

# Analyzing Member vs. Casual Rider Behavior

**Data-Driven Insights to Increase Membership Conversions**

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# Problem & Objective

**Goal:** Identify behavioral differences between casual riders and members to develop strategies that **increase membership conversions**.

- **Why: Casual riders generate revenue, but members provide long-term value** through consistent, recurring usage.

## **Key Business Questions:**

1. **How do annual members and casual riders use Cyclistic bikes differently?**
2. **What factors influence casual riders to become members?**
3. **How can Cyclistic optimize its marketing efforts using data?**
4. **How can Cyclistic improve tracking of frequent casual users to enhance membership targeting?**

# Data Source & Methodology

## Dataset:

- Source: **Motivate International Inc.**
- Time Range: **January 2024- December 2024**
- **Total Rides Analyzed: 5.86M**

- **Tools & Techniques:**

- **Google BigQuery (SQL)** → Data Cleaning & Transformation
- **Tableau** → Data Visualization

# Ride Distribution

## Insight:

- Members **account for 64%** of total rides, casual riders **36%**.
- Members ride **consistently year-round**, casual riders are **more seasonal (summer)**

More memberships = **more revenue stability**.

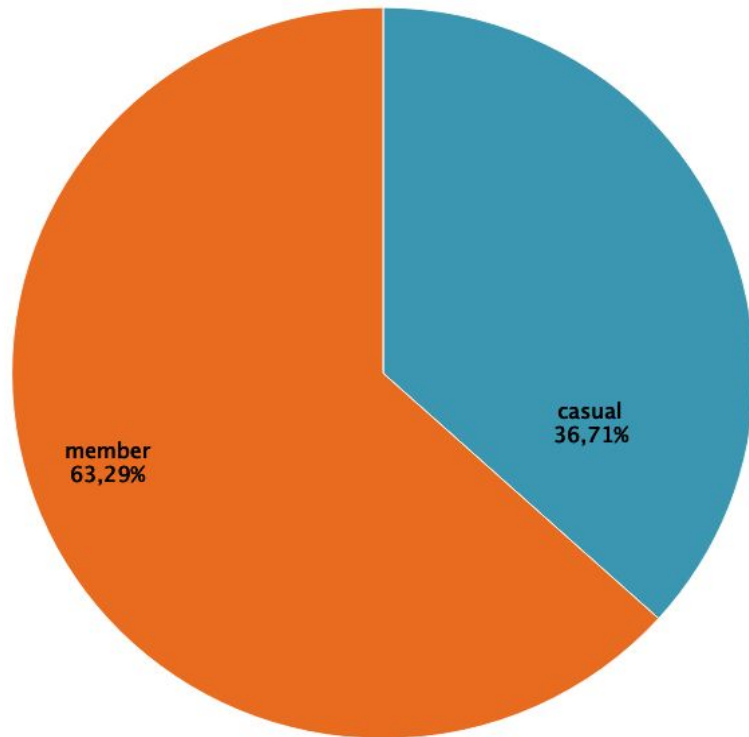
**Target casual riders** during **peak months (July - October)** to increase conversions.

## Action Plan:

Run **targeted promotional campaigns** during peak casual months.

Offer a **"Trial Membership"** for frequent casual users.

Annual Ride Distribution: Members vs Casual



# Ride Preferences – How Members and Casual Riders Choose Their Rides

## Key Insights:

- Electric bikes are the most popular choice for both members and casual riders.
- Classic bikes are the second-most used mode and are preferred slightly more by members.
- Casual riders are 2.5 times more likely to use scooters than members, suggesting different usage behaviors

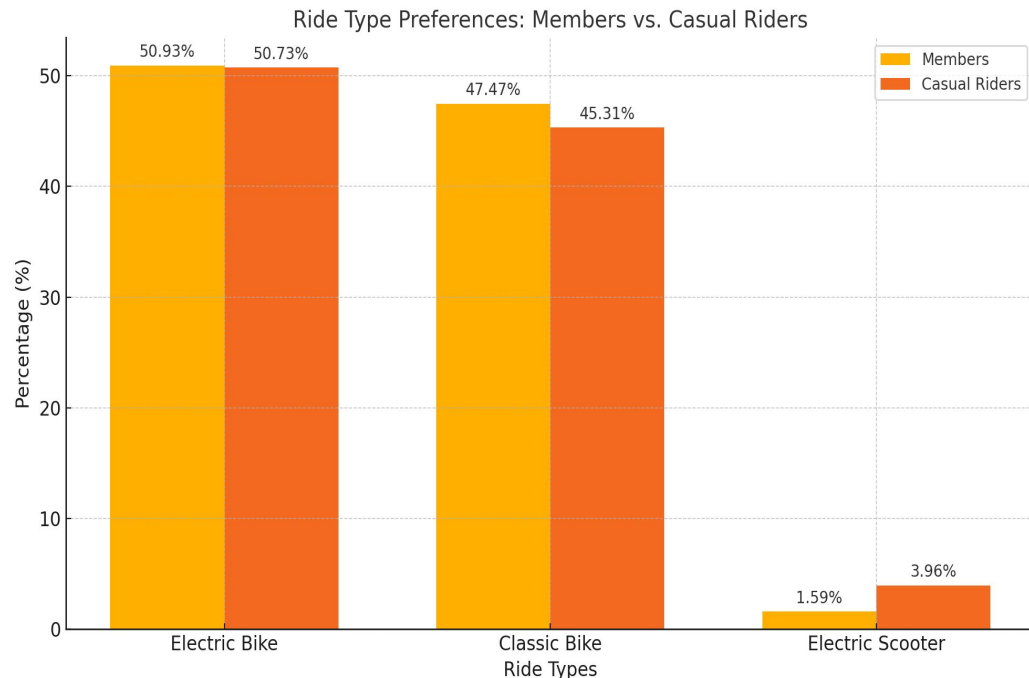
Scooters have a clear appeal to casual riders, suggesting an opportunity for scooter-specific membership packages or pricing adjustments.

## Action Plan:

Introduce an **Electric Bike Membership** tier offering unlimited electric bike rides.

Test a **Scooter Pass** option targeting casual riders who frequently use scooters.

Highlight commuter benefits for classic bike users, including **station priority for members during peak hours**.



# Ride Duration

## Insight:

- Casual riders **take 2x longer trips (24.66 min)** than members (**12.28 min**).
- Casual riders **prefer scooters & electric bikes more than members**.
- Casuals prefer classical bikes for long duration rides

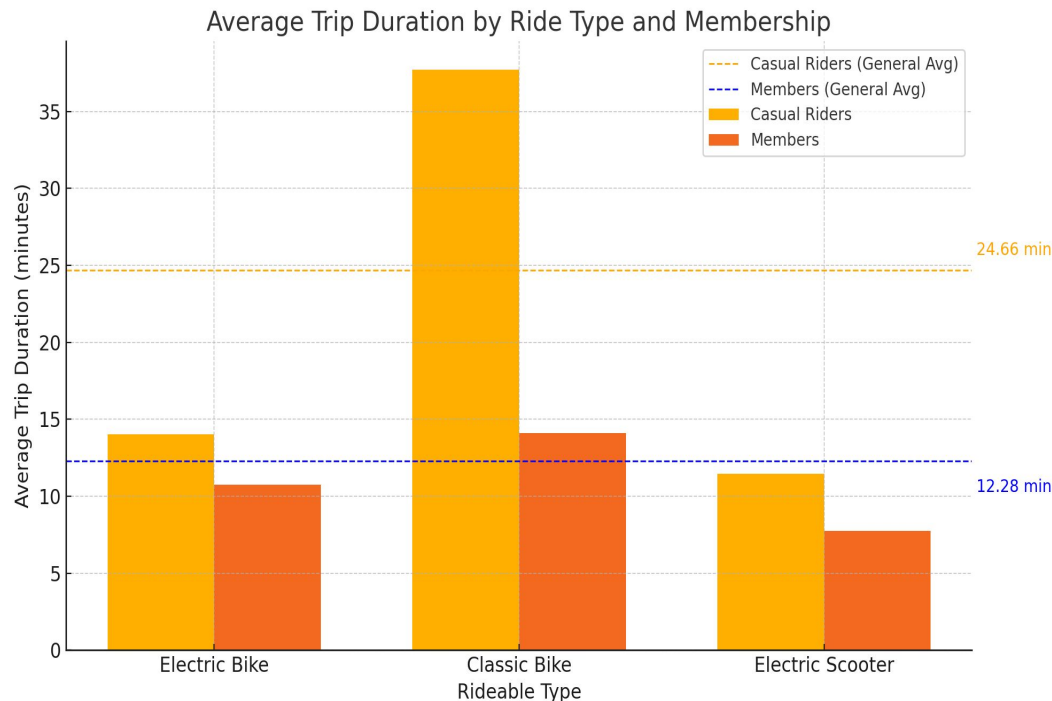
Casual riders **already take long rides**, meaning a **membership could save them money**.

Scooters & electric bikes are **conversion opportunities**.

## Action Plan:

Introduce a **"Scooter & E-Bike Membership or Discount for the first month"** for casual riders.

Market **"Unlimited Ride Membership Trial"** targeting long-trip casual riders.



# Peak Ride Hours – When Riders Use Cyclistic the Most

## Insights:

- The **peak time for both groups is between 4-6 PM**, making up **53%** of total rides
- **Members:** Most active from **12 PM - 7 PM**, accounting for **57.26% of total rides for members**, with the highest usage at **5 PM (10.6%)**.
- **Casual Riders:** Most active from **11 AM - 8 PM**, accounting for **66.65% of total rides**, with the highest usage at **6 PM (9.48%)**.

Members follow commuter behavior, with high demand in the morning and evening rush hours.

Casual riders are more leisure-oriented, riding later in the day and peaking in the early evening.

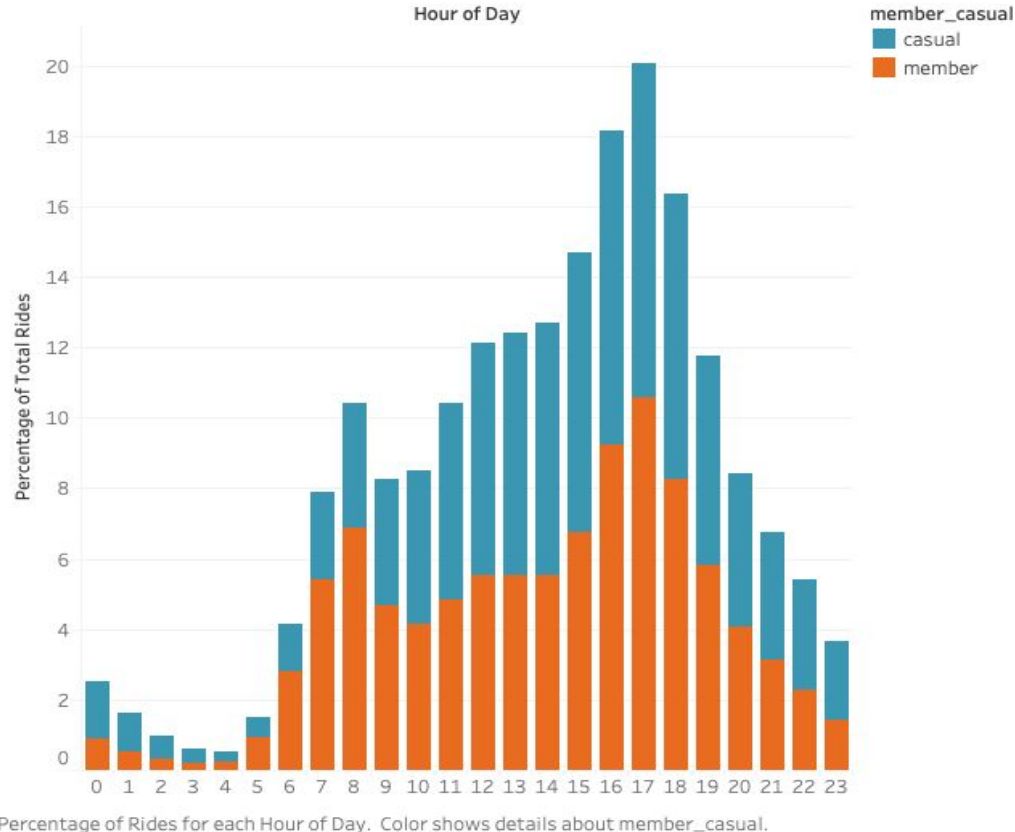
## Action Plan:

Introduce **commuter-based incentives for members**, such as priority docking and discounted rush-hour passes.

Launch **evening and weekend promotions for casual riders** to encourage more off-peak usage.

## Hourly Ride Distribution:

% of Total Rides by Membership Type



# Weekly Ride Trends

## Insight:

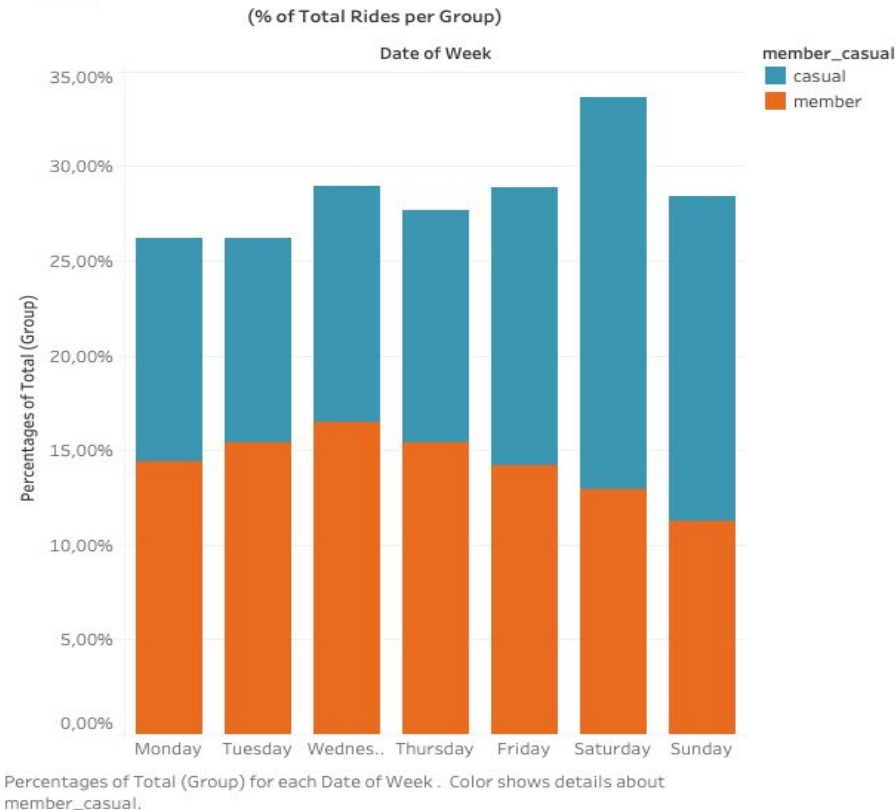
- Members **ride consistently but peak midweek (Tuesday - Thursday)** 47% of total rides
- Casual riders **peak on weekends**(50% of total rides), members **peak on weekdays**

**Highlights the suggestion that casuals use the services more of leisure**

## Action Plan:

**Offer weekday commuter discounts for members.**

Weekly Ride Distribution for Casual and Member Riders





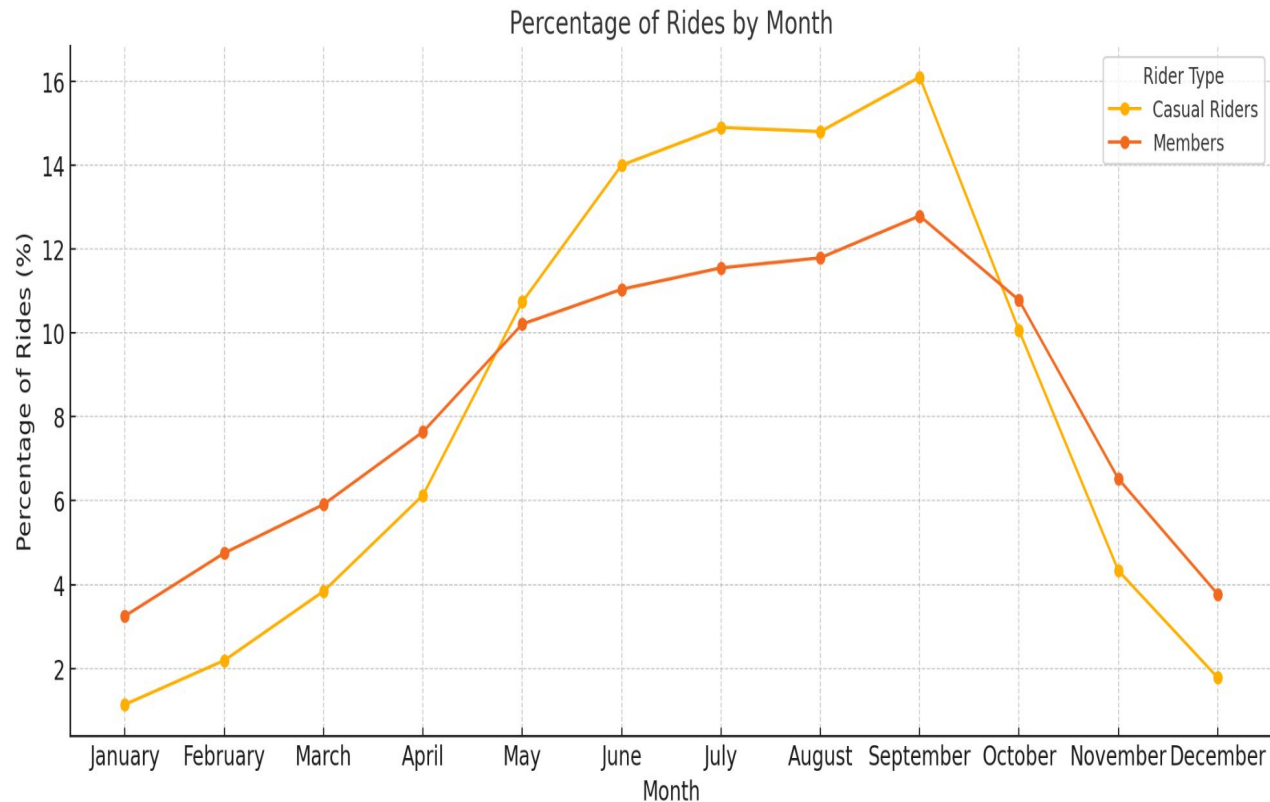
# Monthly Distribution

## Key Insight:

- **Casual riders are most active from July - October, with a clear peak in September.**
- **Members ride more consistently, but their ridership slightly increases in summer.**

## Action Plan:

- **Launch summer promotions to convert casual riders to members.**
- **Offer “Seasonal Membership Discounts” (target high-use months).**
- **Ensure high bike availability in peak summer months.**



# Geographic Insights

## Insight:

- Top zones **differ for members & casuals.**
- Casuals prefer **tourist-heavy areas**, members prefer **commuter zones**.

**Target casual riders with promotions in tourist zones.**

**Improve bike availability in high-traffic commuter areas.**

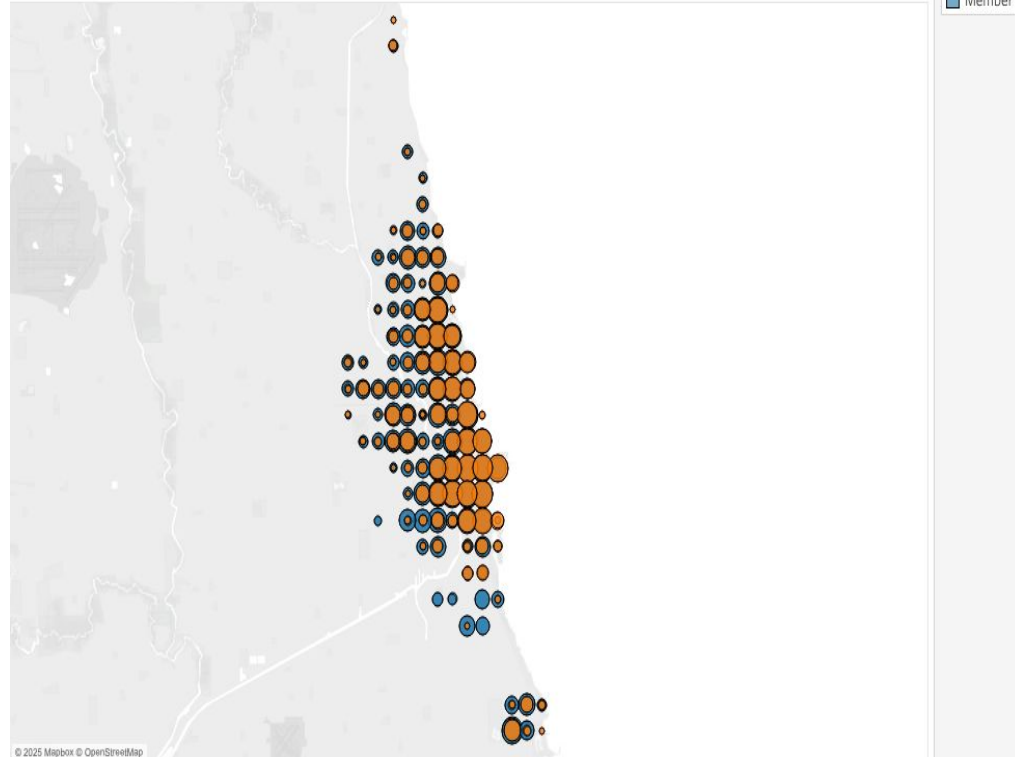
## Action Plan:

Increase **membership marketing** in top casual zones.

Ensure **high bike availability** in peak member zones

Density Map: Usage Hot Spots

Who rides where?



# Business Recommendations

Insight	Business Impact	Plan of Action
Members take <b>1.81x more trips</b> than casual riders.	Members generate <b>more revenue over time</b> .	<b>Launch limited-time membership discounts</b> for frequent casual riders.
Casual riders take <b>longer trips</b> (24.66 min vs. 12.28 min).	Casuals might convert if offered <b>cost savings on long rides</b> .	<b>Offer trial memberships after long rides</b> (e.g., "Enjoy unlimited rides for a week for \$5!").
Casuals prefer <b>scooters &amp; e-bikes</b> more than members.	They <b>value convenience &amp; speed</b> and are <b>willing to pay more</b> .	<b>Introduce a “Scooter &amp; E-Bike Membership”</b> with unlimited scooter rides.
Casual riders <b>peak on weekends</b> , members <b>peak midweek</b> .	Different behaviors require <b>different marketing strategies</b> .	<b>Create a “Weekend Warrior” membership</b> with discounted weekend rides.
Casuals prefer <b>scenic/tourist-heavy routes</b> , members take <b>short commuter routes</b> .	Different use cases mean <b>different membership messaging</b> .	<b>Promote scenic ride memberships</b> to casuals & commuter benefits to members.
Cyclistic does <b>not track frequent casual riders</b> .	Can’t identify or retarget high-value casual users for conversion.	<b>Implement guest profiles or loyalty tracking</b> to collect ride history & offer personalized membership incentives.

# Next Steps & Closing Statement

## Next Steps for the Marketing Team:

- Pilot test targeted promotions.
- Optimize pricing & introduce membership tiers for scooters.
- Evaluate customer feedback & iterate on membership models.

## Final Statement:

Cyclistic can maximize revenue by strategically converting casual riders into members.

# Data Cleaning & Processing

## Key Steps Taken:

**Schema Validation** → Ensured column consistency across 12 months.

**Filtered Dataset** → Retained only relevant columns for analysis.

**Handled Missing Data** → Found 18-23% missing values in station names.

**Checked for Duplicates** → Verified unique ride IDs.

**Created a Clean Dataset** → Used for Tableau visualization.

# Find This Project Online

## Links to Project Files:

GitHub Repository (SQL & Documentation) → [Cyclistic\\_project/SQL\\_Quieries](#)

Full Report & Presentation PDF → [Github/cyclistic\\_project](#)

## How to Use These Files:

- **SQL Queries** → View **data cleaning, transformation, and analysis code**.
- **Project Report** → Full methodology & recommendations.