

# Digital Egypt Pioneers Initiative (DEPI)

## Graduation Project Documentation

**Project Name:** League Management System

**Track:** Software Development

**Job Profile:** Full Stack .NET Web Developer

**Company Name:** ACICT / AST

**Group Number:** CAI2\_SWD5\_S7

**Team Number:** 1

Team Members
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# 1. Project Planning & Management

## 1.1 Project Proposal

### Overview

The League Management System (LMS) is a web-based platform designed to streamline the creation and management of leagues and tournaments across various game types, including Football, e-sports and ...etc. The system enables users to create leagues, register teams and players, schedule matches, track results, and manage leaderboards efficiently.

### Objectives

- Develop an intuitive and user-friendly platform for managing leagues and tournaments.
- Implement a robust backend using .NET Core MVC to handle data efficiently.
- Ensure scalability to accommodate various types of sports and gaming competitions.
- Provide role-based access control (Admin, Organizer, Player, Viewer).
- Automate match scheduling and leaderboard updates.

### Scope

- **Included Features:**
  - League creation and configuration
  - Team and player registration
  - Match scheduling and results tracking
  - Leaderboard and statistics display
  - User authentication and role management
- **Excluded Features (Future Enhancements):**
  - Live match tracking

- Mobile app integration
- AI-based match predictions

## 1.2 Project Plan

### Timeline (Gantt Chart)

	March	April				May
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Requirements Gathering & Prototyping						
Frontend Development (HTML, CSS, JS)						
Backend Development (.NET Core MVC)						
Testing & Debugging						
Deployment & Documentation						

### Milestones & Deliverables

- **Week 1:** Completed wireframes and UI mockups.
- **Week 2:** Functional static prototype.
- **Week 4:** Backend integration with database setup.
- **Week 5:** Functional testing and bug fixes.
- **Week 6:** Deployment and final project documentation.

### 1.3 Task Assignment & Roles

Team Member	Role	Responsibilities
Mohamed Ibrahim	Backend Developer	Backend architecture, API development
Hasan Saeed	Frontend Developer	UI/UX design, JavaScript interactivity
Ali Mahmoud	Database Administrator	Database design, SQL optimization
Nour El Dein Ahmed	QA Tester	Testing, bug tracking, documentation
Seif Gamal	Project Manager	Task allocation, milestone tracking, risk management

## 1.4 Risk Assessment & Mitigation Plan

Risk	Impact	Mitigation Strategy
Scope Creep	High	Define strict requirements upfront
Team Availability Issues	Medium	Have a backup plan for tasks
Technical Challenges	High	Research & allocate extra debugging time
Security Vulnerabilities	High	Implement authentication & validation
Performance Bottlenecks	Medium	Optimize queries & caching

## 1.5 Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

KPI	Description
System Uptime	Maintain 99.9% uptime
Response Time	Ensure response times < 1 sec
User Adoption Rate	Target 50+ users in first 3 months
Bug Resolution Time	Fix critical bugs within 24 hours
Feature Completion	Deliver all planned features on time

## 2. Literature Review

### 2.1 Feedback & Evaluation

#### Lecturer's Assessment

Evaluation Criteria	Feedback
<b>Project Concept</b>	The idea of a League Management System is well-structured and applicable to multiple sports and e-sports. It effectively addresses the need for efficient tournament organization.
<b>Technical Implementation</b>	The project demonstrates a strong understanding of full-stack development, leveraging .NET Core MVC for backend and JavaScript for frontend interactivity.
<b>User Experience (UX)</b>	The UI design is intuitive and user-friendly, but improvements could be made to enhance mobile responsiveness and accessibility.
<b>Scalability &amp; Performance</b>	The system has a solid foundation for handling multiple concurrent users, though further optimization in database queries and API response times is recommended.
<b>Security Considerations</b>	Role-based access control is well-implemented, but additional measures like two-factor authentication could enhance security.

### 2.2 Suggested Improvements

#### Enhancements & Future Scope

- 1. Mobile App Integration** – Developing a mobile version of the platform for a better user experience.
- 2. AI-Based Scheduling** – Implementing an AI-driven scheduling system to optimize match fixtures.



3. **Live Match Tracking** – Enabling real-time match updates with live scoreboards.
4. **Expanded Game Types** – Supporting more sports and gaming tournaments beyond the initial scope.
5. **Community Features** – Adding forums or chat functionalities for player engagement.
6. **Performance Optimization** – Enhancing database indexing and caching strategies for faster load times.

## 2.3 Final Grading Criteria

Assessment Category	Weight (%)	Evaluation Factors
<b>Documentation</b>	20%	Completeness, clarity, and professionalism of planning and technical documents.
<b>Implementation</b>	40%	Functional correctness, adherence to best coding practices, and successful integration of frontend and backend components.
<b>Testing &amp; Debugging</b>	20%	Test case coverage, bug resolution efficiency, and overall system stability.
<b>Presentation &amp; Demonstration</b>	20%	Clarity in explaining the project, engaging presentation, and ability to answer questions confidently.

## 3. Requirements Gathering

### 3.1 Stakeholder Analysis

#### Key Stakeholders & Their Needs

Stakeholder	Role	Needs
League Organizer	Creates and manages leagues	Easy-to-use tournament setup, match scheduling, leaderboard updates
Players	Participates in leagues	Registration, match details, and standings visibility
Spectators	Views league updates	Real-time results, leaderboards, and match schedules
Admin	Manages platform operations	User management, security enforcement, system monitoring

### 3.2 User Stories & Use Cases

#### User Stories

1. **As a league organizer**, I want to create a tournament by selecting the game type and format so that I can manage competitions efficiently.
2. **As a player**, I want to register for a league so that I can participate in matches.
3. **As an admin**, I want to manage user access levels so that the system remains secure.
4. **As a spectator**, I want to browse upcoming matches and leaderboards so that I can follow my favorite teams.

## Use Cases

### Use Case 1: Create a League

**Actor:** League Organizer

**Preconditions:** User is logged in as an organizer

**Steps:**

1. Navigate to “Create League” page.
2. Enter league details (name, sport type, format, teams count).
3. Configure scheduling options.
4. Submit and confirm league creation.

**Postcondition:** League is created and accessible to players.

### Use Case 2: Register a Player

**Actor:** Player

**Preconditions:** League is open for registration

**Steps:**

1. Navigate to available leagues.
2. Select a league to join.
3. Complete registration form.
4. Submit and receive confirmation.

**Postcondition:** Player is added to the league.

### 3.3 Functional Requirements

#### Core Features

- **User Management:** Registration, login, role-based access.
- **League Creation:** Support for different tournament formats (round-robin, knockout, hybrid).
- **Team & Player Registration:** Ability to join leagues, manage teams.
- **Match Scheduling:** Automatic and manual scheduling options.
- **Results & Standings:** Score updates, leaderboard tracking.
- **Notifications:** Alerts for upcoming matches and updates.
- **Admin Panel:** User and league management controls.

### 3.4 Non-Functional Requirements

#### Performance

- The system should handle 500+ concurrent users efficiently.
- Page load time should be under 2 seconds.

#### Security

- Encrypted password storage and secure authentication.
- Role-based access control (RBAC) implementation.

#### Usability

- Responsive design for mobile and desktop.
- Intuitive UI with minimal learning curve.

#### Reliability

- Ensure 99.9% system uptime.
- Data backups to prevent loss in case of failure.

## 4. System Analysis & Design

### 4.1 Problem Statement & Objectives

#### Problem Statement

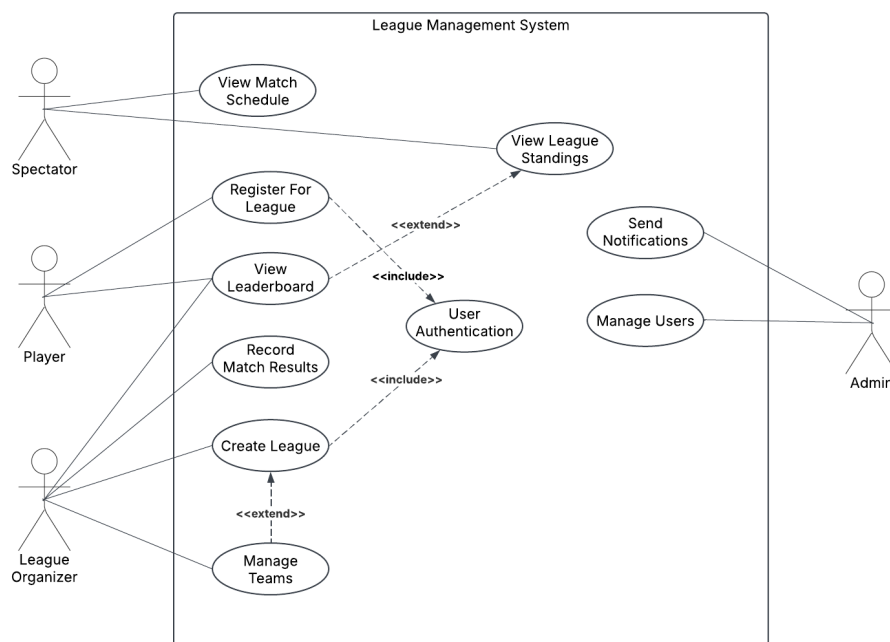
Managing sports and e-sports leagues manually is inefficient, error-prone, and lacks a centralized system for scheduling, team management, and result tracking. Our League Management System (LMS) provides an automated, user-friendly solution for organizing leagues and tournaments across various game types.

#### Objectives

- Develop a web-based system for creating and managing leagues.
- Automate match scheduling and leaderboard updates.
- Provide secure role-based access control.
- Ensure scalability and responsiveness for optimal user experience.

#### Use Case Diagram & Descriptions

##### Use Case Diagram:



## Actors & Interactions:

- **Admin:** Manages system users and configurations.
- **League Organizer:** Creates tournaments, manages teams, schedules matches.
- **Player:** Registers for leagues and views match schedules.
- **Spectator:** Views league standings and match results.

## Functional & Non-Functional Requirements

### Functional Requirements:

- User authentication and role-based access.
- League creation and configuration.
- Match scheduling and result tracking.
- Automated leaderboard updates.
- Notifications for match events.

### Non-Functional Requirements:

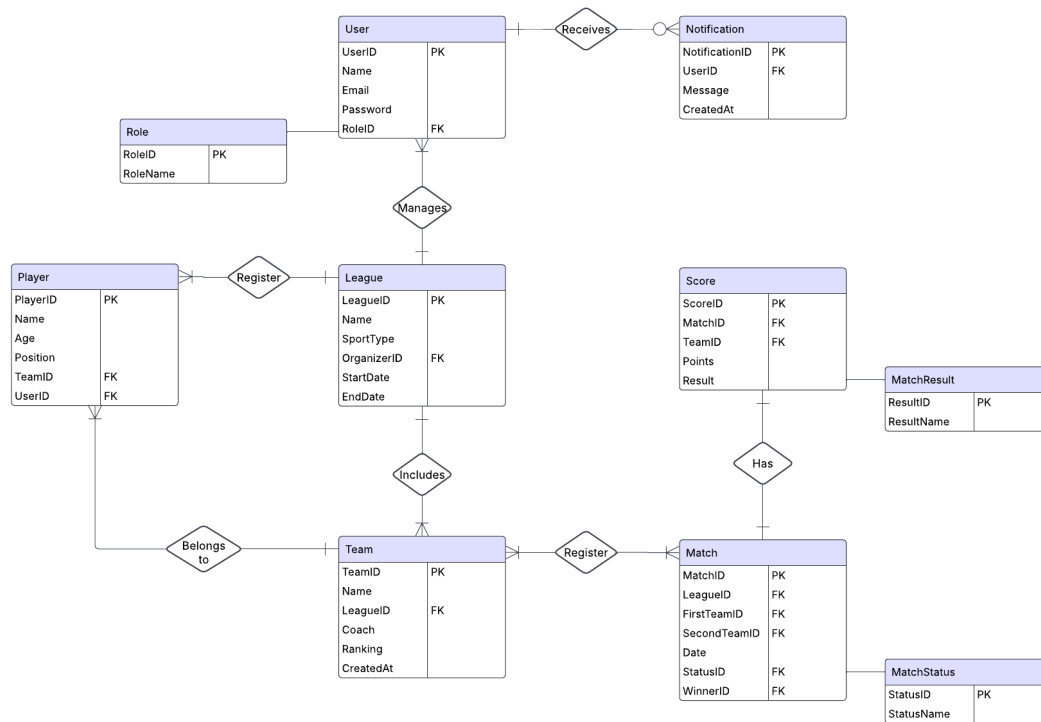
- Performance: Fast response times ( $< 2$  seconds per request).
- Security: Secure authentication with encrypted passwords.
- Usability: Intuitive UI for easy navigation.
- Scalability: Support for multiple concurrent leagues.

## Software Architecture

- **Architecture Style:** MVC (Model-View-Controller) for separation of concerns.
- **Components:**
  - Frontend: HTML, CSS, JavaScript
  - Backend: .NET Core MVC
  - Database: SQL Server
  - APIs: RESTful services for data interactions.

## 4.2 Database Design & Data Modeling

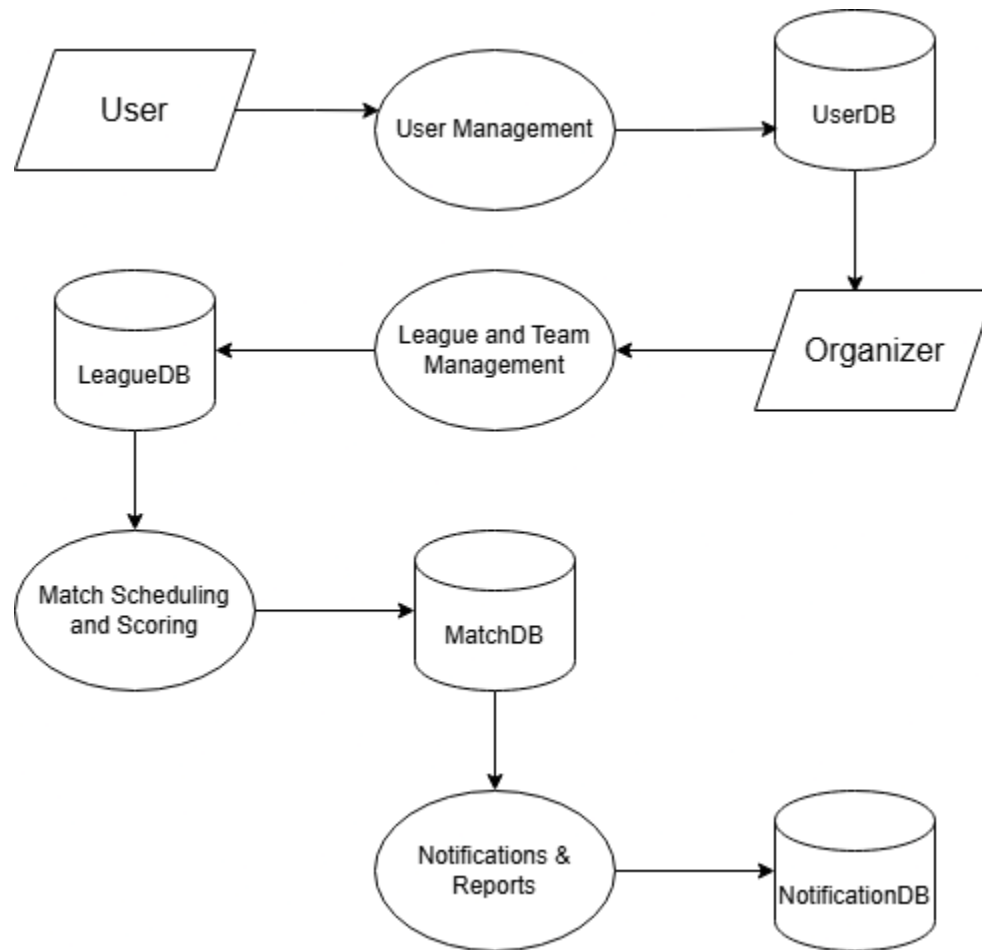
### ER Diagram - Logical & Physical Schema



Normalization considerations ensure data consistency and eliminate redundancy.

## 4.3 Data Flow & System Behavior

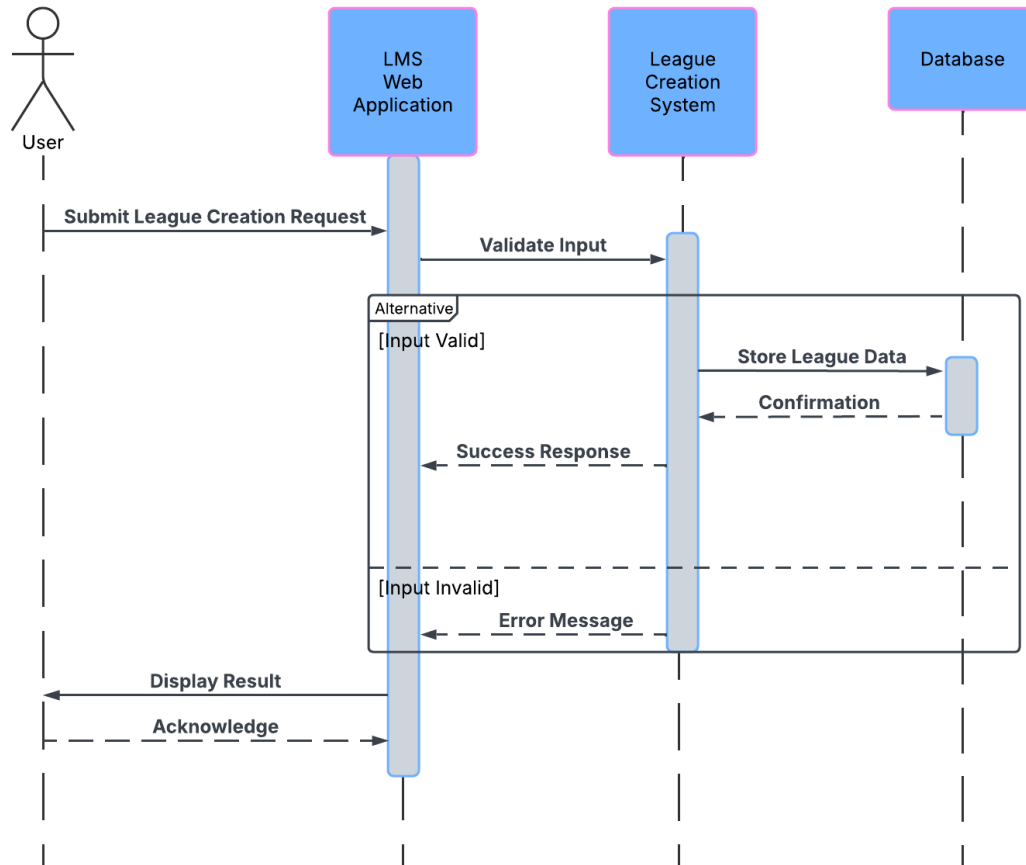
### Data Flow Diagram (DFD)





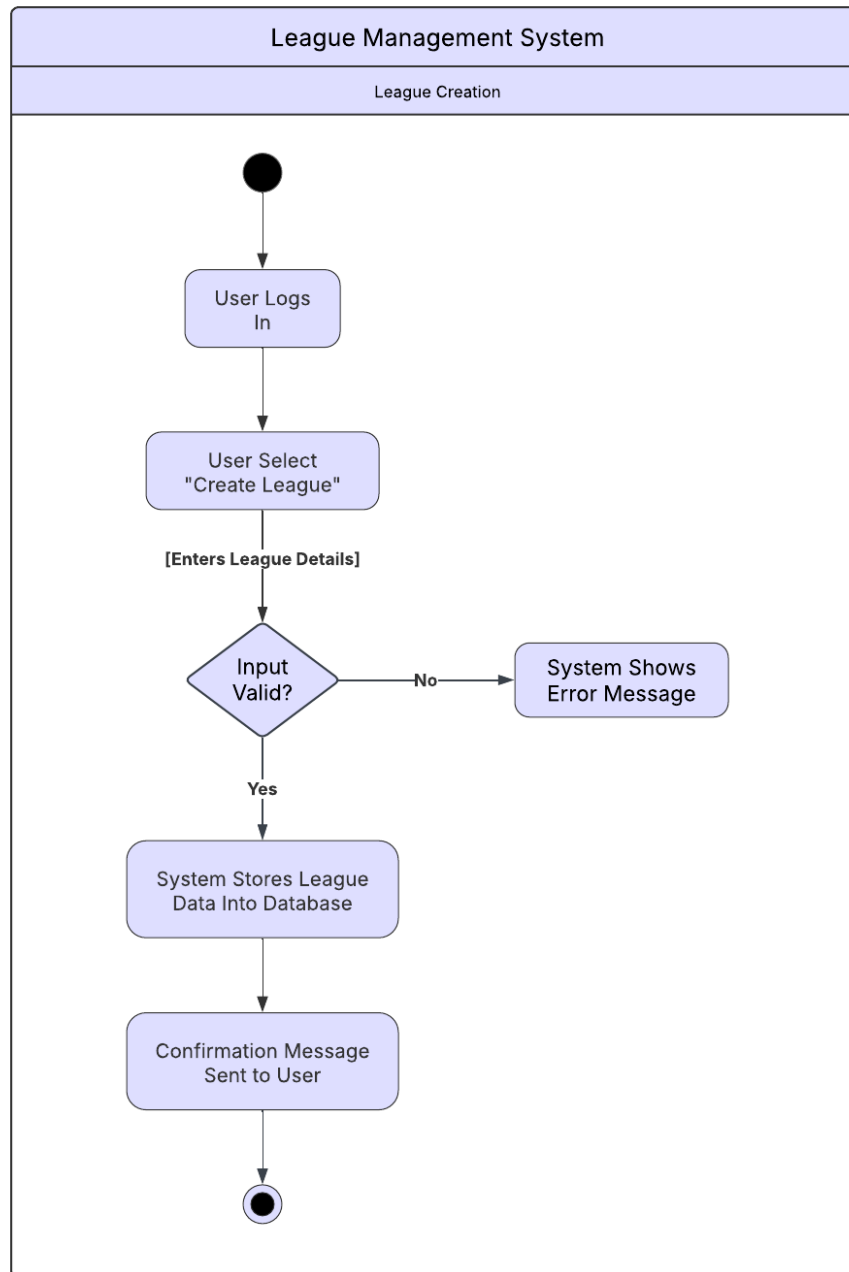
## Sequence Diagrams

Illustrates key interactions for league creation.



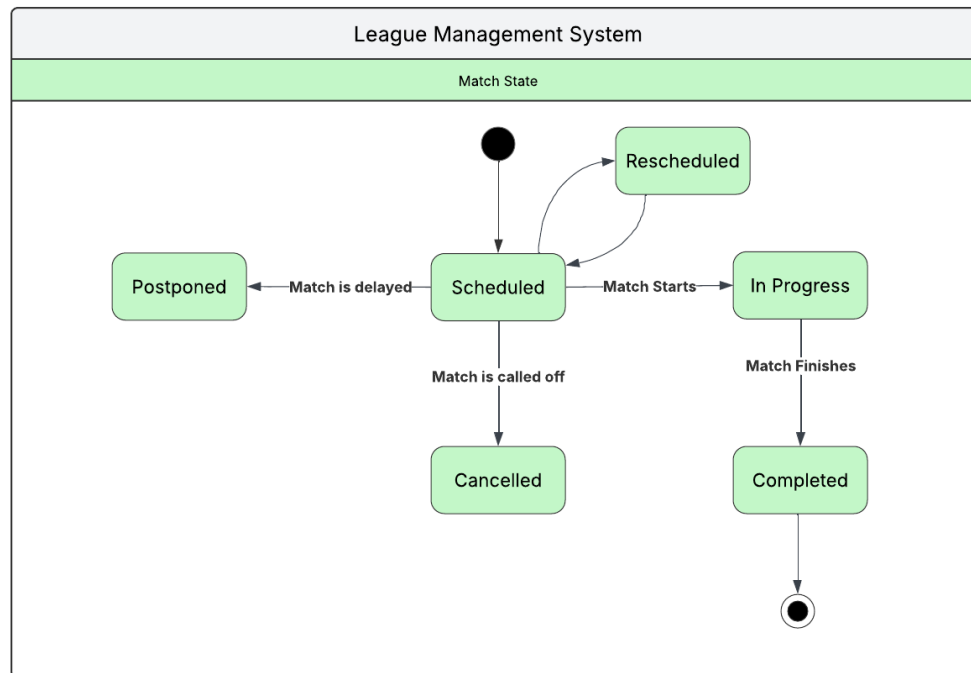
## Activity Diagram

Visualizes the process of registering a league and scheduling matches.



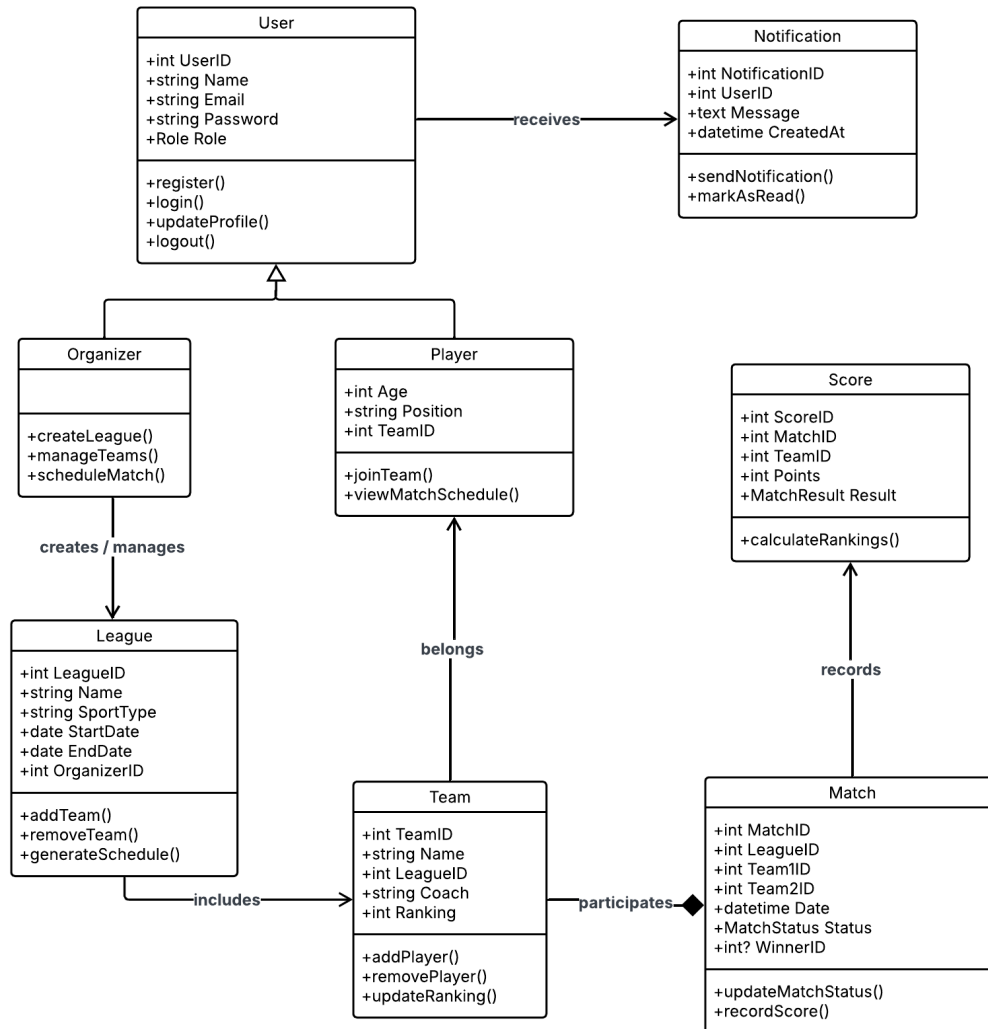
## State Diagram

Defines the different states of a match (Scheduled → In Progress → Completed).



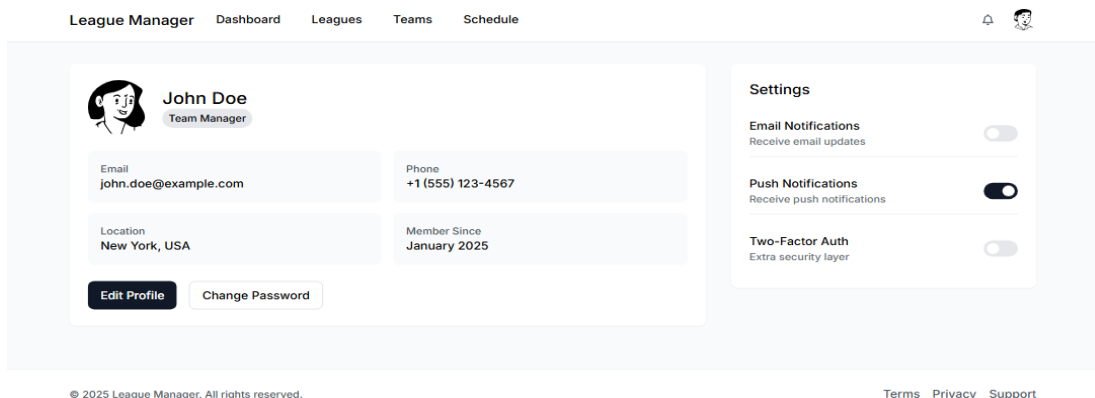
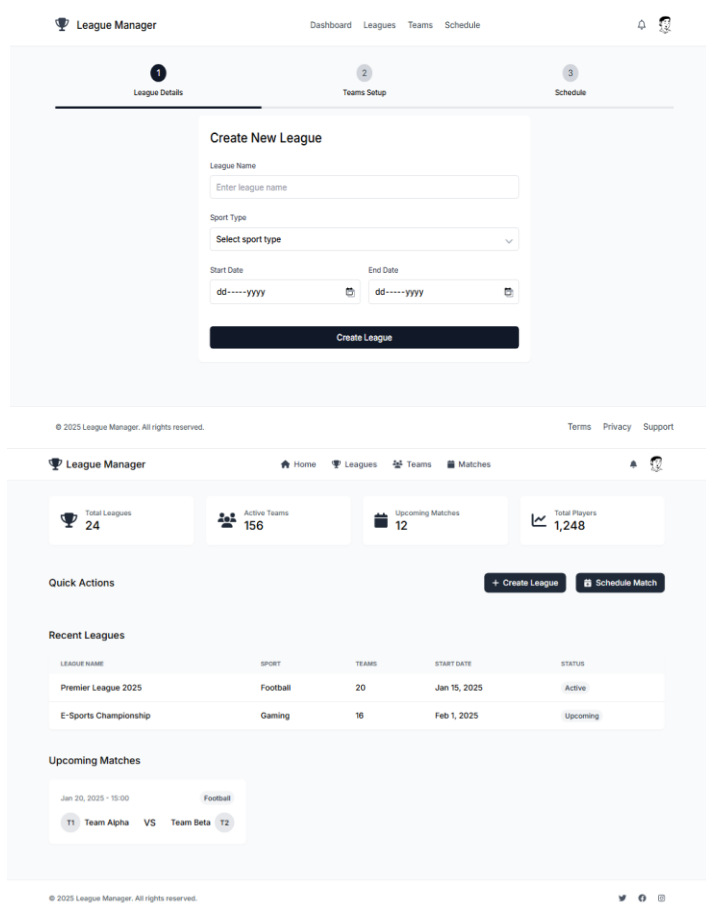
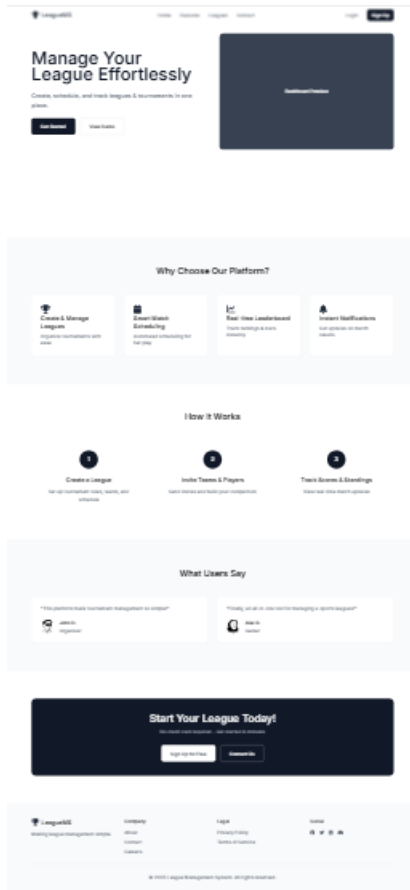
## Class Diagram

Depicts system classes, their attributes, and relationships.



## 4.4 UI/UX Design & Prototyping

### Wireframes & Mockups



### UI/UX Guidelines

- **Color Scheme:** Modern, minimalistic theme with contrast for readability.
- **Typography:** Sans-serif fonts for clarity.
- **Accessibility:** WCAG-compliant design for inclusivity.

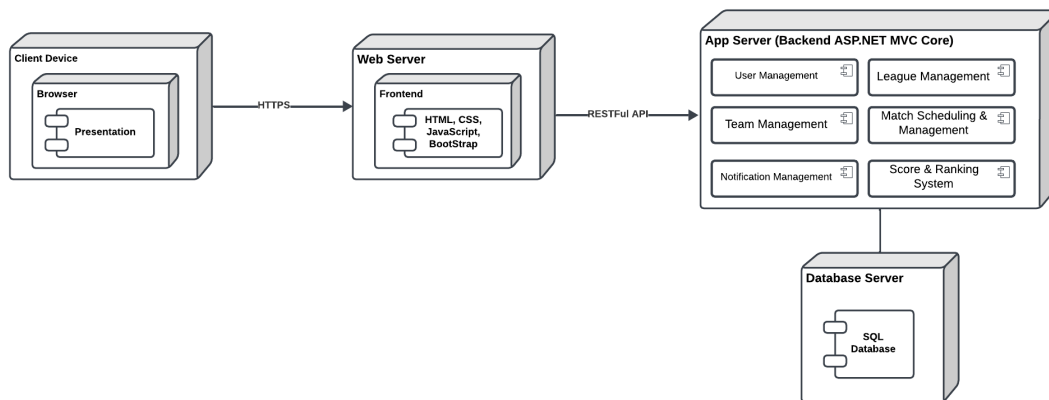
## 4.5 System Deployment & Integration

### Technology Stack

- **Frontend:** HTML, CSS, JavaScript
- **Backend:** .NET Core MVC
- **Database:** SQL Server
- **Deployment:** Azure/AWS cloud hosting

### Deployment Diagram

Illustrates how the system components are hosted across different servers.



### Component Diagram

Depicts high-level system components and their dependencies.

