$$f(Y=y, X>0) = \underbrace{\sum_{n \in \overline{J}(y)} \frac{f_{x}(n) u(n)}{|J'(n)|}}_{n \in J'(y)} = \underbrace{\frac{f_{x}(n) u(n)}{|J'(n)|}}_{J'(n)=2n}$$

$$\underbrace{f(Y=y, X>0)}_{n \in J'(y)} = \underbrace{\frac{f_{x}(n) u(n)}{|J'(n)|}}_{J'(n)=2n}$$

$$\frac{1}{f(y=y,x>0)} = \frac{f_x(5\overline{y})}{25\overline{y}} u(y)$$

$$\frac{1}{f(x>0)} = 1 - f(x<0) = 1 - F_x(0)$$

$$\frac{f(y=y,x>0)}{f(x>0)} = \frac{f(y=y,x>0)}{f(x>0)}$$

$$\frac{f(y=y,x>0)}{f(x>0)} = \frac{f_x(5\overline{y})}{25\overline{y}} u(y) \cdot \frac{1}{1 - F_x(0)}$$

$$f_{\chi}(n) \longrightarrow M_A(t) \times M_B(t) \times M_c(t) = (1-2t)^{-10} = M_{\chi}(t)$$

$$\longrightarrow \mathbb{E}\left[\chi^{3}\right] = \left[\chi^{3}\right] = \left[\chi^{3}\right] = \left[\chi^{3}\right] = \left[\chi^{3}\right] + \left[\chi^{3}\right] = \left[\chi^{3}\right]$$

$$M_{\chi}'(t) = 20 (1-2t)^{-11}$$

$$M_{\chi}''(t) = 440 (1-2t)^{-12}$$

$$M_{\chi}''(t) = 10560 (1-2t)^{-13} \quad \textcircled{*}$$

تاج عدد (م)و در ازه (ص, ص) می برک است بس دار):

: طبق معدت سوال

$$p(M=1 | S=0, T=0) = 0.93$$
 $p(S=0) = 0.6$
 $p(M=1 | S=0, T=1) = 0.87$
 $p(M=1 | S=1, T=0) = 0.73$
 $p(M=1 | S=1, T=1) = 0.68$

$$\rho\left(T=0 \mid S=0\right) = 0.2$$

$$\rho\left(T=0 \mid S=1\right) = 0.8$$

$$- p(T=0) = \rho(T=0 \mid s=0) \rho(s=0) + \rho(T=0 \mid s=1) \rho(s=1) = 0.44$$

$$\frac{3.b}{\rho(M=1|T=1)} = \rho(M=1|S=0,T=1) \rho(S=0|T=1) + \rho(M=1|S=1,T=1) \rho(S=1|T=1) \rho(S=1|T=1)$$

$$\frac{0.8 \times 0.6}{0.56} = 0.68$$

$$\approx 0.84$$

طبق 2 بخش قبل به نظر می دسد درمان B بعد است. اما احتال های موفقیت به دست آمده براساس آن است که برسکان بسته به انگه بیمار سنگ کعیک دارد یا بزرگ ، درمان A را تجویز می کنند . اکثر بخواهیم در حالت کلی بسینم که کدام درمان بعتر است باید احتمال موفقیت به شرط هر درمان را در حالتی حساب کمنیم که فقط هان درمان تجویز شود بعنی :

$$P(M=1 \mid T=0) = 0.93 \times \frac{1 \times 0.6}{1} + 0.73 \times \frac{1 \times 0.4}{1} = 0.85$$

$$P(M=1 \mid T=1) = 0.87 \times \frac{1 \times 0.6}{1} + 0.68 \times \frac{1 \times 0.4}{1} = 0.79$$

با بران به طور که درمان A بعتر است اگر دخان دکتر ها را حذف کینم

$$\frac{4.a}{4.a} \quad \forall n \quad \forall \alpha \gamma \left[Y \mid X = x \right] = \mathbb{E} \left[\left(Y - \mathbb{E} \left[Y \mid X = x \right] \right)^{2} \mid X = x \right] \\
= \mathbb{E} \left[Y^{2} + \mathbb{E} \left[Y \mid X = x \right]^{2} - 2Y \mathbb{E} \left[Y \mid X = x \right] \mid X = x \right] \\
= \mathbb{E} \left[Y^{2} \mid X = x \right] + \mathbb{E} \left[\mathbb{E} \left[Y \mid X = x \right]^{2} \mid X = x \right] - 2\mathbb{E} \left[Y \mathbb{E} \left[Y \mid X = x \right] \mid X = x \right] \\
= \mathbb{E} \left[Y^{2} \mid X = x \right] + \mathbb{E} \left[\mathbb{E} \left[Y \mid X = x \right]^{2} \mid X = x \right] - 2\mathbb{E} \left[Y \mathbb{E} \left[Y \mid X = x \right] \mid X = x \right] \right]$$

: Ne to gib E il inlived randomness to g(m) is

$$= \mathbb{E}[Y^{2}|X=x] + \mathbb{E}[Y|X=x]^{2} - 2\mathbb{E}[Y|X=x]\mathbb{E}[Y|X=x]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}[Y^{2}|X=x] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X=x]^{2}$$

$$\longrightarrow \text{Var}[Y|X] = \mathbb{E}[Y^{2}|X] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X]^{2}$$

4.6

$$\frac{\text{Aalois. oil}}{\text{Var}[X|Z]} = \mathbb{E}[X^{2}|Z] - \mathbb{E}[X|Z]^{2} = \mathbb{E}[Var[X|Z]] = \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[X^{2}|Z]] - \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[X|Z]^{2}]$$

total expectation and

$$VaY[E[XIZ]] = E[E[XIZ]^2] - E[E[XIZ]^2]$$

$$E[X]Z$$

total expectation and

$$\forall y \ \mathbb{E}\left[X \mid Y = y\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} n \ f_{X|Y}(n|y) \ dn = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} n \ \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{XYZ}(n,y,z) \ dz}{f_{Y}(y)} \ dn$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} n \ \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{X|YZ}(n|y,z) \ f_{YZ}(y,z) \ dz}{f_{Y}(y)} \ dn \ dz = \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbb{E}\left[X \mid Y,Z\right] \mid Y = y\right]$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{f_{YZ}(y,z)}{f_{Y}(y,z)} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} n \ f_{X|Y,Z}(n|y,z) \ dn \ dz = \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbb{E}\left[X \mid Y,Z\right] \mid Y = y\right]$$

$$Vax\left[\mathbb{E}\left[x|Z,Y\right]/Y\right] = \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbb{E}\left[x|Z,Y\right]^{2}/Y\right] - \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbb{E}\left[x|Y,z\right]/Y\right]^{2} \text{ (1)}$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\bigvee_{X \in X} \left[X \mid Z, Y \right] \middle| Y \right] = \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbb{E}\left[X^2 \mid Z, Y \right] - \mathbb{E}\left[X \mid Z, Y \right]^2 \middle| Y \right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left[X^2 \mid Y \right] - \mathbb{E}\left[\mathbb{E}\left[X \mid Z, Y \right]^2 \middle| Y \right] \quad \text{II}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\boxed{D+\square} & \text{Var}\left[\mathbb{E}\left[X|Z,Y\right]|Y\right] + \mathbb{E}\left[\text{Var}\left[X|Z,Y\right]|Y\right] \\
= \mathbb{E}\left[X^{2}|Y\right] - \mathbb{E}\left[X|Y\right]^{2} = \text{Var}\left[X|Y\right]
\end{array}$$

یم برای متغیر تصادی X برابر با Ma برای M-X است . پس MGF را بای X-M به دست ی آدیم:

$$M_{X-M}(t) = \mathbb{E}_{x} \left[e^{t(x-M)} \right] = e^{-tM} \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_{x} \left[e^{tx} \right]}_{M_{x}(t)} = e^{\frac{1}{2} \epsilon^{2} t^{2}}$$

$$M'_{X-M}(t) = 6^2 t e^{\frac{1}{2}6^2 t^2}$$

$$M_{X,M}^{"}(t) = (6^2 + 6^4 t^2) e^{\frac{1}{2}6^2 t^2}$$

$$M_{X-M}^{*}(t) = (6^{6}t^{3} + 36^{4}t)e^{\frac{1}{2}6^{2}t^{2}}$$

$$M_{X-M}^{(1)}(t) = \left(6^{8}t^{4} + 66^{6}t^{2} + 36^{4}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}6^{2}t^{2}}$$
 - $M_{X-M}^{(1)}(t)\Big|_{t=0} = 36^{4}$

- kurt (x) =
$$\frac{M_{x-x}^{(1)}|_{t=0}}{(6^2)^2} = \frac{36^4}{6^4} = 3$$

6

$$p(s\leqslant s) = \frac{2s}{l} \quad o\leqslant s\leqslant \frac{l}{2}$$

بالنجم بر الله ك از توزيع يلنواعت سروى ع لند داري .

$$p(R\leqslant r) = p\left(\frac{1-\varsigma}{\varsigma}\leqslant r\right) = p\left(\varsigma > \frac{1}{1+r}\right) = 1-p\left(\varsigma < \frac{1}{1+r}\right) \xrightarrow{2} 1-\frac{2}{1+r} = \boxed{\frac{r-1}{r+1}} \quad r\in [1,\infty)$$

$$f_{R}(y) = \frac{dF_{R}(y)}{dy} = \frac{y+1-y+1}{(y+1)^{2}} = \frac{2}{(y+1)^{2}}$$
 $Y \in [1,\infty)$

ابع در این [۵,2] کی بریک است پس داری :

$$\frac{f_{Y}(j) = \frac{f_{X}(N)}{|g'(N)|}}{|g'(N)|} = \frac{f_{X}(JJ)}{2JJ} = \begin{cases} \frac{5J^{2}}{32\times2JJ} & \text{old} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{64}J^{\frac{3}{2}} & \text{old} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$g'(N) = 2N$$

$$N = JJ$$

$$[0,4] : F_{Y}(y) = \int_{0}^{y} \frac{5}{64} y^{\frac{3}{2}} dy = \frac{5}{64} \left(\frac{2}{5} y^{\frac{5}{2}}\right) \Big|_{0} = \frac{5}{64} \times \frac{2}{5} J^{\frac{5}{2}} = \frac{1}{32} J^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$F_{Y}(y) = \begin{cases} 1 & y > 4 \\ \frac{1}{32}y^{\frac{5}{2}} & 0 < y < 4 \\ 0 & y < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$F_{Y}(y)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[Y] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y f_{Y}(y) dy = \int_{0}^{4} \frac{5}{64} y^{\frac{5}{2}} dy = \frac{5}{64} \left(\frac{2}{7} y^{\frac{7}{2}}\right) \Big|_{0}^{4} = \frac{5}{32x7} \times 2^{\frac{7}{2}} = \frac{20}{7}$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[Y^{2}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} J^{2} f_{Y}(y) dy = \int_{0}^{4} \frac{5}{64} J^{\frac{7}{2}} dy = \frac{5}{64} \left(\frac{2}{9} J^{\frac{9}{2}}\right) \Big|_{0}^{4} = \frac{5}{32 \times 9} \times 2^{9} = \frac{80}{9}$$

$$- \text{Var}[Y] = \mathbb{E}[Y^2] - \mathbb{E}[Y]^2 = \frac{80}{9} - \frac{400}{49} = \frac{3920 - 3600}{441} = \frac{320}{441}$$

- source 1
- source 2