CIS 22B 1 First Name Last Name

Review: INHERITANCE

1. Eirst Name Last Name

A. Circle the name of the base class

B. Circle the name of the derived class

First Name Last Name

C. What is the output?

```
class House
{
    public:
    House() { cout << "In the house.\n"; }
    ~House() { cout << "Out of the house.\n"; }
};

class Room : public House
{
    public:
    Room() { cout << "In the room.\n"; }
    ~Room() { cout << "Out of the room.\n"; }
};

// In main()
    Room myRoom;

OUTPUT:</pre>
```

## **2.** What is the output?

class House

```
public:
    House() { cout << "In the house.\n"; }</pre>
    House(double fahr)
        { cout << fahr << " degrees in the house" << endl;}
    ~House() { cout << "Out of house house.\n";}
};
class Room : public House
    public:
    Room() { cout << "In the room.\n"; }</pre>
    Room(double t1, double t2) : House (t1)
          { cout << t2 << " degrees in the room" << endl;}
    ~Room() { cout << "Out of the room.\n";}
} ;
                                 OUTPUT:
// In main()
    Room myRoom(65, 70);
```

```
CIS 22B 2
```

Review: INHERITANCE

```
3. Given the following:
```

```
class Alpha
{
   private:
       int one;
       int two;
   protected:
       int six;
       void setOne(int a) { one = a; }
       void setTwo(int b) { two = b; }
   public:
       void setSix(int c) { six = c; }
};
//A.
class Beta : public Alpha
Indicate whether each member of the Alpha class is
private, protected, public, or inaccessible:
one
           two
                      six
                                  set0ne
                                             setTwo
                                                         setSix
//B.
class Beta: protected Alpha
Indicate whether each member of the Alpha class is
private, protected, public, or inaccessible:
                      six
one
           two
                                 set0ne
                                             setTwo
                                                         setSix
//C.
class Beta : private Alpha
Indicate whether each member of the Alpha class is
private, protected, public, or inaccessible:
                                                        setSix
one
           two
                      six
                                  setOne
                                             setTwo
```