elem_sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT elem_typeid;
 switch ( sigtypekind ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   switch ( state ) {
    case 0:
    result = mti_ForceSignal(sigid, "42", -1, MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1);
    break;
    case 2:
    result = mti_ForceSignal(sigid, "120", 1, MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1);
     break;
    case 4:
     result = mti_ForceSignal(sigid, "777", -1, MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2);
     break;
    break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   elem_typeid = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtypeid );
   if ( mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) == MTI_TYPE_ENUM ) {
     /* NOTE: ASSUMING ARRAY OF LENGTH 4 ! */
    if ( mti_TickLength( elem_typeid ) == 9 ) { /* ASSUME std_logic */
     switch ( state ) {
      case 0:
      result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "ZW1H", -1,
                            MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
      break;
      result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "LLLL", 1,
                           MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
      break;
      case 4:
       result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "1-1-", -1,
                           MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
       break;
    } else { /* ASSUME bit */
     switch ( state ) {
      case 0:
      result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0011", -1,
```

```
MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
    break;
   case 2:
    result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "1000", 1,
                            MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
    break;
    case 4:
    result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0010", -1,
                            MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
    break;
  }
  }
 } else {
 elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
 for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtypeid ); i++ ) {</pre>
  elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
   elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
  forceSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
              mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ), state );
  mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
 for ( i = 0; i < mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtypeid ); i++ ) {</pre>
 elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
 elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
 forceSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
             mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ), state );
 mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
if ( mti_TickLength( sigtypeid ) == 9 ) {    /* ASSUME std_logic */
  switch ( state ) {
  case 0:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "'W'", -1,
                             MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
   break;
  case 2:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "'0'", 1,
                            MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
   break;
   case 4:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "'H'", -1,
                             MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
   break;
  }
 } else {
  switch ( state ) { /* ASSUME bit */
  case 0:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0", -1,
                             MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
   break;
   case 2:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "1", 1,
                             MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
   break;
  case 4:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0", -1,
```

```
MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
       break;
    }
   break;
   default:
   break;
  if (! result ) {
  fprintf( stderr, "Error in signal force.\n" );
  }
}
static void releaseSignal(
 mtiSignalIdT sigid,
 mtiTypeIdT sigtypeid,
 mtiTypeKindT sigtypekind
 int
               i;
 mtiSignalIdT *elem_list;
 mtiSignalIdT elem_sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT elem_typeid;
  switch ( sigtypekind ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
   if ( ! mti_ReleaseSignal( sigid ) ) {
    fprintf( stderr, "Error in signal release.\n" );
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   elem_typeid = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtypeid );
    if ( mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) == MTI_TYPE_ENUM ) {
    if ( ! mti_ReleaseSignal( sigid ) ) {
     fprintf( stderr, "Error in signal release.\n" );
     }
    } else {
    elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
    for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtypeid ); i++ ) {</pre>
     elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
     elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
     releaseSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
                    mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) );
    mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
   for ( i = 0; i < mti\_GetNumRecordElements( sigtypeid ); <math>i++ ) {
    elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
    elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
    releaseSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
                   mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) );
   mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
   break;
   default:
   break;
```

```
}
static void testForce( void *inst_info )
  instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
  signalInfoT *siginfo;
  switch ( inst_data->state ) {
  case 0:
  case 2:
  case 4:
   for (siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next) {
    forceSignal( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid,
                siginfo->typekind, inst_data->state );
   break;
  case 1:
  case 3:
  case 5:
   for (siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next) {
    releaseSignal( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid, siginfo->typekind );
   }
   break;
  default:
   break;
 inst_data->state++;
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 10 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name
                     = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->typeid
                     = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( siginfo->typeid );
 siginfo->direction = mti_GetSignalMode( sigid );
 siginfo->last_value = mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, 0 );
 siginfo->child
                      = 0;
 siginfo->next
                      = 0;
  /* For records and arrays of composites, we want to set/drive
  * values at the subelement level. For scalars and arrays of
  * scalars, we want to set/drive values at the top level.
  switch ( siginfo->typekind ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   switch( mti_GetTypeKind(mti_GetArrayElementType(siginfo->typeid)) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
     siginfo->granulate = 1;
     break;
    default:
     siginfo->granulate = 0;
     break;
    }
```

```
break;
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   siginfo->granulate = 1;
   break;
   default:
   siginfo->granulate = 0;
   break;
  if ( siginfo->granulate ) {
   signalInfoT * eleminfo;
   signalInfoT * currinfo;
   int
                  i;
   mtiSignalIdT * subelem;
    subelem = mti_GetSignalSubelements( siginfo->sigid, 0 );
    for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength(siginfo->typeid); i++ ) {
    eleminfo = setupSignal( subelem[i] );
    if ( siginfo->child == 0 ) {
     siginfo->child = eleminfo;
     } else {
     currinfo->next = eleminfo;
     }
    currinfo = eleminfo;
    }
   mti_VsimFree( subelem );
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiRegionIdT region;
mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiSignalIdT
                 sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 inst_data
                     = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  inst_data->state = 0;
 region
                     = mti_GetTopRegion();
  for (sigid = mti_FirstSignal( region ); sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal()) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
  if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
   inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   }
   else {
   curr_info->next = siginfo;
   }
   curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", testForce,
                                     (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 11 );
void initForeign(
```

```
region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                  *param,
                          /* The last part of the string in the
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
package typepkg is
 type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : std_logic;
 end record;
end package typepkg;
-- -- --
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
__ __ __
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use work.typepkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal bitsig1 : bit := '1'
signal intsig1 : integer := 21;
 signal bitsig1
 signal stdlogicsig1 : std_logic := 'H';
                   : bitarray := "0110";
 signal bitarr1
 signal stdlogicarr1 : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "-XOU";
  signal intarr1
                   : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
 signal rec1 : rectype := ( '0', 1, 'X' );
```

```
component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 bitsiq1
              <= not bitsig1 after 5 ns;
  intsig1
             <= intsig1 + 1 after 5 ns;
  stdlogicsig1 <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'H' else
                 'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = '-' else
                  'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'U' else
                  '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'X' else
                  '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = '0' else
                  'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = '1' else
                  'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'Z' else
                  'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'W' else
                  'H' after 5 ns;
bitarr1
                 <= not bitarr1 after 5 ns;
                 <= intarr1(1) + 1 after 5 ns;
intarr1(1)
intarr1(2)
                 <= intarr1(2) + 1 after 5 ns;
intarr1(3)
                 <= intarr1(3) + 1 after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(1) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'H' else
                  'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = '-' else
                  'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'U' else
                  '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'X' else
                  '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = '0' else
                  'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = '1' else
                  'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'Z' else
                  'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'W' else
                  'H' after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(2) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'H' else
                  'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = '-' else
                  'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'U' else
                  '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'X' else
                  '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = '0' else
                  'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = '1' else
                  'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'Z' else
                  'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'W' else
                  'H' after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(3) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'H' else
                  'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = '-' else
                  'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'U' else
                  '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'X' else
                  '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = '0' else
                  'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = '1' else
                  'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'Z' else
                  'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'W' else
                  'H' after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(4) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'H' else
                  'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = '-' else
                  'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'U' else
                  '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'X' else
```

```
'1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = '0' else
                 'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = '1' else
                 'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'Z' else
                 'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'W' else
                 'H' after 5 ns;
recl.a <= not recl.a after 5 ns;
rec1.b <= rec1.b + 1 after 5 ns;
recl.c <= '-' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'H' else
         'U' after 5 ns when recl.c = '-' else
         'X' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'U' else
         '0' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'X' else
         '1' after 5 ns when recl.c = '0' else
          'Z' after 5 ns when rec1.c = '1' else
          'W' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'Z' else
          'L' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'W' else
         'H' after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.typepkg
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> add list -w 1 /top/bitsig1
VSIM 2> add list -w 3 /top/intsig1
VSIM 3> add list -w 1 /top/stdlogicsig1
VSIM 4> add list -w 4 /top/bitarr1
VSIM 5> add list -w 4 /top/stdlogicarr1
VSIM 6> add list -w 15 /top/intarr1
VSIM 7> add list -w 10 /top/rec1
VSIM 8> run 70
VSIM 9> write list list.out
VSIM 10> quit -f
% cat list.out
ns /top/bitsig1
                                        /top/intarr1 /top/rec1
 delta
           /top/intsig1
          /top/stdlogicsigl
                   /top/bitarr1
                   /top/stdlogicarrl
                   1 21 H 0110 -X0U
                                        {10 11 12}
                                                      {0 1 x}
 0 +0
                   0 22 - 1001 U01X
                                                      {1 2 0}
 5 +0
                                          {11 12 13}
 10 +0
                    1 23 U 0110 X1Z0
                                          {12 13 14}
                                                        {0 3 1}
11 +0
                   0 42 W 0011 ZW1H
                                          {42 42 42}
                                                       {0 42 W}
21 +1
                   1 43 L 1100 WLZ-
                                          {43 43 43} {1 43 L}
26 +0
                  0 44 H 0011 LHWU
                                        {44 44 44} {0 44 H}
31 +0
                  1 45 - 1100 H-LX
                                         {45 45 45} {1 45 -}
32 +0
                  1 120 0 1000 LLLL {120 120 120} {1 120 0}
38 +1
                  0 121 1 0111 HHHH {121 121 121} {0 121 1}
43 +0
                  1 122 Z 1000 ---- {122 122 122} {1 122 Z}
 48 +0
                                       {123 123 123} {0 123 W}
```

0 123 W 0111 UUUU

FLI-218 FLI function definitions

51 53	+0	0	777	Н	0010	1-1-	(777	777	777)	{0 777 H} {0 777 H}
56	+0	0	778	-	1101	ZUZU	{778	778	778}	{0 778 -}
57	+0	0	777	Η	0010	1-1-	{777	777	777}	{O 777 H}
58	+0	1	777	Η	0010	1-1-	{777	777	777}	{1 777 H}
59	+0	0	777	Η	0010	1-1-	{777	777	777}	{O 777 H}
61	+1	1	778	-	1101	ZUZU	{778	778	778}	{1 778 -}
66	+0	0	779	U	0010	WXWX	{779	779	779}	{0 779 U}

mti_Free()

Frees simulator-managed memory.

Syntax

```
mti_Free( pointer )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
pointer	void *	A pointer to some memory previously allocated by mti_Malloc()

Description

mti_Free() returns the specified block of memory allocated by mti_Malloc() to the vsim memory allocator. mti_Free() cannot be used for memory allocated by direct calls to malloc().

Related functions

```
mti_Malloc() (FLI-482)
mti_Realloc() (FLI-523)
mti_VsimFree() (FLI-667)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

typedef enum {
   STD_LOGIC_U,
   STD_LOGIC_X,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_L,
   STD_LOGIC_E,
   STD_LOGIC_W,
   STD_LOGIC_H,
   STD_LOGIC_H,
   STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;

typedef struct {
   mtiSignalIdT sigid;
```

```
mtiProcessIdT procid;
} instanceInfoT;
char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
 char * retval;
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
void watchSignal( void * param )
             * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                sigval;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid) );
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                   mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                   region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid ),
                   convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 if ( mti_Now() >= 30 ) {
  mti_PrintMessage( "Turning off signal watcher.\n" );
   mti_Free( inst );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 5 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                           /* The ID of the region in which this
                   region,
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the */
 char
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
             = (instanceInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "sigWatcher", watchSignal, inst );
```

HDL code

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  i1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
\# Time [0,0] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,5] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
```

Time [0,10] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
Time [0,20] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
Time [0,25] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
Time [0,30] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'

Turning off signal watcher.

VSIM 2> quit

mti_GetArrayElementType()

Gets the type of an array type's subelements.

Syntax

```
elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( array_type )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
elem_type	mtiTypeIdT	The type ID for the subelements of the array

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
array_type	mtiTypeIdT	A type ID for a VHDL array type

Description

mti_GetArrayElementType() returns a handle to the type ID for the subelements of the specified array type. If the array_type parameter is not a handle to an array type, then NULL is returned.

Related functions

mti_GetTypeKind() (FLI-404)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
{
  char * typestr;

switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR: typestr = "Scalar"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY: typestr = "Array"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_RECORD: typestr = "Record"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ENUM: typestr = "Enum"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL: typestr = "Physical"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_REAL: typestr = "Real"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ACCESS: typestr = "Access"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_FILE: typestr = "File"; break;
  case MTI_TYPE_TIME: typestr = "Time"; break;
```

```
default: typestr = "UNKNOWN"; break;
 return typestr;
static void printSignalInfo( mtiSignalIdT sigid, int indent )
              * fullname;
 char
 int
               i;
 mtiInt32T
              num_elems;
 mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
 mtiTypeIdT sig_type;
 mtiTypeIdT
                elem_type;
  fullname = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
  sig_type = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n%*cSignal %s is of type %s.\n", indent, ' ',
                  fullname, getTypeStr( sig_type ));
 mti_VsimFree( fullname );
  elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( sig_type );
  if ( elem_type ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cIts subelements are of type %s.\n",
                      indent, ' ', getTypeStr( elem_type ));
} else {
   if ( mti_GetTypeKind( sig_type ) == MTI_TYPE_RECORD ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cThe record subelements are:\n",
                        indent, ' ' );
     elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
     num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( sig_type );
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
       printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
     mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
    } else {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cThere are no array subelements.\n",
                        indent, ' ' );
  }
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
      printSignalInfo( sigid, 1 );
 }
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
 char
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
```

```
mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
 type rectype is record
   a : real;
   b : std_logic;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal bitsig1 : bit
  signal stdlogicsig1 : std_logic := '1';
                     : bitarray := "0110";
 signal bitarrl
 signal stdlogicarr1 : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
 signal intarr1 : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
 signal strarrl
                    : string(1 to 5) := "hello";
                     : rectype := ( 1.2, '0', "1001" );
 signal rec1
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 inst1 : for_model;
 bitsig1
             <= not bitsig1 after 5 ns;
  stdlogicsig1 <= not stdlogicsig1 after 5 ns;</pre>
 bitarr1
             <= not bitarr1 after 5 ns;
  intarr1(1) <= intarr1(1) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  intarr1(2) <= intarr1(2) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  intarr1(3) <= intarr1(3) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  stdlogicarr1 <= not stdlogicarr1 after 5 ns;</pre>
```

```
recl.a <= recl.a + 1.1 after 5 ns;</pre>
 recl.b <= not recl.b after 5 ns;</pre>
 recl.c <= not recl.c after 5 ns;</pre>
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Signal bitsigl is of type Enum.
# There are no array subelements.
# Signal stdlogicsig1 is of type Enum.
# There are no array subelements.
# Signal bitarr1 is of type Array.
# Its subelements are of type Enum.
# Signal stdlogicarr1 is of type Array.
# Its subelements are of type Enum.
# Signal intarrl is of type Array.
# Its subelements are of type Scalar.
# Signal strarr1 is of type Array.
# Its subelements are of type Enum.
# Signal recl is of type Record.
  The record subelements are:
    Signal recl.a is of type Real.
    There are no array subelements.
    Signal recl.b is of type Enum.
    There are no array subelements.
    Signal recl.c is of type Array.
    Its subelements are of type Enum.
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

<= "there" after 10 ns;

mti_GetArraySignalValue()

Gets the value of a VHDL signal of type array.

Syntax

value = mti_GetArraySignalValue(signal_id, buffer)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	void *	A pointer to the value of the specified signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal of type array
buffer	void *	A buffer into which the value is to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_GetArraySignalValue() returns the value of an array-type signal.

If the buffer parameter is NULL, then mti_GetArraySignalValue() allocates memory for the value and returns a pointer to it. The caller is responsible for freeing the returned pointer with mti_VsimFree() (FLI-667). If the buffer parameter is not NULL, then mti_GetArraySignalValue() copies the value into the buffer parameter and also returns a pointer to it. The appropriate length of the buffer parameter can be determined by calling mti_TickLength() (FLI-657) on the type of the array signal.

The array value is interpreted as follows:

For a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Enum	(char *) if <= 256 values (mtiInt32T *) if > 256 values
Physical	(mtiInt32T *)
Real	(double *)
Scalar (Integer)	(mtiInt32T *)
Time	(mtiTime64T *)

Related functions

```
mti_GetSignalValue() (FLI-386)
mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() (FLI-392)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
 char
          * name;
 mtiSignalIdT
                         sigid;
                          typeid;
 mtiTypeIdT
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
 signalInfoT * sig_info; /* List of signals. */
mtiProcessIdT proc; /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void printValue( mtiSignalIdT sigid, mtiTypeIdT sigtype, int indent )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind(sigtype) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
    mtiInt32T scalar_val;
    scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    {
    int i;
mtiInt32T num_elems;
mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
    mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
    void     * array_val;
     array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
     num_elems = mti_TickLength( sigtype );
     elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype );
     elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
     switch ( elem_typekind ) {
      case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
       char ** enum_values;
        enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
        if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
        mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
        } else {
         char * val = array_val;
```

```
for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
   }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   {
    mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
    }
   }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
     double * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
   }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                        MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                         MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
   }
   break;
  default:
  break;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 mti_VsimFree( array_val );
break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
 {
 mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
 elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
 num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
  mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
  printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetSignalType(elem_list[i]),
             indent+2);
 mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
 }
```

```
break;
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
    {
     double real_val;
    mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &real_val );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val );
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
    mtiTime64T time_val;
    mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &time_val );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                       MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                        MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
    }
   break;
  default:
   mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
   break;
}
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
  instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
  signalInfoT *siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s:", siginfo->name );
   printValue( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo
                  = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
                 = 0;
 siginfo->next
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
                     = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
```

```
for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
    siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
       curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                              (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the */
 char
                   *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer; type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
 type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
   d : std_logic;
   e : bitarray;
 end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal bitsig : bit := '1';
```

```
signal intsig : integer := 21;
 signal realsig : real := 16.35;
signal timesig : time := 5 ns;
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal bitarr
                    : bitarray := "0110";
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
  signal intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
signal realarr : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
  signal timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
  signal rec
                    : rectype := ( '0', 1, 3.7, 'H', "1001" );
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
             <= not bitsig after 5 ns;
 bitsiq
             <= intsig + 1 after 5 ns;
  intsig
           <= realsig + 1.5 after 5 ns;
<= timesig + 1 ns after 5 ns;</pre>
 realsig
  timesig
  stdlogicsig <= not stdlogicsig after 5 ns;</pre>
 bitarr
              <= not bitarr after 5 ns;
 intarr(1) <= intarr(1) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  intarr(2) <= intarr(2) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  intarr(3) <= intarr(3) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  realarr(1) <= realarr(1) + 0.5 after 5 ns;</pre>
  realarr(2) <= realarr(2) + 0.5 after 5 ns;
  timearr(-1) <= timearr(-1) + 1 ns after 5 ns;</pre>
  timearr(0) <= timearr(0) + 1 ns after 5 ns;</pre>
  stdlogicarr <= not stdlogicarr after 5 ns;</pre>
 rec.a
              <= not rec.a after 5 ns;
              <= rec.b + 1 after 5 ns;
 rec.b
 rec.c
              <= rec.c + 2.5 after 5 ns;
 rec.d
            <= not rec.d after 5 ns;
             <= not rec.e after 5 ns;
 rec.e
end a;
Simulation output
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
```

```
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 10
# Time [0,6]:
# Signal bitsig: 0
# Signal intsig: 22
# Signal realsig: 17.85
# Signal timesig: [0,6]
# Signal stdlogicsig: 2
# Signal bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Signal stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
# Signal intarr: 11 12 13
# Signal realarr: 12.1 101.72
# Signal timearr: [0,16] [0,7]
   Signal rec:
#
#
       1
#
        2
       6.2
#
      2
    '0' '1' '1' '0'
VSIM 2> run 10
# Time [0,11]:
# Signal bitsig: 1
# Signal intsig: 23
  Signal realsig: 19.35
Signal timesig: [0,7]
# Signal stdlogicsig: 3
# Signal bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
# Signal stdlogicarr: '0' '1' '0' '1'
# Signal intarr: 12 13 14
# Signal realarr: 12.6 102.22
# Signal timearr: [0,17] [0,8]
# Signal rec:
      0
#
#
        3
#
       8.7
#
       '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Time [0,16]:
# Signal bitsig: 0
# Signal intsig: 24
# Signal realsig: 20.85
# Signal timesig: [0,8]
# Signal stdlogicsig: 2
# Signal bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Signal stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
# Signal intarr: 13 14 15
# Signal realarr: 13.1 102.72
# Signal timearr: [0,18] [0,9]
# Signal rec:
     1
#
       4
       11.2
       2
       '0' '1' '1' '0'
VSIM 3> quit
```

mti_GetArrayVarValue()

Gets the value of a VHDL variable of type array.

Syntax

value = mti_GetArrayVarValue(variable_id, buffer)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	void *	A pointer to the value of the specified variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL variable of type array
buffer	void *	A buffer into which the value is to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_GetArrayVarValue() returns the value of an array-type VHDL variable.

If the buffer parameter is NULL, then mti_GetArrayVarValue() returns a pointer to the value, which should be treated as read-only data. (Changing the value pointed to by this pointer actually changes the variable's value.) This pointer must not be freed.

If the buffer parameter is not NULL, then mti_GetArrayVarValue() copies the value into the buffer parameter and also returns a pointer to it. The appropriate length of the buffer parameter can be determined by calling mti_TickLength() (FLI-657) on the type of the array variable.

The array value is interpreted as follows:

For a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Enum	(char *) if <= 256 values
	(mtiInt32T *) if > 256 values
Physical	(mtiInt32T *)
Real	(double *)

For a subelement of type	The value should be cast to		
Scalar (Integer)	(mtiInt32T *)		
Time	(mtiTime64T *)		

Related functions

```
mti_GetVarValue() (FLI-442)
mti_GetVarValueIndirect() (FLI-449)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
                 * name;
varid;
 mtiSignalIdT
 mtiTypeIdT
} varInfoT;
typedef struct {
  varInfoT * var_info; /* List of variables. */
  mtiProcessIdT proc; /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void printValue( mtiVariableIdT varid, mtiTypeIdT vartype, int indent )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind(vartype) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     mtiInt32T scalar_val;
     scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
    break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    {
     int
                   i;
    int i;
mtiInt32T num_elems;
mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
     void     * array_val;
     array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
     num_elems = mti_TickLength( vartype );
     elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( vartype );
     elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
     switch ( elem_typekind ) {
      case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
        char ** enum_values;
        enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
```

```
if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
     mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
     }
     } else {
     char * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
    }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
    mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
     }
    }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
   {
     double * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
     }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                         MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                         MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
     }
   break;
  default:
   break;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 }
break;
case MTI TYPE RECORD:
 mtiVariableIdT * elem_list;
 mtiInt32T num_elems;
 elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements( varid, 0 );
 num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( vartype );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
     printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetVarType(elem_list[i]),
                indent+2);
    mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
    }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
   {
    double real_val;
    mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &real_val );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
    mtiTime64T time_val;
    mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &time_val );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                       MTI TIME64 HI32(time val),
                       MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
    }
   break;
  default:
   mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
   break;
}
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 varInfoT *varinfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s:", varinfo->name );
   printValue( varinfo->varid, varinfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 varInfoT * varinfo;
 varinfo
                 = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
  instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
```

```
mtiVariableIdT varid;
 * varinfo;
  varInfoT
  inst_data
                  = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->var_info = 0;
  for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
  for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
   varinfo = setupVariable( varid );
   if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
    }
   else {
       curr_info->next = varinfo;
   curr_info = varinfo;
  }
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                   (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer; type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
```

```
d : std_logic;
    e : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
  p1 : process
   variable bitsig : bit := '1';
variable intsig : integer := 21;
    variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
    variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
    variable bitarr : bitarray := "0110";
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
    variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
variable realarr : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
    variable timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
    variable rec : rectype := ( '0', 1, 3.7, 'H', "1001" );
  begin
    bitsig := not bitsig;
intgig := intgig : 1:
    intsig
                 := intsig + 1;
    intsig := intsig + 1;
realsig := realsig + 1.5;
timesig := timesig + 1 ns;
    stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
    bitarr
                := not bitarr;
    intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
    intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
    realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 0.5;
    realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 0.5;
    timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
    timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
                 := not rec.a;
    rec.a
    rec.b
                 := rec.b + 1;
                := rec.c + 2.5;
    rec.c
                := not rec.d;
    rec.d
                := not rec.e;
    rec.e
    wait for 5 ns;
```

```
end process;
```

end a;

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,6]:
# Variable bitsig: 1
# Variable intsig: 23
# Variable realsig: 19.35
   Variable timesig: [0,7]
   Variable stdlogicsig: 3
Variable bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
  Variable stdlogicarr: '0' '1' '0' '1'
  Variable intarr: 12 13 14
  Variable realarr: 12.6 102.22
  Variable timearr: [0,17] [0,8]
# Variable rec:
       Ω
       3
       8.7
       '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Time [0,11]:
# Variable bitsig: 0
 Variable intsig: 24
# Variable realsig: 20.85
# Variable timesig: [0,8]
   Variable stdlogicsig: 2
   Variable bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
Variable stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
   Variable intarr: 13 14 15
   Variable realarr: 13.1 102.72
  Variable timearr: [0,18] [0,9]
  Variable rec:
       1
       4
       11.2
       2
       '0' '1' '1' '0'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetCallingRegion()

Gets the current elaboration region during elaboration or the region of the currently active process or signal resolution function or the current environment during simulation.

Syntax

```
region_id = mti_GetCallingRegion()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the calling region

Arguments

None

Description

During elaboration, mti_GetCallingRegion() returns the region ID of the current elaboration region. During simulation, mti_GetCallingRegion() returns the region ID of the currently active process or signal resolution function context. If there is currently no active process or signal resolution function, mti_GetCallingRegion() returns the region ID of the current environment set by the **environment** command.

A foreign subprogram can call mti_GetCallingRegion() to determine the region in which the process containing the subprogram call resides.

The region ID returned by mti_GetCallingRegion() can be a VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC region. A handle to a Verilog region can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about or access objects in the Verilog region.

At the beginning of time zero and during the time that the Load Done callback functions are called, the calling region is the last non-foreign region that was elaborated.

Related functions

```
mti_GetCurrentRegion() (FLI-248)
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void doProc( void )
 char *
                region name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
```

```
regid = mti_GetCallingRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: doProc Procedure: "
                     "Calling region is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
static void checkEnv( void )
 char *
                region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 regid = mti_GetCallingRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: checkEnv Function: "
                    "Calling region is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
static void checkRegion( void )
                 region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT
               regid;
 regid = mti_GetCallingRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: checkRegion Function: "
                    "Calling region is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 char *
                 region name;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 regid = mti_GetCallingRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 {\tt mti\_PrintFormatted("Load Done Callback Function: Calling region is $s\n",}
                    region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkRegion, 0 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 10 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                                                                         */
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
  char
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                         * /
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model.
  char *
             region_name;
```

```
mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Foreign Init Function:\n" );
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted| ( " Region parameter is \$s\n", region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 regid = mti_GetCallingRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Calling region is %s\n", region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
 mti_AddEnvCB( checkEnv, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
package for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc;
 attribute foreign of test_proc : procedure is "doProc for_model.sl;";
end for_pkg;
package body for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc is
   begin
    end;
end for_pkg;
use work.for_pkg.all;
entity lower is
end lower;
architecture level of lower is
begin
 p1 : process
   begin
     test_proc;
     wait for 15 ns;
    end process;
end level;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
```

```
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
 component lower
  end component;
  for all : lower use entity work.lower(level);
begin
  linst1 : lower;
 linst2 : lower;
  finst : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.for_pkg(body)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.lower(level)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Foreign Init Function:
   Region parameter is /top/finst
   Calling region is /top/finst
# Time [0,0]: checkEnv Function: Calling region is /top/linst2
# Load Done Callback Function: Calling region is /top/linst2
VSIM 1> run 0
# Time [0,0]: doProc Procedure: Calling region is /top/linst2
# Time [0,0]: doProc Procedure: Calling region is /top/linst1
VSIM 2> env
# sim:/top
VSIM 3> env finst
# Time [0,0]: checkEnv Function: Calling region is /top/finst
# sim:/top/finst
VSIM 4> run 10
# Time [0,10]: checkRegion Function: Calling region is /top
VSIM 5> env
# sim:/top/finst
VSIM 6> env /top
# Time [0,10]: checkEnv Function: Calling region is /top
# sim:/top
VSIM 7> run 10
```

FLI-244 FLI function definitions

```
# Time [0,15]: doProc Procedure: Calling region is /top/linst2
# Time [0,15]: doProc Procedure: Calling region is /top/linst1
VSIM 8> env
# sim:/top
VSIM 9> env linst1
# Time [0,20]: checkEnv Function: Calling region is /top/linst1
# sim:/top/linst1
VSIM 10> run 15
# Time [0,30]: doProc Procedure: Calling region is /top/linst2
# Time [0,30]: doProc Procedure: Calling region is /top/linst1
VSIM 11> quit
```

mti_GetCheckpointFilename()

Gets the name of the current checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
filename = mti_GetCheckpointFilename()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
filename	char *	A pointer to the name of the current checkpoint file

Arguments

None

Description

mti_GetCheckpointFilename() returns the filename specified with the most recent checkpoint or restore command. A NULL is returned if no checkpoint or restore command has been given.

The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

None

Example

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "Checkpoint filename is %s\n",
                     mti_GetCheckpointFilename() );
}
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  free( param );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                         * /
  char
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;</pre>
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint my_checkpoint.file
# Saving instance info "for_model"
# Checkpoint filename is my_checkpoint.file
VSIM 3> run 30
VSIM 4> checkpoint my_other_cp.file
# Saving instance info "for_model"
# Checkpoint filename is my_other_cp.file
VSIM 5> run 40
VSIM 6> restore my_checkpoint.file
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "my_checkpoint.file"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jun 23 10:18:12 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restored instance info "for_model"
# Checkpoint filename is my_checkpoint.file
VSIM 7> run 10
VSIM 8> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_GetCurrentRegion()

Gets the current elaboration region during elaboration or the current environment during simulation.

Syntax

```
region_id = mti_GetCurrentRegion()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the current region

Arguments

None

Description

During elaboration, mti_GetCurrentRegion() returns the region ID of the current elaboration region. During simulation, mti_GetCurrentRegion() returns the region ID of the current environment set by the environment command.

The region ID returned by mti_GetCurrentRegion() can be either a VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC region. A handle to a Verilog region can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about or access objects in the Verilog region.

Related functions

```
mti_GetCallingRegion() (FLI-240)
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void doProc( void )
 char * region_name;
mtiRegionIdT regid;
 regid = mti_GetCurrentRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: doProc Procedure: "
                     "Current region is %s\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
```

```
static void checkEnv( void )
 char *
                 region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 regid = mti_GetCurrentRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
  mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: checkEnv Function: "
                    "Current region is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
static void checkRegion( void )
 char *
                 region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT
                 regid;
 regid = mti_GetCurrentRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: checkRegion Function: "
                    "Current region is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 char *
                region_name;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 regid = mti_GetCurrentRegion();
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Load Done Callback Function: Current region is %s\n",
                    region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkRegion, 0 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 10 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
                                                                         * /
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 char *
             region name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Foreign Init Function:\n" );
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Region parameter is %s\n", region_name );
  mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 regid = mti_GetCurrentRegion();
```

```
region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Current region is %s\n", region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
 mti_AddEnvCB( checkEnv, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
package for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc;
 attribute foreign of test_proc : procedure is "doProc for_model.sl;";
end for_pkg;
package body for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc is
   begin
   end;
end for_pkg;
use work.for_pkg.all;
entity lower is
end lower;
architecture level of lower is
begin
 p1 : process
   begin
     test_proc;
     wait for 15 ns;
   end process;
end level;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
```

```
component lower
  end component;
  for all : lower use entity work.lower(level);
begin
  linst1 : lower;
 linst2 : lower;
  finst : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.for_pkg(body)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.lower(level)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Foreign Init Function:
   Region parameter is /top/finst
   Current region is /top/finst
# Time [0,0]: checkEnv Function: Current region is /top
# Load Done Callback Function: Current region is /top
VSIM 1> run 0
# Time [0,0]: doProc Procedure: Current region is /top
# Time [0,0]: doProc Procedure: Current region is /top
VSIM 2> env
# sim:/top
VSIM 3> env finst
# Time [0,0]: checkEnv Function: Current region is /top/finst
# sim:/top/finst
VSIM 4> run 10
# Time [0,10]: checkRegion Function: Current region is /top/finst
VSIM 5> env
# sim:/top/finst
VSIM 6> env /top
# Time [0,10]: checkEnv Function: Current region is /top
# sim:/top
VSIM 7> run 10
# Time [0,15]: doProc Procedure: Current region is /top
# Time [0,15]: doProc Procedure: Current region is /top
VSIM 8> env
# sim:/top
VSIM 9> env linst1
# Time [0,20]: checkEnv Function: Current region is /top/linst1
# sim:/top/linst1
VSIM 10> run 15
# Time [0,30]: doProc Procedure: Current region is /top/linst1
```

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Time [0,30]: doProc Procedure: Current region is /top/linst1
VSIM 11> env
sim:/top/linst1
VSIM 12> quit

mti_GetDriverNames()

Gets the names of all drivers on a VHDL signal.

Syntax

driver_names = mti_GetDriverNames(signal_id, length)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
driver_names	char **	A pointer to a NULL-terminated array of the names of the signal's drivers

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal
length	mtiInt32T *	Returns the number of names in the returned name array

Description

mti_GetDriverNames() returns a NULL-terminated array of the names of the drivers that are driving values onto the specified signal. The number of names in the array is returned in the length parameter. If there is an error, or if the signal is in a nodebug region, or if the type of the signal is not a scalar enumeration type, then the length parameter is set to zero and a NULL is returned. The returned array and character strings must not be freed. The driver names are valid only until the next call to mti_GetDriverNames().

mti_GetDriverNames() can be used in conjunction with mti_GetDriverValues() since the arrays returned from each function are in the same order; therefore, each driver name can be associated with a value.

mti_GetDriverNames() returns the same information as the driver name part of the output of the **drivers** command.

Related functions

mti_GetDriverValues() (FLI-262) mti_GetDrivingSignals() (FLI-267)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
 char * signame;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
} instanceInfoT;
char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
 char * retval;
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
void checkSignal( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 int i;
mtiInt32T names_length;
mtiInt32T sigval;
mtiInt32T values_length;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d:\n Signal %s is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                     inst->signame, convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " Drivers:\n" );
  drv_names = mti_GetDriverNames( inst->sigid, &names_length );
```

```
drv_values = mti_GetDriverValues( inst->sigid, &values_length );
  for ( i = 0; i < names_length; i++ ) {</pre>
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %s : %s\n",
                       convertStdLogicValue(drv_values[i]),
                       drv_names[i] );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 5 );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 inst
                = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 inst->signame = mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid );
 inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "checkSignal", checkSignal, inst );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 1 );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity lower is
 port ( pt : INOUT std_logic := '0' );
end lower;
architecture a of lower is
begin
 p0 : process
   begin
    pt <= '1';
     wait for 5 ns;
     pt <= 'L';
     wait for 5 ns;
     pt <= 'W';
     wait for 5 ns;
   end process;
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
```

```
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  component lower
   port ( pt : INOUT std_logic );
  end component;
begin
  p1 : process
   begin
     s1 <= 'H';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'L';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'X';
     wait for 5 ns;
   end process;
 p2 : process
   begin
     s1 <= '1';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= '0';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'W';
     wait for 5 ns;
    end process;
  inst1 : lower port map ( s1 );
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.lower(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 1
# Time [0,1] delta 0:
# Signal sl is 'l'
# Drivers:
   '1' : /top/inst1/p0
# '1' : /top/p2
# 'H' : /top/p1
VSIM 2> drivers /top/s1
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# 1 : Signal /top/sl
  1 : Driver /top/inst1/p0
```

```
# 1 : Driver /top/p2
# H : Driver /top/pl
VSIM 3> run 5
# Time [0,6] delta 0:
# Signal s1 is '0'
# Drivers:
  'L' : /top/inst1/p0
# '0' : /top/p2
# 'L' : /top/p1
VSIM 4> drivers /top/sl
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# 0 : Signal /top/s1
# L : Driver /top/inst1/p0
# 0 : Driver /top/p2
   L : Driver /top/pl
VSIM 5> run 5
# Time [0,11] delta 0:
# Signal s1 is 'X'
# Drivers:
# 'W' : /top/inst1/p0
# 'W' : /top/p2
# 'X' : /top/p1
VSIM 6> drivers /top/sl
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# X : Signal /top/s1
  W : Driver /top/inst1/p0
  W : Driver /top/p2
  X : Driver /top/pl
VSIM 7> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_GetDriverSubelements()

Gets the subelements of a composite driver.

Syntax

driver_list = mti_GetDriverSubelements(driver_id, buffer)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
driver_list	mtiDriverIdT *	A pointer to an array of driver IDs for each of the subelements of the specified array-type driver or NULL if the specified driver is not of an array type

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
driver_id	mtiDriverIdT	A handle to an array-type driver
buffer	mtiDriverIdT *	A buffer into which the subelement driver IDs are to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_GetDriverSubelements() returns an array of driver IDs for each of the subelements of the specified array-type driver.

If the buffer parameter is NULL, then mti_GetDriverSubelements() allocates memory for the value and returns a pointer to it. The caller is responsible for freeing the returned pointer with mti_VsimFree() (FLI-667).

If the buffer parameter is not NULL, then mti_GetDriverSubelements() copies the value into the buffer parameter and also returns the buffer parameter.

Related functions

mti_ScheduleDriver() (FLI-595) mti_ScheduleDriver64() (FLI-601)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiDriverIdT * drv_elems;
 int
                index;
 int
               num_elems;
} instanceInfoT;
char * convertStdLogicValue( char sigval )
 char * retval;
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
void driveSignal( void * param )
               * region_name;
  char
              * sigval;
  char
  instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
  region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid));
  sigval = (char *)mti_GetArraySignalValue( inst->sigid, 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is {",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                    region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid ) );
  for ( i = 0; i < inst->num\_elems; <math>i++ ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", convertStdLogicValue( sigval[i] ) );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " }\n" );
```

```
switch ( sigval[inst->index] ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_X; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_0; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_1; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_Z; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_W; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_L;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_H; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_D; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
   default: sigval[inst->index] = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
 mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drv_elems[inst->index], sigval[inst->index],
                   5, MTI_INERTIAL );
 inst->index++;
   if ( inst->index >= inst->num_elems ) {
   inst->index = 0;
 mti VsimFree( region name );
 mti_VsimFree( sigval );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the */
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
                = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst
              = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
= mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid );
 inst->sigid
 inst->drv_elems = mti_GetDriverSubelements( drvid, 0 );
 inst->num_elems = mti_TickLength( mti_GetSignalType( inst->sigid ));
 inst->index = 0;
               = mti_CreateProcess( "sigDriver", driveSignal, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( procid, 0 );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( drvid, procid );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
```

HDL code

VSIM 2> quit # Cleaning up...

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "0000";
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
# Time [0,0] delta 1: Signal /top/s1 is { '0' '0' '0' '0' }
# Time [0,5] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is { '1' '0' '0' '0' }
# Time [0,10] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is { '1' '1' '0' '0' }
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is { '1' '1' '1' '0' }
# Time [0,20] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is { '1' '1' '1' '1' }
# Time [0,25] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is { 'Z' '1' '1' '1' }
# Time [0,30] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is { 'Z' 'Z' '1' '1' }
\# Time [0,35] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is { 'Z' 'Z' 'Z' '1' }
\# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is { 'Z' 'Z' 'Z' 'Z' }
\# Time [0,45] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is { 'W' 'Z' 'Z' 'Z'
```

Time [0,50] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is { 'W' 'W' 'Z' 'Z' }

mti_GetDriverValues()

Gets the values of all drivers on a VHDL signal.

Syntax

value = mti_GetDriverValues(signal_id, length)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	char *	A pointer to a statically allocated array of std_logic driver values

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal
length	mtiInt32T *	Returns the number of elements in the returned value array

Description

mti_GetDriverValues() returns the values of drivers for the specified signal. The returned pointer is a pointer to statically allocated memory; therefore, this pointer must not be freed. The array element count is returned in the length parameter. If there is an error, or if the signal is in a nodebug region, or if the type of the signal is not a scalar enumeration type, then the length parameter is set to zero and no values are returned. The values in the array are overwritten on each call to mti_GetDriverValues().

mti_GetDriverValues() can be used in conjunction with mti_GetDriverNames() since the arrays returned from each function are in the same order; therefore, each driver value can be associated with a name.

mti_GetDriverValues() returns the same information as the driver value part of the output of the drivers command.

Related functions

mti_GetDriverNames() (FLI-253) mti_GetDrivingSignals() (FLI-267)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
 char * signame;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
} instanceInfoT;
char * convertStdLogicValue( char sigval )
 char * retval;
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
void checkSignal( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
               i;
names_length;
sigval;
 mtiInt32T
 mtiInt32T sigval;
mtiInt32T values_length;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d:\n Signal %s is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                    inst->signame, convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " Drivers:\n" );
  drv_names = mti_GetDriverNames( inst->sigid, &names_length );
```

```
drv_values = mti_GetDriverValues( inst->sigid, &values_length );
  for ( i = 0; i < names_length; i++ ) {</pre>
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %s : %s\n",
                       convertStdLogicValue(drv_values[i]),
                       drv_names[i] );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 5 );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                          /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 inst
                = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 inst->signame = mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid );
 inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "checkSignal", checkSignal, inst );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 1 );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity lower is
 port ( pt : INOUT std_logic := '0' );
end lower;
architecture a of lower is
begin
 p0 : process
   begin
    pt <= '1';
     wait for 5 ns;
     pt <= 'L';
     wait for 5 ns;
     pt <= 'W';
     wait for 5 ns;
   end process;
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
```

```
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  component lower
   port ( pt : INOUT std_logic );
  end component;
begin
  p1 : process
   begin
     s1 <= 'H';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'L';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'X';
     wait for 5 ns;
   end process;
 p2 : process
   begin
     s1 <= '1';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= '0';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'W';
     wait for 5 ns;
    end process;
  inst1 : lower port map ( s1 );
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.lower(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 1
# Time [0,1] delta 0:
# Signal sl is 'l'
# Drivers:
   '1' : /top/inst1/p0
# '1' : /top/p2
# 'H' : /top/p1
VSIM 2> drivers /top/s1
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# 1 : Signal /top/sl
  1 : Driver /top/inst1/p0
```

```
# 1 : Driver /top/p2
# H : Driver /top/pl
VSIM 3> run 5
# Time [0,6] delta 0:
# Signal s1 is '0'
# Drivers:
  'L' : /top/inst1/p0
# '0' : /top/p2
# 'L' : /top/p1
VSIM 4> drivers /top/s1
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# 0 : Signal /top/sl
# L : Driver /top/inst1/p0
# 0 : Driver /top/p2
   L : Driver /top/pl
VSIM 5> run 5
# Time [0,11] delta 0:
# Signal s1 is 'X'
# Drivers:
# 'W' : /top/inst1/p0
# 'W' : /top/p2
# 'X' : /top/p1
VSIM 6> drivers /top/sl
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# X : Signal /top/s1
  W : Driver /top/inst1/p0
  W : Driver /top/p2
  X : Driver /top/p1
VSIM 7> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_GetDrivingSignals()

Gets a handle to all of the VHDL or SystemC signals driving a signal.

Syntax

```
signal_list = mti_GetDrivingSignals( signal_name )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_list	mtiSignalIdT *	A NULL-terminated array of driving signal IDs for the specified signal or NULL if there is an error or no drivers are found

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_name	char *	The name of the signal for which the driving signals are to be found

Description

mti_GetDrivingSignals() returns a NULL-terminated array of driving signal IDs for the specified signal. The signal is specified by name using either a full hierarchical name or a relative name. A relative name is relative to the region set by the **environment** command. The default is the top-level VHDL or SystemC region.

The caller is responsible for freeing the returned pointer with mti_VsimFree().

mti_GetDrivingSignals() returns the same signal IDs as those used by the **drivers** command to generate the signal part of its output.

Related functions

```
mti_GetDriverNames() (FLI-253)
mti_GetDriverValues() (FLI-262)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

typedef enum {
   STD_LOGIC_U,
```

```
STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
 STD_LOGIC_W,
 STD_LOGIC_L,
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
 char *
          signame;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
} instanceInfoT;
char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
 char * retval;
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
  }
 return retval;
void checkSignal( void * param )
              * region_name;
 char
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
                i;
 mtiInt32T
                sigval;
 mtiSignalIdT * drv_signals;
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d:\n Signal %s is %s\n",
                     mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                     inst->signame, convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Driving Signals for %s:\n", inst->signame );
 drv_signals = mti_GetDrivingSignals( inst->signame );
  for ( i = 0; drv_signals[i]; i++ ) {
  region_name =
    mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( drv_signals[i] ));
  mti_PrintFormatted( " %s/%s\n", region_name,
                      mti_GetSignalName( drv_signals[i] ) );
  mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 5 );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
```

```
mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
  char
                   *param,
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
                 = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst->signame = "/top/s1";
 inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( inst->signame );
inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "checkSignal", checkSignal, inst );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 1 );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity lower is
 port ( pt1 : OUT std_logic := '0';
       pt2 : IN std_logic
end lower;
architecture a of lower is
begin
 pt1 <= pt2 after 5 ns;
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  signal s2 : std_logic := '0';
  component lower
   port ( pt1 : OUT std_logic;
         pt2 : IN std_logic
        );
  end component;
begin
```

```
s2 <= not s2 after 5 ns;
  s1 <= s2 after 5 ns;
 p1 : process
   begin
     s1 <= 'H';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'L';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s1 <= 'W';
     wait for 5 ns;
   end process;
  inst1 : lower port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.lower(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 1
# Time [0,1] delta 0:
# Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Driving Signals for /top/s1:
     /top/s1
VSIM 2> drivers /top/s1
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# 0 : Signal /top/s1
  0 : Driver /top/inst1/line__14
  H : Driver /top/pl
    0 : Driver /top/line__39
VSIM 3> run 5
# Time [0,6] delta 0:
# Signal /top/sl is '0'
# Driving Signals for /top/sl:
      /top/s1
VSIM 4> drivers /top/sl
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# 0 : Signal /top/s1
    0 : Driver /top/inst1/line__14
        1 at 10 ns
   L : Driver /top/pl
#
    0 : Driver /top/line__39
        1 at 10 ns
VSIM 5> quit
```

Cleaning up...

mti_GetEnumValues()

Gets the values of an enumeration type.

Syntax

```
enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
enum_values	char **	A pointer to an array of enumeration literals for the specified enumeration type or NULL if the specified type is not an enumeration type

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to an enumeration type

Description

mti_GetEnumValues() returns a pointer to an array of enumeration literals for the specified enumeration type or NULL if the specified type is not an enumeration type. The returned pointer must not be freed. The number of elements in the array can be found by calling mti_TickLength() on the enumeration type. The first element in the array is the left-most value of the enumeration type.

Related functions

```
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickLength() (FLI-657)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
typedef struct {
 signalInfoT * sig_info; /* List of signals. */
 mtiProcessIdT proc;
                             /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void printValue( mtiSignalIdT sigid, mtiTypeIdT sigtype, int indent )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind(sigtype) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
   {
    char ** enum_values;
    mtiInt32T scalar_val;
    scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
    enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( sigtype );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[scalar_val] );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   {
    mtiInt32T scalar_val;
    scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
    }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   {
    int i;
mtiInt32T num_elems;
mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
    mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
    void      * array_val;
    array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
    num_elems = mti_TickLength( sigtype );
     elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype );
     elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
     switch ( elem_typekind ) {
     case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
      {
        char ** enum_values;
        enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
        if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
         mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
          mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
         }
        } else {
         char * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
          mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
          }
        }
      break;
     case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
     case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
       {
       mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
       for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
    }
    }
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
    double * val = array_val;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
    mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
    mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                        MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                        MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
     }
   break;
  default:
   break;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 mti_VsimFree( array_val );
break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
               i;
 int.
 mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
 elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
 num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
  mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
  printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetSignalType(elem_list[i]),
             indent+2 );
 mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
break;
case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
 double real_val;
 mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &real_val );
 \label{limit_printFormatted} \verb| mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val ); \\
break;
case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
 mtiTime64T time_val;
```

```
mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &time_val );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                       MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                       MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
    }
   break;
   default:
   mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
   break;
}
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 signalInfoT *siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s:", siginfo->name );
   printValue( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo
                  = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next
                  = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst data
 inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
     inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
```

```
inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              \slash * The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
  char
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : std_logic;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal bitsig : bit := '1';
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal bitarr : bitarray := "0110";
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
                   : rectype := ( '0', 'H', "1001" );
  signal rec
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
  bitsig
           <= not bitsig after 5 ns;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,6]:
# Signal bitsig: '0'
# Signal stdlogicsig: '0'
# Signal bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Signal stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
# Signal rec:
       '1'
#
       '0'
      '0'
            '1' '1' '0'
# Time [0,11]:
# Signal bitsig: '1'
# Signal stdlogicsig: '1'
# Signal bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
# Signal stdlogicarr: '0' '1' '0' '1'
# Signal rec:
       '0'
       '1'
   '1' '0' '0' '1'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetGenericList()

Gets a list of the VHDL generics defined for a region.

Syntax

```
generic_list = mti_GetGenericList( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
generic_list	mtiInterfaceListT *	A pointer to a NULL-terminated list of generics for the specified region or NULL if there are no generics in the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL region

Description

mti_GetGenericList() returns a NULL-terminated list of the generics defined for the specified region. This list is in the same interface format as the C initialization function generics list. The caller is responsible for freeing each element in the list with mti_Free().

If there are no generics in the region, then mti_GetGenericList() returns NULL.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include "mti.h"

void printGenericList( mtiInterfaceListT * generic_list, int free_it )
{
   mtiInterfaceListT * glp;
   mtiInterfaceListT * glp_next;

for ( glp = generic_list; glp; glp = glp_next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "  %s = ", glp->name );
   switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( glp->type ) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
    case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", glp->u.generic_value );
case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", glp->u.generic_value_real );
break;
case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
mti\_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                    MTI_TIME64_HI32(glp->u.generic_value_time),
                     MTI_TIME64_L032(glp->u.generic_value_time) );
break;
case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
 {
 int.
            i;
 mtiInt32T num_elems = mti_TickLength( glp->type );
 mtiTypeIdT elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( glp->type );
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type ) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
    mtiInt32T * val = glp->u.generic_array_value;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
    }
    }
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   mti_PrintFormatted( " ARRAY of ARRAYs" );
  case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   mti_PrintFormatted( " ARRAY of RECORDs" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
    char ** enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
    char * array_val = glp->u.generic_array_value;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %s",
                         enum_values[array_val[i]] );
    }
    }
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
    double * val = glp->u.generic_array_value;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
    }
    }
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
    mtiTime64T * val = glp->u.generic_array_value;
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                        MTI TIME64 HI32(val[i]),
                         MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
```

```
break;
      default:
       break;
     mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
    break;
    default:
    mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
    break;
   glp_next = glp->nxt;
   if ( free_it ) {
    mti_Free( glp );
    }
void printRegionInfo( char * region_name )
 mtiInterfaceListT * generic_list;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 regid = mti_FindRegion( region_name );
 if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Region %s:\n", region_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   generic_list = mti_GetGenericList( regid );
   printGenericList( generic_list, 1 );
}
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printRegionInfo( "top" );
 printRegionInfo( "inst1" );
 printRegionInfo( "inst1/i1" );
 printRegionInfo( "inst1/flip" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top/inst1/toggle" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                         * /
 char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Foreign function generics:\n" );
 printGenericList( generics, 0 );
```

HDL code

```
package my_pkg is
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
     hour;
     day = 24 hour;
     week = 7 day;
     month = 4 week;
     year = 12 month;
   end units;
                  is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
  type intarray
  type realarray is array( 0 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( 2 to 4 ) of time;
  type bigtimearray is array( 1 to 3 ) of bigtime;
end my_pkg;
entity for_model is
 generic ( whoami : string := "Don't know" );
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "+initForeign for_model.sl";
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( min_delay : time := 5 ns;
           max_delay : time := 10 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after min_delay;</pre>
end b;
use work.my_pkg.all;
entity mid is
 generic ( g1 : bit := '0';
            g2 : integer := 11;
            g3 : real := 12.97;
            g4 : bit_vector := "0010";
            g5 : intarray := ( 1, 2, 3 );
            g6 : realarray := ( 10.5, 16.8, 21.39 );
            g7 : timearray := ( 3 ns, 18 ns, 123 ns );
            g8 : bigtime := 13 hour;
            g9 : bigtimearray := ( 2 hour, 4 hour, 6 hour ) );
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
component for_model is
```

```
generic ( whoami : string := "Didn't say" );
end component;
for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
component inv is
  generic ( min_delay : time := 5 ns;
           max_delay : time := 10 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit );
  end component;
begin
 flip : inv
   generic map ( 3 ns, 8 ns )
   port map ( s3, s4 );
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
  i1 : for_model generic map ( "inst i1" );
end a;
use work.my_pkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
   generic ( g1 : bit := '0';
              g2 : integer := 11;
              g3 : real := 12.97;
              g4 : bit_vector := "101";
              g5 : intarray := ( 7, 9, 11 );
              g6 : realarray := ( 8.1, 6.2, 1.34 );
              g7 : timearray := ( 212 ns, 100 ns, 9 ns );
              g8 : bigtime := 40 hour;
              g9 : bigtimearray := ( 8 hour, 16 hour, 32 hour ) );
  end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid generic map ( '1', 42, 101.2, "101101" );
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.my_pkg
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Foreign function generics:
   whoami = 'i' 'n' 's' 't' ' 'i' '1'
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top:
# Region /top/inst1:
   g1 = 1
   g2 = 42
   g3 = 101.2
   g4 = '1' '0' '1' '1' '0' '1'
   g5 = 7 9 11
#
    g6 = 8.1 6.2 1.34
#
    g7 = [0,212] [0,100] [0,9]
g8 = 40
g9 = 8 16 32
#
#
# Region /top/inst1/i1:
   whoami = 'i' 'n' 's' 't' ' 'i' '1'
# Region /top/inst1/flip:
# min_delay = [0,3]
#
    max_{delay} = [0,8]
# Region /top/inst1/toggle:
   min_delay = [0,5]
     max_{delay} = [0,10]
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetLibraryName()

Gets the physical name of the library that contains a region.

Syntax

```
lib_name = mti_GetLibraryName( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
lib_name	char *	The physical name of the library that contains the specified design unit region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a region

Description

mti_GetLibraryName() returns the physical name of the library that contains the design unit identified by the specified region. If the region is not a design unit, then the parent design unit is used. The returned pointer must not be freed.

mti_GetLibraryName() can be used on both VHDL and Verilog regions.

Related functions

```
mti_GetPrimaryName() (FLI-311)
mti_GetRegionFullName() (FLI-325)
mti_GetRegionName() (FLI-341)
mti_GetRegionSourceName() (FLI-344)
mti_GetSecondaryName() (FLI-355)
```

Example

```
#include "mti.h"
static void printRegionInfo( mtiRegionIdT regid )
{
   char * lib_name;
   char * region_name;
```

```
if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
    lib_name = mti_GetLibraryName( regid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Region %s is in Library %s\n",
                      region_name, lib_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "top" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1/i1" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1/flip" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1/toggle" ) );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                           /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 char * lib_name;
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 lib_name = mti_GetLibraryName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Foreign architecture region is in Library %s\n",
                     lib_name );
HDL code
for_model.vhd
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
inv.vhd
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
       );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
```

mid.vhd

```
library for_model_lib;
library inv_lib;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
 signal s3 : bit := '0';
 signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
 for all : for_model use entity for_model_lib.for_model(a);
 component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
        );
  end component;
  for all : inv use entity inv_lib.inv(b);
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
top.vhd
library mid_lib;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
 for all : mid use entity mid_lib.mid(a);
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vlib for_model_lib
% vlib my_inv_lib
% vlib my_mid_lib
% vlib work
% vmap -c
Copying .../modeltech/sunos5/../modelsim.ini to modelsim.ini
% vmap inv_lib my_inv_lib
Modifying modelsim.ini
% vmap mid_lib my_mid_lib
Modifying modelsim.ini
% vcom -93 for_model.vhd -work for_model_lib
Model Technology ModelSim SE vcom 5.5 Compiler 2000.10 Mar 2 2001
-- Loading package standard
-- Compiling entity for_model
-- Compiling architecture a of for_model
% vcom -93 inv.vhd -work inv_lib
Model Technology ModelSim SE vcom 5.5 Compiler 2000.10 Mar 2 2001
-- Loading package standard
-- Compiling entity inv
-- Compiling architecture b of inv
% vcom -93 mid.vhd -work mid_lib
Model Technology ModelSim SE vcom 5.5 Compiler 2000.10 Mar 2 2001
-- Loading package standard
-- Compiling entity mid
-- Compiling architecture a of mid
-- Loading entity for_model
-- Loading entity inv
% vcom -93 top.vhd
Model Technology ModelSim SE vcom 5.5 Compiler 2000.10 Mar 2 2001
-- Loading package standard
-- Compiling entity top
-- Compiling architecture a of top
-- Loading entity mid
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.5
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading my_mid_lib.mid(a)
# Loading my_inv_lib.inv(b)
# Loading for_model_lib.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
  Foreign architecture region is in Library for_model_lib
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top is in Library work
# Region /top/inst1 is in Library my_mid_lib
# Region /top/inst1/i1 is in Library for_model_lib
  Region /top/inst1/flip is in Library my_inv_lib
  Region /top/inst1/toggle is in Library my_inv_lib
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetNextEventTime()

Gets the next event time (from a foreign subprogram or callback).

Syntax

status = mti_GetNextEventTime(next_time)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
status	int	A number that indicates which type of events are pending (see below for details)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
next_time	mtiTime64T *	Returns the time at which the next simulation event will occur (see below for details)

Description

mti_GetNextEventTime() returns the next simulation event time when called from within a foreign subprogram or callback function. It always returns the current simulation time when called from within a VHDL process.

The return value and next_time parameter are set as follows:

Status	Description	next_time
0	There are no pending events	current time
1	There are pending events	maturity time of the next pending event
2	There are pending postponed processes for the last delta of the current time	maturity time of the next pending event (which is the current time if there are no future pending events)

Related functions

```
mti_GetNextNextEventTime() (FLI-291)
mti_GetRunStopTime() (FLI-352)
mti_Now() (FLI-501)
mti_NowIndirect() (FLI-505)
mti_NowUpper() (FLI-510)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static void checkTime( void )
 int
         status;
 mtiTime64T next_time;
 status = mti_GetNextEventTime( &next_time );
 switch ( status ) {
  case 0:
   mti_PrintFormatted( " No pending events; Next time is [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32( next_time ),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32( next_time ) );
   break;
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Pending events; Next time is [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32( next_time ),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32( next_time ) );
   break;
  case 2:
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Pending postponed processes; "
                      "Next time is [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32( next_time ),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32( next_time ) );
   break;
void doProc( void )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: doProc()\n",
                   mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 checkTime();
static void checkEnv( void )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: checkEnv()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 checkTime();
static void checkRegion( void )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: checkRegion()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
```

```
* NOTE: mti_GetNextEventTime() will always return the current
          time when called from inside of a VHDL process.
 checkTime();
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkRegion, 0 );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                          /* The last part of the string in the
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
 mti_AddEnvCB( checkEnv, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
package for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc;
 attribute foreign of test_proc : procedure is "doProc for_model.sl;";
end for_pkg;
package body for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc is
  end;
end for_pkg;
use work.for_pkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component for_model
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin

s1 <= not s1 after 7 ns;
finst : for_model;

p1 : postponed process
begin
  wait for 15 ns;
  test_proc;
  end process;
end a;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.for_pkg(body)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Time [0,0]: checkEnv()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,0]
VSIM 1> run 3
VSIM 2> env finst
# Time [0,3]: checkEnv()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,7]
# sim:/top/finst
VSIM 3> run 5
# Time [0,7]: checkRegion()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,7]
VSIM 4> env top
# Time [0,8]: checkEnv()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,14]
# sim:/top
VSIM 5> run 7
# Time [0,14]: checkRegion()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,14]
VSIM 6> env finst
# Time [0,15]: checkEnv()
# Pending postponed processes; Next time is [0,21]
# sim:/top/finst
VSIM 7> quit
```

mti_GetNextNextEventTime()

Gets the next event time (from a VHDL process).

Syntax

status = mti_GetNextNextEventTime(next_time)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
status	int	A number that indicates which types of events are pending (See below for details)

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
next_time	mtiTime64T *	Returns the time at which the next simulation event will occur (See below for details)

Description

mti_GetNextNextEventTime() returns the next simulation event time when called from within a VHDL process. The current run command's stop time is considered to be a pending event, as is the stop time of a step command.

The return value and next_time parameter are set as follows:

Status	Description	next_time
0	There are no pending events	current time
1	There are pending events	maturity time of the next pending event
2	There are pending postponed processes for the last delta of the current time	maturity time of the next pending event (which is the current time if there are no future pending events)

Related functions

```
mti_GetNextEventTime() (FLI-287)
mti_GetRunStopTime() (FLI-352)
mti_Now() (FLI-501)
mti_NowIndirect() (FLI-505)
mti_NowUpper() (FLI-510)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static void checkTime( void )
 int
        status;
 mtiTime64T next_time;
 status = mti_GetNextNextEventTime( &next_time );
 switch ( status ) {
  case 0:
   mti_PrintFormatted( " No pending events; Next time is [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32( next_time ),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32( next_time ) );
   break;
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Pending events; Next time is [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32( next_time ),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32( next_time ) );
   break;
  case 2:
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Pending postponed processes; "
                      "Next time is [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32( next_time ),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32( next_time ) );
   break;
void doProc( void )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: doProc()\n",
                   mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 checkTime();
static void checkRegion( void )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: checkRegion()\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 checkTime();
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
```

```
sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkRegion, 0 );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
void initForeign(
  {\tt mtiRegionIdT}
                     region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
package for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc;
 attribute foreign of test_proc : procedure is "doProc for_model.sl;";
end for_pkg;
package body for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc is
  begin
   end;
end for_pkg;
use work.for_pkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 4 ns;</pre>
```

```
finst : for_model;

pl : postponed process
  begin
  wait for 16 ns;
  test_proc;
  end process;

end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.for_pkg(body)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
VSIM 1> run 3
VSIM 2> run 4
# Time [0,4]: checkRegion()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,7]
VSIM 3> run 9
# Time [0,8]: checkRegion()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,12]
# Time [0,12]: checkRegion()
# Pending events; Next time is [0,16]
# Time [0,16]: checkRegion()
  Pending postponed processes; Next time is [0,16]
VSIM 4> quit
```

mti_GetNumRecordElements()

Gets the number of subelements in a VHDL record type.

Syntax

```
num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
num_elems	mtiInt32T	The number of subelements in the specified record type

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL record type

Description

mti_GetNumRecordElements() returns the number of subelements in the specified VHDL record type.

Related functions

```
mti_GetSignalSubelements() (FLI-376)
mti_GetVarSubelements() (FLI-431)
```

Example

```
switch ( mti_GetTypeKind(sigtype) ) {
case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
 case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
 case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
  mtiInt32T scalar_val;
  scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
 break;
 case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
  {
  mtiInt32T num_elems;
mtiTypeIdT elem t
  mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
          * array_val;
   void
  array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
  num_elems = mti_TickLength( sigtype );
   elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype );
   elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
   switch ( elem_typekind ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
    {
      char ** enum_values;
      enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
     if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
      mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
      for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
      } else {
      char * val = array_val;
      for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
      }
     }
    break;
    case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
    case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
    {
     mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
     }
    break;
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
    break;
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
    mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
    break;
    case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
     double * val = array_val;
      for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
```

```
}
      break;
     case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
      {
       mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
       for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
        mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                           MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                           MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
        }
      break;
     default:
      break;
    mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
    mti_VsimFree( array_val );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
    {
    int
                 i;
    mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
    mtiInt32T num_elems;
    elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
    num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype );
    mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
    for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cField #%d:", indent, ' ', i+1 );
     printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetSignalType(elem_list[i]),
                indent+2 );
    mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
    double real_val;
    mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &real_val );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val );
    }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
   {
    mtiTime64T time_val;
    mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &time_val );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                       MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                       MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
   break;
  default:
   mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
   break;
}
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
  instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
```

```
signalInfoT *siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
  mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s:", siginfo->name );
  printValue( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
                  = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next
                = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
   sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
  siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
  if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
   inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
  }
  else {
   curr_info->next = siginfo;
  }
  curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
                  region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                                                                        * /
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
```

}

HDL code

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
   d : std_logic_vector( 7 downto 0 );
   e : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal rec : rectype := ( '0', 1, 3.7, "10010011", "1001" );
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 inst1 : for_model;
 rec.a <= not rec.a after 5 ns;
 rec.b <= rec.b + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
 rec.c <= rec.c + 2.5 after 5 ns;
 rec.d <= not rec.d after 5 ns;</pre>
 rec.e <= not rec.e after 5 ns;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,6]:
# Signal rec:
# Field #1: 1
# Field #2: 2
   Field #3: 6.2
Field #4: '0' '1' '1' '0' '1' '1' '0' '0'
Field #5: '0' '1' '1' '0'
# Time [0,11]:
# Signal rec:
    Field #1: 0
    Field #2: 3
    Field #3: 8.7
# Field #4: '1' '0' '0' '1' '0' '0' '1' '1' '1' # Field #5: '1' '0' '0' '1'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetParentSignal()

Gets the higher up VHDL or SystemC signal to which a VHDL or SystemC signal is connected.

Syntax

```
parent = mti_GetParentSignal( signal )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
parent	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to the VHDL or SystemC signal higher up in the hierarchy to which the specified signal is connected or NULL if no VHDL or SystemC signal is found

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL or SystemC signal

Description

mti_GetParentSignal() returns a handle to the VHDL or SystemC signal higher up in the hierarchy to which the specified IN, OUT, or INOUT signal is connected. A NULL is returned if no higher up VHDL or SystemC signal is found, if the signal is connected through a port mapping which includes a type conversion or conversion function, or if the higher up signal is a Verilog object.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>

void printSignalInfo( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
{
    char * signame;
    char * regname;
    mtiRegionIdT regid;
    mtiSignalIdT parent;
```

```
regid = mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid );
   regname = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
    signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "The parent of %s/%s is ", regname, signame );
   mti_VsimFree( signame );
   mti_VsimFree( regname );
   parent = mti_GetParentSignal( sigid );
    regid = mti_GetSignalRegion( parent );
   regname = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( parent, 0, 0 );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%s/%s whose parent is ", regname, signame );
    mti_VsimFree( signame );
   mti_VsimFree( regname );
   parent = mti_GetParentSignal( parent );
    if ( parent ) {
       regid = mti_GetSignalRegion( parent );
        regname = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
        signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( parent, 0, 0 );
       \label{limits} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted( "%s/%s.\n", regname, signame ); \\
       mti VsimFree( signame );
       mti_VsimFree( regname );
    } else {
       mti_PrintFormatted( "<NULL>.\n" );
}
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
   mtiSignalIdT siga;
   mtiSignalIdT sigb;
   mtiSignalIdT sigc;
    siga = mti_FindSignal( "/top/m1/i1/a" );
    sigb = mti_FindSignal( "/top/m1/i1/b" );
    sigc = mti_FindSignal( "/top/m1/i1/c" );
   printSignalInfo( siga );
   printSignalInfo( sigb );
   printSignalInfo( sigc );
void initForeign(
                      region, /* The ID of the region in which this
   mtiRegionIdT
                                                                              * /
                                 /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
    char
                                 /* The last part of the string in the
                      *param,
                                 /* foreign attribute.
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                               /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
{
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
```

HDL code

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit;
        c : in std_logic
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
 signal count : integer := 0;
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process( c )
   begin
     count <= count + 1 after 0 ns;</pre>
   end process;
end b;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity mid is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( midin : in bit;
        midout : out bit_vector(3 downto 0);
        midslv : in std_logic_vector( 7 downto 4 )
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit;
           c : in std_logic
        );
  end component;
begin
  i1 : inv port map ( midin, midout(2), midslv(7) );
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
```

```
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "0000";
  signal s2 : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "0000";
  signal s3 : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "0000";
 component for_model is
 end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
 component mid is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( midin : in bit;
          midout : out bit_vector(3 downto 0);
          midslv : in std_logic_vector( 7 downto 4 )
        );
  end component;
begin
  s1(3) \le not s1(3) after 5 ns;
 m1 : mid port map ( s1(3), s2, to_stdlogicvector(s3) );
  f1 : for_model;
end a;
```

The first example shows **vsim** running in its normal optimization mode. In this case, the simple ports are collapsed for performance and memory efficiency. The immediate parents of the lowest-level signals a and b are shown to be the top-level signals, and the parent signal to $\frac{top}{m1/midslv(7)}$ cannot be found because of the type conversion in the top-level port map.

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl

# 5.7

# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# The parent of /top/ml/il/a is /top/s1(3) whose parent is <NULL>.
# The parent of /top/ml/il/b is /top/s2(2) whose parent is <NULL>.
# The parent of /top/ml/il/c is /top/ml/midslv(7) whose parent is <NULL>.
```

The second example uses the **-nocollapse** argument to **vsim** to cause all ports to be retained so that multiple levels of signal connection are shown. The parent signal to /top/m1/midslv(7) cannot be found because of the type conversion in the top-level port map.

```
% vsim -c -nocollapse top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7

# vsim -c -nocollapse top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ../for_model.sl
# The parent of /top/ml/il/a is /top/ml/midin whose parent is /top/s1(3).
# The parent of /top/ml/il/b is /top/ml/midout(2) whose parent is /top/s2(2).
# The parent of /top/ml/il/c is /top/ml/midslv(7) whose parent is <NULL>.
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetPhysicalData()

Gets the unit information of a physical type.

Syntax

```
phys_data = mti_GetPhysicalData( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
phys_data	mtiPhysicalDataT *	A pointer to a linked list of structures each describing the name and position of a unit in the specified physical type

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL physical type

Description

mti_GetPhysicalData() returns a pointer to a linked list of structures each describing the name and position of a unit in the specified physical type. The linked list is traversed by using the next pointer in each structure. Traversal is terminated by a NULL pointer. The caller is responsible for freeing each structure in the list with mti_Free().

mti_GetPhysicalData() returns NULL if the specified type is not a physical type.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
                * name;
 mtiTypeIdT
                    typeid;
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
 signalInfoT * sig_info; /* List of signals. */
```

```
mtiProcessIdT proc;
                             /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void printExtraUnits( signalInfoT * siginfo, mtiInt32T value )
                  * unit_name;
 char
 mtiInt32T
                   num_units;
 mtiInt32T
                    position;
 mtiInt32T
                   remainder;
 mtiPhysicalDataT * pdp;
 for ( pdp = siginfo->phys_data; pdp; pdp = pdp->next ) {
  if ( value < pdp->position ) {
   break;
  unit_name = pdp->unit_name;
  position = pdp->position;
 num_units = value / position;
 remainder = value % position;
 mti_PrintFormatted( " and %d %s", num_units, unit_name );
 if ( remainder ) {
  printExtraUnits( siginfo, remainder );
 }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
                  * unit_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 mtiInt32T
                num_units;
 mtiInt32T
                  position;
 mtiInt32T
                   remainder;
 mtiInt32T
                   sigval;
 mtiPhysicalDataT * pdp;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 \label{limit} \verb| mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() ); \\
 for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
  mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s:", siginfo->name );
  sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( siginfo->sigid );
  for ( pdp = siginfo->phys_data; pdp; pdp = pdp->next ) {
   if ( sigval < pdp->position ) {
    break;
   unit_name = pdp->unit_name;
   position = pdp->position;
  num_units = sigval / position;
  remainder = sigval % position;
  mti_PrintFormatted( " %d = %d %s", sigval, num_units, unit_name );
  if ( remainder ) {
   printExtraUnits( siginfo, remainder );
  mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
```

```
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 char
                 * prev_unit_name;
 mtiInt32T num_units;
                  prev_position;
 mtiPhysicalDataT * pdp;
 signalInfoT
              * siginfo = 0;
 if ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetSignalType( sigid )) == MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL ) {
  siginfo
                   = (signalInfoT *)mti_Malloc(sizeof(signalInfoT));
  siginfo->sigid = sigid;
                   = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
  siginfo->name
  siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
  siginfo->phys_data = mti_GetPhysicalData( siginfo->typeid );
  siginfo->next = 0;
  mti_PrintFormatted( "Setting a watch on %s\n", siginfo->name );
  mti_PrintFormatted( " Physical Units are:\n" );
  for ( pdp = siginfo->phys_data; pdp; pdp = pdp->next ) \{
   mti_PrintFormatted( " %10s = %d %s",
                     pdp->unit_name, pdp->position,
                      siginfo->phys_data->unit_name );
   if ( pdp != siginfo->phys_data ) {
    num_units = pdp->position / prev_position;
    mti_PrintFormatted( " = %d %s", num_units, prev_unit_name );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
   prev_unit_name = pdp->unit_name;
   prev_position = pdp->position;
 }
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT
                sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 inst_data
                   = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data->sig_info = 0;
 for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
  siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
  if ( siginfo ) {
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
    inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
    curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
  }
 inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                 (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 4 );
```

```
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the */
                    *param,
  char
                                                                         * /
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                           /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
  units
   hour;
   day = 24 hour;
   week = 7 day;
   month = 4 week;
   year = 12 month;
   end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal phys_sig1 : bigtime := 3 day;
  signal phys_sig2 : bigtime := 1 week;
  signal phys_sig3 : bigtime := 1 year;
 component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 phys_sig1 <= phys_sig1 + 1 day after 5 ns;
 phys_sig2 <= phys_sig2 + 40 hour after 5 ns;</pre>
 phys_sig3 <= phys_sig3 + 80 hour after 5 ns;</pre>
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Setting a watch on phys_sig1
# Physical Units are:
          hour = 1 hour
           day = 24 hour = 24 hour
          week = 168 hour = 7 day
         month = 672 hour = 4 week
          year = 8064 hour = 12 month
# Setting a watch on phys_sig2
# Physical Units are:
          hour = 1 hour
           day = 24 hour = 24 hour
          week = 168 hour = 7 day
          month = 672 hour = 4 week
          year = 8064 hour = 12 month
# Setting a watch on phys_sig3
# Physical Units are:
         hour = 1 hour
           day = 24 hour = 24 hour
          week = 168 hour = 7 day
         month = 672 hour = 4 week
          year = 8064 hour = 12 month
VSIM 1> run 20
# Time [0,4]:
# Signal phys_sig1: 72 = 3 day
  Signal phys_sig2: 168 = 1 week
   Signal phys_sig3: 8064 = 1 year
# Time [0,9]:
# Signal phys_sig1: 96 = 4 day
  Signal phys_sig2: 208 = 1 week and 1 day and 16 hour
  Signal phys_sig3: 8144 = 1 year and 3 day and 8 hour
# Time [0,14]:
# Signal phys_sig1: 120 = 5 day
# Signal phys_sig2: 248 = 1 week and 3 day and 8 hour
   Signal phys_sig3: 8224 = 1 year and 6 day and 16 hour
# Time [0,19]:
   Signal phys_sig1: 144 = 6 day
# Signal phys_sig2: 288 = 1 week and 5 day
# Signal phys_sig3: 8304 = 1 year and 1 week and 3 day
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetPrimaryName()

Gets the primary name of a region (entity, package, or module).

Syntax

```
primary_name = mti_GetPrimaryName( region_id );
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
primary_name	char *	The primary name of the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL or Verilog region

Description

mti_GetPrimaryName() returns the primary name of the specified VHDL or Verilog region (that is, an entity, package, or module name). If the region is not a primary design unit, then the parent primary design unit is used.

The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_GetLibraryName() (FLI-283)
mti_GetRegionFullName() (FLI-325)
mti_GetRegionName() (FLI-341)
mti_GetRegionSourceName() (FLI-344)
mti_GetSecondaryName() (FLI-355)
```

Example

```
= mti_FindRegion( region );
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 primary_name = mti_GetPrimaryName( regid );
 \label{limits} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted| | | Region %s; Primary name is %s\n",
                     region_name, primary_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Load Done Callback Function:\n" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top/linst1" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top/linst2" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top/finst" );
 printRegionInfo( "/for_pkg" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 char * primary_name;
 char * region_name;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Foreign Init Function:\n" );
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 primary_name = mti_GetPrimaryName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Region parameter is %s; Primary name is %s\n",
                     region_name, primary_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
package for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc;
end for_pkg;
package body for_pkg is
 procedure test_proc is
   assert false report "I'm in the test_proc." severity note;
   end;
end for_pkg;
```

```
use work.for_pkg.all;
entity lower is
end lower;
architecture level of lower is
begin
 p1 : process
  begin
   test_proc;
   wait for 20 ns;
   end process;
end level;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component for_model
 end component;
 component lower
  end component;
begin
 linst1 : lower;
 linst2 : lower;
 finst : for_model;
end a;
configuration cfg_top of top is
 for a
   for all : lower
   use entity work.lower(level);
   end for;
  for all : for_model
   use entity work.for_model(a);
   end for;
 end for;
end cfg_top;
Simulation output
% vsim -c cfg_top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c cfg_top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.for_pkg(body)
# Loading work.cfg_top
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.lower(level)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Foreign Init Function:
```

FLI-314 FLI function definitions

```
# Region parameter is /top/finst; Primary name is for_model
# Load Done Callback Function:
# Region /top; Primary name is top
# Region /top/linst1; Primary name is lower
# Region /top/linst2; Primary name is lower
# Region /top/finst; Primary name is for_model
# Region /for_pkg; Primary name is for_pkg
VSIM 1> run 20
# ** Note: I'm in the test_proc.
   Time: 0 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /top/linst2
# ** Note: I'm in the test_proc.
    Time: 0 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /top/linst1
# ** Note: I'm in the test_proc.
    Time: 20 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /top/linst2
# ** Note: I'm in the test_proc.
  Time: 20 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /top/linst1
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetProcessName()

Gets the name of a VHDL process.

Syntax

```
proc_name = mti_GetProcessName( proc_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
proc_name	char *	The name of the specified process

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
proc_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a VHDL process

Description

mti_GetProcessName() returns the name of the specified process. The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

None

Example

```
mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 indent += 2;
 printProcesses( region, indent );
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
  printHierarchy( regid, indent );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
                  region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param, /* The last part of the string in the */
 char
                            /* foreign attribute.
 \verb|mtiInterfaceListT *generics|, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/|
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process
  variable count : integer := 0;
 begin
  count := count + 1;
  wait on a;
 end process;
end b;
```

```
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
  generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
         b : out bit
        );
  end component;
begin
  flip: inv port map (s3,s4);
  i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
 proc1 : process
  variable count : integer := 0;
 begin
  wait on s1;
  count := count + 1;
  end process proc1;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Region /top
#
  Region /top/il
#
   Region /top/flip
     Process pl
```

FLI-318 FLI function definitions

```
# Process line__19
#
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
# Process proc1
# Process line__58
# Process line__57
# Region /top/flip
# Process pl
# Process line__19
# Region /top/i1
# Region /top/toggle
# Process pl
# Process pl
# Process pl
# Process pl
# Process line__19
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetProcessRegion()

Gets a handle to a process' region.

Syntax

```
region = mti_GetProcessRegion( proc_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the region in which the process exists

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
proc_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a process

Description

mti_GetProcessRegion() returns a handle to the VHDL or SystemC region in which the specified process exists.

Related functions

None

Example

```
mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   }
}
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
   mtiRegionIdT regid;
   printProcesses( region, indent );
    for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
          regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
        printHierarchy( regid, indent );
    }
}
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
   mti PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
   printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT
                       region,
                                /* The ID of the region in which this
                                 /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                                                                              * /
                                /* The last part of the string in the
                      *param,
                                 /* foreign attribute.
                                                                              * /
   \verb|mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/|
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                               /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
   printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
  p1 : process
   variable count : integer := 0;
 begin
```

```
count := count + 1;
   wait on a;
 end process;
end b;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
  end component;
begin
  flip: inv port map (s3,s4);
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
 proc1 : process
   variable count : integer := 0;
 begin
   wait on s1;
   count := count + 1;
  end process proc1;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.6
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
```

FLI-322 FLI function definitions

```
# Elaboration phase:
# Process p1 is in region /top/flip
# Process line__19 is in region /top/flip
#
# Load Done phase:
# Process proc1 is in region /top
# Process line__58 is in region /top
# Process line__57 is in region /top
# Process p1 is in region /top/flip
# Process line__19 is in region /top/flip
# Process p1 is in region /top/flip
# Process p1 is in region /top/flip
# Process p1 is in region /top/toggle
# Process line__19 is in region /top/toggle
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetProductVersion()

Gets the name and version of the simulator.

Syntax

```
prod_ver = mti_GetProductVersion()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
prod_ver	char *	The name and version of the product

Arguments

None

Description

mti_GetProductVersion() returns the name and version of the product. The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

None

Example

HDL code

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
```

```
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# The version of the simulator is:
# "Model Technology ModelSim SE/EE PLUS vsim 5.4b Simulator 2000.06 Jun 9
2000".
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetRegionFullName()

Gets the full hierarchical name of a region.

Syntax

```
region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_name	char *	The full hierarchical name of the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL or Verilog region

Description

mti_GetRegionFullName() returns the full hierarchical name of the specified VHDL or Verilog region. The caller is responsible for freeing the returned pointer with mti_VsimFree().

Related functions

```
mti_GetLibraryName() (FLI-283)
mti_GetPrimaryName() (FLI-311)
mti_GetRegionName() (FLI-341)
mti_GetRegionSourceName() (FLI-344)
mti_GetSecondaryName() (FLI-355)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>

void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
{
   char * region_name;
   mtiRegionIdT regid;

region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
```

```
indent += 2;
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
  printHierarchy( regid, indent );
  }
  mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
  char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
  mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
  mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
  printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
```

```
end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
  generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
       );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
      Region /top/inst1/i1
      Region /top/inst1/flip
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
      Region /top/inst1/flip
     Region /top/inst1/i1
      Region /top/inst1/toggle
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetRegionKind()

Gets the type of a region (VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC).

Syntax

```
region_kind = mti_GetRegionKind( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_kind	int	The kind of the region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL or Verilog region

Description

mti_GetRegionKind() returns the kind of the specified VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC region. The value returned is one of the type (not fulltype) values defined in acc_user.h or acc_vhdl.h. The PLI routine acc_fetch_fulltype() can be used on the region_id to get the fulltype of the region. If the region_id is a handle to a Verilog region, then it can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about and access objects in the Verilog region.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <acc_user.h>
#include <acc_vhdl.h>
#include <mti.h>
static void printFullType( handle region )
  int fulltype = acc_fetch_fulltype( region );
  switch (fulltype) {
   case accArchitecture:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accArchitecture" );
   case accArchVitalLevel0:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accArchVitalLevel0" );
     break;
```

```
case accArchVitalLevel1:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accArchVitalLevell" );
     break;
   case accEntityVitalLevel0:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accEntityVitalLevel0" );
    case accForeignArch:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accForeignArch" );
     break;
   case accForeignArchMixed:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accForeignArchMixed" );
   case accFunction:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accFunction" );
   case accModuleInstance:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accModuleInstance" );
     break;
   case accPackage:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accPackage" );
   case accShadow:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accShadow" );
     break;
   case accTask:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype accTask" );
     break;
   default:
     mti_PrintFormatted( " of fulltype %d", fulltype );
}
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
 char *
              region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s is ", indent, ' ', region_name );
 switch ( mti_GetRegionKind( region ) ) {
   case accArchitecture:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "a VHDL architecture" );
     printFullType( region );
     break;
   case accForeign:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "an FLI-created region" );
     printFullType( region );
     break;
   case accFunction:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "a Verilog function" );
     printFullType( region );
     break;
   case accModule:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "a Verilog module" );
     printFullType( region );
     break;
   case accPackage:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "a VHDL package" );
     printFullType( region );
     break;
```

```
case accTask:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "a Verilog task" );
     printFullType( region );
     break;
   default:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "UNKNOWN" );
     printFullType( region );
     break;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 indent += 2;
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nDesign Regions:\n" );
 for ( regid = mti_GetTopRegion(); regid; regid = mti_NextRegion(regid) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, 1 );
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the */
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 {\tt mtiInterfaceListT} *ports /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  (void) mti_CreateRegion( region, "my_region" );
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
```

cache.v

```
wire [`addr_size-1:0] #(5) saddr = saddr_r;
wire [`word_size-1:0] #(5) sdata = sdata_r, pdata = pdata_r;
wire
                     #(5) srw = srw_r, sstrb = sstrb_r, prdy = prdy_r;
reg [3:0] oen, wen;
wire [3:0] hit;
/************ Cache sets **********/
cache_set s0(paddr, pdata, hit[0], oen[0], wen[0]);
cache_set s1(paddr, pdata, hit[1], oen[1], wen[1]);
cache_set s2(paddr, pdata, hit[2], oen[2], wen[2]);
cache_set s3(paddr, pdata, hit[3], oen[3], wen[3]);
initial begin
 verbose = 1;
  saddr_r = 0;
  sdata_r = 'bz;
  pdata_r = 'bz;
 srw_r = 0;
 sstrb r = 1;
 prdy_r = 1;
 oen = 4'b1111;
  wen = 4'b1111;
end
/********** Local MRU memory *********/
reg [2:0] mru_mem [0:(1 << `set_size) - 1];
integer i;
initial for (i = 0; i < (1 << `set_size); i=i+1) mru_mem[i] = 0;
function integer hash;
 input [`addr_size-1:0] a;
  hash = a[`set_size - 1:0];
endfunction
task update_mru;
  input [`addr_size-1:0] addr;
  input [3:0] hit;
  reg [2:0] mru;
  begin
   mru = mru_mem[hash(addr)];
   mru[2] = ((hit & 4'b1100) != 0);
   if (mru[2]) mru[1] = hit[3];
   else
               mru[0] = hit[1];
   mru_mem[hash(addr)] = mru;
  end
endtask
function [3:0] pick_set;
 input [`addr_size-1:0] addr;
  integer setnum;
  begin
    casez (mru_mem[hash(addr)])
     3'b1?1 : setnum = 0;
     3'b1?0 : setnum = 1;
     3'b01? : setnum = 2;
     3'b00? : setnum = 3;
     default: setnum = 0;
    endcase
```

```
if (verbose) begin
     if (prw == 1)
       $display("%t: Read miss, picking set %0d", $time, setnum);
     else
       $display("%t: Write miss, picking set %0d", $time, setnum);
   end
   pick_set = 4'b0001 << setnum;
 end
endfunction
task sysread;
 input [`addr_size-1:0] a;
 begin
   saddr_r = a;
   srw_r = 1;
   sstrb_r = 0;
   @(posedge clk) sstrb_r = 1;
   assign prdy_r = srdy;
   assign pdata_r = sdata;
   @(posedge clk) while (srdy != 0) @(posedge clk) ;
   deassign prdy_r; prdy_r = 1;
   deassign pdata_r; pdata_r = 'bz;
 end
endtask
task syswrite;
 input [`addr_size-1:0] a;
 begin
  saddr_r = a;
  srw_r = 0;
   sstrb_r = 0;
   @(posedge clk) sstrb_r = 1;
   assign prdy_r = srdy;
   assign sdata_r = pdata;
   @(posedge clk) while (srdy != 0) @(posedge clk) ;
   deassign prdy_r; prdy_r = 1;
   deassign sdata_r; sdata_r = 'bz;
   sdata_r = 'bz;
 end
endtask
/********* Cache control *********/
function [3:0] get_hit;
 input [3:0] hit;
 integer setnum;
 begin
   casez (hit)
     4'b???1 : setnum = 0;
     4'b??1? : setnum = 1;
     4'b?1?? : setnum = 2;
     4'b1??? : setnum = 3;
   endcase
   if (verbose) begin
     if (prw == 1)
       $display("%t: Read hit to set %0d", $time, setnum);
     else
       $display("%t: Write hit to set %0d", $time, setnum);
   get_hit = 4'b0001 << setnum;
```

```
end
  endfunction
 reg [3:0] setsel;
  always @(posedge clk) if (pstrb == 0) begin
   if ((prw == 1) && hit) begin
     // Read Hit..
      setsel = get_hit(hit);
     oen = ~setsel;
     prdy_r = 0;
     @(posedge clk) prdy_r = 1;
     oen = 4'b1111;
    end else begin
     // Read Miss or Write Hit..
     if (hit)
       setsel = get_hit(hit);
     else
       setsel = pick_set(paddr);
      wen = ~setsel;
     if (prw == 1)
       sysread (paddr);
      else
       syswrite(paddr);
     wen = 4'b1111;
   update_mru(paddr, setsel);
  end
endmodule
memory.v
module memory(clk, addr, data, rw, strb, rdy);
  input clk, addr, rw, strb;
 output rdy;
 inout data;
  `define addr_size 8
  `define word_size 16
 reg [`word_size-1:0] data_r;
 reg
                      rdy_r;
  initial begin
   data_r = 'bz;
   rdy_r = 1;
  end
  wire [`addr_size-1:0] addr;
 wire [`word_size-1:0] #(5) data = data_r;
                        \#(5) rdy = rdy_r;
  reg [`word_size-1:0] mem[0:(1 << `addr_size) - 1];
  integer i;
  always @(posedge clk) if (strb == 0) begin
   i = addr;
   repeat (2) @(posedge clk) ;
   if (rw == 1)
     data_r = mem[i];
   rdy_r = 0;
    @(posedge clk)
   rdy_r = 1;
```

```
if (rw == 0)
     mem[i] = data;
    else
     data_r = 'bz;
  end
endmodule
proc.v
module proc(clk, addr, data, rw, strb, rdy);
 input clk, rdy;
 output addr, rw, strb;
 inout data;
  `define addr_size 8
  `define word_size 16
 reg [`addr_size-1:0] addr_r;
 reg [`word_size-1:0] data_r;
 reg
                      rw_r, strb_r;
 reg verbose;
 wire [`addr_size-1:0] #(5) addr = addr_r;
 wire [`word_size-1:0] #(5) data = data_r;
 wire
                        #(5) rw = rw_r, strb = strb_r;
  task read;
   input [`addr_size-1:0] a;
   output [`word_size-1:0] d;
   begin
     if (verbose) $display("%t: Reading from addr=%h", $time, a);
     addr_r = a;
     rw_r = 1;
     strb_r = 0;
     @(posedge clk) strb_r = 1;
     @(posedge clk) while (rdy != 0) @(posedge clk) ;
     d = data;
   end
  endtask
  task write;
   input [`addr_size-1:0] a;
   input [`word_size-1:0] d;
   begin
     if (verbose)
      $display("%t: Writing data=%h to addr=%h", $time, d, a);
     addr_r = a;
     rw_r = 0;
     strb_r = 0;
      @(posedge clk) strb_r = 1;
     data_r = di
     @(posedge clk) while (rdy != 0) @(posedge clk) ;
     data_r = 'bz;
   end
  endtask
 reg [`addr_size-1:0] a;
  reg [`word_size-1:0] d;
  initial begin
   // Set initial state of outputs..
   addr_r = 0;
```

```
data_r = 'bz;
   rw_r = 0;
    strb_r = 1;
   verbose = 1;
    forever begin
      // Wait for first clock, then perform read/write test
      @(posedge clk)
     if (verbose) $display("%t: Starting Read/Write test", $time);
      // Write 10 locations
      for (a = 0; a < 10; a = a + 1)
       write(a, a);
      // Read back 10 locations
      for (a = 0; a < 10; a = a + 1) begin
        read(a, d);
        if (d !== a)
          $display("%t: Read/Write mismatch; E: %h, A: %h", $time, a, d);
      end
      if (verbose) $display("Read/Write test done");
      $stop(1);
    end
endmodule
util.vhd
library IEEE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
package std_logic_util is
  function CONV_STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(ARG: INTEGER; SIZE: INTEGER)
                                             return STD_LOGIC_VECTOR;
  function CONV_INTEGER(ARG: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR) return INTEGER;
end std_logic_util;
package body std_logic_util is
  type tbl_type is array (STD_ULOGIC) of STD_ULOGIC;
  constant tbl_BINARY : tbl_type :=
   ('0', '0', '0', '1', '0', '0', '0', '1', '0');
  function CONV_STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(ARG: INTEGER; SIZE: INTEGER)
                                              return STD_LOGIC_VECTOR is
   variable result: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(SIZE-1 downto 0);
   variable temp: integer;
  begin
   temp := ARG;
    for i in 0 to SIZE-1 loop
     if (temp mod 2) = 1 then
       result(i) := '1';
      else
       result(i) := '0';
      end if;
     if temp > 0 then
       temp := temp / 2;
       temp := (temp - 1) / 2; -- simulate ASR
      end if;
    end loop;
    return result;
```

```
end;
  function CONV_INTEGER(ARG: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR) return INTEGER is
    variable result: INTEGER;
 begin
    assert ARG'length <= 32
     report "ARG is too large in CONV_INTEGER"
      severity FAILURE;
    result := 0;
    for i in ARG'range loop
     if i /= ARG'left then
        result := result * 2;
        if tbl_BINARY(ARG(i)) = '1' then
         result := result + 1;
        end if;
      end if;
    end loop;
    return result;
  end;
end std_logic_util;
set.vhd
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use work.std_logic_util.all;
entity cache_set is
 generic(
   addr_size : integer := 8;
   set_size : integer := 5;
    word_size : integer := 16
  );
 port(
                 : in std_logic_vector(addr_size-1 downto 0);
: inout std_logic_vector(word_size-1 downto 0);
    addr
    data
                  : out std_logic;
   oen
                  : in std_logic;
                   : in std_logic
    wen
 );
end cache_set;
architecture only of cache_set is
 constant size : integer := 2**set_size;
 constant dly : time := 5 ns;
 subtype word_t is std_logic_vector(word_size-1 downto 0);
 subtype addr_t is std_logic_vector(addr_size-1 downto 0);
 type mem_t is array (0 to size-1) of word_t;
  subtype tag_word_t is std_logic_vector(addr_size-1 downto set_size);
 type tag_t is array (0 to size-1) of tag_word_t;
  type valid_t is array (0 to size-1) of boolean;
  signal data_out : word_t;
begin
  data <= (others => 'Z') after dly when (oen = '1') else data_out after dly;
process(wen, addr)
    ----- Local tag and data memories -----
    variable data_mem : mem_t;
    variable atag_mem : tag_t;
    variable valid_mem : valid_t := (others => false);
```

```
function hash(constant a : addr_t) return integer is
     return conv_integer(a(set_size-1 downto 0));
    end;
   procedure lookup_cache(constant a : addr_t) is
     variable i : integer;
      variable found : boolean;
   begin
     i := hash(a);
      found := valid_mem(i) and (a(tag_word_t'range) = atag_mem(i));
     if found then
       hit <= '1' after dly;
     else
       hit <= '0' after dly;
      end if;
    end;
   procedure update_cache(constant a : addr_t;
                      constant d : word_t) is
     variable i : integer;
   begin
     i := hash(a);
     data_mem(i) := d;
     atag_mem(i) := a(tag_word_t'range);
      valid_mem(i) := true;
    end;
  begin
   if wen'event and (wen = '1') then
     update_cache(addr, data);
   end if;
   lookup_cache(addr);
   data_out <= data_mem(hash(addr));</pre>
  end process;
end;
top.vhd
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is end;
architecture only of top is
 component proc
   port(
     clk
                     : in std_logic;
                     : out std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
     addr
                     : inout std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
     data
                     : out std_logic;
: out std_logic;
      strb
```

```
: in std_logic
      rdy
    );
  end component;
  component cache
    port(
                   : in std_logic;
: in std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
     clk
      paddr
                  : inout std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
      pdata
                     : in std_logic;
     prw
                     : in std_logic;
     pstrb
                     : out std_logic;
     prdy
     saddr
                    : out std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
     sdata
                     : inout std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
                     : out std_logic;
: out std_logic;
: in std_logic
      srw
      sstrb
      srdy
    );
  end component;
  component memory
   port(
                     : in std_logic;
     clk
                    : in std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
: inout std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
: in std_logic;
: in std_logic;
      addr
      data
     rw
      strb
                     : out std_logic
     rdy
    );
  end component;
  component for_model
  end component;
  signal clk : std_logic := '0';
  -- Processor bus signals
  signal prw, pstrb, prdy : std_logic;
  signal paddr : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
  signal pdata : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
  -- System bus signals
 signal srw, sstrb, srdy : std_logic;
 signal saddr : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
  signal sdata : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
begin
 clk <= not clk after 20 ns;
 p: proc port map(clk, paddr, pdata, prw, pstrb, prdy);
  c: cache port map(clk, paddr, pdata, prw, pstrb, prdy,
                                       saddr, sdata, srw, sstrb, srdy);
  m: memory port map(clk, saddr, sdata, srw, sstrb, srdy);
  inst1 : for_model;
end;
```

% vlog cache.v memory.v proc.v

```
Model Technology ModelSim SE/EE vlog 5.4b Compiler 2000.06 Jun 9 2000
-- Compiling module cache
-- Compiling module memory
-- Compiling module proc
Top level modules:
    cache
    memory
   proc
% vcom util.vhd set.vhd
Model Technology ModelSim SE/EE vcom 5.4b Compiler 2000.06 Jun 9 2000
-- Loading package standard
-- Loading package std_logic_1164
-- Compiling package std_logic_util
-- Compiling package body std_logic_util
-- Loading package std_logic_util
-- Loading package std_logic_util
-- Compiling entity cache_set
-- Compiling architecture only of cache_set
% vcom -93 top.vhd
Model Technology ModelSim SE/EE vcom 5.4b Compiler 2000.06 Jun 9 2000
-- Loading package standard
-- Compiling entity for_model
-- Compiling architecture a of for_model
-- Loading package std_logic_1164
-- Compiling entity top
-- Compiling architecture only of top
-- Loading package vl_types
-- Loading entity proc
-- Loading entity cache
-- Loading entity memory
-- Loading entity for_model
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../verilog.vl_types(body)
# Loading work.top(only)
# Loading work.proc
# Loading work.cache
# Loading work.std_logic_util(body)
# Loading work.cache_set(only)
# Loading work.memory
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Design Regions:
# Region /top is a VHDL architecture of fulltype accArchitecture
    Region /top/p is a Verilog module of fulltype accModuleInstance
      Region /top/p/read is a Verilog task of fulltype accTask
      Region /top/p/write is a Verilog task of fulltype accTask
     Region /top/c is a Verilog module of fulltype accModuleInstance
      Region /top/c/hash is a Verilog function of fulltype accFunction
      Region /top/c/update_mru is a Verilog task of fulltype accTask
      Region /top/c/pick_set is a Verilog function of fulltype accFunction
      Region /top/c/sysread is a Verilog task of fulltype accTask
      Region /top/c/syswrite is a Verilog task of fulltype accTask
```

```
Region /top/c/get_hit is a Verilog function of fulltype accFunction
      Region /top/c/s0 is a VHDL architecture of fulltype accArchitecture
      Region /top/c/sl is a VHDL architecture of fulltype accArchitecture
      Region /top/c/s2 is a VHDL architecture of fulltype accArchitecture
      Region /top/c/s3 is a VHDL architecture of fulltype accArchitecture
    Region /top/m is a Verilog module of fulltype accModuleInstance
    Region /top/inst1 is a VHDL architecture of fulltype accForeignArch
     Region /top/inst1/my_region is an FLI-created region of fulltype accShadow
# Region /standard is a VHDL package of fulltype accPackage
# Region /std_logic_1164 is a VHDL package of fulltype accPackage
# Region /vl_types is a VHDL package of fulltype accPackage
# Region /std_logic_util is a VHDL package of fulltype accPackage
VSIM 1> run -all
                    20: Starting Read/Write test
                    20: Writing data=0000 to addr=00
#
                    60: Write miss, picking set 3
                   220: Writing data=0001 to addr=01
#
                   260: Write miss, picking set 3
                  420: Writing data=0002 to addr=02
                  460: Write miss, picking set 3
#
                  620: Writing data=0003 to addr=03
                  660: Write miss, picking set 3
#
                  820: Writing data=0004 to addr=04
#
                  860: Write miss, picking set 3
#
                  1020: Writing data=0005 to addr=05
                  1060: Write miss, picking set 3
                 1220: Writing data=0006 to addr=06
                 1260: Write miss, picking set 3
                 1420: Writing data=0007 to addr=07
                 1460: Write miss, picking set 3
                 1620: Writing data=0008 to addr=08
#
                 1660: Write miss, picking set 3
#
                  1820: Writing data=0009 to addr=09
#
                  1860: Write miss, picking set 3
#
                  2020: Reading from addr=00
#
                  2060: Read hit to set 3
                 2100: Reading from addr=01
#
#
                 2140: Read hit to set 3
                 2180: Reading from addr=02
                 2220: Read hit to set 3
#
                 2260: Reading from addr=03
                 2300: Read hit to set 3
#
#
                 2340: Reading from addr=04
#
                  2380: Read hit to set 3
                  2420: Reading from addr=05
#
                 2460: Read hit to set 3
                 2500: Reading from addr=06
#
                  2540: Read hit to set 3
                  2580: Reading from addr=07
                  2620: Read hit to set 3
                  2660: Reading from addr=08
                  2700: Read hit to set 3
                  2740: Reading from addr=09
                  2780: Read hit to set 3
# Read/Write test done
# ** Note: $stop : proc.v(77)
   Time: 2820 ns Iteration: 0 Instance: /top/p
# Break at proc.v line 77
# Stopped at proc.v line 77
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetRegionName()

Gets the simple name of a region.

Syntax

```
region_name = mti_GetRegionName( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_name	char *	The simple name of the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL or Verilog region

Description

mti_GetRegionName() returns the simple name of the specified VHDL or Verilog region. The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_GetLibraryName() (FLI-283)
mti_GetPrimaryName() (FLI-311)
mti_GetRegionFullName() (FLI-325)
mti_GetRegionSourceName() (FLI-344)
mti_GetSecondaryName() (FLI-355)
```

Example

```
regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
 signal s3 : bit := '0';
 signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
```

```
generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
         b : out bit
         );
end component;
begin
  flip: inv port map (s3,s4);
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Load Done phase:
# Region top
   Region inst1
     Region flip
     Region il
      Region toggle
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetRegionSourceName()

Gets the name of the source file which contains a region.

Syntax

```
source_name = mti_GetRegionSourceName( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
source_name	char *	The name of the source file which contains the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL or Verilog region

Description

mti_GetRegionSourceName() returns the name of the source file which contains the specified VHDL or Verilog region. The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_GetLibraryName() (FLI-283)
mti_GetPrimaryName() (FLI-311)
mti_GetRegionFullName() (FLI-325)
mti_GetRegionName() (FLI-341)
mti_GetSecondaryName() (FLI-355)
```

Example

```
#include "mti.h"

static void printRegionInfo( mtiRegionIdT regid )
{
   char * source_name;
   char * region_name;

if ( regid ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
   source_name = mti_GetRegionSourceName( regid );
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( " Region %s is in File %s\n",
                     region_name, source_name );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "top" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1/i1" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1/flip" ) );
 printRegionInfo( mti_FindRegion( "inst1/toggle" ) );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 char * source_name;
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 source_name = mti_GetRegionSourceName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Foreign architecture region is in File %s\n",
                   source_name );
HDL code
for_model.vhd
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
end a;
inv.vhd
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
mid.vhd
entity mid is
```

```
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
 component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
    port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
  for all : inv use entity work.inv(b);
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
top.vhd
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
 for all : mid use entity work.mid(a);
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vcom -93 for_model.vhd inv.vhd mid.vhd top.vhd
Model Technology ModelSim SE/EE vcom 5.4b Compiler 2000.06 Jun 9 2000
-- Loading package standard
-- Compiling entity for_model
-- Compiling architecture a of for_model
-- Compiling entity inv
-- Compiling architecture b of inv
-- Compiling entity \operatorname{mid}
-- Compiling architecture a of mid
-- Loading entity for_model
-- Loading entity inv
-- Compiling entity top
-- Compiling architecture a of top
-- Loading entity mid
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
# Foreign architecture region is in File for_model.vhd
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top is in File top.vhd
# Region /top/inst1 is in File mid.vhd
# Region /top/inst1/il is in File for_model.vhd
# Region /top/inst1/flip is in File inv.vhd
# Region /top/inst1/toggle is in File inv.vhd
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetResolutionLimit()

Gets the simulator resolution limit.

Syntax

limit = mti_GetResolutionLimit()

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
limit	int	The simulator resolution limit in log10 seconds

Arguments

None

Description

 $mti_GetResolutionLimit()$ returns the simulator resolution limit in log10 seconds. In other words, $mti_GetResolutionLimit()$ returns n from the expression:

 $time_scale = 1*10^n seconds$

The values returned by mti_GetResolutionLimit() are as follows:

limit	time_scale
2	100 sec
1	10 sec
0	1 sec
-1	100 ms
-2	10 ms
-3	1 ms
-4	100 us
-5	10 us
-6	1 us
-7	100 ns
-8	10 ns
-9	1 ns

limit	time_scale
-10	100 ps
-11	10 ps
-12	1 ps
-13	100 fs
-14	10 fs
-15	1 fs

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * convertLimit( int limit )
 switch ( limit ) {
   case 2: return( "100 sec" );
   case 1: return( "10 sec" );
   case 0: return( "1 sec" );
   case -1: return( "100 ms" );
   case -2: return( "10 ms" );
case -3: return( "1 ms" );
   case -4: return( "100 us" );
   case -5: return( "10 us" );
   case -6: return( "1 us" );
   case -7: return( "100 ns" );
   case -8: return( "10 ns" );
   case -9: return( "1 ns" );
   case -10: return( "100 ps" );
   case -11: return( "10 ps" );
   case -12: return( "1 ps" );
case -13: return( "100 fs" );
   case -14: return( "10 fs" );
   case -15: return( "1 fs" );
   default: return( "Unexpected limit" );
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                                                                     */
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                                                                     * /
                             /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "The resolution limit of the simulator is \"%s\".\n",
                     convertLimit( mti_GetResolutionLimit() ) );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c -t 10ps top
Reading \dots/modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
\# vsim -c -t 10ps top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# The resolution limit of the simulator is "10 ps".
VSIM 1> quit
% vsim -c -t 100fs top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c -t 100fs top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# The resolution limit of the simulator is "100 fs".
VSIM 1> quit
% vsim -c top
```

```
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# The resolution limit of the simulator is "1 ns".
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetRunStopTime()

Gets the stop time of the current simulation run.

Syntax

```
mti_GetRunStopTime( stop_time )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
stop_time	mtiTime64T *	Returns the stop time of the current simulation run

Description

mti_GetRunStopTime() returns the stop time of the current simulation run in the stop_time parameter.

Related functions

```
mti_GetNextEventTime() (FLI-287)
mti_GetNextNextEventTime() (FLI-291)
mti_Now() (FLI-501)
mti_NowIndirect() (FLI-505)
mti_NowUpper() (FLI-510)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static void checkStopTime( void * param )
 mtiTime64T stop_time;
 mti_GetRunStopTime( &stop_time );
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]: Run stop time is [%d,%d]\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(),
                    MTI_TIME64_HI32(stop_time),
                    MTI_TIME64_LO32(stop_time) );
static void initInstance( void * param )
```

```
mtiProcessIdT procid;
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkStopTime, 0 );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" ), MTI_EVENT );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                          /* The last part of the string in the
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component for_model
  end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 finst : for_model;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl

# 5.4b

# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 6
# Time [0,5]: Run stop time is [0,6]
VSIM 2> run 7
# Time [0,10]: Run stop time is [0,13]
VSIM 3> run 6
# Time [0,15]: Run stop time is [0,19]
VSIM 4> quit
```

mti_GetSecondaryName()

Gets the secondary name of a VHDL region.

Syntax

```
sec_name = mti_GetSecondaryName( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
sec_name	char *	The secondary name of the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL region

Description

mti_GetSecondaryName() returns the secondary name of the specified region; that is, an architecture name. If the region is not a secondary design unit, then the parent secondary design unit is used. A NULL is returned if the region is a VHDL package or a Verilog region that was not compiled with **-fast**.

The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_GetLibraryName() (FLI-283)
mti_GetPrimaryName() (FLI-311)
mti_GetRegionFullName() (FLI-325)
mti_GetRegionName() (FLI-341)
mti_GetRegionSourceName() (FLI-344)
```

Example

```
char *
             secondary_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
               = mti_FindRegion( region );
 regid
               = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 region_name
 primary_name = mti_GetPrimaryName( regid );
 secondary_name = mti_GetSecondaryName( regid );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Region %s; Primary name is %s, "
                     "Secondary name is s\n",
                     region_name, primary_name,
                     secondary_name ? secondary_name : "<NULL>" );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Load Done Callback Function:\n" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top/linst1" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top/linst2" );
 printRegionInfo( "/top/finst" );
 printRegionInfo( "/for_pkg" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 char * primary_name;
 char * region_name;
 char * secondary_name;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Foreign Init Function:\n" );
 region_name
               = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 primary_name = mti_GetPrimaryName( region );
 secondary_name = mti_GetSecondaryName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Region parameter is %s; Primary name is %s, "
                    "Secondary name is %s\n",
                    region_name, primary_name,
                    secondary_name ? secondary_name : "<NULL>" );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture for_arch of for_model is
attribute foreign of for_arch : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end for_arch;
```

```
package for_pkg is
procedure test_proc;
end for_pkg;
package body for_pkg is
procedure test_proc is
  assert false report "I'm in the test_proc." severity note;
  end;
end for_pkg;
use work.for_pkg.all;
entity lower is
end lower;
architecture level of lower is
begin
p1 : process
 begin
  test_proc;
  wait for 20 ns;
 end process;
end level;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture beh of top is
 component for_model
end component;
 component lower
 end component;
begin
linst1 : lower;
 linst2 : lower;
finst : for_model;
end beh;
configuration cfg_top of top is
for beh
 for all : lower
  use entity work.lower(level);
  end for;
```

```
for all : for_model
  use entity work.for_model(for_arch);
end for;
end for;
end cfg_top;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.for_pkg(body)
# Loading work.top(beh)
# Loading work.lower(level)
# Loading work.for_model(for_arch)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Foreign Init Function:
# Region parameter is /top/finst; Primary name is for_model, Secondary name is
for_arch
# Load Done Callback Function:
# Region /top; Primary name is top, Secondary name is beh
  Region /top/linstl; Primary name is lower, Secondary name is level
# Region /top/linst2; Primary name is lower, Secondary name is level
# Region /top/finst; Primary name is for_model, Secondary name is for_arch
# Region /for_pkg; Primary name is for_pkg, Secondary name is <NULL>
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetSignalMode()

Gets the mode (direction) of a VHDL signal.

Syntax

```
direction = mti_GetSignalMode( signal_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
direction	mtiDirectionT	The port mode of the specified signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal

Description

mti_GetSignalMode() returns the direction (or port mode) of the specified VHDL signal. The direction is one of the following: MTI_INTERNAL, MTI_DIR_IN, MTI_DIR_OUT, or MTI_DIR_INOUT. MTI_INTERNAL indicates that the signal is not a port.

Related functions

None

Example

```
for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( region ); sigid;
       sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
    if ( sigid ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cSignal %s: Direction is %s\n",
                        indent, ' ', mti_GetSignalName( sigid ),
                        convertDirection( mti_GetSignalMode( sigid )));
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
  char *
            region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 indent += 2;
 printSignals( region, indent );
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
  }
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
  char
                    *param,
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
      );
end inv;
```

```
architecture b of inv is
 signal count : integer := 0;
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process( a )
 begin
   count <= count + 1 after 0 ns;</pre>
 end process;
end b;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity mid is
 port ( ptio : inout std_logic );
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
 signal s3 : bit := '0';
 signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
 component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
        );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
 p1 : process
   begin
     ptio <= 'U';
     wait for 1 ns;
     ptio <= 'Z';
     wait for 30 ns;
    end process;
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
```

```
entity top is
end top;

architecture a of top is
  component mid is
    port ( ptio : inout std_logic );
  end component;

  signal sls : std_logic := '0';
begin
  inst1 : mid port map ( sls );
  sls <= std_logic'val( std_logic'pos(sls) + 1 ) after 5 ns;
end a;</pre>
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
    Signal sls: Direction is INTERNAL
    Region /top/inst1
      Signal ptio: Direction is INOUT
#
     Signal s1: Direction is INTERNAL
     Signal s2: Direction is INTERNAL
     Signal s3: Direction is INTERNAL
     Signal s4: Direction is INTERNAL
     Region /top/inst1/flip
       Signal a: Direction is IN
#
       Signal b: Direction is OUT
#
        Signal count: Direction is INTERNAL
     Region /top/inst1/i1
      Region /top/inst1/toggle
       Signal a: Direction is IN
        Signal b: Direction is OUT
        Signal count: Direction is INTERNAL
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetSignalName()

Gets the simple name of a scalar or top-level composite VHDL signal.

Syntax

```
signal_name = mti_GetSignalName( signal_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_name	char *	The simple name of the signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal

Description

mti_GetSignalName() returns the simple name of the specified VHDL signal. If the signal is a composite subelement, then the name returned is the name of the top-level composite. The returned pointer must not be freed.

To get the name of a composite subelement signal, use mti_GetSignalNameIndirect().

Related functions

mti_GetSignalNameIndirect() (FLI-367)

Example

```
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
 char *
            region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 indent += 2;
 printSignals( region, indent );
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nTesting names of composite subelements:\n" );
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/inst1/s3" );
 elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s\n", mti_GetSignalName( elem_list[1] ) );
 mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/inst1/s4" );
 elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s\n", mti_GetSignalName( elem_list[0] ) );
 mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
```

```
);
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
 signal count : integer := 0;
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process( a )
 begin
   count <= count + 1 after 0 ns;</pre>
 end process;
end b;
entity mid is
 type rectype is record
   a : integer;
   b : bit;
   c : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 );
  end record;
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
 signal s3 : rectype := ( 42, '1', "1100" );
 signal s4 : bit_vector( 7 downto 0 ) := "10001111";
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
  i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
```

end a;

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
  Region /top/inst1
     Signal s1
#
     Signal s2
     Signal s3
#
      Signal s4
     Region /top/inst1/i1
     Region /top/inst1/toggle
       Signal a
       Signal b
       Signal count
\ensuremath{\mbox{\#}} Testing names of composite subelements:
# Signal s3
  Signal s4
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetSignalNameIndirect()

Gets the full simple name of a VHDL signal including array indices and record subelement names.

Syntax

signal_name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect(signal_id, buffer, length)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_name	char *	The full simple name of the specified signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal
buffer	char *	A buffer into which the signal name is to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL
length	int	The length of the buffer parameter

Description

mti_GetSignalNameIndirect() returns the full simple name of the specified VHDL signal including array indices and record fields. If the buffer parameter is NULL, then mti_GetSignalNameIndirect() allocates memory for the name and returns a pointer to it. The caller is responsible for freeing this memory with mti_VsimFree(). If the buffer parameter is not NULL, then mti_GetSignalNameIndirect() copies the name into the buffer parameter up to the length specified by the length parameter and also returns a pointer to the buffer parameter.

Related functions

mti_GetSignalName() (FLI-363)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static void printSignalInfo( mtiSignalIdT sigid, int indent )
char
              * signame;
int
              i;
mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
             sigtype;
mtiTypeIdT
sigtype = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c%s\n", indent, ' ', signame );
mti_VsimFree( signame );
switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( sigtype ) ) {
 case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
  elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
   switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype )) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
    for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
     printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
    break;
    default:
    for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
     signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( elem_list[i], 0, 0 );
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c %s\n", indent, ' ', signame );
     mti_VsimFree( signame );
    }
    break;
  mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
  break;
  case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
  elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
   for ( i = 0; i < mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
   switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetSignalType( elem_list[i] )) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    case MTI TYPE RECORD:
     printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
     break;
    default:
     signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( elem_list[i], 0, 0 );
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c %s\n", indent, ' ', signame );
     mti_VsimFree( signame );
     break;
  mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
  break;
 default:
  break;
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
```

```
{
mti_PrintMessage( "\nComposite Signals:\n" );
mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s1:" );
printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" ), 4 );
mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s2:" );
printSignalInfo(\ mti\_FindSignal(\ "/top/s2"\ ),\ 4\ );
mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s3:" );
printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s3" ), 4 );
mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s4:" );
printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s4" ), 4 );
mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s5:" );
printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s5" ), 4 );
mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s6:" );
printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s6" ), 4 );
void initForeign(
                           /* The ID of the region in which this
mtiRegionIdT
                  region,
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
char
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
                                                                    * /
mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
 type rectype is record
   a : integer;
   b : bit;
   c : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 );
  end record;
 type rectype2 is record
   f1 : bit;
   f2 : rectype;
  end record;
  type al is array ( 2 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type a2 is array ( 3 downto 2 ) of a1;
  type a3 is array ( 1 to 2, 0 to 4 ) of character;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : rectype := ( 42, '1', "1100" );
```

```
signal s3 : bit_vector( 7 downto 0 ) := "10001111";
 signal s4 : rectype2 := ( '1', ( 16, '0', "1111" ) );
  signal s5 : a2 := ( "101", "011" );
 signal s6 : a3 := ( "Hello", "there" );
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Composite Signals:
  Signal /top/s1:
     s1
# Signal /top/s2:
    s2
      s2.a
     s2.b
      s2.c
#
       s2.c(3)
        s2.c(2)
#
       s2.c(1)
#
         s2.c(0)
  Signal /top/s3:
#
#
    s3
#
      s3(7)
     s3(6)
      s3(5)
#
      s3(4)
#
      s3(3)
      s3(2)
#
#
       s3(1)
       s3(0)
  Signal /top/s4:
#
#
    s4
#
      s4.f1
     s4.f2
```

s4.f2.a s4.f2.b

s4.f2.c

s4.f2.c(3)

#

#

```
s4.f2.c(2)
# s4.f2.c(1)
# s4.f2.c(1)
# Signal /top/s5:
# s5
    s5(3)
#
       s5(3)(2)
s5(3)(1)
s5(3)(0)
#
#
#
     s5(3
s5(2)
        s5(2)(2)
s5(2)(1)
         s5(2)(0)
# Signal /top/s6:
# s6
     s6(1)
#
       s6(1)(0)
s6(1)(1)
s6(1)(2)
#
#
#
       s6(1)(3)
s6(1)(4)
#
# s6(1
# s6(2)
# s6(2
       s6(2)(0)
s6(2)(1)
s6(2)(2)
#
#
     s6(2)(3)
s6(2)(4)
VSIM 1> quit
```

Gets the region in which a VHDL or SystemC signal is declared.

Syntax

```
region_id = mti_GetSignalRegion( signal_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the region in which the specified signal is declared

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal

Description

mti_GetSignalRegion() returns a handle to the region in which the specified VHDL or SystemC signal is declared.

If the signal is a port that has been collapsed, a handle to the region of the connected upper level signal is returned. The **vsim** option **-nocollapse** can be used to disable the optimization of internal port map connections.

Related functions

None

Example

```
mti_VsimFree( region_name );
}
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
  char *
              region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 indent += 2;
 printSignals( region, indent );
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nHierarchy:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
 signal count : integer := 0;
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process( a )
```

```
begin
   count <= count + 1 after 0 ns;</pre>
  end process;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
    generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
    port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Hierarchy:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
      Signal s1 is declared in region /top/inst1
      Signal s2 is declared in region /top/inst1
      Signal s3 is declared in region /top/inst1
     Signal s4 is declared in region /top/inst1
     Region /top/inst1/flip
       Signal a is declared in region /top/inst1/flip
       Signal b is declared in region /top/inst1/flip
       Signal count is declared in region /top/inst1/flip
     Region /top/inst1/i1
      Region /top/inst1/toggle
        Signal a is declared in region /top/inst1/toggle
         Signal b is declared in region /top/inst1/toggle
        Signal count is declared in region /top/inst1/toggle
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetSignalSubelements()

Gets the subelements of a composite VHDL or SystemC signal.

Syntax

elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements(signal_id, buffer);

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
elem_list	mtiSignalIdT *	An array containing the signal IDs of the subelements of the specified signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL composite signal
buffer	mtiSignalIdT *	A buffer into which the subelement signal IDs are to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_GetSignalSubelements() returns an array containing the signal IDs of the subelements of the specified VHDL or SystemC composite signal. If the buffer parameter is NULL, mti_GetSignalSubelements() allocates memory for the array and returns a pointer to it. The caller is responsible for freeing this memory with mti_VsimFree(). If the buffer parameter is not NULL, then mti_GetSignalSubelements() copies the subelement signal IDs into the buffer and also returns the buffer parameter. The length for the buffer parameter and the return value can be determined by calling mti_TickLength() on the type of the signal_id.

mti_GetSignalSubelements() returns NULL if the signal_id parameter is not a handle to a VHDL composite signal.

Note: The internal representation of multi-dimensional arrays is the same as arrays of arrays. For example, array a(x,y,z) is accessed in the same manner as a(x)(y)(z). In order to get to the scalar subelements of an array of arrays, mti_GetSignalSubelements() must be used on each level of the array until reaching the scalar subelements.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static void printSignalInfo( mtiSignalIdT sigid, int indent )
  char
               * signame;
 int
                i;
 mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
 mtiTypeIdT
                sigtype;
  sigtype = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
  signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c%s\n", indent, ' ', signame );
 mti_VsimFree( signame );
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( sigtype ) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
    switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype )) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
     for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
       printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
     break;
     default:
     for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
        signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( elem_list[i], 0, 0 );
        mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c %s\n", indent, ' ', signame );
       mti_VsimFree( signame );
     }
     break;
   mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
    for ( i = 0; i < mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
     switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetSignalType( elem_list[i] )) ) {
        case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
        case MTI TYPE RECORD:
         printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
         break;
        default:
          signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( elem_list[i], 0, 0 );
          mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c %s\n", indent, ' ', signame );
          mti_VsimFree( signame );
         break;
   mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
   break;
 default:
   break;
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
```

```
mti_PrintMessage( "\nComposite Signals:\n" );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s1:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s2:" );
 printSignalInfo(\ mti\_FindSignal(\ "/top/s2"\ ),\ 4\ );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s3:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s3" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s4:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s4" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s5:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s5" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s6:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s6" ), 4 );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
 type rectype is record
   a : integer;
   b : bit;
   c : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 );
  end record;
 type rectype2 is record
   f1 : bit;
   f2 : rectype;
  end record;
  type al is array ( 2 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type a2 is array ( 3 downto 2 ) of a1;
  type a3 is array ( 1 to 2, 0 to 4 ) of character;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : rectype := ( 42, '1', "1100" );
```

```
signal s3 : bit_vector( 7 downto 0 ) := "10001111";
 signal s4 : rectype2 := ( '1', ( 16, '0', "1111" ) );
  signal s5 : a2 := ( "101", "011" );
 signal s6 : a3 := ( "Hello", "there" );
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Composite Signals:
# Signal /top/s1:
     s1
# Signal /top/s2:
    s2
      s2.a
     s2.b
      s2.c
#
       s2.c(3)
        s2.c(2)
#
       s2.c(1)
#
         s2.c(0)
  Signal /top/s3:
#
#
    s3
#
      s3(7)
      s3(6)
      s3(5)
      s3(4)
#
      s3(3)
#
      s3(2)
#
       s3(1)
       s3(0)
  Signal /top/s4:
#
#
    s4
#
      s4.f1
     s4.f2
       s4.f2.a
        s4.f2.b
       s4.f2.c
         s4.f2.c(3)
```

```
s4.f2.c(2)
# s4.f2.c(1)
# s4.f2.c(0)
# Signal /top/s5:
# s5
   s5(3)
#
      s5(3)(2)
s5(3)(1)
s5(3)(0)
#
#
#
     s5(3
s5(2)
#
       s5(2)(2)
       s5(2)(1)
        s5(2)(0)
# Signal /top/s6:
  s6
#
     s6(1)
#
       s6(1)(0)
s6(1)(1)
#
#
        s6(1)(2)
#
       s6(1)(3)
s6(1)(4)
#
# s6(1
# s6(2)
#
      s6(2)(0)
       s6(2)(1)
s6(2)(2)
#
    s6(2)(3)
s6(2)(4)
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetSignalType()

Gets the type of a VHDL signal.

Syntax

```
type_id = mti_GetSignalType( signal_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to the type ID of the specified signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal

Description

mti_GetSignalType() returns a handle to the type ID of the specified VHDL signal.

Related functions

None

Example

```
char
               * signame;
                i;
  mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
 mtiTypeIdT sigtype;
  sigtype = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
  signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
  mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c%s is of type %s\n", indent, ' ', signame,
                     getTypeName( mti_GetSignalType( sigid )) );
 mti_VsimFree( signame );
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( sigtype ) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
   switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype )) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
     for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
       printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
     break;
     default:
     for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
        signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( elem_list[i], 0, 0 );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c%s is of type %s\n", indent, ' ', signame,
                          getTypeName( mti_GetSignalType( elem_list[i] )) );
       mti_VsimFree( signame );
     break;
    }
    mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
    for ( i = 0; i < mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
     switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( mti_GetSignalType( elem_list[i] )) ) {
        case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
        case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
         printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
          break;
        default:
          signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( elem_list[i], 0, 0 );
          mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c%s is of type %s\n", indent, ' ', signame,
                          getTypeName( mti_GetSignalType( elem_list[i] )) );
          mti_VsimFree( signame );
         break;
     }
   mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
   break;
 default:
   break;
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 \verb|mti_PrintMessage( "\nComposite Signals:\n" );|\\
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s1:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s2:" );
```

```
printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s2" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s3:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s3" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s4:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s4" ), 4 );
 mti_PrintMessage( " Signal /top/s5:" );
 printSignalInfo( mti_FindSignal( "/top/s6" ), 4 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
  type rectype is record
   a : integer;
   b : bit;
   c : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 );
  end record;
  type rectype2 is record
   f1 : bit;
   f2 : rectype;
  end record;
 type al is array ( 2 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type a2 is array ( 3 downto 2 ) of a1;
  type a3 is array ( 1 to 2, 0 to 4 ) of character;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : rectype := ( 42, '1', "1100" );
 signal s3 : bit_vector( 7 downto 0 ) := "10001111";
 signal s4 : rectype2 := ( '1', ( 16, '0', "1111" ) );
 signal s5 : a2 := ( "101", "011" );
  signal s6 : a3 := ( "Hello", "there" );
```

```
component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Composite Signals:
 Signal /top/s1:
     s1 is of type ENUM
  Signal /top/s2:
    s2 is of type RECORD
#
      s2.a is of type SCALAR
#
       s2.b is of type ENUM
#
      s2.c is of type ARRAY
         s2.c(3) is of type ENUM
#
         s2.c(2) is of type ENUM
        s2.c(1) is of type ENUM
         s2.c(0) is of type ENUM
  Signal /top/s3:
#
   s3 is of type ARRAY
#
      s3(7) is of type ENUM
#
       s3(6) is of type ENUM
       s3(5) is of type ENUM
#
       s3(4) is of type ENUM
       s3(3) is of type ENUM
      s3(2) is of type ENUM
      s3(1) is of type ENUM
       s3(0) is of type ENUM
   Signal /top/s4:
#
    s4 is of type RECORD
#
      s4.fl is of type ENUM
      s4.f2 is of type RECORD
#
         s4.f2.a is of type SCALAR
#
         s4.f2.b is of type ENUM
         s4.f2.c is of type ARRAY
           s4.f2.c(3) is of type ENUM
          s4.f2.c(2) is of type ENUM
          s4.f2.c(1) is of type ENUM
          s4.f2.c(0) is of type ENUM
# Signal /top/s5:
   s5 is of type ARRAY
```

```
s5(3) is of type ARRAY
        s5(3)(2) is of type ENUM
        s5(3)(1) is of type ENUM
         s5(3)(0) is of type ENUM
#
     s5(2) is of type ARRAY
       s5(2)(2) is of type ENUM
          s5(2)(1) is of type ENUM
         s5(2)(0) is of type ENUM
# Signal /top/s6:
    s6 is of type ARRAY
      s6(1) is of type ARRAY
        s6(1)(0) is of type ENUM
        s6(1)(1) is of type ENUM
#
        s6(1)(2) is of type ENUM
    s6(1)(3) is of type ENUM
s6(1)(4) is of type ENUM
s6(2) is of type ARRAY
#
         s6(2)(0) is of type ENUM
         s6(2)(1) is of type ENUM
         s6(2)(2) is of type ENUM
\# s6(2)(3) is of type ENUM \# s6(2)(4) is of type ENUM
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetSignalValue()

Gets the value of a scalar VHDL signal of type enumeration, integer, or physical.

Syntax

```
value = mti_GetSignalValue( signal_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	mtiInt32T	The current value of the specified signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL scalar signal of type enumeration, integer, or physical

Description

mti_GetSignalValue() returns the value of signals of type enumeration, integer, and physical. For composite, real, and time type signals, use mti_GetSignalValueIndirect().

Related functions

```
mti_GetArraySignalValue() (FLI-226)
mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() (FLI-392)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
                 * name;
 char
 mtiSignalIdT
 mtiTypeIdT
                         typeid;
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
  signalInfoT * sig_info;
                            /* List of signals. */
/* Test process id. */
 mtiProcessIdT proc;
} instanceInfoT;
static void printValue( mtiSignalIdT sigid, mtiTypeIdT sigtype, int indent )
```

```
switch ( mti_GetTypeKind(sigtype) ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
      char ** enum_values;
      mtiInt32T scalar_val;
      scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
      enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( sigtype );
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[scalar_val] );
   }
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
 case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     mtiInt32T scalar_val;
      scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
    {
      int
                    i;
     mtiInt32T num_elems;
mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
      void
                 * array_val;
      array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
      num_elems = mti_TickLength( sigtype );
      elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype );
      elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
      switch ( elem_typekind ) {
       case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
          {
            char ** enum_values;
            enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
            if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
              mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
              for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
                mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
            } else {
              char * val = array_val;
              for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
                mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
            }
          break;
        case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
        case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
          {
            mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
            for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
              mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
          }
          break;
        case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
          mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
          break;
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
       mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
       {
         double * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
          mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
       {
         mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                              MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                              MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
       break;
     default:
       break;
   mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
   mti_VsimFree( array_val );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
 {
   int
   mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
   elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
   num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype );
    mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
   for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
     printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetSignalType(elem_list[i]),
                indent+2 );
   mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
  }
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
 {
   double real_val;
   mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &real_val );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
 {
   mtiTime64T time_val;
   mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &time_val );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
 break;
default:
```

```
mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
     break;
  }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
  instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
  signalInfoT *siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s:", siginfo->name );
   printValue( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo
                  = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
                = 0;
 siginfo->next
 return( siginfo );
}
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 inst_data
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
        sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
    if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
      inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
    else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
   }
     curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
```

```
region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                           /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                  *param,
                          /* The last part of the string in the
                           /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
 type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
 end record;
 type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
    hour;
     day = 24 hour;
     week = 7 day;
     month = 4 week;
    year = 12 month;
   end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal bitsig : bit
                            := '1';
 signal intsig : integer := 42;
 signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
 signal realsig : real := 10.2;
 signal timesig
                  : time
 signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
 signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
                 : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
 signal rec
 component for_model
 end component;
```

```
for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 bitsig
             <= not bitsig after 5 ns;
            <= intsig + 1 after 5 ns;
 intsig
          <= physsig + 1 hour after 5 ns;
 physsig
 realsig <= realsig + 1.1 after 5 ns;
 timesig <= timesig + 2 ns after 5 ns;
 stdlogicsig <= not stdlogicsig after 5 ns;</pre>
 stdlogicarr <= not stdlogicarr after 5 ns;</pre>
             <= not rec.a after 5 ns;
  rec.b
             <= rec.b + 1 after 5 ns;
            <= not rec.c after 5 ns;
 rec.c
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,6]:
# Signal bitsig: '0'
# Signal intsig: 43
# Signal physsig: 4
# Signal realsig: 11.3
# Signal timesig: [0,5]
   Signal stdlogicsig: '0'
Signal stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
   Signal rec:
      '1'
      1
       '0' '1' '1' '0'
# Time [0,11]:
# Signal bitsig: '1'
# Signal intsig: 44
# Signal physsig: 5
   Signal realsig: 12.4
   Signal timesig: [0,7]
   Signal stdlogicsig: '1'
  Signal stdlogicarr: '0' '1' '0' '1'
  Signal rec:
       '0'
       2
       '1' '0' '0' '1'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetSignalValueIndirect()

Gets the value of a VHDL signal of any type except record.

Syntax

value = mti_GetSignalValueIndirect(signal_id, buffer)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	void *	A pointer to the value of the specified signal

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal of any type except record
buffer	void *	A buffer into which the value is to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() returns the value of a signal of any type except record. mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() must be used for scalar signals of type real and time.

If the buffer parameter is NULL, mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() allocates memory for the value and returns a pointer to it. The caller is responsible for freeing this memory with mti_VsimFree(). If the buffer parameter is not NULL, mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() copies the value into the buffer parameter and also returns the buffer parameter.

The returned value is interpreted as follows:

For a scalar signal or a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Enum	(char *) if <= 256 values (mtiInt32T *) if > 256 values
Physical	(mtiInt32T *)
Real	(double *)
Scalar (Integer)	(mtiInt32T *)

For a scalar signal or a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Time	(mtiTime64T *)

Note: In order to get the value of a record signal, use mti_GetSignalSubelements() to get handles to the signal subelements and then use mti_GetSignalValue(), mti_GetSignalValueIndirect(), or mti_GetArraySignalValue() on each of the subelements.

Related functions

```
mti_GetArraySignalValue() (FLI-226)
mti_GetSignalValue() (FLI-386)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
 typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
           * name;
 char
 mtiSignalIdT
                      sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                       typeid;
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
 } instanceInfoT;
static void printValue( mtiSignalIdT sigid, mtiTypeIdT sigtype, int indent )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind(sigtype) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
      char ** enum_values;
      mtiInt32T scalar_val;
       scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
       enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( sigtype );
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[scalar_val] );
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
      mtiInt32T scalar_val;
      scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
     {
       int.
      mtiInt32T num_elems;
```

```
mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
        * array_val;
array_val = mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, 0 );
num_elems = mti_TickLength( sigtype );
elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype );
elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
switch ( elem_typekind ) {
 case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
    {
      char ** enum_values;
      enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
      if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
       mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
       for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
      } else {
       char * val = array_val;
       for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
      }
    }
    break;
  case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
   {
     double * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
      mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
   break;
  case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
     for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
       mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                          MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                          MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
    break;
  default:
   break;
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
       mti_VsimFree( array_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
     {
       int
       mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
       mtiInt32T num_elems;
       elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
       num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
       for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
         printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetSignalType(elem_list[i]),
                    indent+2 );
       mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     }
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
     {
       double real_val;
       mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &real_val );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     {
       mtiTime64T time_val;
       mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &time_val );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                          MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                          MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
     break;
   default:
     mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
     break;
  }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 signalInfoT *siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s:", siginfo->name );
   printValue( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
```

```
siginfo
                = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
                   = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data
 inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
     inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
    curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
 inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                 (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                          /* The last part of the string in the
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
```

```
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type intarray is array( 2 downto 0 ) of integer;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
 units
   hour;
   day = 24 hour;
week = 7 day;
   month = 4 week;
   year = 12 month;
  end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal bitsig
                    : bit
                              := '1';
                  : integer := 42;
 signal intsig
 signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
 signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
 signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
                  : bitarray := "1100";
: intarray := ( 5, 7, 9 );
 signal bitarr
 signal intarr
 signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
                    : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
 signal rec
 component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 bitsig
            <= not bitsig after 5 ns;
 intsig
            <= intsig + 1 after 5 ns;
 physsig <= physsig + 1 hour after 5 ns;
 realsig <= realsig + 1.1 after 5 ns;
 timesig
             <= timesig + 2 ns after 5 ns;
 stdlogicsig <= not stdlogicsig after 5 ns;</pre>
             <= not bitarr after 5 ns;
 stdlogicarr <= not stdlogicarr after 5 ns;</pre>
 intarr(2) <= intarr(2) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  intarr(1) <= intarr(1) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  intarr(0) <= intarr(0) + 1 after 5 ns;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,6]:
# Signal bitsig: '0'
   Signal intsig: 43
# Signal physsig: 4
# Signal realsig: 11.3
# Signal timesig: [0,5]
# Signal stdlogicsig: '0'
# Signal bitarr: '0' '0' '1' '1'
# Signal intarr: 6 8 10
# Signal stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
# Signal rec:
        '1'
#
        1
        '0' '1' '1' '0'
#
# Time [0,11]:
# Signal bitsig: '1'
# Signal intsig: 44
# Signal physsig: 5
# Signal realsig: 12.4
# Signal timesig: [0,7]
# Signal stdlogicsig: '1'
# Signal bitarr: '1' '1' '0' '0'
# Signal intarr: 7 9 11
# Signal stdlogicarr: '0' '1' '0' '1'
  Signal rec:
       '0'
        2
       '1' '0' '0' '1'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetTopRegion()

Gets the first top-level region.

Syntax

```
region_id = mti_GetTopRegion()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the first top-level region

Arguments

None

Description

mti_GetTopRegion() returns the region ID of the first top-level region in the design hierarchy. mti_NextRegion() can be used to get additional top-level regions. Top-level regions are VHDL architectures and packages. Verilog modules, and SystemC sc_modules. If the **region_id** is a handle to a Verilog region, then it can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about and access objects in the Verilog region.

Related functions

```
mti_FindRegion() (FLI-177)
mti_FirstLowerRegion() (FLI-191)
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)
mti_HigherRegion() (FLI-459)
mti_NextRegion() (FLI-489)
```

Example

```
printHierarchy( regid, indent );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nDesign Hierarchy:\n" );
 for ( regid = mti_GetTopRegion(); regid; regid = mti_NextRegion(regid) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, 1 );
  }
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param, /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
```

top.vhd

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
package my_pkg is
 type my_type is array ( 7 downto 0 ) of integer;
end package my_pkg;
use work.my_pkg.all;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
vertop.v
module verbot;
 reg reg2;
  initial begin
   reg2 = 0;
  always begin
    #5 reg2 = ~ reg2;
  end
endmodule
module vertop;
  reg regl;
  initial begin
```

```
reg1 = 0;
  end
  always begin
   #5 reg1 = ~ reg1;
  verbot verinst1 ();
endmodule
Simulation output
% vlog vertop.v
Model Technology ModelSim SE/EE vlog 5.4b Compiler 2000.06 Jun 9 2000
-- Compiling module verbot
-- Compiling module vertop
Top level modules:
 vertop
% vcom -93 top.vhd
Model Technology ModelSim SE/EE vcom 5.4b Compiler 2000.06 Jun 9 2000
-- Loading package standard
-- Compiling entity for_model
-- Compiling architecture a of for_model
-- Compiling entity inv
-- Compiling architecture b of inv
-- Compiling package my_pkg
-- Loading package my_pkg
-- Compiling entity mid
-- Compiling architecture a of mid
-- Loading entity for_model
-- Loading entity inv
-- Compiling entity top
-- Compiling architecture a of top
-- Loading entity mid
% vsim -c top vertop
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top vertop
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.my_pkg
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.vertop
# Loading work.verbot
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Design Hierarchy:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
     Region /top/inst1/flip
     Region /top/inst1/i1
     Region /top/inst1/toggle
# Region /vertop
   Region /vertop/verinst1
```

Region /standard

Region /my_pkg
VSIM 1> quit

mti_GetTypeKind()

Gets the kind of a type.

Syntax

type_kind = mti_GetTypeKind(type_id)

Returns+

Name	Туре	Description
type_kind	mtiTypeKindT	The kind of the specified type

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

mti_GetTypeKind() returns the kind of the specified VHDL type. The returned value is one of the following:

type_kind	VHDL type
MTI_TYPE_SCALAR	Integer
MTI_TYPE_ARRAY	Array
MTI_TYPE_RECORD	Record
MTI_TYPE_ENUM	Enumeration
MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL	Physical
MTI_TYPE_REAL	Real
MTI_TYPE_ACCESS	Access
MTI_TYPE_FILE	File
MTI_TYPE_TIME	Time

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static void printSignalInfo( mtiSignalIdT sigid, int indent )
  char
              * signame;
 int
                i;
 mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
 mtiTypeIdT
              sigtype;
 sigtype = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
  signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c%s ", indent, ' ', signame );
 mti_VsimFree( signame );
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( sigtype ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type INTEGER\n" );
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type ENUMERATION\n" );
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type PHYSICAL\n" );
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type REAL\n" );
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type TIME\n" );
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type ARRAY\n" );
     elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
     for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
       printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
     mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     break;
   case MTI TYPE RECORD:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type RECORD\n" );
      elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
     for ( i = 0; i < mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
       printSignalInfo( elem_list[i], indent+2 );
     mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     break;
   default:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "is of type UNKNOWN\n" );
     break;
 }
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSignals:\n" );
  for ( regid = mti_GetTopRegion(); regid; regid = mti_NextRegion(regid) ) {
   for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( regid ); sigid;
          sigid = mti_NextSignal()) {
     printSignalInfo( sigid, 2 );
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the */
  char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
  type rectype is record
   a : integer;
   b : bit;
   c : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 );
  end record;
 type al is array ( 2 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type a2 is array ( 3 downto 2 ) of a1;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : rectype := ( 42, '1', "1100" );
  signal s3 : bit_vector( 7 downto 0 ) := "10001111";
 signal s5 : a2 := ( "101", "011" );
 signal s6 : integer := 42;
  signal s7 : real := 17.8;
  signal s8 : time := 11 ns;
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
```

```
i1 : for_model;
s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;</pre>
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Signals:
# s1 is of type ENUMERATION
   s2 is of type RECORD
     s2.a is of type INTEGER
     s2.b is of type ENUMERATION
     s2.c is of type ARRAY
       s2.c(3) is of type ENUMERATION
      s2.c(2) is of type ENUMERATION
      s2.c(1) is of type ENUMERATION
       s2.c(0) is of type ENUMERATION
 s3 is of type ARRAY
    s3(7) is of type ENUMERATION
    s3(6) is of type ENUMERATION
     s3(5) is of type ENUMERATION
     s3(4) is of type ENUMERATION
    s3(3) is of type ENUMERATION
    s3(2) is of type ENUMERATION
    s3(1) is of type ENUMERATION
    s3(0) is of type ENUMERATION
 s5 is of type ARRAY
    s5(3) is of type ARRAY
#
       s5(3)(2) is of type ENUMERATION
       s5(3)(1) is of type ENUMERATION
       s5(3)(0) is of type ENUMERATION
     s5(2) is of type ARRAY
       s5(2)(2) is of type ENUMERATION
       s5(2)(1) is of type ENUMERATION
       s5(2)(0) is of type ENUMERATION
# s6 is of type INTEGER
# s7 is of type REAL
# s8 is of type TIME
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetVarAddr()

Gets a pointer to a VHDL variable's value space.

Syntax

value = mti_GetVarAddr(var_name)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	void *	A pointer to the value space of the specified variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
var_name	char *	The name of a VHDL variable

Description

mti_GetVarAddr() returns a pointer to the value space of a VHDL variable of any type except record.

The variable name must be specified according to the following rules:

- It can be either a full hierarchical name or a relative name. A relative name is relative to the region set by the **environment** command. The top-level region is the default.
- It must include the process label if the object is declared in a process.
- It must not include a slice specification.

NULL is returned if the variable is not found or if the variable is of a record type. The value pointer must not be freed.

The value of the variable can be read and written at any time directly via the value pointer. The value pointer is interpreted as follows:

For a scalar variable or an array variable with a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Enum	(char *) if <= 256 values (mtiInt32T *) if > 256 values
Physical	(mtiInt32T *)
Real	(double *)

For a scalar variable or an array variable with a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Scalar (Integer)	(mtiInt32T *)
Time	(mtiTime64T *)

The number of subelements of an array variable can be determined by calling mti_TickLength() on the type of the array variable.

mti_GetVarAddr() can be called successfully only after elaboration is complete.

Related functions

```
mti_FindVar() (FLI-187)
mti_GetVarValue() (FLI-442)
mti_SetVarValue() (FLI-628)
```

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mti.h>
#define NAME_MAX 1024
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
                      * name;
 void
                     * var_addr;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
                      typeid;
 mtiTypeIdT
} varInfoT;
typedef struct {
 varInfoT * var_info; /* List of variables. */
 mtiProcessIdT proc;
                             /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void setValue( varInfoT * varinfo, int indent )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( varinfo->typeid ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
     {
       char ** enum_values;
       enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( varinfo->typeid );
       if ( mti_TickLength( varinfo->typeid ) <= 256 ) {</pre>
         char var_val = *(char *)(varinfo->var_addr);
         mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[(int)var_val] );
         var_val += 1;
         if (( var_val > mti_TickHigh( varinfo->typeid ) ) ||
             ( var_val < mti_TickLow( varinfo->typeid ) )) {
           var_val = mti_TickLeft( varinfo->typeid );
         *(char *)(varinfo->var_addr) = var_val;
       } else {
```

```
mtiInt32T var_val = *(mtiInt32T *)(varinfo->var_addr);
     mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[var_val] );
      var_val += 1;
      if (( var_val > mti_TickHigh( varinfo->typeid ) ) ||
         ( var_val < mti_TickLow( varinfo->typeid ) )) {
        var_val = mti_TickLeft( varinfo->typeid );
      *(mtiInt32T *)(varinfo->var_addr) = var_val;
 }
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   mtiInt32T var_val = *(mtiInt32T *)(varinfo->var_addr);
   mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", var_val );
    var_val += 1;
    *(mtiInt32T *)(varinfo->var_addr) = var_val;
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
 {
   mtiTypeIdT elems;
   int
                 i;
   mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
           * array_val;
    void
    array_val = varinfo->var_addr;
    num_elems = mti_TickLength( varinfo->typeid );
    elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( varinfo->typeid );
    elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
    switch ( elem_typekind ) {
     case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
          char ** enum_values;
          enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
          if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
            mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
            for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
              mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
              val[i] += 1;
              if (( val[i] > mti_TickHigh( elem_type )) ||
                  ( val[i] < mti_TickLow( elem_type ))) {</pre>
                val[i] = mti_TickLeft( elem_type );
            }
          } else {
            char * val = array_val;
            for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
             mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
              val[i] += 1;
              if (( val[i] > mti_TickHigh( elem_type )) ||
                  ( val[i] < mti_TickLow( elem_type ))) {</pre>
                val[i] = mti_TickLeft( elem_type );
              }
            }
          }
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
        {
          mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
           val[i] += 1;
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
       mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
      case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
       mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
       {
          double * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
            val[i] += 1.1;
        }
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
        {
         mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
          for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                              MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                              MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
           MTI_TIME64_ASGN( val[i],
                              MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                              MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) + 1 );
       break;
     default:
       break;
   mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
  mti_PrintFormatted( " RECORD" );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
 mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", *(double *)(varinfo->var_addr) );
 *(double *)(varinfo->var_addr) += 1.1;
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
   mtiTime64T time_val = *(mtiTime64T *)(varinfo->var_addr);
   mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN( *(mtiTime64T *)(varinfo->var_addr),
                      MTI TIME64 HI32(time val) + 1,
                       MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) + 1 );
  break;
```

```
default:
     mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
     break;
 }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 varInfoT *varinfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
  mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s:", varinfo->name );
   setValue( varinfo, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable(
 mtiVariableIdT varid,
 mtiRegionIdT regid,
 mtiProcessIdT procid
 char
          var_name[NAME_MAX];
 char * region_name;
 varInfoT * varinfo;
 varinfo
                 = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name
                  = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 region_name
                  = mti_GetRegionFullName( regid );
 sprintf( var_name, "%s/%s/%s", region_name, mti_GetProcessName( procid ),
        varinfo->name );
 varinfo->var_addr = mti_GetVarAddr( var_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 varInfoT
              * varinfo;
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst data
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
 regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( regid );
      procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
```

```
varinfo = setupVariable( varid, regid, procid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
     else {
       curr_info->next = varinfo;
     curr_info = varinfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer; type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
```

```
p1 : process
   variable bitsig : bit := '1'
variable intsig : integer := 21;
                                 := '1';
   variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
   variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
   variable bitarr : bitarray := "0110";
   variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
   variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
   variable realarr : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
   variable timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
 begin
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 16
# Time [0,5]:
 Variable bitsig: '1'
 Variable intsig: 21
# Variable realsig: 16.35
   Variable timesig: [0,5]
   Variable stdlogicsig: 'H'
Variable bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
   Variable stdlogicarr: '0' '1' 'L' 'H'
   Variable intarr: 10 11 12
  Variable realarr: 11.6 101.22
  Variable timearr: [0,15] [0,6]
# Time [0,10]:
# Variable bitsig: '0'
   Variable intsig: 22
   Variable realsig: 17.45
   Variable timesig: [1,6]
   Variable stdlogicsig: '-'
   Variable bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
  Variable stdlogicarr: '1' 'Z' 'H' '-'
  Variable intarr: 11 12 13
  Variable realarr: 12.7 102.32
# Variable timearr: [0,16] [0,7]
# Time [0,15]:
# Variable bitsig: '1'
```

Variable intsig: 23

```
# Variable realsig: 18.55
# Variable timesig: [2,7]
# Variable stdlogicsig: 'U'
# Variable bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
# Variable stdlogicarr: 'Z' 'W' '-' 'U'
# Variable intarr: 12 13 14
# Variable realarr: 13.8 103.42
# Variable timearr: [0,17] [0,8]
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetVarImage()

Gets the string image of the value of a VHDL constant, generic, or variable (by name).

Syntax

```
image = mti_GetVarImage( var_name )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
image	char *	A string image of the value of the specified constant, generic, or variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
var_name	char *	The name of a VHDL constant, generic, or variable

Description

mti_GetVarImage() returns a pointer to a buffer containing the string image of the value of the specified VHDL constant, generic, or variable. The image is the same as would be returned by the VHDL 1076-1993 attribute 'IMAGE. NULL is returned if the object is not found. The returned string is valid only until the next call to any FLI function. The returned pointer must not be freed.

The name must be specified according to the following rules:

- It can be either a full hierarchical name or a relative name. A relative name is relative to the region set by the **environment** command. The top-level region is the default.
- It must include the process label if the object is declared in a process.
- It must not include a slice specification.

mti_GetVarImage() can be called successfully only after elaboration is complete.

Related functions

```
mti_FindVar() (FLI-187)
mti_GetVarImageById() (FLI-421)
mti_GetVarValue() (FLI-442)
```

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mti.h>
#define NAME_MAX 1024
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
                    procid;
regid;
 mtiProcessIdT
 mtiRegionIdT
                     typeid;
 mtiTypeIdT
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
} varInfoT;
typedef struct {
 mtiProcessIdT proc;
                           /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
             * region_name;
 char
               var_name[NAME_MAX];
 instanceInfoT * inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( varinfo->regid );
   sprintf( var_name, "%s/%s/%s", region_name,
          mti_GetProcessName( varinfo->procid ), varinfo->name );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s = %s\n",
                    var_name, mti_GetVarImage( var_name ));
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable(
 mtiVariableIdT varid,
 mtiRegionIdT regid,
 mtiProcessIdT procid
 varInfoT * varinfo;
              = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 varinfo->regid = regid;
 varinfo->procid = procid;
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
```

```
}
static void initInstance( void * param )
  instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
mtiRegionIdT regid;
mtiVariableIdT varid;
 inst_data
                     = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
 regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
  for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( regid );
       procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     varinfo = setupVariable( varid, regid, procid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
      else {
       curr_info->next = varinfo;
      curr_info = varinfo;
  }
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                     (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 4 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the */
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
```

```
type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
  type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
 type rectype is record
   a : real;
   b : std_logic;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 p1 : process
   variable bitsig : bit := '1';
variable intsig : integer := 21;
variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
    variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
                         : bitarray := "0110";
    variable bitarr
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
    variable intarr : intarray := (10, 11, 12);
   variable realarr
variable timearr
: realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 )
: timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
                          : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
                         : rectype := ( 1.2, '0', "1001" );
    variable rec
  begin
   bitsig := not bitsig;
               := intsig + 1;
    intsig
    realsig := realsig + 1.1;
timesig := timesig + 1 ns;
    stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
    bitarr
               := not bitarr;
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
    intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
    intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
    intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
    realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 1.1;
    realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 1.1;
    timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
    timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
    rec.a := rec.a + 1.1;
```

```
rec.b := not rec.b;
rec.c := not rec.c;
wait for 5 ns;
end process;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 12
# Time [0,4]:
   Variable /top/p1/bitsig = '0'
   Variable /top/pl/intsig = 22
  Variable /top/p1/realsig = 1.745000e+01
  Variable /top/p1/timesig = 6 ns
  Variable /top/p1/stdlogicsig = '0'
  Variable /top/p1/bitarr = "1001"
   Variable /top/p1/stdlogicarr = "1010"
   Variable /top/p1/intarr = (11, 12, 13)
   Variable /top/p1/realarr = (1.270000e+01, 1.023200e+02)
   Variable /top/p1/timearr = (16 ns, 7 ns)
   Variable /top/p1/rec = (2.300000e+00, '1', "0110")
# Time [0,9]:
  Variable /top/pl/bitsig = '1'
  Variable /top/p1/intsig = 23
# Variable /top/p1/realsig = 1.855000e+01
# Variable /top/p1/timesig = 7 ns
   Variable /top/p1/stdlogicsig = '1'
   Variable /top/pl/bitarr = "0110"
   Variable /top/p1/stdlogicarr = "0101"
   Variable /top/p1/intarr = (12, 13, 14)
   Variable /top/p1/realarr = (1.380000e+01, 1.034200e+02)
  Variable /top/p1/timearr = (17 ns, 8 ns)
# Variable /top/p1/rec = (3.400000e+00, '0', "1001")
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetVarImageById()

Gets the string image of a VHDL variable's value (by ID).

Syntax

```
image = mti_GetVarImageById( variable_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
image	char *	A string image of the specified variable's value

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL variable

Description

mti_GetVarImageById() returns a pointer to a static buffer containing the string image of the specified VHDL variable's value. The image is the same as would be returned by the VHDL 1076-1993 attribute 'IMAGE. The returned string is valid only until the next call to any FLI function. The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_GetVarImage() (FLI-416)
mti_GetVarValue() (FLI-442)
```

Example

```
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s = %s\n",
                     varinfo->name,
                      mti_GetVarImageById( varinfo->varid ));
 }
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 varInfoT * varinfo;
 varinfo
               = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
mtiVariableIdT varid;
 inst_data
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
 regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( regid );
       procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     varinfo = setupVariable( varid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
     else {
      curr_info->next = varinfo;
     curr_info = varinfo;
 inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 4 );
```

```
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                   * /
 char
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
 type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
 type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
 type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
 type rectype is record
   a : real;
   b : std_logic;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 inst1 : for model;
 p1 : process
                     : bit
                                := '1';
   variable bitsig
   variable intsig
                     : integer := 21;
   variable realsig : real variable timesig : time
                                := 16.35;
                                 := 5 ns;
   variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
   variable bitarr : bitarray := "0110";
```

```
variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
   variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
   variable realarr : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
   variable timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
   variable rec : rectype := ( 1.2, '0', "1001" );
 begin
   bitsig
             := not bitsig;
   intsig := intsig + 1;
   realsig := realsig + 1.1;
   timesig := timesig + 1 ns;
   stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
              := not bitarr;
   stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
   intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
   intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
   intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
   realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 1.1;
   realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 1.1;
   timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
   timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
             := rec.a + 1.1;
   rec.a
   rec.b := not rec.b;
   rec.c
              := not rec.c;
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 12
# Time [0,4]:
  Variable bitsig = '0'
  Variable intsig = 22
  Variable realsig = 1.745000e+01
# Variable timesig = 6 ns
# Variable stdlogicsig = '0'
# Variable bitarr = "1001"
# Variable stdlogicarr = "1010"
# Variable intarr = (11, 12, 13)
```

```
# Variable realarr = (1.270000e+01, 1.023200e+02)
# Variable timearr = (16 ns, 7 ns)
# Variable rec = (2.300000e+00, '1', "0110")
# Time [0,9]:
# Variable bitsig = '1'
# Variable intsig = 23
# Variable realsig = 1.855000e+01
# Variable timesig = 7 ns
# Variable stdlogicsig = '1'
# Variable bitarr = "0110"
# Variable stdlogicarr = "0101"
# Variable intarr = (12, 13, 14)
# Variable realarr = (1.380000e+01, 1.034200e+02)
# Variable timearr = (17 ns, 8 ns)
# Variable rec = (3.400000e+00, '0', "1001")
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetVarName()

Gets the simple name of a VHDL variable.

Syntax

```
var_name = mti_GetVarName( variable_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
var_name	char *	The simple name of the specified variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL variable

Description

mti_GetVarName() returns the simple name of the specified VHDL variable or NULL if no information can be found. The returned pointer must not be freed.

mti_GetVarName() cannot be used with variable IDs passed as foreign subprogram parameters.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mti.h>
#define NAME_MAX 1024
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
  char
                             * name;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
mtiRegionIdT regid;
mtiTypeIdT typeid;
mtiVariableIdT varid;
} varInfoT;
```

```
typedef struct {
 varInfoT  * var_info;  /* List of variables. */
 mtiProcessIdT proc; /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
char
             * region_name;
char
               var_name[NAME_MAX];
instanceInfoT * inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( varinfo->regid );
 sprintf( var_name, "%s/%s/%s", region_name,
        mti_GetProcessName( varinfo->procid ), varinfo->name );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s = %s\n",
                var_name, mti_GetVarImageById( varinfo->varid ));
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 }
mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable(
 mtiVariableIdT varid,
 mtiRegionIdT regid,
 mtiProcessIdT procid
 varInfoT * varinfo;
 varinfo
                = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 varinfo->regid = regid;
 varinfo->procid = procid;
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 varInfoT
              * varinfo;
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst data
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
 regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( regid );
      procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
```

```
varinfo = setupVariable( varid, regid, procid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
     else {
       curr_info->next = varinfo;
     curr_info = varinfo;
 inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 4 );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the  */
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer; type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
 type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type rectype is record
   a : real;
   b : std_logic;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
 end component;
```

```
for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
  p1 : process
    variable bitsig : bit := '1';
variable intsig : integer := 21;
variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
    variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
    variable bitarr
                            : bitarray := "0110";
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
    variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
    variable realarr
variable timearr
: realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 )
timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
                           : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
    variable rec
                           : rectype := ( 1.2, '0', "1001" );
  begin
    stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
    bitarr
                := not bitarr;
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
    intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
    realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 1.1;
    realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 1.1;
    timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
    timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
               := rec.a + 1.1;
:= not rec.b;
    rec.a
    rec.b
                := not rec.c;
    rec.c
    wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
```

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 12
# Time [0,4]:
# Variable /top/pl/bitsig = '0'
# Variable /top/p1/intsig = 22
# Variable /top/p1/realsig = 1.745000e+01
   Variable /top/p1/timesig = 6 ns
   Variable /top/p1/stdlogicsig = '0'
   Variable /top/p1/bitarr = "1001"
   Variable /top/p1/stdlogicarr = "1010"
  Variable /top/p1/intarr = (11, 12, 13)
  Variable /top/p1/realarr = (1.270000e+01, 1.023200e+02)
  Variable /top/p1/timearr = (16 ns, 7 ns)
  Variable /top/p1/rec = (2.300000e+00, '1', "0110")
# Time [0,9]:
  Variable /top/pl/bitsig = '1'
   Variable /top/p1/intsig = 23
   Variable /top/p1/realsig = 1.855000e+01
   Variable /top/p1/timesig = 7 ns
   Variable /top/p1/stdlogicsig = '1'
  Variable /top/pl/bitarr = "0110"
  Variable /top/p1/stdlogicarr = "0101"
  Variable /top/p1/intarr = (12, 13, 14)
  Variable /top/p1/realarr = (1.380000e+01, 1.034200e+02)
  Variable /top/p1/timearr = (17 ns, 8 ns)
   Variable /top/p1/rec = (3.400000e+00, '0', "1001")
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetVarSubelements()

Gets the subelements of a composite VHDL variable.

Syntax

elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements(variable_id, buffer)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
elem_list	mtiVariableIdT *	An array containing the variable IDs of the subelements of the specified variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL variable
buffer	mtiVariableIdT *	A buffer into which the subelement variable IDs are to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_GetVarSubelements() returns an array containing the variable IDs of the subelements of the specified VHDL composite variable. If the buffer parameter is NULL, mti_GetVarSubelements() allocates memory for the array and returns a pointer to it. The caller is responsible for freeing this memory with mti_VsimFree(). If the buffer parameter is not NULL, then mti_GetVarSubelements() copies the subelement variable IDs into the buffer and also returns the buffer parameter. The length for the buffer parameter and the return value can be determined by calling mti_TickLength() on the type of the variable_id.

mti_GetVarSubelements() returns NULL if the variable_id parameter is not a handle to a VHDL composite variable.

Note: The internal representation of multi-dimensional arrays is the same as arrays of arrays. For example, array a(x,y,z) is accessed in the same manner as a(x)(y)(z). In order to get to the scalar subelements of an array of arrays, mti_GetVarSubelements() must be used on each level of the array until reaching the scalar subelements.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
                     * name;
 mtiVariableIdT
                    varid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                      typeid;
} varInfoT;
typedef struct {
 } instanceInfoT;
static void printValue(
 mtiVariableIdT varid,
 mtiTypeIdT vartype,
int indent,
       nuenc,
print_newline
 int
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( vartype ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
     {
       char ** enum_values;
       mtiInt32T scalar_val;
       enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( vartype );
       scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[scalar_val] );
     }
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     {
      mtiInt32T scalar_val;
       scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", scalar_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
     {
       int
                      i;
       mtiVariableIdT * elem_list;
       elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements( varid, 0 );
       for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
         printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetVarType(elem_list[i]),
                   indent, 0 );
       mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     }
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
     {
       int.
                       i;
       mtiVariableIdT * elem_list;
       mtiInt32T
                       num_elems;
       elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements( varid, 0 );
```

```
num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( vartype );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
       for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
         printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetVarType(elem_list[i]),
                    indent, 1 );
       mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
       double real_val;
       mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &real_val );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", real_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     {
       mtiTime64T time val;
       mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &time_val );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                          MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                          MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
     break;
   default:
     break;
 if ( print_newline ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
  }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
              *varinfo;
 varInfoT
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s:", varinfo->name );
   printValue( varinfo->varid, varinfo->typeid, 4, 1 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 varInfoT * varinfo;
                  = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo
 varinfo->varid = varid;
                  = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->name
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
                 = 0;
 varinfo->next
return( varinfo );
}
```

```
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 inst_data = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
  for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     varinfo = setupVariable( varid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
     else {
       curr_info->next = varinfo;
     curr_info = varinfo;
   }
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                            (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
}
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param,
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
 type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
```

```
type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type al is array ( 2 downto 0 ) of bitarray;
  type a2 is array ( 1 to 2, 3 to 4 ) of bitarray;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
   d : std_logic;
    e : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
  p1 : process
    variable bitsig
                        : bit := '1';
    variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
                         : bitarray := "0110";
    variable bitarr
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
    variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
variable realarr : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
variable timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
    variable alarr : al
                                        := ( "1111", "0001", "0110" );
                                       := ( ( "0001", "0010" ),
    variable a2arr
                         : a2
                                              ( "0100", "0101" ) );
    variable rec
                          : rectype := ( '0', 1, 3.7, 'H', "1001" );
  begin
    bitsig
               := not bitsig;
    stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
    bitarr
                := not bitarr;
    intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
    realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 0.5;
    realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 0.5;
    timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
    timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
```

```
alarr(2) := not alarr(2);
    alarr(1) := not alarr(1);
    alarr(0) := not alarr(0);
    a2arr(1,3) := not a2arr(1,3);
    a2arr(1,4) := not a2arr(1,4);
a2arr(2,3) := not a2arr(2,3);
    a2arr(2,4) := not a2arr(2,4);
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
    rec.a
               := not rec.a;
    rec.b
               := rec.b + 1;
               := rec.c + 2.5;
    rec.c
                := not rec.d;
   rec.d
                := not rec.e;
    wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 12
# Time [0,6]:
# Variable bitsig: '1'
# Variable stdlogicsig: '1'
# Variable bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
  Variable stdlogicarr: '0'
                          '1' '0' '1'
   Variable intarr: 12 13 14
  Variable realarr: 12.6 102.22
  Variable timearr: [0,17] [0,8]
  '0' '1' '0' '1'
# Variable rec:
#
      '0'
#
      3
#
      8.7
      '1'
      '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Time [0,11]:
# Variable bitsig: '0'
# Variable stdlogicsig: '0'
# Variable bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Variable stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
  Variable intarr: 13 14 15
```

mti_GetVarType()

Gets the type of a VHDL variable.

Syntax

```
type_id = mti_GetVarType( variable_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to the type ID of the specified variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL variable

Description

mti_GetVarType() returns a handle to the type of the specified VHDL variable.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
 char * typestr;
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR: typestr = "Scalar"; break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY: typestr = "Array"; break;
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD: typestr = "Record"; break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM: typestr = "Enum"; break;
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL: typestr = "Physical"; break;
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL: typestr = "Real"; break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ACCESS: typestr = "Access"; break;
   case MTI_TYPE_FILE: typestr = "File"; break;
case MTI_TYPE_TIME: typestr = "Time"; break;
   default: typestr = "UNKNOWN"; break;
```

```
return typestr;
static void printVarInfo( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Variable %12s is of type %s\n",
                   mti_GetVarName( varid ),
                   getTypeStr( mti_GetVarType( varid )));
}
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( regid );
      procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     printVarInfo( varid );
   }
 }
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type rectype is record
   a : real;
   b : std_logic;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
```

```
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
  p1 : process
    variable bitsig : bit := '1';
variable intsig : integer := 21;
variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
    variable timesig
                            : time
                                           := 5 ns;
    variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
                          : bitarray := "0110";
    variable bitarr
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
                           : rectype := ( 1.2, '0', "1001" );
    variable rec
  begin
    bitsig := not bitsig;
intsig := intsig + 1;
    realsig := realsig + 1.1;
timesig := timesig + 1 ns;
    stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
    bitarr
                 := not bitarr;
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
                  := rec.a + 1.1;
    rec.b
                  := not rec.b;
                 := not rec.c;
    rec.c
    wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Variable bitsig is of type Enum
# Variable intsig is of type Scale
# Variable realsig is of type Real
# Variable timesig is of type Time
                 intsig is of type Scalar
```

```
# Variable stdlogicsig is of type Enum
# Variable bitarr is of type Array
# Variable stdlogicarr is of type Array
# Variable rec is of type Record
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_GetVarValue()

Gets the value of a scalar VHDL variable of type enumeration, integer, or physical.

Syntax

```
value = mti_GetVarValue( variable_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	mtiInt32T	The current value of the specified variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL scalar variable of type enumeration, integer, or physical

Description

mti_GetVarValue() returns the value of variables of type enumeration, integer, and physical. For composite, real, and time type variables, use mti_GetVarValueIndirect().

Related functions

```
mti_GetArrayVarValue() (FLI-233)
mti_GetVarValueIndirect() (FLI-449)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
              * name;
varid;
 mtiVariableIdT
             Varia.
typeid;
 mtiTypeIdT
} varInfoT;
typedef struct {
 } instanceInfoT;
```

```
static void printValue( mtiVariableIdT varid, mtiTypeIdT vartype, int indent )
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( vartype ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
     {
       char ** enum_values;
       mtiInt32T scalar_val;
        enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( vartype );
        scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[scalar_val] );
     }
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     {
       mtiInt32T scalar_val;
       scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
     {
                     i;
       mtiTypeIdT elems;
       int
       mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
                * array_val;
       void
       array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
       num_elems = mti_TickLength( vartype );
        elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( vartype );
        elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
        switch ( elem_typekind ) {
         case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
              char ** enum_values;
              enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
              if ( mti\_TickLength( elem\_type ) > 256 ) {
               mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
                for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
                 mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
              } else {
                char * val = array_val;
                for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
                 mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
            }
           break;
          case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
          case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
           {
             mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
              for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
               mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
            }
            break;
          case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
           mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
```

```
break;
     case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
       mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
          double * val = array_val;
          for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
          mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
        }
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
        {
         mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
          for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                              MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                              MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
       break;
     default:
       break;
   mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
 {
   int
                   i;
   mtiVariableIdT * elem_list;
   mtiInt32T num_elems;
   elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements( varid, 0 );
   num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( vartype );
    mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
   for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
     printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetVarType(elem_list[i]),
                indent+2 );
   mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
  }
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
   double real_val;
   mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &real_val );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
 {
   mtiTime64T time_val;
   mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &time_val );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                      MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                      MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
 break;
default:
```

```
mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
      break;
  }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
  instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
  varInfoT *varinfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s:", varinfo->name );
   printValue( varinfo->varid, varinfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 varInfoT * varinfo;
 varinfo
                  = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
                = 0;
 varinfo->next
 return( varinfo );
}
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 varInfoT
              * varinfo;
 inst_data
                     = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->var_info = 0;
  for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     varinfo = setupVariable( varid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
      else {
       curr_info->next = varinfo;
      curr_info = varinfo;
  }
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                      (void *)inst_data );
  mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
```

```
}
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
 type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
 type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
   d : std_logic;
   e : bitarray;
 end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component for_model
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 p1 : process
   variable bitsig : bit := '1';
variable intsig : integer := 21;
   variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
```

```
variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
    variable bitarr
                         : bitarray := "0110";
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
    variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
    variable realarr
variable timearr
: realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
variable timearr
: timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
    variable rec : rectype := ( '0', 1, 3.7, 'H', "1001" );
  begin
   bitsig := not bitsig;
intsig := intsig + 1;
realsig := realsig + 1.5;
timesig := timesig + 1 ns;
    stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
                := not bitarr;
    bitarr
    intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
    intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
    intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
    realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 0.5;
    realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 0.5;
    timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
    timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
                := not rec.a;
    rec.a
    rec.b
                := rec.b + 1;
    rec.c
                 := rec.c + 2.5;
    rec.d
                 := not rec.d;
                := not rec.e;
    rec.e
    wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 12
# Time [0,6]:
# Variable bitsig: '1'
# Variable intsig: 23
```

```
# Variable realsig: 19.35
# Variable timesig: [0,7]
# Variable stdlogicsig: '1'
# Variable bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
# Variable stdlogicarr: '0' '1' '0' '1'
# Variable intarr: 12 13 14
# Variable realarr: 12.6 102.22
# Variable timearr: [0,17] [0,8]
  Variable rec:
      '0'
       3
      8.7
    '1'
'1' '0' '0' '1'
# Time [0,11]:
  Variable bitsig: '0'
   Variable intsig: 24
# Variable realsig: 20.85
# Variable timesig: [0,8]
# Variable stdlogicsig: '0'
# Variable bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Variable stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
# Variable intarr: 13 14 15
# Variable realarr: 13.1 102.72
   Variable timearr: [0,18] [0,9]
   Variable rec:
       111
       4
      11.2
       '0'
     '0' '1' '1' '0'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetVarValueIndirect()

Gets the value of a VHDL variable of any type except record.

Syntax

value = mti_GetVarValueIndirect(variable_id, buffer)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	void *	A pointer to the value of the specified variable

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL variable of any type except record
buffer	void *	A buffer into which the value is to be placed; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_GetVarValueIndirect() returns the value of a variable of any type except record. mti_GetVarValueIndirect() must be used for scalar variables of type real and time.

If the buffer parameter is NULL, mti_GetVarValueIndirect() returns a pointer to the value, which must be treated as read-only data and must not be freed.

If the buffer parameter is not NULL, mti_GetVarValueIndirect() copies the value in the buffer parameter and also returns the buffer parameter.

The returned value is interpreted as follows:

For a scalar variable or a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Enum	(char *) if <= 256 values (mtiInt32T *) if > 256 values
Physical	(mtiInt32T *)
Real	(double *)
Scalar (Integer)	(mtiInt32T *)

For a scalar variable or a subelement of type	The value should be cast to
Time	(mtiTime64T *)

Note: In order to get the value of a record variable, use mti_GetVarSubelements() to get handles to the variable subelements and then use mti_GetVarValue(), mti_GetVarValueIndirect(), or mti_GetArrayVarValue() on each of the subelements.

Related functions

```
mti_GetArrayVarValue() (FLI-233)
mti_GetVarValue() (FLI-442)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
                      * name;
 char
 mtiVariableIdT
                       varid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                       typeid;
} varInfoT;
typedef struct {
 varInfoT * var_info;
                            /* List of variables. */
 mtiProcessIdT proc;
                             /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void printValue( mtiVariableIdT varid, mtiTypeIdT vartype, int indent )
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( vartype ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
     {
       char ** enum_values;
       enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( vartype );
       if ( mti_TickLength( vartype ) > 256 ) {
         mtiInt32T scalar_val;
         (void) mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &scalar_val );
         mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[scalar_val] );
       } else {
         char scalar_val;
         (void) mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &scalar_val );
         mti_PrintFormatted( " %s\n", enum_values[(int)scalar_val] );
       }
     }
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
    case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     {
       mtiInt32T scalar val;
       scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %d\n", scalar_val );
```

```
break;
case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
 {
   int i;
mtiInt32T num_elems;
mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
mtiTypeKindT elem_typekind;
           * array_val;
   void
   array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
   num_elems = mti_TickLength( vartype );
    elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( vartype );
    elem_typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type );
    switch ( elem_typekind ) {
     case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
        {
          char ** enum_values;
          enum_values = mti_GetEnumValues( elem_type );
          if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) > 256 ) {
            mtiInt32T * val = array val;
            for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
              mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
          } else {
            char * val = array_val;
            for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
              mti_PrintFormatted( " %s", enum_values[val[i]] );
          }
        }
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
      case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
       {
         mtiInt32T * val = array_val;
         for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " %d", val[i] );
          }
        }
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
        mti_PrintMessage( " ARRAY" );
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
        mti_PrintMessage( " RECORD" );
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
          double * val = array_val;
          for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
           mti_PrintFormatted( " %g", val[i] );
        }
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
         mtiTime64T * val = array_val;
          for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
            mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]",
                               MTI_TIME64_HI32(val[i]),
                                MTI_TIME64_LO32(val[i]) );
```

```
break;
         default:
           break;
       mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
     break;
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
     {
       mtiVariableIdT * elem_list;
       mtiInt32T num_elems;
       elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements( varid, 0 );
       num_elems = mti_GetNumRecordElements( vartype );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
       for ( i = 0; i < num_elems; i++ ) {
         mti_PrintFormatted( "%*c", indent, ' ' );
         printValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetVarType(elem_list[i]),
                    indent+2 );
       mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
     {
       double real_val;
       mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &real_val );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " %g\n", real_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     {
       mtiTime64T time_val;
       mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &time_val );
       mti_PrintFormatted( " [%d,%d]\n",
                          MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                          MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) );
     }
     break;
   default:
     mti_PrintMessage( "\n" );
     break;
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 varInfoT *varinfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s:", varinfo->name );
   printValue( varinfo->varid, varinfo->typeid, 4 );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
```

```
static varInfoT * setupVariable( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 varInfoT * varinfo;
                = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 * varinfo;
 varInfoT
                   = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     varinfo = setupVariable( varid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
      inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
     else {
      curr_info->next = varinfo;
     curr_info = varinfo;
 }
 inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                            (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
```

HDL code

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
  type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type rectype is record
    a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
    d : std_logic;
    e : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
  p1 : process
    variable bitsig : bit := '1';
variable intsig : integer := 21;
variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
    variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
    variable bitarr
                          : bitarray := "0110";
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
    variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
    variable realarr
variable timearr
: realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
variable timearr
: timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
    variable rec := ( '0', 1, 3.7, 'H', "1001" );
  begin
               := not bitsig;
:= intsig + 1;
    bitsig
    intsig
```

```
realsig := realsig + 1.5;
timesig := timesig + 1 ns;
    stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
   bitarr := not bitarr;
    intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
    intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
   intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
   realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 0.5;
    realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 0.5;
    timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
    timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
   rec.a
               := not rec.a;
              := rec.b + 1;
   rec.b
              := rec.c + 2.5;
   rec.c
   rec.d
              := not rec.d;
               := not rec.e;
   rec.e
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 12
# Time [0,6]:
# Variable bitsig: '1'
  Variable intsig: 23
  Variable realsig: 19.35
   Variable timesig: [0,7]
   Variable stdlogicsig: '1'
Variable bitarr: '0' '1' '1' '0'
   Variable stdlogicarr: '0' '1' '0' '1'
   Variable intarr: 12 13 14
   Variable realarr: 12.6 102.22
   Variable timearr: [0,17] [0,8]
   Variable rec:
       '0'
```

3

8.7

'1'

'1' '0' '0' '1'

#

#

```
# Time [0,11]:
# Variable bitsig: '0'
# Variable intsig: 24
# Variable realsig: 20.85
# Variable timesig: [0,8]
# Variable stdlogicsig: '0'
# Variable bitarr: '1' '0' '0' '1'
# Variable stdlogicarr: '1' '0' '1' '0'
# Variable intarr: 13 14 15
# Variable realarr: 13.1 102.72
# Variable timearr: [0,18] [0,9]
# Variable rec:
       '1'
#
       4
       11.2
    '0'
'0' '1' '1' '0'
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_GetWlfFilename()

Gets the name of the waveform logfile (.wlf).

Syntax

```
filename = mti_GetWlfFilename()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
filename	char *	A pointer to the name of the waveform logfile (.wlf)

Arguments

None

Description

mti_GetWlfFilename() returns the name of the waveform logfile (.wlf). The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

None

Example

HDL code

```
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 10 ns;</pre>
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c -wlf mydata.wlf top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.5
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c -wlf mydata.wlf top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# WLF filename = mydata.wlf
VSIM 1> add log -r /*
VSIM 2> run 100
VSIM 3> quit
```

mti_HigherRegion()

Gets the parent region of a region.

Syntax

```
parent_id = mti_HigherRegion( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
parent_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the parent region of the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC region

Description

mti_HigherRegion() returns a handle to the parent region of the specified region or NULL if the specified region is a top-level region. The specified and returned region IDs can be handles to either VHDL, Verilog or SystemC regions. A handle to a Verilog region can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about or access objects in the Verilog region.

Related functions

```
mti_FindRegion() (FLI-177)
mti_FirstLowerRegion() (FLI-191)
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)
mti_GetTopRegion() (FLI-399)
mti_NextRegion() (FLI-489)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
{
  char * region_name;
  mtiRegionIdT parent;
  mtiRegionIdT regid;
```

```
region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "**cRegion %s", indent, ' ', region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 parent = mti_HigherRegion( region );
  if ( parent ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " (Parent region is %s)\n",
                      mti_GetRegionName( parent ));
  } else {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
  indent += 2;
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nLoad Done phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                  region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nElaboration phase:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
       );
  end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;</pre>
end b;
```

```
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
 signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
    generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
    port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
  flip: inv port map (s3,s4);
  i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Elaboration phase:
```

FLI-462 FLI function definitions

```
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1 (Parent region is top)
# Region /top/inst1/il (Parent region is inst1)
# Region /top/inst1/flip (Parent region is inst1)
#
# Load Done phase:
# Region /top
# Region /top/inst1 (Parent region is top)
# Region /top/inst1/flip (Parent region is inst1)
# Region /top/inst1/il (Parent region is inst1)
# Region /top/inst1/toggle (Parent region is inst1)
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_lmage()

Gets the string image of a value of a specific type.

Syntax

```
strval = mti_Image( value, type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
strval	char *	A string image of the specified value

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
value	void *	A pointer to a value that is in the correct format for the specified type
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

mti_Image() returns a pointer to a buffer containing the string image of the specified value. The format is determined by the specified type. The image is the same as would be returned by the VHDL 1076-1993 attribute 'IMAGE. The returned string is valid only until the next call to mti_Image(). The returned pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_GetVarImage() (FLI-416)
mti_SignalImage() (FLI-635)
```

Example

```
mtiProcessIdT proc;
                            /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 * value;
 void
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   value = mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varinfo->varid, 0 );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s = %s\n",
                     varinfo->name,
                     mti_Image( value, varinfo->typeid ));
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 varInfoT * varinfo;
           = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiRegionIdT
                regid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 * varinfo;
 varInfoT
 inst_data
                  = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
 regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( regid );
      procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     varinfo = setupVariable( varid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
       inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
     else {
      curr_info->next = varinfo;
     curr_info = varinfo;
   }
 inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                               (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 4 );
```

```
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the */
                   *param,
 char
                                                                      * /
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                          /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
 type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
 type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
 type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component for_model
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 p1 : process
   variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
   variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
   variable bitarr
                       : bitarray := "0110";
   variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
   variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
   variable realarr
                      : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
   variable timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
 begin
   bitsig := not bitsig;
```

```
:= intsig + 1;
   intsig
   realsig := realsig + 1.1;
timesig := timesig + 1 ns;
   stdlogicsig := not stdlogicsig;
   bitarr
               := not bitarr;
    stdlogicarr := not stdlogicarr;
   intarr(1) := intarr(1) + 1;
   intarr(2) := intarr(2) + 1;
   intarr(3) := intarr(3) + 1;
   realarr(1) := realarr(1) + 1.1;
   realarr(2) := realarr(2) + 1.1;
    timearr(-1) := timearr(-1) + 1 ns;
    timearr(0) := timearr(0) + 1 ns;
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
```

```
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 12
# Time [0,4]:
  Variable bitsig = '0'
   Variable intsig = 22
   Variable realsig = 1.745000e+01
   Variable timesig = 6 ns
   Variable stdlogicsig = '0'
   Variable bitarr = "1001"
   Variable stdlogicarr = "1010"
  Variable intarr = (11, 12, 13)
   Variable realarr = (1.270000e+01, 1.023200e+02)
   Variable timearr = (16 ns, 7 ns)
# Time [0,9]:
   Variable bitsig = '1'
   Variable intsig = 23
   Variable realsig = 1.855000e+01
   Variable timesig = 7 ns
   Variable stdlogicsig = '1'
   Variable bitarr = "0110"
   Variable stdlogicarr = "0101"
  Variable intarr = (12, 13, 14)
# Variable realarr = (1.380000e+01, 1.034200e+02)
  Variable timearr = (17 ns, 8 ns)
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_Interp()

Gets the Tcl_Interp pointer used in the simulator.

Syntax

```
interp = mti_Interp()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
interp	Tcl_Interp *	The Tcl interp pointer used in the simulator

Arguments

None

Description

mti_Interp() returns the Tcl interp pointer used in the simulator. There is only one Tcl interp pointer in the simulator and it exists and does not change throughout the execution life of the simulator. This pointer is needed in most Tcl calls and can also be used in conjunction with mti_Cmd() to obtain the command results.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <tcl.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
                  /* 'U' */
                  /* 'X' */
 STD_LOGIC_X,
 STD_LOGIC_0,
 STD_LOGIC_1,
                   /* 'Z' */
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
                   /* 'W' */
 STD_LOGIC_W,
                   /* 'L' */
 STD_LOGIC_L,
                   /* 'H' */
 STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicT;
void monitorSignal( void * param )
 char
              buffer[256];
 char *
              region_name;
```

```
char *
            signal_name;
             status;
  mtiSignalIdT sigid = (mtiSignalIdT)param;
 Tcl_Interp * interp;
 switch ( mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_X:
   case STD_LOGIC_W:
     signal_name = mti_GetSignalName( sigid );
     region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion( sigid ));
     mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                        mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        region_name, signal_name );
     sprintf( buffer, "drivers %s/%s", region_name, signal_name );
     interp = mti_Interp();
     status = mti_Cmd( buffer );
     if ( status != TCL_OK ) {
       mti_PrintMessage( "ERROR while executing drivers command.\n" );
     } else {
       mti_PrintFormatted( "The drivers of %s/%s are:\n%s\n",
                          region_name, signal_name, interp->result );
     Tcl_ResetResult( interp );
     mti_VsimFree( region_name );
     break;
    default:
     break;
}
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalMonitor", monitorSignal, sigid );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
begin
```

```
p1 : process
 begin
   c1 : case s1 is
     when 'U' => s1 <= 'X' after 5 ns;
      when 'X' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow '0' after 5 ns;
      when '0' => s1 <= '1' after 5 ns;
      when '1' => s1 <= 'Z' after 5 ns;
     when 'Z' => s1 <= 'W' after 5 ns;
     when 'W' => s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
     when 'L' => s1 <= 'H' after 5 ns;
     when 'H' => s1 <= '-' after 5 ns;
      when '-' => s1 <= 'U' after 5 ns;
    end case c1;
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
```

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 60
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is UNKNOWN
# The drivers of /top/sl are:
# Drivers for /top/sl:
# W : Signal /top/s1
    W : Driver /top/p1
# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is UNKNOWN
# The drivers of /top/sl are:
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# X : Signal /top/s1
    X : Driver /top/pl
# Time [0,60] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is UNKNOWN
# The drivers of /top/sl are:
# Drivers for /top/s1:
# W : Signal /top/s1
    W : Driver /top/p1
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_lsColdRestore()

Determines if a cold restore operation is in progress.

Syntax

```
status = mti_IsColdRestore()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
status	int	1 when a cold restore operation is in progress; 0 otherwise

Arguments

None

Description

mti_IsColdRestore() returns 1 when a cold restore operation is in progress; otherwise, it returns 0. A cold restore is when the simulator has been terminated and is re-invoked with the -restore argument.

Related functions

```
mti_IsFirstInit() (FLI-473)
mti_IsRestore() (FLI-476)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
 mti_SaveString( inst_info );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
```

```
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
  mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  free( param );
void initForeign(
  {\tt mtiRegionIdT}
                     region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
  instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
  if ( mti_IsColdRestore() ) {
     mti_PrintMessage( "Cold Restore in progress ...\n" );
  } else {
      strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 45
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "for_model"
VSIM 3> quit
# Cleaning up...
% vsim -c top -restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Wed Jul 5 11:02:06 2000
# Restoring state at time 45 ns, iteration 1
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Wed Jul 5 11:02:06 2000
\# Restoring state at time 45 ns, iteration 1
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Cold Restore in progress ...
# Restored instance info "for_model"
# Simulation kernel restore completed
# Restoring graphical user interface: definitions of virtuals; contents of list
and wave windows
# env sim:/top
# sim:/top
VSIM 1> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_lsFirstInit()

Detects the first call to the initialization function.

Syntax

```
status = mti_IsFirstInit()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
status	int	1 during the first call to the initialization function; 0 otherwise

Arguments

None

Description

mti_IsFirstInit() returns 1 during the first call to the initialization function or 0 if the simulation has been restarted.

Related functions

```
mti_IsColdRestore() (FLI-470)
mti_IsRestore() (FLI-476)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
static int test_global = 15;
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nCleanup callback:\n" );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Freeing param \"%s\"...\n", param );
 mti_PrintFormatted( " test_global = %d\n", test_global );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param, /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                        * /
  char
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
```

```
if ( mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nFirst call to init function.\n" );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " test_global = %d\n", test_global );
   test_global = 42;
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Setting test_global to %d\n", test_global );
  } else {
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nSimulation has been restarted.\n" );
   \label{linear_printFormatted} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted| | test_global = $d\n", test_global | ; \\
   test_global = 3;
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Setting test_global to %d\n", test_global );
 instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# First call to init function.
# test_global = 15
# Setting test_global to 42
VSIM 1> run 30
VSIM 2> restart -f
# Cleanup callback:
# Freeing param "for_model"...
# test_global = 42
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Simulation has been restarted.
# test_global = 15
# Setting test_global to 3
VSIM 3> run 45
VSIM 4> quit
# Cleanup callback:
# Freeing param "for_model"...
# test_global = 3
```

mti_IsRestore()

Determines if a restore operation is in progress.

Syntax

```
status = mti_IsRestore()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
status	int	1 during a restore operation; 0 otherwise

Arguments

None

Description

mti_IsRestore() returns 1 when a restore operation is in progress; otherwise, it returns 0.

Related functions

```
mti_IsColdRestore() (FLI-470)
mti_IsFirstInit() (FLI-473)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info = 0;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
 mti_SaveString( inst_info );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
```

```
free( param );
void initForeign(
                             /\,{}^{\star} The ID of the region in which this
 {\tt mtiRegionIdT}
                                                                      * /
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
  char
                   *param,
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 if ( ! instance_info ) {
     instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
  if ( mti_IsRestore() ) {
     mti_PrintMessage( "Restore in progress ...\n" );
  } else {
     strcpy( instance_info, param );
  }
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 40
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "for_model"
VSIM 3> run 30
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Wed Jul 5 14:04:26 2000
# Restoring state at time 40 ns, iteration 1
# Restore in progress ...
# Restored instance info "for_model"
VSIM 5> echo $now
# 40
VSIM 6> run 10
VSIM 7> quit
# Cleaning up...
% vsim -c top -restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Wed Jul 5 14:04:26 2000
\# Restoring state at time 40 ns, iteration 1
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Wed Jul 5 14:04:26 2000
# Restoring state at time 40 ns, iteration 1
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Restore in progress ...
# Restored instance info "for_model"
# Simulation kernel restore completed
# Restoring graphical user interface: definitions of virtuals; contents of list
and wave windows
# env sim:/top
# sim:/top
VSIM 1> run 25
VSIM 2> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_KeepLoaded()

Requests that the current shared library not be unloaded on restart or load of a new design.

Syntax

```
mti_KeepLoaded()
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

None

Description

mti_KeepLoaded() marks the current shared library as not to be reloaded when a restart or load of a new design occurs. mti_KeepLoaded() must be called from the initialization function of a foreign architecture.

Normally, the reloading of shared libraries is determined by the following:

- A shared library loaded due to a foreign attribute on a VHDL architecture is reloaded.
- A shared library loaded due to the **-foreign** option to **vsim** is reloaded.
- A shared library loaded due to a foreign attribute on a VHDL subprogram is not reloaded, even if the shared library also contains code for a foreign architecture.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

static char * instance_info;
static int    test_global = 15;

void cleanupCallback( void * param )
{
    mti_PrintMessage( "\nCleanup callback:\n" );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " Freeing param \"%s\"\n", param );
    free( param );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " test_global = %d\n", test_global );
}

void restartCallback( void * param )
{
    mti_PrintMessage( "\nRestart callback:\n" );
    mti_PrintFormatted( " Param is \"%s\"\n", param );
```

```
mti_PrintFormatted( " test_global = %d\n", test_global );
 test_global = 15;
 mti\_PrintFormatted( " Setting test_global to initial value of %d\n",
                    test_global );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
  char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  if ( mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nFirst call to init function.\n" );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " test_global = %d\n", test_global );
   test global = 42;
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Setting test_global to %d\n", test_global );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Shared library will NOT be reloaded.\n" );
   mti_KeepLoaded();
   instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
   strcpy( instance_info, param );
  } else {
   mti_PrintMessage( "\nSimulation has been restarted.\n" );
   mti_PrintFormatted( " test_global = %d\n", test_global );
   test_global = 3;
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Setting test_global to %d\n", test_global );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( restartCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
```

```
s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;</pre>
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# First call to init function.
# test_global = 15
# Setting test_global to 42
# Shared library will NOT be reloaded.
VSIM 1> run 30
VSIM 2> restart -f
# Restart callback:
# Param is "for_model"
# test_global = 42
# Setting test_global to initial value of 15
# Simulation has been restarted.
# test_global = 15
# Setting test_global to 3
VSIM 3> run 100
VSIM 4> restart -f
# Restart callback:
# Param is "for_model"
# test_global = 3
# Setting test_global to initial value of 15
# Simulation has been restarted.
# test_global = 15
   Setting test_global to 3
VSIM 5> quit
# Cleanup callback:
# Freeing param "for_model"
# test_global = 3
```

mti_Malloc()

Allocates simulator-managed memory.

Syntax

```
memptr = mti_Malloc( size )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
memptr	void *	A pointer to the allocated memory

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
size	unsigned long	The size in bytes of the memory to be allocated

Description

mti_Malloc() allocates a block of memory of the specified size from an internal simulator memory pool and returns a pointer to it. The memory is initialized to zero. Memory allocated by mti_Malloc() is automatically checkpointed. On restore, this memory is guaranteed to be restored to the same location with the values it contained at the time of the checkpoint. This memory can be freed only by mti_Free().

mti_Malloc() automatically checks for a NULL pointer. In the case of an allocation error, mti_Malloc() issues the following error message and aborts the simulation:

```
***** Memory allocation failure. ****
Please check your system for available memory and swap space.
```

Related functions

```
mti_Free() (FLI-219)
mti_Realloc() (FLI-523)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info pointer to \"%s\"\n",
                    inst_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&inst_info, sizeof(inst_info) );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  /* NOTE: Memory allocated by mti_Malloc() will be freed by vsim. */
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /\!\!\!\!\!\!^* foreign architecture is instantiated. \!\!\!\!\!\!\!^*/
                               /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 if ( mti_IsRestore() ) {
   mti_PrintMessage( "Restore in progress ...\n" );
   instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
   strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
```

```
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 35
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info pointer to "my_for_model"
VSIM 3> run 10
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Wed Jul 5 15:24:18 2000
\# Restoring state at time 35 ns, iteration 1
# Restore in progress ...
# Restored instance info "my_for_model"
VSIM 5> run 20
```

VSIM 6> quit # Cleaning up...

mti_NextProcess()

Gets the next VHDL process in a region.

Syntax

```
process_id = mti_NextProcess()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to the next VHDL process in the current region

Arguments

None

Description

mti_NextProcess() returns a handle to the next process in the region set by the latest call to mti_FirstProcess(). mti_NextProcess() returns NULL if there are no more processes.

Related functions

mti_FirstProcess() (FLI-195)

Example

```
indent += 2;
  printProcesses( region, indent );
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
  mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nHierarchy:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                    *param, /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
  p1 : process
   variable count : integer := 0;
  begin
   count := count + 1;
    wait on a;
  end process;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
component inv is
  generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
       );
end component;
begin
  flip: inv port map (s3,s4);
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Hierarchy:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
#
     Process line__58
#
      Process line__57
      Region /top/inst1/flip
```

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```
# Process p1
# Process line__19
# Region /top/inst1/i1
# Region /top/inst1/toggle
# Process p1
# Process line__19
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_NextRegion()

Gets the next region at the same level as a region.

Syntax

```
next_reg_id = mti_NextRegion( region_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
next_reg_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to the next VHDL, Verilog or SystemC region at the same level of hierarchy as the specified region

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
region_id	mtiRegionIdT	A handle to a VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC region

Description

mti_NextRegion() returns a handle to the next VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC region at the same level of hierarchy as the specified VHDL, Verilog, or SystemC region. mti_NextRegion() returns NULL if there are no more regions at this level. If the **next_reg_id** is a handle to a Verilog region then it can be used with PLI functions to obtain information about or access objects in the Verilog region.

Related functions

```
mti_FindRegion() (FLI-177)
mti_FirstLowerRegion() (FLI-191)
mti_GetRegionKind() (FLI-328)
mti_GetTopRegion() (FLI-399)
mti_HigherRegion() (FLI-459)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
{
```

```
char *
             region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 indent += 2;
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
  }
}
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nHierarchy:\n" );
 for ( regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, 1 );
  }
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                  region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
```

```
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
  signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
        );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;</pre>
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Hierarchy:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
     Region /top/inst1/flip
```

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```
# Region /top/inst1/i1
# Region /top/inst1/toggle
# Region /standard
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_NextSignal()

Gets the next VHDL or SystemC signal in a region.

Syntax

```
signal_id = mti_NextSignal()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to the next VHDL or SystemC signal in the current region

Arguments

None

Description

mti_NextSignal() returns a handle to the next signal in the region set by the latest call to mti_FirstSignal(). mti_NextSignal() returns NULL if there are no more signals.

Related functions

mti_FirstSignal() (FLI-199)

Example

```
printSignals( region, indent );
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
  }
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nHierarchy:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                                                                         */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model.
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
       b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
 signal count : integer := 0;
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process( a )
 begin
   count <= count + 1 after 0 ns;</pre>
 end process;
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
```

```
signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
         );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Hierarchy:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
      Signal s1
      Signal s2
     Signal s3
#
     Signal s4
#
     Region /top/inst1/flip
       Signal a
```

FLI-496 FLI function definitions

```
# Signal b
# Signal count
# Region /top/instl/il
# Region /top/instl/toggle
# Signal a
# Signal b
# Signal count
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_NextVar()

Gets the next VHDL variable, generic, or constant visible to a process.

Syntax

```
variable_id = mti_NextVar()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to the next VHDL variable, generic, or constant visible to the current process

Arguments

None

Description

mti_NextVar() returns a handle to the next variable, generic, or constant visible to the process set by the latest call to mti_FirstVar(). mti_NextVar() returns NULL if there are no more variables, generics, or constants.

Related functions

mti_FirstVar() (FLI-203)

Example

```
procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
    if ( procid ) {
     mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cProcess %s\n", indent, ' ',
                       mti_GetProcessName( procid ) );
     printVariables( procid, indent+2 );
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
 char *
             region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s\n", indent, ' ', region_name );
  indent += 2;
 printProcesses( region, indent );
 for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
  mti_VsimFree( region_name );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "\nHierarchy:\n" );
 printHierarchy( mti_GetTopRegion(), 1 );
}
void initForeign(
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                    *param,
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
       );
end inv;
  architecture b of inv is
```

```
begin
 b <= a after delay;
 p1 : process
   constant increment : integer := 1;
   variable count : integer := 0;
   count := count + increment;
   wait on a;
 end process;
end b;
entity mid is
 generic ( gen1 : string := "Mid" );
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
 signal s3 : bit := '0';
 signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
 component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
        );
  end component;
begin
  testproc : process
   constant c1 : string := "mystring";
   variable v1 : bit := '0';
   variable v2 : integer := 42;
   variable v3 : real := 7.82;
 begin
   v1 := not v1;
   v2 := v2 + 2i
   v3 := v3 + 1.5;
   wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
```

```
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
   generic ( gen1 : string := "Top" );
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Hierarchy:
# Region /top
   Region /top/inst1
     Process line__72
#
      Variable gen1
#
     Process line__71
#
       Variable gen1
#
     Process testproc
#
        Variable gen1
       Variable cl
#
       Variable v1
#
       Variable v2
#
       Variable v3
    Region /top/inst1/flip
#
      Process pl
#
         Variable delay
         Variable increment
#
         Variable count
      Process line__19
#
#
        Variable delay
    Region /top/inst1/i1
#
     Region /top/inst1/toggle
       Process p1
         Variable delay
         Variable increment
```

Variable count Process line__19 Variable delay

VSIM 1> quit

mti_Now()

Gets the low order 32 bits of the 64-bit current simulation time.

Syntax

```
low_time = mti_Now()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
low_time	mtiInt32T	The low order 32 bits of the current simulation time

Arguments

None

Description

mti_Now() returns the low order 32 bits of the current simulation time. The time units are equivalent to the current simulator time unit setting.

Related functions

```
mti_Delta() (FLI-157)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)
mti_NowIndirect() (FLI-505)
mti_NowUpper() (FLI-510)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
                  * name;
 mtiSignalIdT
                       sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                       typeid;
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
 signalInfoT * sig_info;
                          /* List of signals. */
                            /* Test process id.*/
 mtiProcessIdT proc;
} instanceInfoT;
static char * convertTime( mtiInt32T time, int limit, mtiInt32T * new_time )
```

```
switch ( limit ) {
   case 2:  *new_time = time * 100; return( "sec" );
   case 1:
             *new_time = time * 10; return( "sec" );
   case 0:
             *new_time = time; return( "sec" );
   case -1: *new_time = time * 100; return( "ms" );
   case -2:
             *new_time = time * 10; return( "ms" );
   case -3:
             *new_time = time;
                                     return( "ms" );
             *new_time = time * 100; return( "us" );
   case -4:
   case -5: *new_time = time * 10; return( "us" );
                                    return( "us" );
   case -6: *new_time = time;
   case -7:  *new_time = time * 100; return( "ns" );
   case -8: *new_time = time * 10; return( "ns" );
   case -9:
             *new_time = time; return( "ns" );
   case -10: *new_time = time * 100; return( "ps" );
   case -11: *new_time = time * 10; return( "ps" );
   case -12:
             *new_time = time;
                                     return( "ps" );
             *new_time = time * 100; return( "fs" );
   case -13:
   case -14: *new_time = time * 10; return( "fs" );
   case -15: *new_time = time;
                                    return( "fs" );
                                return( "??" );
   default: *new_time = time;
}
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 char
             * units;
 instanceInfoT * inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 mtiInt32T new_time;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 units = convertTime( mti_Now(), mti_GetResolutionLimit(), &new_time );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time %d %s:\n", new_time, units );
 for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s: %s\n",
                      siginfo->name, mti_SignalImage( siginfo->sigid ));
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo
                 = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next
               = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
```

```
inst_data
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
     inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /st The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                           /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal bitsig : bit
                               := '1';
 signal intsig
                  : integer := 42;
 signal realsig : real
                               := 10.2;
  signal timesig
                    : time
 signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
 signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
```

```
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 bitsig
              <= not bitsig after 5 ns;
            <= intsig + 1 after 5 ns;
 intsig
           <= realsig + 1.1 after 5 ns;
<= timesig + 2 ns after 5 ns;</pre>
 realsig
 timesig
 stdlogicsig <= not stdlogicsig after 5 ns;</pre>
 stdlogicarr <= not stdlogicarr after 5 ns;</pre>
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 17
# Time 6 ns:
# Signal bitsig: '0'
# Signal intsig: 43
# Signal realsig: 1.130000e+01
  Signal timesig: 5 ns
Signal stdlogicsig: '0'
  Signal stdlogicarr: "1010"
# Time 11 ns:
# Signal bitsig: '1'
# Signal intsig: 44
# Signal realsig: 1.240000e+01
# Signal timesig: 7 ns
# Signal stdlogicsig: '1'
  Signal stdlogicarr: "0101"
# Time 16 ns:
# Signal bitsig: '0'
   Signal intsig: 45
# Signal realsig: 1.350000e+01
# Signal timesig: 9 ns
```

Signal stdlogicsig: '0'
Signal stdlogicarr: "1010"

VSIM 2> quit

mti_NowIndirect()

Gets the upper and lower 32 bits of the 64-bit current simulation time.

Syntax

```
curr_time = mti_NowIndirect( time_buf )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
curr_time	mtiTime64T *	The upper and lower 32 bits of the current simulation time

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
time_buf	mtiTime64T *	Returns the upper and lower 32 bits of the current simulation time; OPTIONAL - can be NULL

Description

mti_NowIndirect() returns the upper and lower 32 bits of the 64-bit current simulation time. The time units are equivalent to the current simulator time unit setting. If the time_buf parameter is NULL, then mti_NowIndirect() allocates memory for the value and returns a pointer to it. The caller is responsible for freeing this memory with mti_VsimFree(). If the time_buf parameter is not NULL, then mti_NowIndirect() copies the value into the time_buf parameter and also returns the time_buf parameter.

Related functions

```
mti_Delta() (FLI-157)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)
mti_Now() (FLI-501)
mti_NowUpper() (FLI-510)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
                 * name;
 char
 mtiSignalIdT
                        sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                         typeid;
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
 signalInfoT * sig_info; /* List of signals.*/
mtiProcessIdT proc; /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 mtiTime64T
                curr_time;
 signalInfoT *siginfo;
 (void) mti_NowIndirect( &curr_time );
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n",
                    MTI_TIME64_HI32( curr_time ),
                    MTI_TIME64_LO32( curr_time ));
for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
 mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s: %s\n",
                    siginfo->name, mti_SignalImage( siginfo->sigid ));
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo
                  = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 inst data
                     = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
```

```
sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
     inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                  (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer high
   units
     hour;
     day = 24 hour;
     week = 7 day;
     month = 4 week;
    year = 12 month;
   end units;
end top;
```

```
architecture a of top is
                     : bit
  signal bitsig
                                 := '1';
  signal intsig
                     : integer := 42;
  signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
  signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
  signal rec
                     : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 bitsig <= not bitsig after 5 ns;
intsig <= intsig + 1 after 5 ns;
physsig <= physsig + 1 hour after 5 ns;
realsig <= realsig + 1.1 after 5 ns;
timesig <= timesig + 2 ns after 5 ns;
  stdlogicsig <= not stdlogicsig after 5 ns;</pre>
  stdlogicarr <= not stdlogicarr after 5 ns;</pre>
 rec.a
             <= not rec.a after 5 ns;
  rec.b
              <= rec.b + 1 after 5 ns;
  rec.c
               <= not rec.c after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 14
# Time [0,6]:
   Signal bitsig: '0'
   Signal intsig: 43
  Signal physsig: 4 hour
   Signal realsig: 1.130000e+01
# Signal timesig: 5 ns
# Signal stdlogicsig: '0'
# Signal stdlogicarr: "1010"
   Signal rec: ('1', 1, "0110")
```

```
# Time [0,11]:
# Signal bitsig: '1'
# Signal intsig: 44
# Signal physsig: 5 hour
# Signal realsig: 1.240000e+01
# Signal timesig: 7 ns
# Signal stdlogicsig: '1'
# Signal stdlogicarr: "0101"
# Signal rec: ('0', 2, "1001")
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_NowUpper()

Gets the high order 32 bits of the 64-bit current simulation time.

Syntax

```
high_time = mti_NowUpper()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
high_time	mtiInt32T	The high order 32 bits of the current simulation time

Arguments

None

Description

mti_NowUpper() returns the high order 32 bits of the current simulation time. The time units are equivalent to the current simulator time unit setting.

Related functions

```
mti_Delta() (FLI-157)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)
mti_Now() (FLI-501)
mti_NowIndirect() (FLI-505)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
                    * name;
 mtiSignalIdT
                          sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                           typeid;
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
 signalInfoT * sig_info; /* List of signals. */
mtiProcessIdT proc; /* Test process id.*/
} instanceInfoT;
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
```

```
instanceInfoT * inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
  signalInfoT * siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%u]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s: %s\n",
                      siginfo->name, mti_SignalImage( siginfo->sigid ));
  }
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 500000000 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo
                  = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
                = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->name
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next
                = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
  inst_data
                   = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
      sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
    inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   }
   else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                    (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 600000000 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                                                                       * /
 char
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
```

```
mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal intsig : integer := 42;
signal realsig : real := 10.
                             := 10.2;
 component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 inst1 : for_model;
            <= intsig + 1 after 5000000 sec;
 intsig
          <= realsig + 1.1 after 5000000 sec;
 realsiq
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c -t sec top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c -t sec top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 10000000000
# Time [0,600000000]:
# Signal intsig: 162
# Signal realsig: 1.422000e+02
# Time [0,1100000000]:
# Signal intsig: 262
# Signal realsig: 2.522000e+02
# Time [0,1600000000]:
# Signal intsig: 362
```

```
# Signal realsig: 3.622000e+02
# Time [0,2100000000]:
# Signal intsig: 462
# Signal realsig: 4.722000e+02
# Time [0,2600000000]:
# Signal intsig: 562
# Signal realsig: 5.822000e+02
# Time [0,310000000]:
# Signal intsig: 662
# Signal realsig: 6.922000e+02
# Time [0,360000000]:
# Signal intsig: 762
# Signal realsig: 8.022000e+02
# Time [0,410000000]:
# Signal intsig: 862
   Signal realsig: 9.122000e+02
# Time [1,305032704]:
# Signal intsig: 962
# Signal realsig: 1.022200e+03
# Time [1,805032704]:
# Signal intsig: 1062
# Signal realsig: 1.132200e+03
# Time [1,1305032704]:
# Signal intsig: 1162
# Signal realsig: 1.242200e+03
# Time [1,1805032704]:
# Signal intsig: 1262
# Signal realsig: 1.352200e+03
# Time [1,2305032704]:
# Signal intsig: 1362
# Signal realsig: 1.462200e+03
# Time [1,2805032704]:
# Signal intsig: 1462
# Signal realsig: 1.572200e+03
# Time [1,3305032704]:
# Signal intsig: 1562
# Signal realsig: 1.682200e+03
# Time [1,3805032704]:
# Signal intsig: 1662
# Signal realsig: 1.792200e+03
# Time [2,10065408]:
# Signal intsig: 1762
# Signal realsig: 1.902200e+03
# Time [2,510065408]:
  Signal intsig: 1862
# Signal realsig: 2.012200e+03
# Time [2,1010065408]:
# Signal intsig: 1962
# Signal realsig: 2.122200e+03
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_PrintFormatted()

Prints a formatted message to the Main window transcript.

Syntax

```
mti_PrintFormatted( format, ... )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
format	char *	The formatted string to be printed
		Zero or more arguments corresponding to the conversion characters in the format string

Description

mti_PrintFormatted() prints a formatted message in the Main simulator window and in the transcript file. The functionality is similar to the C printf() function. The format string must contain newline characters where line breaks are desired.

Related functions

mti_PrintMessage() (FLI-517)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
           region_name;
 char *
 mtiRegionIdT parent;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "%*cRegion %s", indent, ' ', region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 parent = mti_HigherRegion( region );
 if ( parent ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " (Parent region is %s)\n",
                    mti_GetRegionName( parent ));
  } else {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
```

```
}
  indent += 2;
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nHierarchy:\n" );
 for ( regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
     regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
    printHierarchy( regid, 1 );
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
  generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
  port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
begin
 b <= a after delay;</pre>
end b;
entity mid is
end mid;
architecture a of mid is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
  signal s3 : bit := '0';
```

```
signal s4 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
        );
  end component;
begin
  flip : inv port map ( s3, s4 );
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Hierarchy:
# Region /top
   Region /top/instl (Parent region is top)
     Region /top/instl/flip (Parent region is instl)
     Region /top/inst1/il (Parent region is inst1)
      Region /top/inst1/toggle (Parent region is inst1)
# Region /standard
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_PrintMessage()

Prints a message to the Main window transcript.

Syntax

```
mti_PrintMessage( message )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
message	char *	The message to be printed

Description

mti_PrintMessage() prints a message in the Main simulator window and in the transcript file. One or more newline characters can be included in the message string; however, a newline character is provided at the end of the message by default.

Related functions

mti_PrintFormatted() (FLI-514)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void printHierarchy( mtiRegionIdT region, int indent )
 char *
             region_name;
 mtiRegionIdT parent;
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( region );
 mti_PrintMessage( region_name );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 parent = mti_HigherRegion( region );
  indent += 2;
  for ( regid = mti_FirstLowerRegion( region );
        regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, indent );
void loadDoneCB( void * param )
 mtiRegionIdT regid;
```

```
mti_PrintMessage( "\nHierarchy:" );
 for ( regid = mti_GetTopRegion();
       regid; regid = mti_NextRegion( regid ) ) {
   printHierarchy( regid, 1 );
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                          /* The last part of the string in the
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity inv is
 generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
 port ( a : in bit;
        b : out bit
      );
end inv;
architecture b of inv is
 b <= a after delay;
end b;
 entity mid is
 end mid;
architecture a of mid is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 signal s2 : bit := '0';
 signal s3 : bit := '0';
 signal s4 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component inv is
   generic ( delay : time := 5 ns );
   port ( a : in bit;
          b : out bit
```

```
end component;
begin
  flip: inv port map (s3,s4);
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  s3 <= not s3 after 5 ns;
  toggle : inv port map ( s1, s2 );
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 component mid is
 end component;
begin
 inst1 : mid;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.mid(a)
# Loading work.inv(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Hierarchy:
# /top
# /top/inst1
# /top/inst1/flip
# /top/inst1/i1
# /top/inst1/toggle
# /standard
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_Quit()

Requests the simulator to exit immediately.

Syntax

mti_Quit()

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

None

Description

mti_Quit() shuts down the simulator immediately.

Related functions

```
mti_Break() (FLI-99)
mti_FatalError() (FLI-164)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
                 /* 'U' */
 STD_LOGIC_U,
                 /* 'X' */
 STD_LOGIC_X,
                   /* '0' */
 STD_LOGIC_0,
                   /* '1' */
 STD_LOGIC_1,
 STD_LOGIC_Z,
                  /* 'Z' */
 STD_LOGIC_W,
                  /* 'W' */
                  /* 'L' */
 STD_LOGIC_L,
                  /* 'H' */
 STD_LOGIC_H,
                  /* '-' */
 STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicT;
void monitorSignal( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid = (mtiSignalIdT)param;
  switch ( mti_GetSignalValue( sigid ) ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_X:
   case STD_LOGIC_W:
     mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s is UNKNOWN\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        mti_GetSignalName( sigid ) );
     mti_Quit();
     break;
   default:
```

```
}
}
void initForeign(
                                /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                                /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                                                                            * /
  char
                     *param,
                                /* The last part of the string in the
                                /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalMonitor", monitorSignal, sigid );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, sigid, MTI_EVENT );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
begin
  p1 : process
 begin
    c1 : case s1 is
      when 'U' \Rightarrow s1 <= 'X' after 5 ns;
      when 'X' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow '0' after 5 ns;
      when '0' => s1 <= '1' after 5 ns;
      when '1' => s1 <= 'Z' after 5 ns;
      when 'Z' \Rightarrow s1 \Leftarrow 'W' after 5 ns;
      when 'W' => s1 <= 'L' after 5 ns;
      when 'L' => s1 <= 'H' after 5 ns;
      when 'H' => s1 <= '-' after 5 ns;
      when '-' => s1 <= 'U' after 5 ns;
    end case c1;
    wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
end a;
```

break;

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b

# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 30
# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal sl is UNKNOWN
```

mti_Realloc()

Reallocates simulator-managed memory.

Syntax

```
memptr = mti_Realloc( origptr, size )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
memptr	void *	A pointer to the reallocated memory

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
origptr	void *	A pointer to the currently allocated memory
size	unsigned long	The size in bytes of the new memory to be allocated

Description

mti_Realloc() works like the C realloc() function on memory allocated by mti_Malloc(). If the specified size is larger than the size of memory already allocated to the origptr parameter, then new memory of the required size is allocated and initialized to zero, the entire content of the old memory is copied into the new memory, and a pointer to the new memory is returned. Otherwise, a pointer to the old memory is returned.

Any memory allocated by mti_Realloc() is guaranteed to be checkpointed and restored just like memory allocated by mti_Malloc(). Memory allocated by mti_Realloc() can be freed only by mti_Free().

mti_Realloc() automatically checks for a NULL pointer. In the case of an allocation error, mti_Realloc() issues the following error message and aborts the simulation:

```
***** Memory allocation failure. ****
Please check your system for available memory and swap space
```

Related functions

```
mti_Free() (FLI-219)
mti_Malloc() (FLI-482)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 \label{lem:mti_PrintFormatted} \verb| "Saving instance info pointer to \"\$s\" \verb| n" |,
                   inst_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&inst_info, sizeof(inst_info) );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  * NOTE: Memory allocated by mti_Malloc() and mti_Realloc() will
         be freed by vsim.
}
void initForeign(
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param, /* The last part of the string in the */
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 if ( mti_IsRestore() ) {
   mti_PrintMessage( "Restore in progress ...\n" );
 } else {
   instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
   strcpy( instance_info, param );
   if ( ! mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
     instance_info = mti_Realloc( instance_info, strlen(param) + 9 );
     sprintf( instance_info, "%s_restart", param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
```

HDL code

VSIM 9> run 25

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info pointer to "my_for_model"
VSIM 3> run 30
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 13:20:28 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restore in progress ...
# Restored instance info "my_for_model"
VSIM 5> run 40
VSIM 6> restart -f
# Cleaning up...
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 7> run 15
VSIM 8> checkpoint cpf2
# Saving instance info pointer to "my_for_model_restart"
```

```
VSIM 10> restore cpf2
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpf2"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 13:20:52 2000
# Restoring state at time 15 ns, iteration 1
# Restore in progress ...
# Restored instance info "my_for_model_restart"
VSIM 11> run 35
VSIM 12> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_ReleaseSignal()

Releases a force on a VHDL signal.

Syntax

```
status = mti_ReleaseSignal( signal_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
status	int	1 if successful; 0 if there is an error

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal

Description

mti_ReleaseSignal() releases the specified signal from any active force. mti_ReleaseSignal() returns 1 if the release is successful; otherwise, it returns 0.

Related functions

mti_ForceSignal() (FLI-208)

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#ifndef WIN32
#include <unistd.h>
#endif
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
 struct signalInfoT_tag * child;
 char
                        * name;
 void
                       * last_value;
 mtiSignalIdT
                         sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                         typeid;
 mtiTypeKindT
                       typekind;
```

```
direction;
 mtiDirectionT
                          granulate;
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
                                 /* List of signals.
 signalInfoT  * sig_info;
                proc;
 mtiProcessIdT
                                    /* Test process id.
 int.
                   state;
                                    /* Current state of test.
} instanceInfoT;
static void forceSignal(
 mtiSignalIdT sigid,
 mtiTypeIdT sigtypeid,
 mtiTypeKindT sigtypekind,
         state
 int
             i;
 int
 int
              result = 1;
 mtiSignalIdT *elem list;
 mtiSignalIdT elem_sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT elem_typeid;
 switch ( sigtypekind ) {
  case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   switch ( state ) {
     case 0:
      result = mti_ForceSignal(sigid, "42", -1, MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, 1);
     case 2:
      result = mti_ForceSignal(sigid, "120", 1, MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1);
      break;
     case 4:
      result = mti_ForceSignal(sigid, "777", -1, MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2);
      break;
   break;
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
   elem_typeid = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtypeid );
   if ( mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) == MTI_TYPE_ENUM ) {
       /* NOTE: ASSUMING ARRAY OF LENGTH 4 ! */
      if ( mti_TickLength( elem_typeid ) == 9 ) { /* ASSUME std_logic */
       switch ( state ) {
         result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "ZW1H", -1,
                                  MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
         break;
        case 2:
         result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "LLLL", 1,
                                  MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
         break;
        case 4:
         result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "1-1-", -1,
                                 MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
         break;
       \} else \{ /* ASSUME bit */
       switch ( state ) {
        case 0:
         result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0011", -1,
                                  MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
```

```
break;
   case 2:
    result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "1000", 1,
                              MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
    break;
   case 4:
    result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0010", -1,
                              MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
    break;
  }
  }
} else {
 elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
 for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtypeid ); i++ ) {</pre>
  elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
  elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
  forceSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
              mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ), state );
 mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
}
break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
for ( i = 0; i < mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtypeid ); i++ ) {</pre>
 elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
 elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
 forceSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
             mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ), state );
}
mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
break;
case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
if ( mti_TickLength( sigtypeid ) == 9 ) {    /* ASSUME std_logic */
 switch ( state ) {
   case 0:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "'W'", -1,
                             MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
   break;
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "'0'", 1,
                             MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
   break;
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "'H'", -1,
                             MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
   break;
 }
} else {
 switch ( state ) { /* ASSUME bit */
  case 0:
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0", -1,
                             MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, -1, -1 );
   break;
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "1", 1,
                             MTI_FORCE_FREEZE, 7, -1 );
   break;
   result = mti_ForceSignal( sigid, "0", -1,
                               MTI_FORCE_DEPOSIT, -1, 2 );
```

```
break;
       }
     break;
     default:
     break;
    if ( ! result ) {
        fprintf( stderr, "Error in signal force.\n" );
static void releaseSignal(
 mtiSignalIdT sigid,
 mtiTypeIdT sigtypeid,
 mtiTypeKindT sigtypekind
 int
               i;
 mtiSignalIdT *elem list;
 mtiSignalIdT elem_sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT elem_typeid;
  switch ( sigtypekind ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     if ( ! mti_ReleaseSignal( sigid ) ) {
        fprintf( stderr, "Error in signal release.\n" );
     }
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
      elem_typeid = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtypeid );
      if ( mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) == MTI_TYPE_ENUM ) {
        if ( ! mti_ReleaseSignal( sigid ) ) {
          fprintf( stderr, "Error in signal release.\n" );
      } else {
        elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
        for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtypeid ); i++ ) {</pre>
         elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
         elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
         releaseSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
                        mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) );
       mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
      }
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
      elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
     for ( i = 0; i < mti_GetNumRecordElements( sigtypeid ); i++ ) {</pre>
        elem_sigid = elem_list[i];
        elem_typeid = mti_GetSignalType( elem_sigid );
        releaseSignal( elem_sigid, elem_typeid,
                      mti_GetTypeKind( elem_typeid ) );
     mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     break;
    default:
     break;
```

```
}
static void testForce( void *inst_info )
  instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 signalInfoT *siginfo;
  switch ( inst_data->state ) {
   case 0:
   case 2:
   case 4:
     for (siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next) {
       forceSignal( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid,
                    siginfo->typekind, inst_data->state );
     break;
    case 1:
   case 3:
   case 5:
     for (siginfo = inst data->sig info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next) {
       releaseSignal( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid, siginfo->typekind );
     break;
   default:
     break;
  inst_data->state++;
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 10 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
  siginfo = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
                     = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->name
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->typekind = mti_GetTypeKind( siginfo->typeid );
 siginfo->direction = mti_GetSignalMode( sigid );
 siginfo->last_value = mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, 0 );
 siginfo->child
                      = 0;
 siginfo->next
                      = 0;
  /* For records and arrays of composites, we want to set/drive
  * values at the subelement level. For scalars and arrays of
  * scalars, we want to set/drive values at the top level.
  * /
  switch ( siginfo->typekind ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
     switch( mti_GetTypeKind(mti_GetArrayElementType(siginfo->typeid)) ) {
       case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
       case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
         siginfo->granulate = 1;
         break;
       default:
         siginfo->granulate = 0;
         break;
     }
     break;
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
     siginfo->granulate = 1;
     break;
   default:
     siginfo->granulate = 0;
     break;
  if ( siginfo->granulate ) {
   signalInfoT * eleminfo;
   signalInfoT * currinfo;
   mtiSignalIdT * subelem;
   subelem = mti_GetSignalSubelements( siginfo->sigid, 0 );
   for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength(siginfo->typeid); i++ ) {
      eleminfo = setupSignal( subelem[i] );
     if ( siginfo->child == 0 ) {
         siginfo->child = eleminfo;
     } else {
       currinfo->next = eleminfo;
      currinfo = eleminfo;
    }
   mti_VsimFree( subelem );
  return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiRegionIdT region;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 signalInfoT * curr_inf
signalInfoT * siginfo;
               * curr_info;
                     = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst data
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  inst_data->state = 0;
                    = mti_GetTopRegion();
 for (sigid = mti_FirstSignal( region ); sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal()) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
     inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
    } else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", testForce,
                                 (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 11 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
```

```
mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
package typepkg is
 type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : std_logic;
 end record;
end package typepkg;
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
 begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use work.typepkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal bitsig1
                   : bit
                              := '1';
               : piu
: integer := 21;
 signal intsig1
 signal stdlogicsig1 : std_logic := 'H';
 signal bitarr1 : bitarray := "0110";
 signal stdlogicarr1 : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "-XOU";
 signal intarr1
                  : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
 signal recl
                   : rectype := ( '0', 1, 'X' );
 component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
 bitsig1 <= not bitsig1 after 5 ns;</pre>
```

```
intsig1
            <= intsig1 + 1 after 5 ns;
stdlogicsig1 <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'H' else
                 'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = '-' else
                 'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'U' else
                 '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'X' else
                  '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = '0' else
                 'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = '1' else
                 'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'Z' else
                 'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicsig1 = 'W' else
                 'H' after 5 ns;
bitarr1
               <= not bitarr1 after 5 ns;
bitarrl <= not bitarrl after 5 ns;
intarrl(1) <= intarrl(1) + 1 after 5 ns;
intarrl(2) <= intarrl(2) + 1 after 5 ns;
intarr1(3)
                <= intarr1(3) + 1 after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(1) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'H' else
                   'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = '-' else
                    'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'U' else
                   '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'X' else
                    '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = '0' else
                    'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = '1' else
                    'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'Z' else
                    'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(1) = 'W' else
                    'H' after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(2) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'H' else
                    'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = '-' else
                    'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'U' else
                    '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'X' else
                    '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = '0' else
                    'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = '1' else
                    'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'Z' else
                    'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(2) = 'W' else
                    'H' after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(3) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'H' else
                    'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = '-' else
                    'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'U' else
                    '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'X' else
                    '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = '0' else
                    'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = '1' else
                    'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'Z' else
                    'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(3) = 'W' else
                    'H' after 5 ns;
stdlogicarr1(4) <= '-' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'H' else
                    'U' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = '-' else
                    'X' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'U' else
                    '0' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'X' else
                    '1' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = '0' else
                    'Z' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = '1' else
                    'W' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'Z' else
                    'L' after 5 ns when stdlogicarr1(4) = 'W' else
                    'H' after 5 ns;
recl.a <= not recl.a after 5 ns;
rec1.b <= rec1.b + 1 after 5 ns;
recl.c <= '-' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'H' else
          'U' after 5 ns when recl.c = '-' else
          'X' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'U' else
```

```
'W' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'Z' else
           'L' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'W' else
           'H' after 5 ns;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.typepkg
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> add list -w 1 /top/bitsig1
VSIM 2> add list -w 3 /top/intsig1
VSIM 3> add list -w 1 /top/stdlogicsig1
VSIM 4> add list -w 4 /top/bitarr1
VSIM 5> add list -w 4 /top/stdlogicarr1
VSIM 6> add list -w 15 /top/intarr1
VSIM 7> add list -w 10 /top/rec1
VSIM 8> run 70
VSIM 9> write list list.out
VSIM 10> quit -f
% cat list.out
                                        /top/intarr1 /top/rec1
ns /top/bitsigl
            /top/intsig1
          /top/stdlogicsig1
                   /top/bitarr1
                   /top/stdlogicarr1
                   1 21 H 0110 -X0U
                                        {10 11 12}
                                                       \{0\ 1\ X\}
                                        {11 12 13}
                   0 22 - 1001 U01X
                                                       {1 2 0}
                                        {12 13 14}
                   1 23 U 0110 X1Z0
                                                       {0 3 1}
                   0 42 W 0011 ZW1H
                                         {42 42 42}
                                                       {0 42 W}
                   1 43 L 1100 WLZ-
                                          {43 43 43}
                                                       {1 43 L}
                   0 44 H 0011 LHWU
                                         {44 44 44}
                                                      {0 44 H}
                                        {45 45 45}
                   1 45 - 1100 H-LX
                                                      {1 45 -}
                  1 120 0 1000 LLLL {120 120 120} {1 120 0}
                  0 121 1 0111 HHHH {121 121 121} {0 121 1}
                  1 122 Z 1000 ---- {122 122 122} {1 122 Z}
                  0 123 W 0111 UUUU {123 123 123} {0 123 W}
                  0 777 H 0010 1-1-
                                      {777 777 777} {О 777 H}
                   0 777 H 0010 1-1-
                                       {777 777 777} {0 777 H}
```

0 778 - 1101 ZUZU

0 777 H 0010 1-1-

1 777 H 0010 1-1-

0 777 H 0010 1-1-

{778 778 778}

1 778 - 1101 ZUZU {778 778 778} {1 778 -}

0 779 U 0010 WXWX {779 779 779} {0 779 U}

{777 777 777} {0 777 H}

{777 777 777} {1 777 H}

{777 777 777} {0 777 H}

{0 778 -}

'0' after 5 ns when recl.c = 'X' else '1' after 5 ns when rec1.c = '0' else 'Z' after 5 ns when recl.c = '1' else

end a;

5.4b

delta

0 +0

5 +0

10 +0

11 +0

21 +1

26 +0

31 +0

32 +0

38 +1

43 +0

48 +0

51 +0

53 +0

56 +0

57 +0

58 +0

59 +0

61 +1

66 +0

mti_RemoveEnvCB()

Removes an environment change callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveEnvCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiEnvCBFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called whenever the simulation environment changes
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddEnvCB() when the callback was created

Description

mti_RemoveEnvCB() removes the specified function from the environment change callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddEnvCB() when the callback was created.

Related functions

mti_AddEnvCB() (FLI-57)

Example

```
#include "mti.h"
void envCallback( void * param, void * context )
 mtiRegionIdT region = (mtiRegionIdT)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Foreign Arch in Region %s: "
                     "the current region is now s.\n",
                    mti_GetRegionName( region ),
                    mti_GetRegionName( mti_GetCurrentRegion() ) );
 if ( mti_Now() >= 20 ) {
   mti_RemoveEnvCB( envCallback, param );
```

```
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /st The last part of the string in the
  char
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
                                                                        * /
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                           /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddEnvCB( envCallback, region );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity bottom is
end bottom;
architecture b of bottom is
begin
end b;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component bottom is
  end component;
begin
 bot : bottom;
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.bottom(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
\ensuremath{\sharp} Foreign Arch in Region i1: the current region is now top.
VSIM 1> env
# sim:/top
VSIM 2> run 10
VSIM 3> env /top/i1
# Foreign Arch in Region il: the current region is now il.
# sim:/top/i1
VSIM 4> run 8
VSIM 5> env /top/bot
# Foreign Arch in Region il: the current region is now bot.
# sim:/top/bot
VSIM 6> run 5
VSIM 7> env /top/il
# Foreign Arch in Region il: the current region is now il.
# sim:/top/i1
VSIM 8> run 2
VSIM 9> env /top
# sim:/top
VSIM 10> quit
```

mti_RemoveLoadDoneCB()

Removes an elaboration done callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveLoadDoneCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called at the end of elaboration
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddLoadDoneCB() when the callback was created

Description

mti_RemoveLoadDoneCB() removes the specified function from the end of elaboration callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddLoadDoneCB() when the callback was created.

mti_RemoveLoadDoneCB() must be called from a foreign initialization function in order for the callback removal to take effect. A foreign initialization function is specified either in the foreign attribute string of a foreign architecture or in the **-foreign** string option of a **vsim** command.

Related functions

mti_AddLoadDoneCB() (FLI-65)

Example

void initForeign(

```
region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                         * /
  char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, region );
 if ( ! mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
   mti_RemoveLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, region );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity bottom is
end bottom;
architecture b of bottom is
begin
end b;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
  component bottom is
  end component;
begin
 bot : bottom;
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl

# 5.4b

# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.bottom(b)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ../for_model.sl
# Foreign Arch in Region i1: the top-level region is top.
VSIM 1> run 10
VSIM 2> restart -f
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 3> run 10
VSIM 4> quit
```

mti_RemoveQuitCB()

Removes a simulator exit callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveQuitCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called at simulator exit
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddQuitCB() when the callback was created

Description

mti_RemoveQuitCB() removes the specified function from the simulator exit callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddQuitCB() when the callback was created.

Related functions

mti_AddQuitCB() (FLI-69)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
void quitCallback( void * param )
  if ( param ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Cleaning up %s for simulator exit ...\n",
                      (char *)param );
   free( param );
   \verb|mti_PrintFormatted("Exiting simulator ... \n")|;
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
```

```
if ( (int)param == 1 ) {
    mti_RemoveQuitCB( quitCallback, 0 );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                                /* The ID of the region in which this
                                / \, ^{\star} foreign architecture is instantiated. \, ^{\star} / \,
                               \slash * The last part of the string in the
  char
                     *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 char * instance_info;
  instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
  strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddQuitCB( quitCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( quitCallback, 0 );
 if ( mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, 0 );
  } else {
    mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, (void *)1 );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> quit
# Exiting simulator ...
# Cleaning up for_model for simulator exit ...
% vsim -c top
Reading \dots/modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> restart -f
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 3> run 10
VSIM 4> quit
```

mti_RemoveRestartCB()

Removes a simulator restart callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveRestartCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called at simulator restart
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddRestartCB() when the callback was created

Description

 $mti_RemoveRestartCB()$ removes the specified function from the simulator restart callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to $mti_AddRestartCB()$ when the callback was created.

Related functions

mti_AddRestartCB() (FLI-71)

Example

```
if ( (int)param == 1 ) {
    mti_RemoveRestartCB( restartCallback, 0 );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                                /* The ID of the region in which this
                                / \, ^{\star} foreign architecture is instantiated. \, ^{\star} / \,
                               \slash * The last part of the string in the
  char
                     *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 char * instance_info;
  instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
  strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddRestartCB( restartCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( restartCallback, 0 );
 if ( mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, 0 );
  } else {
    mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, (void *)1 );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 30
VSIM 2> restart -f
# Restarting simulator ...
# Cleaning up for_model for simulator restart ...
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 3> run 45
VSIM 4> restart -f
# Cleaning up for_model for simulator restart ...
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_RemoveRestoreCB()

Removes a simulator restore callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveRestoreCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called at simulator restore
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddRestoreCB() when the callback was created

Description

mti_RemoveRestoreCB() removes the specified function from the simulator restore callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddRestoreCB() when the callback was created.

mti_RemoveRestoreCB() must be called from the foreign initialization function in order for the callback to take effect. A foreign initialization function is specified either in the foreign attribute string of a foreign architecture or in the -foreign string option of a vsim command.

Related functions

mti_AddRestoreCB() (FLI-74)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
 mti_SaveString( inst_info );
```

```
}
void restoreCallback( void * param )
  char * inst_info = (char *)param;
  if ( param ) {
   strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
  } else {
   mti_PrintMessage( "Restore in progress ...\n" );
}
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  free( param );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, 0 );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
  mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
  if ( strcmp( param, "for_model" ) == 0 ) {
   mti_RemoveRestoreCB( restoreCallback, 0 );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
```

```
for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "for_model"
VSIM 3> run 50
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 14:55:48 2000
\# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restored instance info "for_model"
VSIM 5> run 15
VSIM 6> quit
```

Cleaning up...

mti_RemoveRestoreDoneCB()

Removes a simulator restore done callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveRestoreDoneCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called at simulator restore done
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddRestoreDoneCB() when the callback was created

Description

mti_RemoveRestoreDoneCB() removes the specified function from the simulator restore done callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddRestoreDoneCB() when the callback was created.

mti_RemoveRestoreDoneCB() must be called from a foreign initialization function in order for the callback to take effect. A foreign initialization function is specified either in the foreign attribute string of a foreign architecture or in the **-foreign** string option of a **vsim** command.

Related functions

mti_AddRestoreDoneCB() (FLI-77)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

static char * instance_info;

void saveCallback( void * param )
{
   char * inst_info = (char *)param;
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
   mti_SaveString( inst_info );
}
```

```
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
void restoreDoneCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 if ( param ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "\"%s\": Restore complete\n", inst_info );
   mti_PrintMessage( "Restore is done.\n" );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
  free( param );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                    region,
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
  char
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreDoneCB( restoreDoneCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreDoneCB( restoreDoneCallback, 0 );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
  if ( strcmp( param, "for_model" ) == 0 ) {
   mti_RemoveRestoreDoneCB( restoreDoneCallback, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "for_model"
VSIM 3> run 45
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 15:15:02 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restored instance info "for_model"
# "for_model": Restore complete
VSIM 5> run 15
VSIM 6> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_RemoveSaveCB()

Removes a simulator checkpoint callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveSaveCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called at simulator checkpoint
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddSaveCB() when the callback was created

Description

mti_RemoveSaveCB() removes the specified function from the simulator checkpoint callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddSaveCB() when the callback was created.

Related functions

mti_AddSaveCB() (FLI-80)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 if ( param ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving instance info \"%s\"\n", inst_info );
   mti_SaveString( inst_info );
  } else {
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Save in progress ...\n" );
```

```
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 char * inst_info = (char *)param;
 strcpy( inst_info, mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restored instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
 if ( (int)param == 1 ) {
   mti_RemoveSaveCB( saveCallback, 0 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /\!\!\!\!\!\!^* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                             /* The last part of the string in the
  char
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instance_info = malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, 0 );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
  mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, instance_info );
  if ( mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, 0 );
  } else {
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, (void *)1 );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
```

```
component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl \,
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 35
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "for_model"
# Save in progress ...
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 15:31:29 2000
# Restoring state at time 35 ns, iteration 1
# Restored instance info "for_model"
VSIM 5> run 15
VSIM 6> restart -f
# Cleaning up...
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 7> run 50
VSIM 8> checkpoint cp2
# Saving instance info "for_model"
VSIM 9> run 35
VSIM 10> restore cp2
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cp2"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 15:31:48 2000
# Restoring state at time 50 ns, iteration 1
# Restored instance info "for_model"
VSIM 11> run 10
VSIM 12> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_RemoveSimStatusCB()

Removes a simulator run status change callback.

Syntax

```
mti_RemoveSimStatusCB( func, param )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
func	mtiSimStatusCBFuncPtrT	A pointer to a function being called at simulator run status change
param	void *	The parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddSimStatusCB() when the callback was created

Description

mti_RemoveSimStatusCB() removes the specified function from the simulator run status change callback list. The param parameter must be the same parameter that was specified in the call to mti_AddSimStatusCB() when the callback was created.

Related functions

mti AddSimStatusCB() (FLI-83)

Example

```
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
  char
                                                                         * /
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddSimStatusCB( simStatusCallback, region );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
\# Time [0,0]: Region i1: the simulator is about to run
\# Time [0,15]: Region il: the simulator just completed a run
VSIM 2> run 5
# Time [0,15]: Region il: the simulator is about to run
# Time [0,20]: Region il: the simulator just completed a run
```

```
VSIM 3> run 8
# Time [0,20]: Region i1: the simulator is about to run
# Time [0,28]: Region i1: the simulator just completed a run
VSIM 4> run 27
VSIM 5> echo $now
# 55
VSIM 6> run 15
VSIM 7> quit
```

mti_RestoreBlock()

Gets a block of data from the checkpoint file.

Syntax

mti_RestoreBlock(ptr)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
ptr	char *	A pointer to the place where the block of data is to be restored

Description

mti_RestoreBlock() restores a block of data from the checkpoint file to the address pointed to by the ptr parameter. The size of the data block restored is the same as the size that was saved by the corresponding mti_SaveBlock() call.

This function should be called only from a restore callback function. It should not be called from an initialization procedure.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char tmp_char = 'Z';
  char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
 long tmp_long = 123456;
 short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline & \tt Tilder & \tt PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() ); \\ \hline \end{tabular}
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
```

```
attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 il : for model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
\# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
```

VSIM 5> run 10 VSIM 6> quit

mti_RestoreChar()

Gets a byte of data from the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
value = mti_RestoreChar()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	char	A byte of data

Arguments

None

Description

mti_RestoreChar() returns a byte of data from the checkpoint file.

This function should be called only from a restore callback function. It should not be called from an initialization procedure.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;

void saveCallback( void * param )
```

```
{
  char tmp_char = 'Z';
  char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
 long tmp_long = 123456;
 short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                              /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_RestoreLong()

Gets sizeof(long) bytes of data from the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
value = mti_RestoreLong()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	long	Sizeof(long) bytes of data

Arguments

None

Description

mti_RestoreLong() returns sizeof(long) bytes of data from the checkpoint file.

This function should be called only from a restore callback function. It should not be called from an initialization procedure.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
```

```
{
  char tmp_char = 'Z';
  char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
  long tmp_long = 123456;
  short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 \label{lem:mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );}
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                               /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
\# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

signal s1 : bit := '0';

mti_RestoreProcess()

Restores a process that was created by mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority().

Syntax

mti_RestoreProcess(process_id, name, func, param)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a process created by mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority()
name	char *	The name of the process as specified to mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority()
func	mtiVoidFuncPtrT	The callback function as specified to mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority()
param	void *	The parameter as specified to mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority()

Description

mti_RestoreProcess() restores a process that was created by mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority(). The first parameter is the handle to the process that was returned from the original call to mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority(). The remaining parameters are the same parameters as in the original call to mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority().

mti_RestoreProcess() must be called to restore each process that was created by mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() as the callback function address may be different after a restore.

This function should be called only from a restore callback function. It should not be called from an initialization procedure.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateProcess() (FLI-123)
mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() (FLI-128)
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
 STD_LOGIC_U,
  STD_LOGIC_X,
  STD_LOGIC_0,
  STD_LOGIC_1,
  STD_LOGIC_Z,
  STD_LOGIC_W,
  STD_LOGIC_L,
  STD_LOGIC_H,
 STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
typedef struct {
  mtiProcessIdT procid;
  mtiSignalIdT sigid;
mtiDriverIdT drvid;
} instanceInfoT;
static instanceInfoT * inst_info;
  char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
  char * retval;
  switch ( sigval ) {
    case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
    case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
    case STD LOGIC Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
    case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
```

```
case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
                   retval = "?"; break;
   default:
 return retval;
void driveSignal( void * param )
               * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
                sigval;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid));
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is %s\n",
                    mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                    region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid ),
                     convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
  switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: sigval = STD_LOGIC_X; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: sigval = STD_LOGIC_0; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: sigval = STD_LOGIC_1; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: sigval = STD_LOGIC_Z; break;
case STD_LOGIC_Z: sigval = STD_LOGIC_W; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: sigval = STD_LOGIC_L; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: sigval = STD_LOGIC_H; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: sigval = STD_LOGIC_D; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: sigval = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
   default:
                     sigval = STD_LOGIC_U; break;
 mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid, sigval, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
void saveCallback( void * param )
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&inst_info, sizeof(inst_info) );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&inst_info );
 mti_RestoreProcess(inst_info->procid, "sigDriver", driveSignal, inst_info);
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model.
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
  if ( mti_IsFirstInit() ) {
   inst_info = (instanceInfoT *)mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
   inst_info->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
   inst_info->drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst_info->sigid );
   inst_info->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "sigDriver",
```

```
driveSignal, inst_info );
   mti_Sensitize( inst_info->procid, inst_info->sigid, MTI_EVENT );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst_info->drvid, inst_info->procid );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, 0 );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 30
# Time [0,0] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,5] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
\# Time [0,10] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'Z'
\# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'W'
\# Time [0,20] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'L'
# Time [0,25] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'H'
\# Time [0,30] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '-'
```

```
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
VSIM 3> run 20
# Time [0,35] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is 'U'
\# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'X'
\# Time [0,45] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,50] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:48:29 2000
# Restoring state at time 30 ns, iteration 1
VSIM 5> run 25
# Time [0,35] delta 0: Signal /top/sl is 'U'
\# Time [0,40] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'X'
\mbox{\tt\#} Time [0,45] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,50] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
\# Time [0,55] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is 'Z'
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_RestoreShort()

Gets sizeof(short) bytes of data from the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
value = mti_RestoreShort()
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	short	Sizeof(short) bytes of data

Arguments

None

Description

mti_RestoreShort() returns sizeof(short) bytes of data from the checkpoint file.

This function should be called only from a restore callback function. It should not be called from an initialization procedure.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
```

```
{
  char tmp_char = 'Z';
  char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
  long tmp_long = 123456;
  short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 \label{lem:mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );}
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_RestoreString()

Gets a null-terminated string from the checkpoint file.

Syntax

value = mti_RestoreString()

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	char *	A null-terminated string

Arguments

None

Description

mti_RestoreString() returns a null-terminated string from the checkpoint file. If the size of the string is less than or equal to 1024 bytes (including the NULL), then the string must be copied if it is to be used later because it will be overwritten on the next call to mti_RestoreString(). If the size of the string is greater than 1024 bytes, mti_RestoreString() allocates memory to hold the string. mti_RestoreString() is designed to handle unlimited size strings. The returned pointer must not be freed.

This function should be called only from a restore callback function. It should not be called from an initialization procedure.

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char tmp_char = 'Z';
 char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
 long tmp_long = 123456;
 short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );
 \label{local_printFormatted} \verb| "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() ); \\
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                   *param, /* The last part of the string in the
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
```

```
attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 il : for model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
\# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_SaveBlock()

Saves a block of data to the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
mti_SaveBlock( ptr, size )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
ptr	char *	A pointer to a block of data
size	unsigned long	The size of the data to be saved

Description

mti_SaveBlock() saves the specified block of data to the checkpoint file.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
```

```
char tmp_char = 'Z';
  char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
  long tmp_long = 123456;
  short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
  mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
  mti\_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp\_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted("Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong()); \\
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
  strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
```

```
component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
\# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
```

VSIM 6> quit

mti_SaveChar()

Saves a byte of data to the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
mti_SaveChar( data )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
data	char	The byte of data to be saved

Description

mti_SaveChar() saves the specified byte of data to the checkpoint file.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;

void saveCallback( void * param )
{
   char tmp_char = 'Z';
   char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
```

```
long tmp_long = 123456;
 short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() );
 \verb|mti_PrintFormatted("Restoring short %d\n", \verb|mti_RestoreShort()");|\\
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
```

```
end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_SaveLong()

Saves sizeof(long) bytes of data to the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
mti_SaveLong( data )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
data	long	The data to be saved

Description

mti_SaveLong() saves the specified sizeof(long) bytes of data to the checkpoint file.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
 char tmp_char = 'Z';
 char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
```

```
long tmp_long = 123456;
 short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() );
 \label{lem:mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );}
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
```

```
end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
Reading \dots/modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_SaveShort()

Saves sizeof(short) bytes of data to the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
mti_SaveShort( data )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
data	short	The data to be saved

Description

mti_SaveShort() saves the specified sizeof(short) bytes of data to the checkpoint file.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveString() (FLI-592)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;

void saveCallback( void * param )
{
   char tmp_char = 'Z';
   char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
```

```
long tmp_long = 123456;
 short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong() );
 \verb|mti_PrintFormatted("Restoring short %d\n", \verb|mti_RestoreShort()");|\\
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                           /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is
   "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
```

```
end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
VSIM 6> quit
```

mti_SaveString()

Saves a null-terminated string to the checkpoint file.

Syntax

```
mti_SaveString( data )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
data	char *	A pointer to a null-terminated string

Description

mti_SaveString() saves the specified null-terminated string to the checkpoint file. mti_SaveString() is designed to handle strings of unlimited size.

Related functions

```
mti_RestoreBlock() (FLI-560)
mti_RestoreChar() (FLI-563)
mti_RestoreLong() (FLI-566)
mti_RestoreProcess() (FLI-569)
mti_RestoreShort() (FLI-574)
mti_RestoreString() (FLI-577)
mti_SaveBlock() (FLI-580)
mti_SaveChar() (FLI-583)
mti_SaveLong() (FLI-586)
mti_SaveShort() (FLI-589)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
static char * instance_info;
void saveCallback( void * param )
```

```
char tmp_char = 'Z';
 char * tmp_str = "Howdy";
  long tmp_long = 123456;
  short tmp_short = 587;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nSaving instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_SaveBlock( (char *)&instance_info, sizeof(instance_info) );
 mti\_PrintFormatted( "Saving char %c\n", tmp\_char );
 mti_SaveChar( tmp_char );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving long %ld\n", tmp_long );
 mti_SaveLong( tmp_long );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving short %d\n", tmp_short );
 mti_SaveShort( tmp_short );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Saving string %s\n", tmp_str );
 mti_SaveString( tmp_str );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void restoreCallback( void * param )
 mti_RestoreBlock( (char *)&instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\nRestoring instance info \"%s\"\n", instance_info );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring char %c\n", mti_RestoreChar() );
 \label{limit} \verb|mti_PrintFormatted("Restoring long %ld\n", mti_RestoreLong()); \\
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring short %d\n", mti_RestoreShort() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Restoring string %s\n", mti_RestoreString() );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "\n" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                    *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 instance_info = mti_Malloc( strlen(param) + 1 );
 strcpy( instance_info, param );
 mti_AddSaveCB( saveCallback, instance_info );
 mti_AddRestoreCB( restoreCallback, instance_info );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
  attribute foreign of a : architecture is
    "initForeign for_model.sl; my_for_model";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
```

```
component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  i1 : for_model;
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
VSIM 2> checkpoint cpfile
# Saving instance info "my_for_model"
# Saving char Z
# Saving long 123456
# Saving short 587
# Saving string Howdy
VSIM 3> run 40
VSIM 4> restore cpfile
# Loading checkpoint/restore data from file "cpfile"
# Checkpoint created Fri Jul 7 16:09:02 2000
\# Restoring state at time 20 ns, iteration 1
# Restoring instance info "my_for_model"
# Restoring char Z
# Restoring long 123456
# Restoring short 587
# Restoring string Howdy
VSIM 5> run 10
```

VSIM 6> quit

mti_ScheduleDriver()

Schedules a driver to drive a value onto a VHDL signal.

Syntax

mti_ScheduleDriver(driver_id, value, delay, mode)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
driver	mtiDriverIdT	A handle to the driver
value	long/void *	For a signal of scalar type, the value to be driven; for a signal of real, time, or array type, a pointer to the value to be driven
delay	mtiDelayT	The delay to be used in terms of the current simulator resolution limit
mode	mtiDriverModeT	Indicates either inertial or transport delay

Description

 $mti_ScheduleDriver()$ schedules a transaction on the specified driver. If the signal being driven is of an array, real, or time type, then the value type is considered to be "void *" instead of "long".

The specified delay value is multiplied by the current simulator resolution limit. For example, if **vsim** was invoked with **-t 10ns** and the delay was specified as 5, then the actual delay would be 50 ns.

The mode parameter can be either MTI_INERTIAL or MTI_TRANSPORT.

```
mti_CreateDriver() (FLI-113)
mti_ForceSignal() (FLI-208)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)
mti_ScheduleDriver64() (FLI-601)
mti_SetSignalValue() (FLI-621)
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
   STD_LOGIC_U,
    STD_LOGIC_X,
    STD LOGIC 0,
    STD_LOGIC_1,
    STD_LOGIC_Z,
    STD_LOGIC_W,
    STD_LOGIC_L,
    STD_LOGIC_H,
    STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicType;
typedef struct {
    mtiDelayT
                   delay;
    mtiProcessIdT procid;
    mtiSignalIdT i1_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT i2_sigid;
   mtiSignalIdT i3_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT t1_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT t2_sigid;
   mtiSignalIdT t3_sigid;
   mtiDriverIdT i1_drvid;
   mtiDriverIdT i2_drvid;
mtiDriverIdT i3_drvid;
    mtiDriverIdT t1_drvid;
    mtiDriverIdT t2_drvid;
    mtiDriverIdT t3_drvid;
               i1_last_value;
    long
   long i2_last_value;
void * i3_last_value;
long t1_last_value;
long t2_last_value;
void * t3_last_value;
mtiInt32T i3_value_length;
mtiInt32T t3_value_length;
} instanceInfoT;
#define NS_EXPONENT -9
mtiDelayT convertToNS( mtiDelayT delay ) {
    int exp = NS_EXPONENT - mti_GetResolutionLimit();
    if (exp < 0) {
         /* Simulator resolution limit is coarser than ns. */
         /* Cannot represent delay accurately, so truncate it. */
         while (exp++) {
             delay /= 10;
         }
    } else {
        /* Simulator resolution limit is finer than ns. */
        while (exp--) {
            delay *= 10;
    }
```

```
return delay;
static long invertBit( long value )
   if ( value == 0 ) {
       return 1;
    } else {
       return 0;
}
static void invertBitArray( char * value, mtiInt32T length )
   int i;
   for ( i = 0; i < length; i++ ) {
       if ( value[i] == 0 ) {
           value[i] = 1;
        } else {
           value[i] = 0;
    }
}
static long incrStdLogic( mtiInt32T value )
   switch ( value ) {
     case STD_LOGIC_U: return STD_LOGIC_X;
     case STD_LOGIC_X: return STD_LOGIC_0;
     case STD_LOGIC_0: return STD_LOGIC_1;
     case STD_LOGIC_1: return STD_LOGIC_Z;
     case STD_LOGIC_Z: return STD_LOGIC_W;
     case STD_LOGIC_W: return STD_LOGIC_L;
     case STD_LOGIC_L: return STD_LOGIC_H;
     case STD_LOGIC_H: return STD_LOGIC_D;
     case STD_LOGIC_D: return STD_LOGIC_U;
                        return STD_LOGIC_U;
     default:
   }
}
void driveSignal( void * param )
   instanceInfoT * inst = param;
    inst->i1_last_value = invertBit( inst->i1_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->i1_drvid, inst->i1_last_value,
                       convertToNS(5), MTI_INERTIAL );
   inst->i2_last_value = incrStdLogic( inst->i2_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->i2_drvid, inst->i2_last_value,
                       convertToNS(5), MTI_INERTIAL );
   invertBitArray( inst->i3_last_value, inst->i3_value_length );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->i3_drvid, (long)(inst->i3_last_value),
                       convertToNS(5), MTI_INERTIAL );
   inst->t1_last_value = invertBit( inst->t1_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->t1_drvid, inst->t1_last_value,
                       convertToNS(5), MTI_TRANSPORT );
    inst->t2_last_value = incrStdLogic( inst->t2_last_value );
```

```
mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->t2_drvid, inst->t2_last_value,
                     convertToNS(5), MTI_TRANSPORT );
   invertBitArray( inst->t3_last_value, inst->t3_value_length );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->t3_drvid, (long)(inst->t3_last_value),
                     convertToNS(5), MTI_TRANSPORT );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, inst->delay );
   inst->delay += convertToNS( 1 );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
   mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
   free( param );
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
   instanceInfoT * inst = param;
   inst->i1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->i1_sigid );
   inst->i2_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->i2_sigid );
   inst->i3_last_value = mti_GetArraySignalValue( inst->i3_sigid, 0 );
   inst->i3_value_length = mti_TickLength( mti_GetSignalType(inst->i3_sigid));
   inst->t1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->t1_sigid );
   inst->t2_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->t2_sigid );
   inst->t3_last_value = mti_GetArraySignalValue( inst->t3_sigid, 0 );
   inst->t3_value_length = mti_TickLength( mti_GetSignalType(inst->t3_sigid));
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT
                     region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                                                                         * /
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
   char
                     *param,
                               /* The last part of the string in the
                               /* foreign attribute.
                                                                         * /
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
   instanceInfoT * inst;
   inst = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
   inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalDriver", driveSignal, inst );
   inst->delay = convertToNS( 1 );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, inst->delay );
   inst->i1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i1" );
   inst->i1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i1_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->i1_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->i2_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i2" );
   inst->i2_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i2_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->i2_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->i3_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i3" );
   inst->i3_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i3_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->i3_drvid, inst->procid );
```

```
inst->t1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t1" );
    inst->t1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t1_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->t1_drvid, inst->procid );
    inst->t2_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t2" );
    inst->t2_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t2_sigid );
    mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->t2_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->t3_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t3" );
   inst->t3_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t3_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->t3_drvid, inst->procid );
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, inst );
   mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
   mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal i1 : bit := '0';
 signal i2 : std_logic := '0';
 signal i3 : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "1100";
  signal t1 : bit := '0';
  signal t2 : std_logic := '0';
  signal t3 : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "1100";
  component for_model
  end component;
begin
  forinst : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
```

```
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> add list /top/il /top/tl /top/i2 /top/t2 /top/i3 /top/t3
VSIM 2> run 35
VSIM 3> write list list.out
VSIM 4> quit
# Cleaning up...
% cat list.out
        ns /top/i1 /top/i3
         delta /top/t1 /top/t3
                     /top/i2
                       /top/t2
                       0 0 0 0 1100 1100
0 1 0 1 1100 0011
          0 +0
          5 +0
                       0 0 0 Z 1100 1100
          6 +0
                      0 1 0 W 1100 0011
         8 +0
         11 +0
                      0 0 0 L 1100 1100
         15 +0
                      1 1 H H 0011 0011
        20 +0 0 0 - - 1100 1100
26 +0 1 1 U U 0011 0011
33 +0 0 0 X X 1100 1100
```

mti_ScheduleDriver64()

Schedules a driver to drive a value onto a VHDL signal with a 64-bit delay.

Syntax

mti_ScheduleDriver64(driver_id, value, delay, mode)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
driver	mtiDriverIdT	A handle to the driver
value	long/void *	For a signal of scalar type, the value to be driven; for a signal of real, time, or array type, a pointer to the value to be driven
delay	mtiTime64T	The delay to be used in terms of the current simulator resolution limit
mode	mtiDriverModeT	Indicates either inertial or transport delay

Description

mti_ScheduleDriver64() schedules a transaction on the specified driver using a 64-bit delay. If the signal being driven is of an array, real, or time type, then the value type is considered to be "void *" instead of "long".

The specified delay value is multiplied by the current simulator resolution limit. For example, if **vsim** was invoked with **-t 10ns** and the delay was specified as 5, then the actual delay would be 50 ns.

The mode parameter can be either MTI_INERTIAL or MTI_TRANSPORT.

```
mti_CreateDriver() (FLI-113)
mti_ForceSignal() (FLI-208)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)
mti_ScheduleDriver() (FLI-595)
mti_SetSignalValue() (FLI-621)
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef enum {
    STD_LOGIC_U,
    STD_LOGIC_X,
    STD_LOGIC_0,
    STD_LOGIC_1,
    STD_LOGIC_Z,
    STD_LOGIC_W,
    STD_LOGIC_L,
    STD_LOGIC_H,
    STD_LOGIC_D
} StdLogicType;
typedef struct {
    mtiTime64T delay;
    mtiProcessIdT procid;
    mtiSignalIdT i1_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT i2_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT i3_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT t1_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT t2_sigid;
    mtiSignalIdT t3_sigid;
    mtiDriverIdT i1_drvid;
    mtiDriverIdT i2_drvid;
mtiDriverIdT i3_drvid;
    mtiDriverIdT t1_drvid;
    mtiDriverIdT t2_drvid;
    mtiDriverIdT t3_drvid;
              i1_last_value;
    long
    long i2_last_value;
void * i3_last_value;
long t1_last_value;
long t2_last_value;
void * t3_last_value;
mtiInt32T i3_value_length;
mtiInt32T t3_value_length;
} instanceInfoT;
static long invertBit( long value )
    if ( value == 0 ) {
        return 1;
    } else {
        return 0;
static void invertBitArray( char * value, mtiInt32T length )
    int i;
    for ( i = 0; i < length; i++ ) {
        if ( value[i] == 0 ) {
             value[i] = 1;
         } else {
             value[i] = 0;
```

```
}
static long incrStdLogic( mtiInt32T value )
   switch ( value ) {
     case STD_LOGIC_U: return STD_LOGIC_X;
     case STD_LOGIC_X: return STD_LOGIC_0;
     case STD_LOGIC_0: return STD_LOGIC_1;
     case STD_LOGIC_1: return STD_LOGIC_Z;
     case STD_LOGIC_Z: return STD_LOGIC_W;
     case STD_LOGIC_W: return STD_LOGIC_L;
     case STD_LOGIC_L: return STD_LOGIC_H;
     case STD_LOGIC_H: return STD_LOGIC_D;
     case STD_LOGIC_D: return STD_LOGIC_U;
     default:
                        return STD_LOGIC_U;
}
void driveSignal( void * param )
   instanceInfoT * inst = param;
   mtiTime64T at_time;
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN( at_time, 1, 2 );
   inst->i1_last_value = invertBit( inst->i1_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver64( inst->i1_drvid, inst->i1_last_value,
                        at_time, MTI_INERTIAL );
   inst->i2_last_value = incrStdLogic( inst->i2_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver64( inst->i2_drvid, inst->i2_last_value,
                        at_time, MTI_INERTIAL );
   invertBitArray( inst->i3_last_value, inst->i3_value_length );
   mti_ScheduleDriver64( inst->i3_drvid, (long)(inst->i3_last_value),
                        at_time, MTI_INERTIAL );
   inst->t1_last_value = invertBit( inst->t1_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver64( inst->t1_drvid, inst->t1_last_value,
                        at_time, MTI_TRANSPORT );
    inst->t2_last_value = incrStdLogic( inst->t2_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver64( inst->t2_drvid, inst->t2_last_value,
                        at_time, MTI_TRANSPORT );
   invertBitArray( inst->t3_last_value, inst->t3_value_length );
   mti_ScheduleDriver64( inst->t3_drvid, (long)(inst->t3_last_value),
                        at_time, MTI_TRANSPORT );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup64( inst->procid, inst->delay );
}
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
   instanceInfoT * inst = param;
   inst->i1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->i1_sigid );
   inst->i2_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->i2_sigid );
   inst->i3_last_value = mti_GetArraySignalValue( inst->i3_sigid, 0 );
```

```
inst->i3_value_length = mti_TickLength( mti_GetSignalType(inst->i3_sigid));
   inst->t1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->t1_sigid );
   inst->t2_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->t2_sigid );
   inst->t3_last_value = mti_GetArraySignalValue( inst->t3_sigid, 0 );
   inst->t3_value_length = mti_TickLength( mti_GetSignalType(inst->t3_sigid));
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT
                     region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                     *param,
                               /* foreign attribute.
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
   {
   instanceInfoT * inst;
   inst = (instanceInfoT *)mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
   inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalDriver", driveSignal, inst );
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN( inst->delay, 1, 30 );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup64( inst->procid, inst->delay );
   inst->i1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i1" );
   inst->i1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i1_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->i1_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->i2_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i2" );
   inst->i2_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i2_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->i2_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->i3_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i3" );
   inst->i3_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i3_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->i3_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->t1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t1" );
   inst->t1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t1_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->tl_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->t2_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t2" );
   inst->t2_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t2_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->t2_drvid, inst->procid );
   inst->t3_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t3" );
   inst->t3_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t3_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->t3_drvid, inst->procid );
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, inst );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
```

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal i1 : bit := '0';
  signal i2 : std_logic := '0';
  signal i3 : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "1100";
  signal t1 : bit := '0';
  signal t2 : std_logic := '0';
  signal t3 : bit_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "1100";
  component for_model
  end component;
begin
  forinst : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.6
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> add list /top/i1 /top/t1 /top/i2 /top/t2 /top/i3 /top/t3
VSIM 2> run 30 sec
VSIM 3> write list list.out
VSIM 4> quit
% cat list.out
                   /top/il /top/i3
         ns
                    /top/t1
          delta
                                    /top/t3
                       /top/i2
                         /top/t2
                         0 0 0 0 1100 1100
          0 +0
                         1 1 1 1 0011 0011
 4294967298 +0
                         0 0 Z Z 1100 1100
 8589934624 +0
                         1 1 W W 0011 0011
0 0 L L 1100 1100
 1288490195 +0

      1717986927
      +0
      0 0 L L 1100 1100

      2147483660
      +0
      1 1 H H 0011 0011

      2576980392
      +0
      0 0 - - 1100 1100

 1717986927 +0
```

mti_ScheduleWakeup()

Schedules a VHDL process to wake up at a specific time.

Syntax

mti_ScheduleWakeup(process_id, delay)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a VHDL process
delay	mtiDelayT	The delay to be used in terms of the current simulator resolution limit

Description

mti_ScheduleWakeup() schedules the specified process to be called after the specified delay. A process can have no more than one pending wake-up call. A call to mti_ScheduleWakeup() cancels a prior pending wake-up call for the specified process regardless of the delay values.

The specified delay value is multiplied by the current simulator resolution limit. For example, if vsim was invoked with -t 10ns and the delay was specified as 5, then the actual delay would be 50 ns.

The process id must be a handle to a process that was created by mti CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority().

```
mti_CreateProcess() (FLI-123)
mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() (FLI-128)
mti_Desensitize() (FLI-160)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)
mti_ScheduleWakeup64() (FLI-610)
mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct {
 mtiDelayT delay;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiSignalIdT il_sigid;
 mtiSignalIdT t1_sigid;
mtiDriverIdT i1_drvid;
 mtiDriverIdT t1_drvid;
 long
               i1_last_value;
 long
          t1_last_value;
} instanceInfoT;
static long invertBit( long value )
 if ( value == 0 ) {
   return 1;
  } else {
   return 0;
}
void driveSignal( void * param )
  instanceInfoT * inst = ( instanceInfoT * ) param;
  inst->i1_last_value = invertBit( inst->i1_last_value );
  mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->i1_drvid, inst->i1_last_value, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
 inst->t1_last_value = invertBit( inst->t1_last_value );
 mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->t1_drvid, inst->t1_last_value, 5, MTI_TRANSPORT );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, inst->delay );
 inst->delay++;
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
  instanceInfoT * inst = ( instanceInfoT * ) param;
 inst->i1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->i1_sigid );
inst->t1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->t1_sigid );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                               /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the */
 char
                    *param,
                                /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model.
```

```
instanceInfoT * inst;
  inst = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalDriver", driveSignal, inst );
  inst->delay = 1;
  mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, inst->delay );
  inst->i1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i1" );
  inst->i1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i1_sigid );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->il_drvid, inst->procid );
 inst->t1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t1" );
  inst->t1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t1_sigid );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->tl_drvid, inst->procid );
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, inst );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal i1 : bit := '0';
 signal t1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model
  end component;
begin
  forinst : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.6
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> add list /top/il /top/tl
```

```
VSIM 2> run 35

VSIM 3> write list list.out

VSIM 4> quit

# Cleaning up...
% cat list.out

ns /top/il
delta /top/tl
0 +0 0 0
5 +0 0 1
6 +0 0 0
8 +0 0 1
11 +0 0 0
15 +0 1 1
20 +0 0 0
26 +0 1 1
33 +0 0 0
```

mti_ScheduleWakeup64()

Schedules a VHDL process to wake up at a specific time using a 64-bit delay.

Syntax

mti_ScheduleWakeup64(process_id, delay)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a VHDL process
delay	mtiTime64T	The delay to be used in terms of the current simulator resolution limit

Description

mti_ScheduleWakeup64() schedules the specified process to be called after the specified 64-bit delay. A process can have no more than one pending wake-up call. A call to mti_ScheduleWakeup64() cancels a prior pending wake-up call for the specified process regardless of the delay values.

The specified delay value is multiplied by the current simulator resolution limit. For example, if **vsim** was invoked with **-t 10ns** and the delay was specified as 5, then the actual delay would be 50 ns.

The process_id must be a handle to a process that was created by mti_CreateProcess() or mti_CreateProcessWithPriority().

```
mti_CreateProcess() (FLI-123)
mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() (FLI-128)
mti_Desensitize() (FLI-160)
mti_GetResolutionLimit() (FLI-348)
mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606)
mti_Sensitize() (FLI-614)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct {
   mtiTime64T
                 delay;
   mtiProcessIdT procid;
   mtiSignalIdT il_sigid;
mtiSignalIdT tl_sigid;
mtiDriverIdT il_drvid;
   mtiDriverIdT t1_drvid;
                  i1_last_value;
   long
   long
                  t1_last_value;
} instanceInfoT;
static long invertBit( long value )
    if ( value == 0 ) {
       return 1;
    } else {
       return 0;
}
void driveSignal( void * param )
    instanceInfoT * inst = ( instanceInfoT * ) param;
   mtiTime64T curr_time;
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time %s: Executing driveSignal()\n",
                       mti_Image( mti_NowIndirect( &curr_time ),
                                  mti_CreateTimeType() );
    inst->i1_last_value = invertBit( inst->i1_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->i1_drvid, inst->i1_last_value, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
   inst->t1_last_value = invertBit( inst->t1_last_value );
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->t1_drvid, inst->t1_last_value, 5, MTI_TRANSPORT );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup64( inst->procid, inst->delay );
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN( inst->delay,
                    MTI_TIME64_HI32(inst->delay),
                    MTI_TIME64_LO32(inst->delay) + 1 );
}
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
    mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
    free( param );
}
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
    instanceInfoT * inst = ( instanceInfoT * ) param;
   inst->i1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->i1_sigid );
   inst->t1_last_value = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->t1_sigid );
```

```
void initForeign(
   mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                                /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                              /* The last part of the string in the
   char
                      *param,
                                                                            * /
                                /* foreign attribute.
   mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
   mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
    instanceInfoT * inst;
    inst = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
   inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "SignalDriver", driveSignal, inst );
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN( inst->delay, 1, 1 );
   mti_ScheduleWakeup64( inst->procid, inst->delay );
    inst->i1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/i1" );
   inst->i1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->i1_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->i1_drvid, inst->procid );
    inst->t1_sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/t1" );
    inst->t1_drvid = mti_CreateDriver( inst->t1_sigid );
   mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->t1_drvid, inst->procid );
   mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, inst );
   mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
   mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal i1 : bit := '0';
 signal t1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model
  end component;
begin
  forinst : for_model;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# vsim -c top
 \verb| \# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard \\
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> add list /top/il /top/tl
VSIM 2> run 10 sec
# Time {0 ns}: Executing driveSignal()
# Time {4294967297 ns}: Executing driveSignal()
# Time {8589934595 ns}: Executing driveSignal()
VSIM 3> write list list.out
VSIM 4> quit
# Cleaning up...
% cat list.out
ns /top/il
delta /top/tl
0 +0 0 0
5 +0 1 1
4294967302 +0 0 0
8589934600 +0 1 1
```

mti_Sensitize()

Sensitizes a VHDL process to a VHDL signal.

Syntax

```
mti_Sensitize( process_id, signal_id, trigger )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a VHDL process
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal
trigger	mtiProcessTriggerT	Indicates either event-based or activity-based triggering

Description

mti_Sensitize() causes the specified process to be called when the specified signal is updated. If the trigger parameter is MTI_EVENT, then the process is called when the signal changes value. If the trigger parameter is MTI_ACTIVE, then the process is called whenever the signal is active.

Related functions

```
mti_CreateProcess() (FLI-123)
mti_CreateProcessWithPriority() (FLI-128)
mti_Desensitize() (FLI-160)
mti_ScheduleWakeup() (FLI-606)
mti_ScheduleWakeup64() (FLI-610)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

typedef struct {
  mtiSignalIdT sigid1;
  mtiSignalIdT sigid2;
} instanceInfoT;
```

```
void monitorSignal1( void * param )
  instanceInfoT * inst = ( instanceInfoT * ) param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 mti_SignalImage( inst->sigid1 ) );
void monitorSignal2( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst = ( instanceInfoT * ) param;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 mti_SignalImage( inst->sigid2 ) );
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                  region,
                            /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
  char
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                   * /
                  *param,
                            /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 {\tt mtiInterfaceListT} *ports /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
  instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
             = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst->sigid1 = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
          = mti_CreateProcess( "slMonitor", monitorSignal1, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 inst->sigid2 = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s2" );
 procid = mti_CreateProcess( "s2Monitor", monitorSignal2, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_ACTIVE );
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
```

```
signal s1 : bit := '0';
  signal s2 : bit := '0';
 component for_model
 end component;
begin
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
 forinst : for_model;
 p1 : process
   begin
     wait for 2 ns;
     s2 <= '0';
     wait for 5 ns;
     s2 <= '1';
     wait for 3 ns;
     s2 <= '1';
     wait for 4 ns;
     s2 <= '0';
   end process;
end a;
```

Simulation output

```
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 20
\# Time [0,0]: s2 = '0'
# Time [0,0]: s1 = '0'
# Time [0,2]: s2 = '0'
# Time [0,5]: s1 = '1'
# Time [0,7]: s2 = '1'
\# Time [0,10]: s1 = '0'
# Time [0,10]: s2 = '1'
# Time [0,14]: s2 = '0'
\# Time [0,15]: s1 = '1'
\# Time [0,16]: s2 = '0'
# Time [0,20]: s1 = '0'
VSIM 2> quit
# Cleaning up...
```

mti_SetDriverOwner()

Sets the owning process of a driver.

Syntax

```
mti_SetDriverOwner( driver_id, process_id )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
driver_id	mtiDriverIdT	A handle to a VHDL driver
process_id	mtiProcessIdT	A handle to a VHDL process

Description

mti_SetDriverOwner() makes the specified process the owner of the specified driver.

Normally, mti_CreateDriver() makes the *<MTI_foreign_architecture>* process the owner of a new driver. When using mti_CreateDriver() it is necessary to follow up with a call to mti_SetDriverOwner(); otherwise, the "drivers" command and the Dataflow window may give unexpected or incorrect information regarding FLI-created drivers.

Related functions

mti_CreateDriver() (FLI-113)

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

typedef enum {
   STD_LOGIC_U,
   STD_LOGIC_X,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_Z,
   STD_LOGIC_E,
   STD_LOGIC_W,
   STD_LOGIC_H,
   STD_LOGIC_D
} mySigType;

char *std_logic_lits[9] =
{ "'U'", "'X'", "'0'", "'1'", "'Z'", "'W'", "'L'", "'H'", "'-'" };
```

```
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid1;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid2;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid1;
 mtiDriverIdT drvid2;
} instanceInfoT;
/\,{}^\star This function inverts mySig1 every 5 ns. ^\star/
void driveSignal1( void * param )
               * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
                 sigval;
 mtiInt32T
  sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid1 );
  switch ( sigval ) {
  case STD_LOGIC_U:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, STD_LOGIC_0, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
   case STD_LOGIC_0:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, STD_LOGIC_1, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
    break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1:
    mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid1, STD_LOGIC_0, 5, MTI_INERTIAL );
    break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid1 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    break;
   default:
    region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid1));
    mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                       "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%sn",
                       mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                       sigval, region_name,
                       mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid1 ) );
    mti_VsimFree( region_name );
    break;
/\,{}^{\star} This function inverts mySig2 every 10 ns. ^{\star}/\,
void driveSignal2( void * param )
               * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
                 sigval;
 mtiInt32T
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid2 );
  switch ( sigval ) {
  case STD_LOGIC_U:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, STD_LOGIC_0, 0, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, STD_LOGIC_1, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
```

```
break;
  case STD_LOGIC_1:
   mti_ScheduleDriver( inst->drvid2, STD_LOGIC_0, 10, MTI_INERTIAL );
   break;
  case STD LOGIC X:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid2));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: Signal %s/%s is UNKNOWN\n",
                      mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                      region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid2 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
  default:
   region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName(mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid2));
   mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d] delta %d: "
                        "Unexpected value %d on signal %s/%s\n",
                        mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                        sigval, region_name,
                        mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid2 ) );
   mti_VsimFree( region_name );
   break;
}
void cleanupCallback( void * param )
 mti_PrintMessage( "Cleaning up...\n" );
 free( param );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
 char
                   *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                              /* A list of ports for the foreign model.
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 instanceInfoT * inst;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiTypeIdT
                enum_type;
             = (instanceInfoT *)malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
            = mti_CreateEnumType( 1, 9, std_logic_lits );
 enum_type
  inst->sigid1 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig1", region, enum_type );
  inst->drvid1 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid1 );
  procid = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig1Driver", driveSignal1, inst );
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid1, MTI_EVENT );
 mti_SetDriverOwner( inst->drvid1, procid );
 inst->sigid2 = mti_CreateSignal( "mySig2", region, enum_type );
 inst->drvid2 = mti_CreateDriver( inst->sigid2 );
         = mti_CreateProcess( "mySig2Driver", driveSignal2, inst );
 procid
 mti_Sensitize( procid, inst->sigid2, MTI_EVENT );
  /* Not setting driver owner for driver 2. */
 mti_AddQuitCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
 mti_AddRestartCB( cleanupCallback, inst );
```

HDL code

```
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : bit := '0';
  component for_model
 end component;
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  forinst : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 5
VSIM 2> drivers /top/forinst/mySig1
# Drivers for /top/forinst/mysig1:
# 1 : Signal /top/forinst/mysig1
    1 : Driver /top/forinst/mySig1Driver
         0 at 10 ns
```

VSIM 3> drivers /top/forinst/mySig2 # Drivers for /top/forinst/mysig2: # 0 : Signal /top/forinst/mysig2

1 at 10 ns

VSIM 4> quit # Cleaning up...

0 : Driver /top/forinst/<MTI_foreign_architecture>

mti_SetSignalValue()

Sets the value of a VHDL signal.

Syntax

mti_SetSignalValue(signal_id, value)

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal
value	long/void *	For a signal of scalar type, the value to be set; for a signal of real, time, or array type, a pointer to the value to be set

Description

mti_SetSignalValue() sets the specified VHDL signal to the specified value immediately. The signal can be either an unresolved signal or a resolved signal. Setting the signal marks it as active in the current delta. If the new value is different than the old value, then an event occurs on the signal in the current delta. If the specified signal is of type array, real, or time, then the value type is considered to be "void *" instead of "long".

mti_SetSignalValue() cannot be used to set the value of a signal of type record, but it can be used to set the values on the individual scalar or array subelements.

Setting a resolved signal is not the same as driving it. After a resolved signal is set it may be changed to a new value the next time its resolution function is executed. mti_ScheduleDriver() and mti_ScheduleDriver64() can be used to drive a value onto a signal.

Related functions

```
mti_ForceSignal() (FLI-208)
mti_ReleaseSignal() (FLI-527)
mti_ScheduleDriver() (FLI-595)
mti_ScheduleDriver64() (FLI-601)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct signalInfoT_tag {
 struct signalInfoT_tag * next;
                 * name;
 char
 mtiSignalIdT
                         sigid;
                          typeid;
 mtiTypeIdT
} signalInfoT;
typedef struct {
 signalInfoT * sig_info; /* List of signals. */
mtiProcessIdT proc; /* Test process id.*/
} instanceInfoT;
static void setValue( mtiSignalIdT sigid, mtiTypeIdT sigtype )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( sigtype ) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
     {
       mtiInt32T scalar_val;
       scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
       scalar_val++;
       if (( scalar_val < mti_TickLow( sigtype )) ||</pre>
        ( scalar_val > mti_TickHigh( sigtype ))) {
         scalar_val = mti_TickLeft( sigtype );
       mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)scalar_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
    case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
     {
       mtiInt32T scalar_val;
       scalar_val = mti_GetSignalValue( sigid );
       scalar_val++;
       mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)scalar_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
     {
       mtiTypeIdT elem_type;
       mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
        elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( sigtype );
        switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type ) ) {
          case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
          case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
              mtiInt32T * array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
              for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
               array_val[i]++;
              mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)array_val );
             mti_VsimFree( array_val );
            break;
          case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
        elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
        for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
          setValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetSignalType( elem_list[i] ));
        mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
        if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) <= 256 ) {</pre>
          char * array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
          for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
           array_val[i]++;
            if (( array_val[i] < mti_TickLow( elem_type )) ||</pre>
              ( array_val[i] > mti_TickHigh( elem_type ))) {
              array_val[i] = mti_TickLeft( elem_type );
          mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)array_val );
         mti_VsimFree( array_val );
        } else {
         mtiInt32T * array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
          for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
            array_val[i]++;
            if (( array_val[i] < mti_TickLow( elem_type )) ||</pre>
              ( array_val[i] > mti_TickHigh( elem_type ))) {
              array_val[i] = mti_TickLeft( elem_type );
            }
          mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)array_val );
          mti_VsimFree( array_val );
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
        {
          double * array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue( sigid, 0 );
          for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
           array_val[i] = array_val[i] + 1.1;
          mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)array_val );
          mti_VsimFree( array_val );
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
        {
          mtiTime64T * array_val = mti_GetArraySignalValue(sigid, 0);
          for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
           MTI_TIME64_ASGN( array_val[i],
                            MTI_TIME64_HI32(array_val[i]),
                            MTI_TIME64_LO32(array_val[i]) + 1 );
          mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)array_val );
         mti_VsimFree( array_val );
        break;
    }
 }
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
   {
                   i;
      int
```

```
mtiSignalIdT * elem_list;
         elem_list = mti_GetSignalSubelements( sigid, 0 );
         for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( sigtype ); i++ ) {</pre>
           setValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetSignalType( elem_list[i] ));
         mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
     {
       double real_val;
       mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &real_val );
       real_val += 1.1;
       mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)(&real_val) );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
     {
       mtiTime64T time_val;
       mti_GetSignalValueIndirect( sigid, &time_val );
       MTI_TIME64_ASGN( time_val, MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                       MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) + 1 );
       mti_SetSignalValue( sigid, (long)(&time_val) );
     break;
   default:
     break;
  }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
 signalInfoT *siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s = %s\n", siginfo->name,
                      mti_SignalImage( siginfo->sigid ));
   setValue( siginfo->sigid, siginfo->typeid );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
 siginfo
                  = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
                  = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
 siginfo->name
 siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next
                  = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
{
```

```
instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
  signalInfoT * curr_info;
  signalInfoT * siginfo;
                    = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst data
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
   if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
     inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
   curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                   (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer; type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
```

```
d : std_logic;
    e : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
   signal bitsig : bit := '1';
signal intsig : integer := 21;
signal realsig : real := 16.35;
signal timesig : time := 5 ns;
    signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
                      : bitarray := "0110";
    signal bitarr
    signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
    signal intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
                      : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
    signal realarr
    signal timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
    signal rec
                : rectype := ( '0', 1, 3.7, 'H', "1001" );
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,5]:
# Signal bitsig = '1'
# Signal intsig = 21
  Signal realsig = 1.635000e+01
   Signal timesig = 5 ns
   Signal stdlogicsig = 'H
   Signal bitarr = "0110"
   Signal stdlogicarr = "01LH"
  Signal intarr = (10, 11, 12)
  Signal realarr = (1.160000e+01, 1.012200e+02)
# Signal timearr = (15 ns, 6 ns)
\# Signal rec = ('0', 1, 3.700000e+00, 'H', "1001")
# Time [0,10]:
# Signal bitsig = '0'
```

```
# Signal intsig = 22
# Signal realsig = 1.745000e+01
# Signal timesig = 6 ns
# Signal stdlogicsig = '-'
# Signal bitarr = "1001"
# Signal stdlogicarr = "1ZH-"
   Signal intarr = (11, 12, 13)
# Signal realarr = (1.270000e+01, 1.023200e+02)
# Signal timearr = (16 ns, 7 ns)
# Signal rec = ('1', 2, 4.800000e+00, '-', "0110")
# Time [0,15]:
# Signal bitsig = '1'
# Signal intsig = 23
# Signal realsig = 1.855000e+01
# Signal timesig = 7 ns
   Signal stdlogicsig = 'U'
   Signal bitarr = "0110"
  Signal stdlogicarr = "ZW-U"
# Signal intarr = (12, 13, 14)
# Signal realarr = (1.380000e+01, 1.034200e+02)
# Signal timearr = (17 ns, 8 ns)
# Signal rec = ('0', 3, 5.900000e+00, 'U', "1001")
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_SetVarValue()

Sets the value of a VHDL variable.

Syntax

```
mti_SetVarValue( variable_id, value )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
variable_id	mtiVariableIdT	A handle to a VHDL variable
value	long/void *	For a variable of scalar type, the value to be set; for a variable of real, time, or array type, a pointer to the value to be set

Description

mti_SetVarValue() sets the specified VHDL variable to the specified value immediately. If the variable is of type array, real, or time, then the value type is considered to be "void *" instead of "long".

mti_SetVarValue() cannot be used to set the value of a variable of type record, but it can be used to set the values of the individual scalar or array subelements.

Related functions

None

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
typedef struct varInfoT_tag {
 struct varInfoT_tag * next;
           * name;
T varid;
typeid;
 mtiVariableIdT
 mtiTypeIdT
} varInfoT;
typedef struct {
 } instanceInfoT;
```

```
static void setVarValue( mtiVariableIdT varid, mtiTypeIdT vartype )
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( vartype ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
     {
       mtiInt32T scalar_val;
        scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
        scalar_val++;
        if (( scalar_val < mti_TickLow( vartype )) ||</pre>
          ( scalar_val > mti_TickHigh( vartype ))) {
          scalar_val = mti_TickLeft( vartype );
       mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)scalar_val );
      }
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
    case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
      {
       mtiInt32T scalar_val;
       scalar_val = mti_GetVarValue( varid );
       scalar_val++;
       mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)scalar_val );
     break;
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
     {
       int
       mtiTypeIdT
                        elem_type;
       mtiVariableIdT * elem_list;
        elem_type = mti_GetArrayElementType( vartype );
        switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( elem_type ) ) {
         case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:
          case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:
              mtiInt32T * array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
              for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
                  array_val[i]++;
              mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)array_val );
            }
            break;
          case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:
          case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
          default:
            elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements( varid, 0 );
            for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
              setVarValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetVarType( elem_list[i] ));
           mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
            break;
          case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:
            if ( mti_TickLength( elem_type ) <= 256 ) {</pre>
              char * array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
              for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
                array_val[i]++;
                if (( array_val[i] < mti_TickLow( elem_type )) ||</pre>
                  ( array_val[i] > mti_TickHigh( elem_type ))) {
                  array_val[i] = mti_TickLeft( elem_type );
              mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)array_val );
```

```
} else {
          mtiInt32T * array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
          for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
            array_val[i]++;
            if (( array_val[i] < mti_TickLow( elem_type )) ||</pre>
              ( array_val[i] > mti_TickHigh( elem_type ))) {
              array_val[i] = mti_TickLeft( elem_type );
         mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)array_val );
        }
        break;
      case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
        {
          double * array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
          for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
            array_val[i] = array_val[i] + 1.1;
         mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)array_val );
        }
       break;
      case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
        {
          mtiTime64T * array_val = mti_GetArrayVarValue( varid, 0 );
          for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
            MTI_TIME64_ASGN( array_val[i],
                            MTI_TIME64_HI32(array_val[i]),
                            MTI_TIME64_LO32(array_val[i]) + 1 );
         mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)array_val );
       break;
      }
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:
 {
                    i;
   int.
   mtiVariableIdT * elem_list;
    elem_list = mti_GetVarSubelements( varid, 0 );
    for ( i = 0; i < mti_TickLength( vartype ); i++ ) {</pre>
     setVarValue( elem_list[i], mti_GetVarType( elem_list[i] ));
   mti_VsimFree( elem_list );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_REAL:
   double real_val;
   mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &real_val );
   real_val += 1.1;
   mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)(&real_val) );
 break;
case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
   mtiTime64T time_val;
   mti_GetVarValueIndirect( varid, &time_val );
   MTI_TIME64_ASGN( time_val, MTI_TIME64_HI32(time_val),
                    MTI_TIME64_LO32(time_val) + 1 );
   mti_SetVarValue( varid, (long)(&time_val) );
```

```
}
     break;
   default:
     break;
 }
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
 instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
             *varinfo;
 varInfoT
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
 for ( varinfo = inst_data->var_info; varinfo; varinfo = varinfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Variable %s = %s:\n", varinfo->name,
                     mti_GetVarImageById( varinfo->varid ));
   setVarValue( varinfo->varid, varinfo->typeid );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static varInfoT * setupVariable( mtiVariableIdT varid )
 varInfoT * varinfo;
                = (varInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(varInfoT) );
 varinfo
 varinfo->varid = varid;
 varinfo->name = mti_GetVarName( varid );
 varinfo->typeid = mti_GetVarType( varid );
 varinfo->next = 0;
 return( varinfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
 mtiVariableIdT varid;
 = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst_data->var_info = 0;
 for ( procid = mti_FirstProcess( mti_GetTopRegion() );
      procid; procid = mti_NextProcess() ) {
   for ( varid = mti_FirstVar( procid ); varid; varid = mti_NextVar() ) {
     varinfo = setupVariable( varid );
     if ( inst_data->var_info == 0 ) {
      inst_data->var_info = varinfo;
     else {
      curr_info->next = varinfo;
     curr_info = varinfo;
```

```
inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                        (void *)inst_data );
  mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
void initForeign(
  mtiRegionIdT
                      region,
                                 /* The ID of the region in which this
                                 /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                                \slash * The last part of the string in the
  char
                     *param,
                                /* foreign attribute.
  mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
  mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                               /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
type realarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( -1 to 0 ) of time;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
    b : integer;
   c : real;
    d : std_logic;
    e : bitarray;
  end record;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
  p1 : process
    variable bitsig : bit := '1';
```

```
: integer := 21;
    variable intsig
   variable realsig : real := 16.35;
variable timesig : time := 5 ns;
    variable stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
    variable bitarr
                         : bitarray := "0110";
    variable stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
   variable intarr : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
variable realarr : realarray := ( 11.6, 101.22 );
    variable timearr : timearray := ( 15 ns, 6 ns );
    variable rec : rectype := ( '0', 1, 3.7, 'H', "1001" );
 begin
    wait;
  end process;
end a;
Simulation output
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
```

% vsim -c top

```
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 15
# Time [0,5]:
  Variable bitsig = '1':
  Variable intsig = 21:
  Variable realsig = 1.635000e+01:
  Variable timesig = 5 ns:
   Variable stdlogicsig = 'H':
   Variable bitarr = "0110":
   Variable stdlogicarr = "01LH":
   Variable intarr = (10, 11, 12):
   Variable realarr = (1.160000e+01, 1.012200e+02):
   Variable timearr = (15 ns, 6 ns):
   Variable rec = ('0', 1, 3.700000e+00, 'H', "1001"):
# Time [0,10]:
  Variable bitsig = '0':
   Variable intsig = 22:
   Variable realsig = 1.745000e+01:
   Variable timesig = 6 ns:
   Variable stdlogicsig = '-':
   Variable bitarr = "1001":
   Variable stdlogicarr = "1ZH-":
   Variable intarr = (11, 12, 13):
   Variable realarr = (1.270000e+01, 1.023200e+02):
  Variable timearr = (16 ns, 7 ns):
  Variable rec = ('1', 2, 4.800000e+00, '-', "0110"):
# Time [0,15]:
# Variable bitsig = '1':
```

FLI-634 FLI function definitions

```
# Variable intsig = 23:
# Variable realsig = 1.855000e+01:
# Variable timesig = 7 ns:
# Variable stdlogicsig = 'U':
# Variable bitarr = "0110":
# Variable stdlogicarr = "ZW-U":
# Variable intarr = (12, 13, 14):
# Variable realarr = (1.380000e+01, 1.034200e+02):
# Variable timearr = (17 ns, 8 ns):
# Variable rec = ('0', 3, 5.900000e+00, 'U', "1001"):
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_SignalImage()

Gets the string image of a VHDL signal's value.

Syntax

```
value = mti_SignalImage( signal_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
value	char *	A string image of the specified signal's value

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
signal_id	mtiSignalIdT	A handle to a VHDL signal

Description

mti_SignalImage() returns a pointer to a static buffer containing the string image of the value of the specified signal. The image is the same as would be returned by the VHDL 1076-1993 attribute 'IMAGE. The returned string is valid only until the next call to any FLI function. This pointer must not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_GetArraySignalValue() (FLI-226)
mti_GetSignalValue() (FLI-386)
mti_GetSignalValueIndirect() (FLI-392)
```

Example

```
mtiProcessIdT proc;
                               /* Test process id. */
} instanceInfoT;
static void checkValues( void *inst_info )
  instanceInfoT *inst_data = (instanceInfoT *)inst_info;
  signalInfoT *siginfo;
 mti_PrintFormatted( "Time [%d,%d]:\n", mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now() );
  for ( siginfo = inst_data->sig_info; siginfo; siginfo = siginfo->next ) {
   mti_PrintFormatted( " Signal %s = %s\n", siginfo->name,
                       mti_SignalImage( siginfo->sigid ) );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 5 );
static signalInfoT * setupSignal( mtiSignalIdT sigid )
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
                   = (signalInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(signalInfoT) );
 siginfo
 siginfo->sigid = sigid;
 siginfo->name = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
siginfo->typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
 siginfo->next = 0;
 return( siginfo );
static void initInstance( void * param )
 instanceInfoT * inst_data;
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
signalInfoT * curr_info;
 signalInfoT * siginfo;
  inst_data
                     = mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
  inst_data->sig_info = 0;
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
        sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
    siginfo = setupSignal( sigid );
    if ( inst_data->sig_info == 0 ) {
     inst_data->sig_info = siginfo;
   else {
     curr_info->next = siginfo;
    curr_info = siginfo;
  inst_data->proc = mti_CreateProcess( "Test Process", checkValues,
                                      (void *)inst_data );
 mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst_data->proc, 6 );
void initForeign(
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                     region,
                                /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
```

```
/* The last part of the string in the
 char
                  *param,
                           /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
 type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
  b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
 end record;
 type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
    hour;
     day = 24 hour;
    week = 7 day;
     month = 4 week;
    year = 12 month;
   end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal bitsig : bit
                           := '1';
 signal intsig : integer := 42;
 signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
 signal realsig : real := 10.2;
 signal timesig
                : time
                             := 3 ns;
 signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
 signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "01LH";
                 : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
 signal rec
 component for_model
 end component;
 for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
```

```
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
            <= not bitsig after 5 ns;
 bitsia
           <= intsig + 1 after 5 ns;
<= physsig + 1 hour after 5 ns;</pre>
  intsig
 physsig
            <= realsig + 1.1 after 5 ns;
 realsig
 timesig <= timesig + 2 ns after 5 ns;
 stdlogicsig <= not stdlogicsig after 5 ns;</pre>
 stdlogicarr <= not stdlogicarr after 5 ns;</pre>
 rec.a
             <= not rec.a after 5 ns;
            <= rec.b + 1 after 5 ns;
 rec.b
  rec.c
             <= not rec.c after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 18
# Time [0,6]:
# Signal bitsig = '0'
  Signal intsig = 43
# Signal physsig = 4 hour
# Signal realsig = 1.130000e+01
# Signal timesig = 5 ns
# Signal stdlogicsig = '0'
# Signal stdlogicarr = "1010"
   Signal rec = ('1', 1, "0110")
# Time [0,11]:
  Signal bitsig = '1'
   Signal intsig = 44
  Signal physsig = 5 hour
# Signal realsig = 1.240000e+01
# Signal timesig = 7 ns
# Signal stdlogicsig = '1'
# Signal stdlogicarr = "0101"
   Signal rec = ('0', 2, "1001")
# Time [0,16]:
   Signal bitsig = '0'
   Signal intsig = 45
  Signal physsig = 6 hour
  Signal realsig = 1.350000e+01
  Signal timesig = 9 ns
# Signal stdlogicsig = '0'
# Signal stdlogicarr = "1010"
```

Signal rec = ('1', 3, "0110")

VSIM 2> quit

mti_SignallsResolved()

Indicates whether or not the specified signal is resolved.

Syntax

```
resolved = mti_SignalIsResolved( signal )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
resolved	int	1 if the signal is resolved; 0 otherwise

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
mtiSignalIdT	signal	A handle to a VHDL signal

Description

mti_SignalIsResolved returns a 1, meaning a signal is considered to be resolved, if the signal meets one of the following criteria:

- -The signal is of a resolved type (e.g., std_logic).
- The declaration of the signal includes a resolution function specification.
- The signal is a composite of an unresolved type but all of its subelements are resolved (e.g., std_logic_vector).
- The signal is of an unresolved type but it is a subelement of a composite that is either of a resolved type or whose declaration contains a resolution function specification.

Related functions

mti_FindDriver() (FLI-167)

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mti.h>

static void printSignalInfo( char * name )
{
    char * signame;
    int resolved;
    mtiSignalIdT sigid;
```

```
sigid = mti_FindSignal( name );
   if ( sigid ) {
        signame = mti_GetSignalNameIndirect( sigid, 0, 0 );
       resolved = mti_SignalIsResolved( sigid );
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Signal %s is %sresolved.\n",
                           signame, resolved ? "" : "not " );
       mti_VsimFree( signame );
    } else {
       mti_PrintFormatted( "Signal '%s' not found.\n" );
}
static void loadDoneCB( void * param )
    /* Unresolved scalars */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/bitsig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/intsig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/realsig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/timesig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/physsig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/stdulogicsig1" );
    /* Scalars with resolved types */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/resbitsig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/resintsig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/resrealsig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/restimesig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/resphyssig1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/stdlogicsig1" );
    /* Resolved scalars with unresolved types */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/bitsigr" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/intsigr" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/realsigr" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/timesigr" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/physsigr" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/stdulogicsigr" );
    /* Unresolved 1D arrays */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/bitarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/intarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/realarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/timearr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/physarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/stdulogicarrl" );
   /* Elements of unresolved 1D arrays */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/bitarr1(3)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/intarr1(2)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/realarr1(-3)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/timearr1(0)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/physarr1(1)" );
    /* 1D Arrays of resolved subelements */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rbitarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rintarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rrealarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rtimearr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rphysarr1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/stdlogicarrl" );
```

```
/* Elements of arrays of resolved subelements */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rbitarr1(6)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rintarr1(4)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rrealarr1(-1)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rtimearr1(1)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rphysarr1(3)" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/stdlogicarr1(1)" );
    /* Unresolved records */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec1.a" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec1.b" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec1.c" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec1.d" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/recl.e" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec1.f" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec1.g" );
    /* Records of resolved elements */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec2" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec2.b" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec2.i" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec2.r" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec2.t" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec2.s" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec2.p" );
    /* Records of mixed resolution */
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f1" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2.a" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2.b" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2.c" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2.d" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2.e" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2.f" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f2.g" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f3" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f4" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f4.b" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f4.i" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f4.r" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f4.t" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f4.s" );
   printSignalInfo( "/top/rec3.f4.p" );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                               /* The ID of the region in which this
                     region,
                                /* foreign architecture is instantiated.
                    *param.
                               /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                            * /
                               /* foreign attribute.
                                                                             * /
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                               /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
   mti AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCB, 0 );
```

}

{

HDL code

```
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
package typepkg is
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
     hour;
     day = 24 hour;
week = 7 day;
     month = 4 week;
     year = 12 month;
   end units;
  type int_vector is array (natural range <>) of integer;
  type real_vector is array (natural range <>) of real;
  type time_vector is array (natural range <>) of time;
  type phys_vector is array (natural range <>) of bigtime;
 FUNCTION resolve_bit ( s : bit_vector ) RETURN bit;
 FUNCTION resolve_int ( s : int_vector ) RETURN integer;
 FUNCTION resolve_real ( s : real_vector ) RETURN real;
  FUNCTION resolve_time ( s : time_vector ) RETURN time;
  FUNCTION resolve_phys ( s : phys_vector ) RETURN bigtime;
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
  type intarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of integer;
  type realarray is array( -3 to -1 ) of real;
  type timearray is array( 0 to 2 ) of time;
  type hourarray is array( 1 to 2 ) of bigtime;
 subtype resbit is resolve_bit bit;
 subtype resint is resolve_int integer;
  subtype resreal is resolve_real real;
  subtype restime is resolve_time time;
  subtype resphys is resolve_phys bigtime;
  type rectypel is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : real;
   d : time;
   e : std_logic;
   f : bigtime;
   g : std_ulogic;
  end record;
  type rectype2 is record
   b : resbit;
   i : resint;
   r : resreal;
   t : restime;
   s : std_logic;
   p : resphys;
  end record;
  type rectype3 is record
   f1 : resbit;
   f2 : rectype1;
```

```
f3 : integer;
   f4 : rectype2;
  end record;
  type rbitarray is array( 7 downto 0 ) of resbit;
  type rintarray is array( 2 to 4 ) of resint;
  type rrealarray is array( 0 downto -2 ) of resreal;
  type rtimearray is array( 1 to 3 ) of restime;
  type rhourarray is array( 1 to 3 ) of resphys;
end package typepkg;
package body typepkg is
 FUNCTION resolve_bit ( s : bit_vector ) RETURN bit IS
   VARIABLE result : bit := '0';
  BEGIN
   IF (s'LENGTH = 1) THEN
     RETURN s(s'LOW);
   ELSE
     FOR i IN s'RANGE LOOP
       if (s(i) = '1') then
        result := '1';
       end if;
     END LOOP;
   END IF;
   RETURN result;
  END resolve_bit;
 FUNCTION resolve_int ( s : int_vector ) RETURN integer IS
   VARIABLE result : integer := 0;
 BEGIN
   IF (s'LENGTH = 1) THEN
     RETURN s(s'LOW);
   ELSE
     FOR i IN s'RANGE LOOP
       result := result + s(i);
     END LOOP;
   END IF;
   RETURN result;
  END resolve_int;
 FUNCTION resolve_real ( s : real_vector ) RETURN real IS
   VARIABLE result : real := 0.0;
  BEGIN
   IF (s'LENGTH = 1) THEN
     RETURN s(s'LOW);
     FOR i IN s'RANGE LOOP
       result := result + s(i);
     END LOOP;
   END IF;
   RETURN result;
 END resolve_real;
  FUNCTION resolve_time ( s : time_vector ) RETURN time IS
   VARIABLE result : time := 0 ns;
  BEGIN
   IF (s'LENGTH = 1) THEN
     RETURN s(s'LOW);
   ELSE
```

```
FOR i IN s'RANGE LOOP
          result := result + s(i);
        END LOOP;
     END IF;
     RETURN result;
  END resolve_time;
  FUNCTION resolve_phys ( s : phys_vector ) RETURN bigtime IS
    VARIABLE result : bigtime := 0 hour;
     IF (s'LENGTH = 1) THEN
       RETURN s(s'LOW);
     ELSE
       FOR i IN s'RANGE LOOP
          result := result + s(i);
        END LOOP;
     END IF;
     RETURN result;
  END resolve_phys;
end package body typepkg;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
use work.typepkg.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 - Unresolved scalars
signal bitsig1 : bit := '1';
'intsig1 : integer := 21;
'real := 21.21;
-- Unresolved scalars
  signal intsig1 : integer := 21;

signal realsig1 : real := 21.21;

signal timesig1 : time := 21 ns;

signal physsig1 : bigtime := 21 hour;
  signal stdulogicsig1 : std_ulogic := 'L';
-- Scalars with resolved types
  signal resbitsig1 : resbit := '0';
  signal resintsig1 : resint := 42;
signal resrealsig1 : resreal := 11.9;
signal restimesig1 : restime := 64 ns;
signal resphyssig1 : resphys := 1 day;
  signal stdlogicsig1 : std_logic := 'H';
-- Resolved scalars with unresolved types
  signal bitsigr : resolve_bit bit := '1';
signal intsigr : resolve_int integer := 17;
signal realsigr : resolve_real real := 6.25;
signal timesigr : resolve_time time := 2 ns;
signal physsigr : resolve_phys bigtime := 2 wee
                                                                      := 2 week;
  -- Unresolved 1D arrays
  signal bitarr1 : bitarray := "0110";
signal intarr1 : intarray := ( 10, 1)
                              : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );
  signal intarri : intarray := ( 10, 11, 12 );

signal realarr1 : realarray := ( 7.7, 3.2, -8.1 );

signal timearr1 : timearray := ( 4 ns, 5 ns, 6 ns );
```

```
signal physarr1
                       : hourarray := ( 40 hour, 50 hour );
  signal stdulogicarr1 : std_ulogic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "HL01";
-- 1D Arrays of resolved subelements
  signal rbitarr1 : rbitarray := "10110110";
 signal rintarr1 : rintarray := ( 30, 41, 52 );

signal rrealarr1 : rrealarray := ( 17.6, -43.8, 9.1 );

signal rtimearr1 : rtimearray := ( 1 ns, 3 ns, 5 ns );

signal rphysarr1 : rhourarray := ( 1 day, 10 hour, 2 week );
 signal stdlogicarr1 : std_logic_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "-XOU";
-- Unresolved records
 signal recl
                      : rectype1 := ( '0', 1, 1.1, 1 ns, 'X', 1 hour, 'L' );
-- Records of resolved elements
  signal rec2
                      : rectype2 := ( '1', 5, 2.01, 3 ns, 'H', 2 hour );
-- Records of mixed resolution
                   : rectype3 := ( '1',
  signal rec3
                                         ( '1', 4, 8.5, 19 ns, 'L', 1 day, 'Z' ),
                                         ('0', 81, 6.25, 7 ns, '1', 4 hour)
begin
 bitsig1 <= not bitsig1 after 5 ns;</pre>
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top -foreign "initForeign for_model.sl"
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.7c
# vsim -foreign {initForeign for_model.sl} -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.typepkg(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Signal bitsig1 is not resolved.
# Signal intsigl is not resolved.
# Signal realsig1 is not resolved.
# Signal timesig1 is not resolved.
# Signal physsig1 is not resolved.
# Signal stdulogicsig1 is not resolved.
# Signal resbitsig1 is resolved.
# Signal resintsig1 is resolved.
# Signal resrealsig1 is resolved.
# Signal restimesig1 is resolved.
# Signal resphyssig1 is resolved.
# Signal stdlogicsig1 is resolved.
# Signal bitsigr is resolved.
# Signal intsigr is resolved.
# Signal realsigr is resolved.
# Signal timesigr is resolved.
# Signal physsigr is resolved.
# Signal stdulogicsigr is resolved.
```

```
# Signal bitarr1 is not resolved.
# Signal intarr1 is not resolved.
# Signal realarr1 is not resolved.
# Signal timearr1 is not resolved.
# Signal physarr1 is not resolved.
# Signal stdulogicarr1 is not resolved.
# Signal bitarr1(3) is not resolved.
# Signal intarr1(2) is not resolved.
# Signal realarr1(-3) is not resolved.
# Signal timearr1(0) is not resolved.
# Signal physarr1(1) is not resolved.
# Signal rbitarr1 is resolved.
# Signal rintarr1 is resolved.
# Signal rrealarr1 is resolved.
# Signal rtimearr1 is resolved.
# Signal rphysarr1 is resolved.
# Signal stdlogicarr1 is resolved.
# Signal rbitarr1(6) is resolved.
# Signal rintarr1(4) is resolved.
# Signal rrealarr1(-1) is resolved.
# Signal rtimearr1(1) is resolved.
# Signal rphysarr1(3) is resolved.
# Signal stdlogicarr1(1) is resolved.
# Signal rec1 is not resolved.
# Signal recl.a is not resolved.
# Signal recl.b is not resolved.
# Signal recl.c is not resolved.
# Signal recl.d is not resolved.
# Signal recl.e is resolved.
# Signal recl.f is not resolved.
# Signal recl.g is not resolved.
# Signal rec2 is resolved.
# Signal rec2.b is resolved.
# Signal rec2.i is resolved.
# Signal rec2.r is resolved.
# Signal rec2.t is resolved.
# Signal rec2.s is resolved.
# Signal rec2.p is resolved.
# Signal rec3 is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.fl is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2 is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2.a is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2.b is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2.c is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2.d is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2.e is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2.f is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f2.g is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f3 is not resolved.
# Signal rec3.f4 is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f4.b is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f4.i is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f4.r is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f4.t is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f4.s is resolved.
# Signal rec3.f4.p is resolved.
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_TickDir()

Gets the direction of a type.

Syntax

```
direction = mti_TickDir( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
direction	mtiInt32T	+1 for ascending, -1 for descending, or 0 for no direction

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

mti_TickDir() returns the index direction of an array type or the range direction of any type that has a range.

Related functions

```
mti_TickHigh() (FLI-651)
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickLength() (FLI-657)
mti_TickLow() (FLI-661)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
{
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:         return "Scalar";
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:         return "Array";
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:         return "Record";
    case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:         return "Enumeration";
    case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL:         return "Physical";
```

```
default:
                          return "UNKNOWN";
}
static char * getDirStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
 switch( mti_TickDir( typeid ) ) {
   case -1: return "Descending";
   case 0: return "No direction";
   case 1: return "Ascending";
   default: return "UNKNOWN";
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT typeid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "Design Signals:\n" );
 for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%14s: type %-12s; direction = %s (%d)\n",
                      mti_GetSignalName( sigid ),
                      getTypeStr( typeid ),
                      getDirStr( typeid ), mti_TickDir( typeid ) );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                    region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                   *param,
                             /* The last part of the string in the
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
                            /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( 3 downto 0 ) of bit;
```

```
type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
     hour;
     day = 24 hour;
     week = 7 day;
     month = 4 week;
     year = 12 month;
   end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
                  : bit := '1';
 signal bitsig
 signal intsig : integer := 42;
 signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
 signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
 signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
                  : bitarray := "1100";
  signal bitarr
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "01LH";
  signal uparray : bit_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "0101";
 signal rec
                   : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
  component for_model
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Design Signals:
       bitsig: type Enumeration ; direction = Ascending (1)
        physsig: type Physical ; direction = Ascending (1) realsig: type Real ; direction = Ascending (1)
#
```

FLI-650 FLI function definitions

mti_TickHigh()

Gets the high value of a ranged type.

Syntax

```
high = mti_TickHigh( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
high	mtiInt32T	The high value of the range of the specified type; 0 for real, time, and record types

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

 $mti_TickHigh()$ returns the value of type'HIGH for ranged types. For real, time, and record types, $mti_TickHigh()$ returns 0.

Related functions

```
mti_TickDir() (FLI-647)
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickLength() (FLI-657)
mti_TickLow() (FLI-661)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
{
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:      return "Scalar";
   case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:      return "Array";
   case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:      return "Record";
   case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:      return "Enumeration";
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL: return "Physical";
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL: return "Real";
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
                         return "Time";
                         return "UNKNOWN";
   default:
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT typeid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "Design Signals:\n" );
 for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%14s: type %-12s; low = %d, high = %d\n",
                     mti_GetSignalName( sigid ), getTypeStr( typeid ),
                     mti_TickLow( typeid ), mti_TickHigh( typeid ));
 }
void initForeign(
                             /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                    * /
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
 type bitarray is array( -2 downto -5 ) of bit;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
  units
   hour;
   day = 24 hour;
```

```
week = 7 day;
    month = 4 week;
    year = 12 month;
  end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal bitsig : bit
                               := '1';
 signal intsig : integer := 42;
  signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
 signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal bitarr
                     : bitarray := "1100";
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "01LH";
  signal uparray : bit_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "0101";
  signal rec
                    : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Design Signals:
        bitsig: type Enumeration ; low = 0, high = 1
         intsig: type Scalar ; low = -2147483648, high = 2147483647
       physsig: type Physical ; low = 0, high = 2147483647
#
       realsig: type Real ; low = 0, high = 0 timesig: type Time ; low = 0, high = 0
#
                                    iom = 0, high = 0
#
         timesig: type Time
    stdlogicsig: type Enumeration ; low = 0, high = 8
        bitarr: type Array ; low = -5, high = -2
      tdlogicarr: type Array ; low = 0, high = 3
uparray: type Array ; low = 1, high = 4
rec: type Record ; low = 0, high = 0
    stdlogicarr: type Array
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_TickLeft()

Gets the left value of a ranged type.

Syntax

```
left = mti_TickLeft( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
left	mtiInt32T	The left value of the range of the specified type; 0 for real, time, and record types

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

mti_TickLeft() returns the value of type'LEFT for ranged types. For real, time, and record types, mti_TickLeft() returns 0.

Related functions

```
mti_TickDir() (FLI-647)
mti_TickHigh() (FLI-651)
mti_TickLength() (FLI-657)
mti_TickLow() (FLI-661)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL: return "Physical";
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL: return "Real";
    case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
                           return "Time";
   default:
                           return "UNKNOWN";
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT typeid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "Design Signals:\n" );
 for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
    typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%14s: type %-12s; left = %d, right = %d\n",
                      mti_GetSignalName( sigid ), getTypeStr( typeid ),
                      mti_TickLeft( typeid ), mti_TickRight( typeid ));
  }
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
  char
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                         * /
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( -2 downto -5 ) of bit;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
     hour;
     day = 24 hour;
```

week = 7 day;

```
month = 4 week;
      year = 12 month;
    end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal bitsig : bit
                                 := '1';
  signal intsig : integer := 42;
  signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
  signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal bitarr
                      : bitarray := "1100";
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "01LH";
  signal uparray : bit_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "0101";
  signal rec
                     : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Design Signals:
         bitsig: type Enumeration ; left = 0, right = 1
          intsig: type Scalar ; left = -2147483648, right = 2147483647
        physsig: type Physical ; left = 0, right = 2147483647
#
        realsig: type Real ; left = 0, right = 0 timesig: type Time ; left = 0, right = 0
#
                                      ; left = 0, right = 0
#
         timesig: type Time
    stdlogicsig: type Enumeration ; left = 0, right = 8
    bitarr: type Array ; left = -2, right = -5

stdlogicarr: type Array ; left = 3, right = 0

uparray: type Array ; left = 1, right = 4

rec: type Record ; left = 0, right = 0
#
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_TickLength()

Gets the length of a type.

Syntax

length = mti_TickLength(type_id)

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
length	mtiInt32T	The length of the range of the specified type; the number of fields for record types; 0 for real and time types

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

 $mti_TickLength()$ returns the value of type'LENGTH (type'HIGH - type'LOW + 1). For record types, the number of fields is returned. For real and time types, 0 is returned.

0 is returned if the length of the range is greater than will fit in a 32-bit integer.

Related functions

```
mti_TickDir() (FLI-647)
mti_TickHigh() (FLI-651)
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickLow() (FLI-661)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
  switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
   case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR: return "Scalar";
case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY: return "Array";
case MTI_TYPE_RECORD: return "Record";
case MTI_TYPE_ENUM: return "Enumeration";
   case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL: return "Physical";
   return "UNKNOWN";
   default:
 }
}
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT typeid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "Design Signals:\n" );
  for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%14s: type %-12s; length = %d\n",
                       mti_GetSignalName( sigid ), getTypeStr( typeid ),
                       mti_TickLength( typeid ));
void initForeign(
                     region, /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                    *param, \phantom{a} /* The last part of the string in the \phantom{a} */
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
```

```
type bitarray is array( -2 downto -5 ) of bit;
  type intrange is range 0 to 255;
  type rectype is record
    a : bit;
    b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
    units
      hour;
      day = 24 hour;
week = 7 day;
      month = 4 week;
      year = 12 month;
    end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal bitsig : bit := '1';
signal intsig : integer := 42;
signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal rangesig : intrange := 128;
                    : bitarray := "1100";
  signal bitarr
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 2 ) := "01";
  signal uparray : bit_vector( 1 to 5 ) := "01010";
                       : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
  signal rec
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
```

FLI-660 FLI function definitions

```
# Design Signals:
# bitsig: type Enumeration ; length = 2
# intsig: type Scalar ; length = 0
# physsig: type Physical ; length = 0
# realsig: type Real ; length = 0
# timesig: type Time ; length = 0
# stdlogicsig: type Enumeration ; length = 9
# rangesig: type Scalar ; length = 256
# bitarr: type Array ; length = 4
# stdlogicarr: type Array ; length = 2
# uparray: type Array ; length = 5
# rec: type Record ; length = 3
```

mti_TickLow()

Gets the low value of a ranged type.

Syntax

```
low = mti_TickLow( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
low	mtiInt32T	The low value of the range of the specified type; 0 for real, time, and record types

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

 $mti_TickLow()$ returns the value of type'LOW for ranged types. For real, time, and record types, $mti_TickLow()$ returns 0.

Related functions

```
mti_TickDir() (FLI-647)
mti_TickHigh() (FLI-651)
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickLength() (FLI-657)
mti_TickRight() (FLI-664)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
{
   switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
    case MTI_TYPE_SCALAR:        return "Scalar";
    case MTI_TYPE_ARRAY:        return "Array";
    case MTI_TYPE_RECORD:        return "Record";
    case MTI_TYPE_ENUM:        return "Enumeration";
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL: return "Physical";
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL: return "Real";
   case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
                         return "Time";
                         return "UNKNOWN";
   default:
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT typeid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "Design Signals:\n" );
 for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
   typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%14s: type %-12s; low = %d, high = %d\n",
                   mti_GetSignalName( sigid ), getTypeStr( typeid ),
                    mti_TickLow( typeid ), mti_TickHigh( typeid ));
 }
void initForeign(
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
 char
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                    * /
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
 type bitarray is array( -2 downto -5 ) of bit;
 type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
     hour;
     day = 24 hour;
```

```
week = 7 day;
      month = 4 week;
      year = 12 month;
    end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal bitsig
                    : bit
                               := '1';
 signal intsig : integer := 42;
  signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
 signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal bitarr
                     : bitarray := "1100";
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "01LH";
  signal uparray : bit_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "0101";
  signal rec
                    : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Design Signals:
        bitsig: type Enumeration ; low = 0, high = 1
         intsig: type Scalar ; low = -2147483648, high = 2147483647
       physsig: type Physical ; low = 0, high = 2147483647
#
        realsig: type Real ; low = 0, high = 0
timesig: type Time ; low = 0, high = 0
#
                                    iom = 0, high = 0
#
         timesig: type Time
    stdlogicsig: type Enumeration ; low = 0, high = 8
        bitarr: type Array ; low = -5, high = -2
      tdlogicarr: type Array ; low = 0, high = 3
uparray: type Array ; low = 1, high = 4
rec: type Record ; low = 0, high = 0
    stdlogicarr: type Array
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_TickRight()

Gets the right value of a ranged type.

Syntax

```
right = mti_TickRight( type_id )
```

Returns

Name	Туре	Description
right	mtiInt32T	The right value of the range of the specified type; 0 for real, time, and record types

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
type_id	mtiTypeIdT	A handle to a VHDL type

Description

mti_TickRight() returns the value of type'RIGHT for ranged types. For real, time, and record types, mti_TickRight() returns 0.

Related functions

```
mti_TickDir() (FLI-647)
mti_TickHigh() (FLI-651)
mti_TickLeft() (FLI-654)
mti_TickLength() (FLI-657)
mti_TickLow() (FLI-661)
```

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
static char * getTypeStr( mtiTypeIdT typeid )
 switch ( mti_GetTypeKind( typeid ) ) {
```

```
case MTI_TYPE_PHYSICAL: return "Physical";
   case MTI_TYPE_REAL: return "Real";
    case MTI_TYPE_TIME:
                           return "Time";
   default:
                           return "UNKNOWN";
static void initInstance( void * param )
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiTypeIdT typeid;
 mti_PrintMessage( "Design Signals:\n" );
 for ( sigid = mti_FirstSignal( mti_GetTopRegion() );
       sigid; sigid = mti_NextSignal() ) {
    typeid = mti_GetSignalType( sigid );
   mti_PrintFormatted( "%14s: type %-12s; left = %d, right = %d\n",
                      mti_GetSignalName( sigid ), getTypeStr( typeid ),
                      mti_TickLeft( typeid ), mti_TickRight( typeid ));
  }
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                              /* The ID of the region in which this
                    region,
                              /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
  char
                              /* The last part of the string in the
                                                                         * /
                    *param,
                              /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
                             /* A list of ports for the foreign model. */
 mtiInterfaceListT *ports
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( initInstance, 0 );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl;";
begin
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
  type bitarray is array( -2 downto -5 ) of bit;
  type rectype is record
   a : bit;
   b : integer;
   c : bitarray;
  end record;
  type bigtime is range 0 to integer'high
   units
     hour;
     day = 24 hour;
```

week = 7 day;

```
month = 4 week;
      year = 12 month;
    end units;
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal bitsig : bit
                                 := '1';
  signal intsig : integer := 42;
  signal physsig : bigtime := 3 hour;
  signal realsig : real := 10.2;
signal timesig : time := 3 ns;
  signal stdlogicsig : std_logic := 'H';
  signal bitarr
                      : bitarray := "1100";
  signal stdlogicarr : std_logic_vector( 3 downto 0 ) := "01LH";
  signal uparray : bit_vector( 1 to 4 ) := "0101";
  signal rec
                     : rectype := ( '0', 0, "1001" );
  component for_model
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  inst1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# Design Signals:
         bitsig: type Enumeration ; left = 0, right = 1
          intsig: type Scalar ; left = -2147483648, right = 2147483647
        physsig: type Physical ; left = 0, right = 2147483647
#
        realsig: type Real ; left = 0, right = 0 timesig: type Time ; left = 0, right = 0
#
                                      ; left = 0, right = 0
#
         timesig: type Time
    stdlogicsig: type Enumeration ; left = 0, right = 8
    bitarr: type Array ; left = -2, right = -5

stdlogicarr: type Array ; left = 3, right = 0

uparray: type Array ; left = 1, right = 4

rec: type Record ; left = 0, right = 0
#
VSIM 1> quit
```

mti_VsimFree()

Frees simulator-allocated memory.

Syntax

```
mti_VsimFree( pointer )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
pointer	void *	A pointer to memory previously allocated with malloc() by an FLI function

Description

mti_VsimFree() returns the specified block of memory allocated with malloc() by an FLI function to the general memory pool.

mti_VsimFree() can be used neither for memory allocated by calls to mti_Malloc() nor for memory allocated with malloc() by a user-written application. The documentation for each FLI function that allocates memory indicates whether that memory should be freed with mti_Free() or mti_VsimFree() or whether it should not be freed.

Related functions

```
mti_Free() (FLI-219)
```

Example

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mti.h>

typedef enum {
   STD_LOGIC_U,
   STD_LOGIC_X,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_1,
   STD_LOGIC_Z,
   STD_LOGIC_H,
   STD_LOGIC_H,
   STD_LOGIC_D
} standardLogicType;
```

```
typedef struct {
 mtiSignalIdT sigid;
 mtiProcessIdT procid;
} instanceInfoT;
char * convertStdLogicValue( mtiInt32T sigval )
 char * retval;
 switch ( sigval ) {
   case STD_LOGIC_U: retval = "'U'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_X: retval = "'X'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_0: retval = "'0'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_1: retval = "'1'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_Z: retval = "'Z'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_W: retval = "'W'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_L: retval = "'L'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_H: retval = "'H'"; break;
   case STD_LOGIC_D: retval = "'-'"; break;
   default: retval = "?"; break;
 return retval;
void watchSignal( void * param )
{
         * region_name;
 instanceInfoT * inst = (instanceInfoT*)param;
 mtiInt32T
               sigval;
 region_name = mti_GetRegionFullName( mti_GetSignalRegion(inst->sigid) );
 sigval = mti_GetSignalValue( inst->sigid );
 mti_NowUpper(), mti_Now(), mti_Delta(),
                  region_name, mti_GetSignalName( inst->sigid ),
                  convertStdLogicValue( sigval ) );
 mti_VsimFree( region_name );
 if ( mti_Now() >= 30 ) {
  mti_PrintMessage( "Turning off signal watcher.\n" );
  mti_Free( inst );
 } else {
   mti_ScheduleWakeup( inst->procid, 5 );
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                  region, /* The ID of the region in which this
                           /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                         /* The last part of the string in the */
 char
                  *param,
                           /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 instanceInfoT * inst;
            = (instanceInfoT *) mti_Malloc( sizeof(instanceInfoT) );
 inst->sigid = mti_FindSignal( "/top/s1" );
 inst->procid = mti_CreateProcess( "sigWatcher", watchSignal, inst );
```

```
}
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
end a;
library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
  signal s1 : std_logic := '0';
  component for_model is
  end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
  s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
  i1 : for_model;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../ieee.std_logic_1164(body)
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
VSIM 1> run 50
# Time [0,0] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,5] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,10] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
\# Time [0,15] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,20] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Time [0,25] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '1'
# Time [0,30] delta 0: Signal /top/s1 is '0'
# Turning off signal watcher.
VSIM 2> quit
```

mti_WriteProjectEntry()

Writes an entry into the project (.ini) file.

Syntax

```
mti_WriteProjectEntry( key, value )
```

Returns

Nothing

Arguments

Name	Туре	Description
key	char *	A string containing a keyword
value	char *	A string containing the value of the keyword

Description

mti_WriteProjectEntry() writes an entry into the *modelsim.ini* project file in the form:

key = value

The new entry is written at the end of the [vsim] section.

Related functions

mti_FindProjectEntry() (FLI-173)

Example

```
#include <mti.h>
void loadDoneCallback( void * param )
 char * entry;
 entry = mti_FindProjectEntry( "vsim", "MyConfig", 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "MyConfig = %s\n", entry );
 mti_VsimFree( entry );
 entry = mti_FindProjectEntry( "vsim", "MyDesign", 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "MyDesign = %s\n", entry );
 mti_VsimFree( entry );
 entry = mti_FindProjectEntry( "vsim", "MyMemory", 0 );
 mti_PrintFormatted( "MyMemory = %s\n", entry );
 mti_VsimFree( entry );
```

```
}
void initForeign(
 mtiRegionIdT
                   region,
                            /* The ID of the region in which this
                             /* foreign architecture is instantiated. */
                            /* The last part of the string in the
                   *param,
                             /* foreign attribute.
 mtiInterfaceListT *generics, /* A list of generics for the foreign model.*/
 mti_AddLoadDoneCB( loadDoneCallback, 0 );
 mti_WriteProjectEntry( "MyConfig", "Solaris" );
 mti_WriteProjectEntry( "MyDesign", "cpu" );
 mti_WriteProjectEntry( "MyMemory", "4Meg" );
HDL code
entity for_model is
end for_model;
architecture a of for_model is
 attribute foreign of a : architecture is "initForeign for_model.sl";
begin
end a;
entity top is
end top;
architecture a of top is
 signal s1 : bit := '0';
 component for_model is
 end component;
  for all : for_model use entity work.for_model(a);
begin
 i1 : for_model;
 s1 <= not s1 after 5 ns;
end a;
Simulation output
% vsim -c top
Reading .../modeltech/tcl/vsim/pref.tcl
# 5.4b
# vsim -c top
# Loading .../modeltech/sunos5/../std.standard
# Loading work.top(a)
# Loading work.for_model(a)
# Loading ./for_model.sl
# MyConfig = Solaris
# MyDesign = cpu
```

FLI-672 FLI function definitions

MyMemory = 4Meg
VSIM 1> quit
% grep My modelsim.ini
MyConfig = Solaris
MyDesign = cpu
MyMemory = 4Meg

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