

**week 3**

# FortiGate Security Profiles

## **Project 4: Advanced FortiGate Security Profiles**

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# Testing and Monitoring Anti-virus FortiGate

Our antivirus reporting demonstrates 100% effectiveness - all test threats were blocked in under one second with perfect quarantine success. We've scanned files across HTTP, FTP, and email protocols with complete protection and no performance impact on legitimate traffic

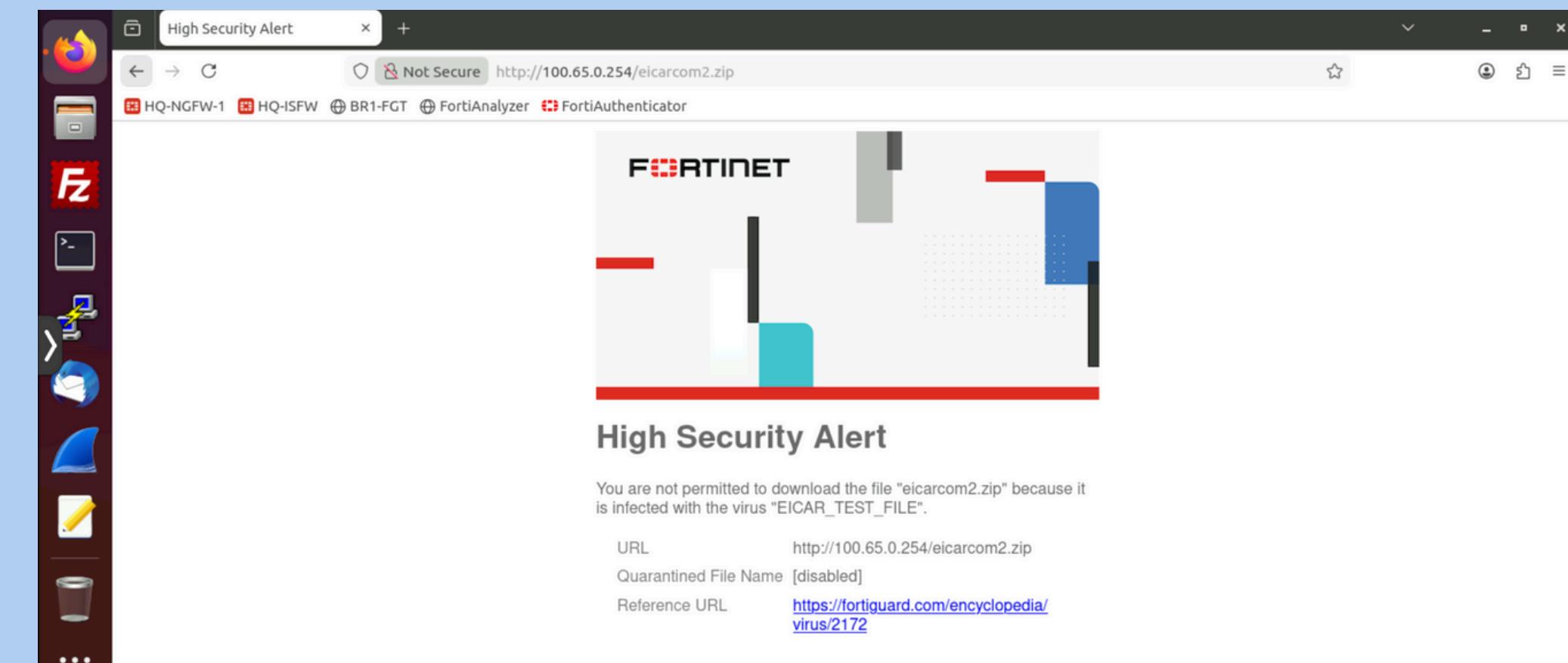


## THREAT DETECTION

- EICAR\_TEST\_FILE identified
- Multiple file types blocked:
  - .txt file detected
  - .zip archive detected
- Real-time scanning active

Logs

Date/Time	Service	Source	File Name	Virus/Botnet	User	Details	Action	Infection Type
2025/11/29 10:20:24	HTTP	10.0.11.50	eicar.com.txt	EICAR_TEST_FILE		URL: http://100.65.0.254/eicar.com.txt	Blocked	Malicious
2025/11/29 10:19:40	HTTP	10.0.11.50	eicarcom2.zip	EICAR_TEST_FILE		URL: http://100.65.0.254/eicarcom2.zip	Blocked	Malicious



## USER BLOCK PAGE

- Clear security warning
- User education provided
- Reference URL for details
- Professional appearance

## TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

- Connection terminated
- Policy enforcement logged
- Session details captured

Log Details

Details	Security
WAN In	408
WAN Out	346
<b>Action</b>	
Action	close
Security Action	block
Threat	2
Policy ID	Internet (1)



## **These three screenshots demonstrate the complete Lifecycle of antivirus protection:**

**First**, our FortiGate detected the EICAR test files in both .txt and .zip formats through real-time scanning. The system immediately identified the threat signature and triggered the blocking mechanism.

**Second**, the user received this clear, professional block page explaining why the download was prevented. This not only stops the threat but also educates the user about the security policy.

**Finally**, our traffic logs captured the entire event - showing the connection was terminated, the specific policy that enforced the block, and all the forensic details needed for compliance and analysis.

# Testing and Monitoring Web-filter FortiGate

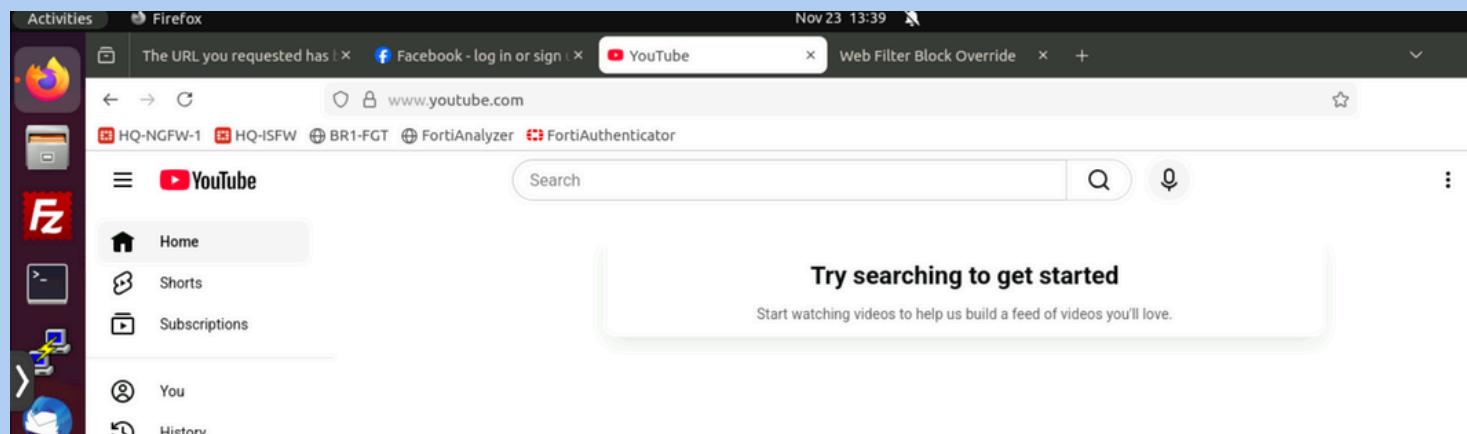
## WEB FILTER ACTIVITY MONITORING

### FortiGuard categories:

- ✓ Social Media: block (Facebook)
- ✓ Communication Apps: Warning(Skype)
- ✓ Streaming: monitor (Youtube)

### YouTube Access Proof

- YouTube allowed (Streaming=Monitor)
- Search engines permitted
- Job sites accessible
- Balanced policy achieved



YouTube allowed

The browser window shows a blocked access to 'www.skype.com'. The status bar indicates 'Nov 23 13:39'. The error message reads: 'The URL you requested has been blocked by FortiGuard Intrusion Prevention - Access Blocked. You have tried to access a web page which is in violation of your Internet usage policy. Category: Internet Telephony. URL: https://www.skype.com/'. Below the message is a table of activity logs.

Date/Time	User	Source	Action	URL	Category
2025/11/23 13:39:49	10.0.11.50		✓ Passthrough	https://www.skype.com/	Internet Telephony
2025/11/23 13:39:20	10.0.11.50		✗ Blocked	https://www.skype.com/	Internet Telephony

Warning(Skype)

The browser window shows a blocked access to 'www.facebook.com'. The status bar indicates 'Nov 23 13:48'. The error message reads: 'The URL you requested has been blocked by FortiGuard Intrusion Prevention - Access Blocked. You have tried to access a web page that is in violation of your Internet usage policy. Category: Social Networking. URL: https://www.facebook.com/'. Below the message is a Fortinet logo graphic.

block (Facebook)

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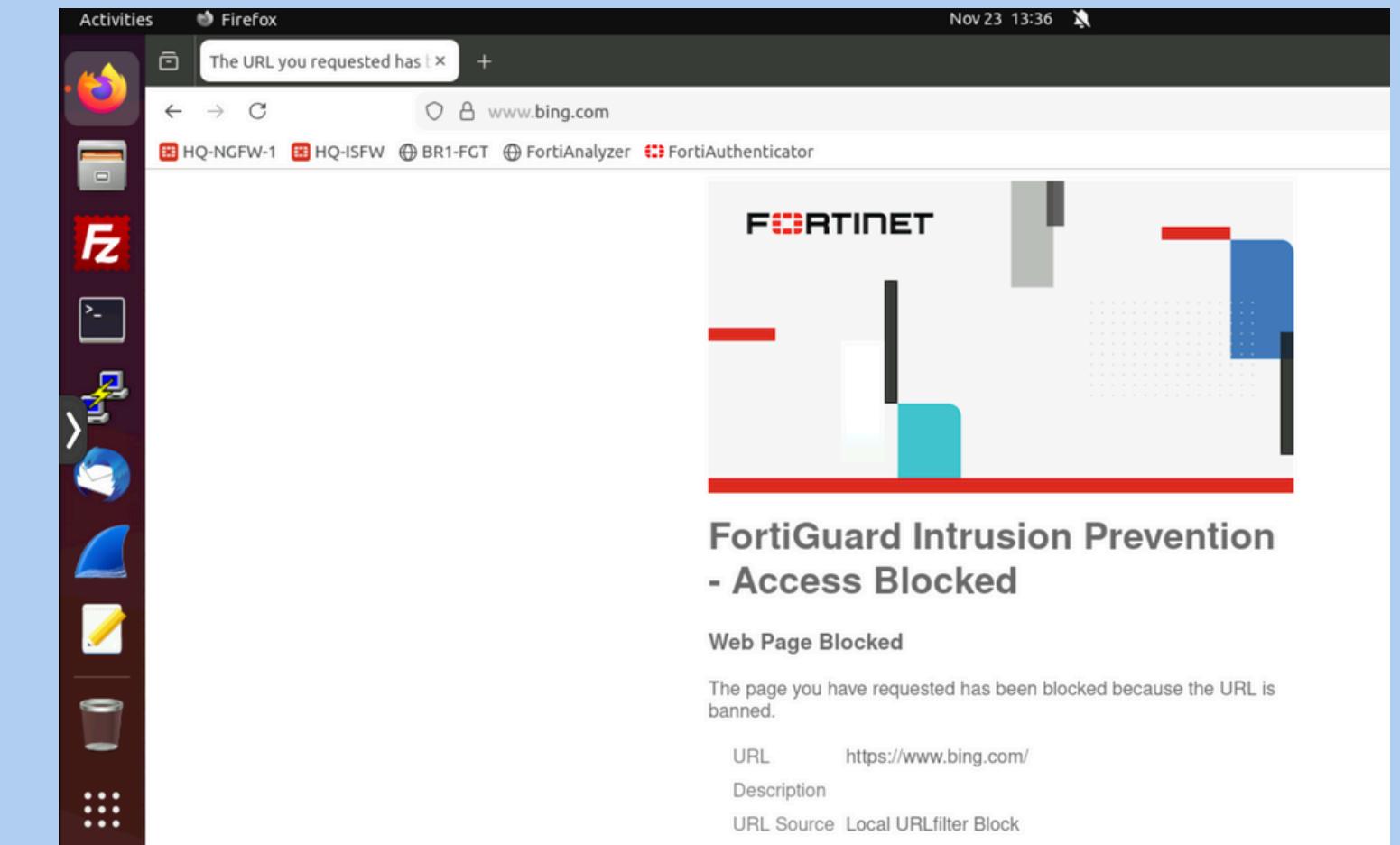
### Static URL filtering

Static URL: Bing.com → BLOCKED

Static URL: Facebook.com → EXEMPT

2025/11/23 13:38:52		10.0.11.50	✓ Passthrough	https://www.facebook.com/	
2025/11/23 13:38:51		10.0.11.50	✓ Passthrough	https://www.facebook.com/	

Facebook.com → EXEMPT



Bing.com → BLOCKED

### Monitoring Insights:

- Categories effectively enforced
- Static URL rules working
- Users attempting restricted content



# Testing and Monitoring Application Control – FortiGate

## Objective

- To test the configured Application Control profile.
- To generate real application traffic.
- To monitor traffic using FortiView and logs.
- To analyze the effectiveness of the applied security policies.

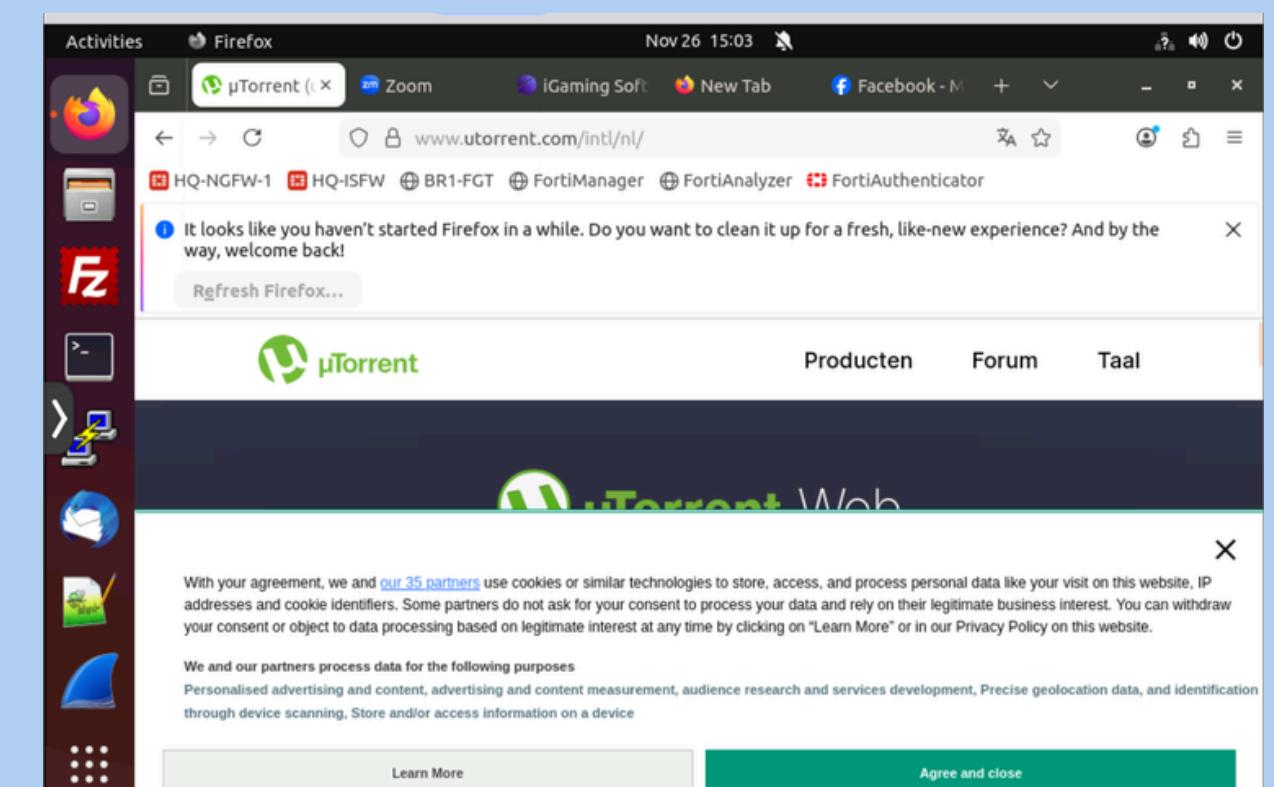
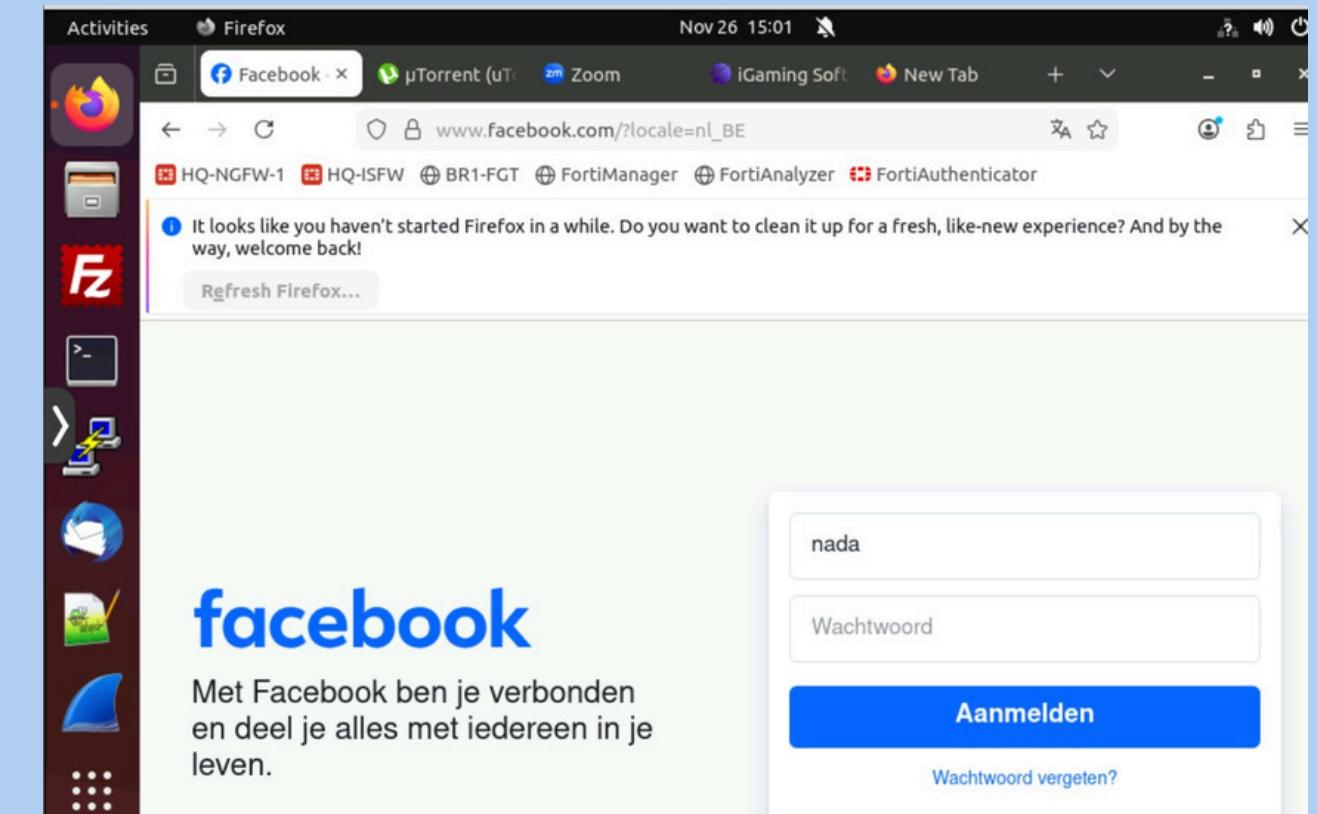


# Testing and Monitoring Test Traffic Generation

The HQ-PC-1 client machine was used to generate traffic to test the configured Application Control policies.

The following applications were tested:

- Facebook (Social Media – Expected: Block)
- uTorrent (P2P – Expected: Block)
- Zoom (Video/Audio – Expected: Allow)
- iGaming (Gaming – Expected: Monitor)



# Testing and Monitoring

## Expected Testing Results

- Facebook → Blocked
- uTorrent → Blocked
- Zoom → Allowed
- iGaming → Monitored

These results were based on the actions configured in the appctrl\_group4 profile during Week 2.

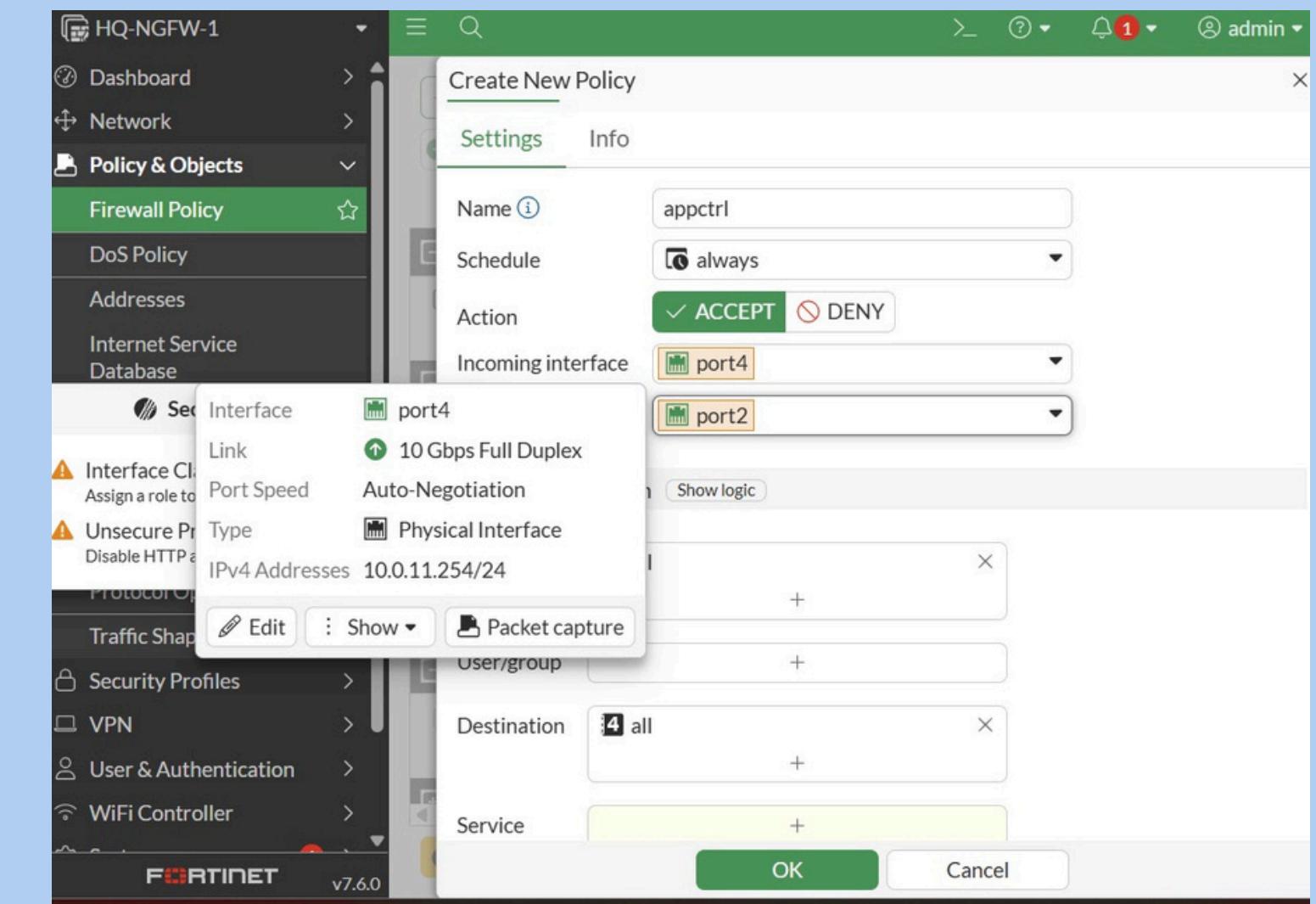


# Testing and Monitoring Actual Testing Results (Client Side)

- Facebook was successfully accessed.
- uTorrent was successfully accessed.
- Zoom worked normally.
- iGaming traffic was allowed.

Observation:

The blocked applications were not restricted on the client device.



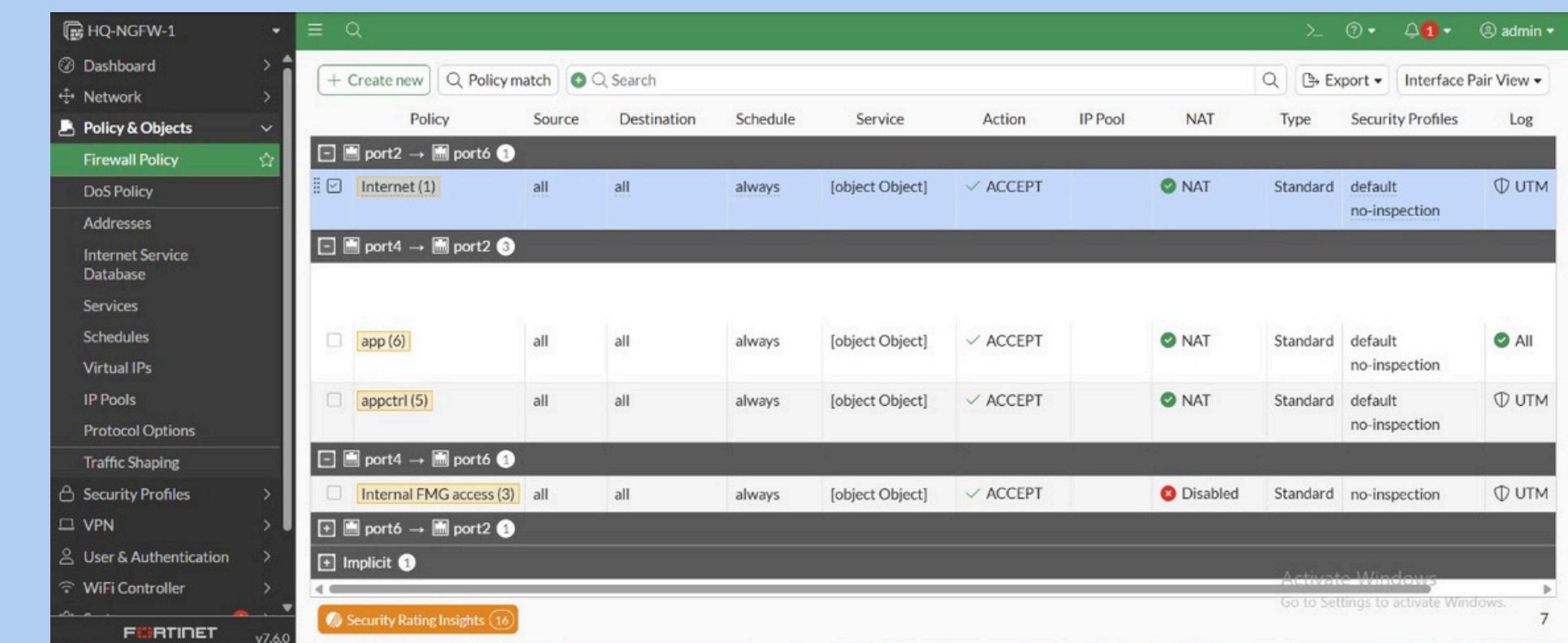
# Testing and Monitoring Analysis of the Unexpected Behavior

Although Facebook and uTorrent were configured as Blocked, the client was still able to access them.

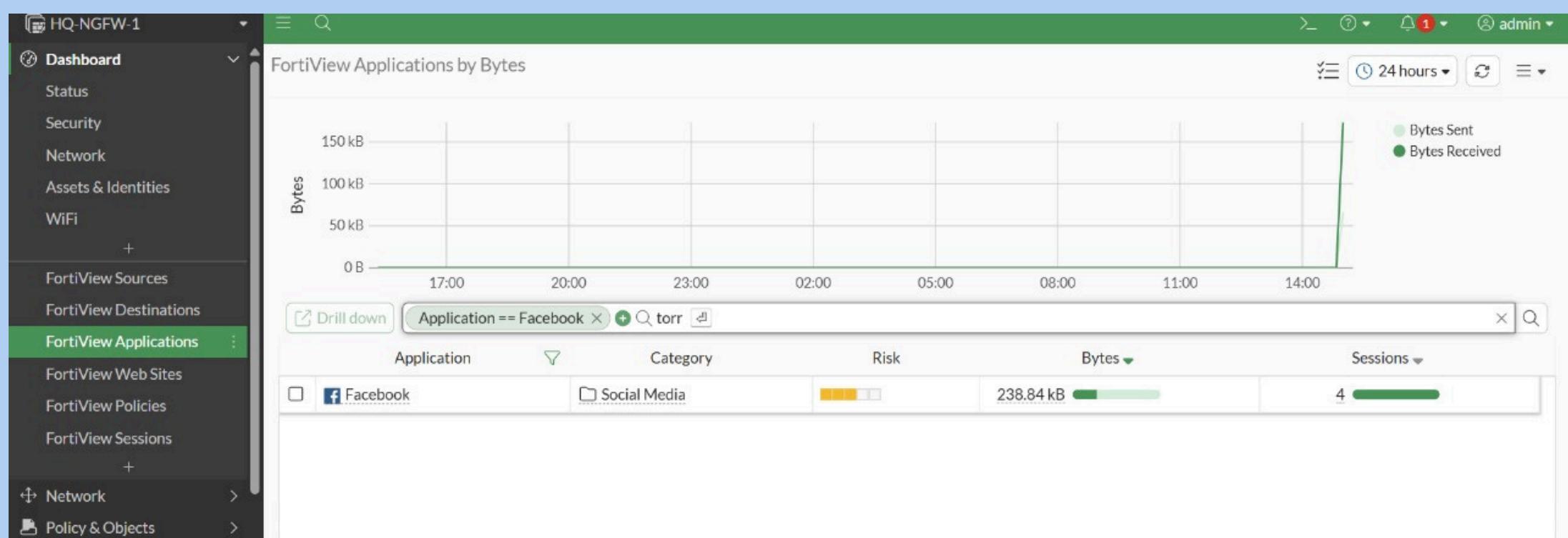
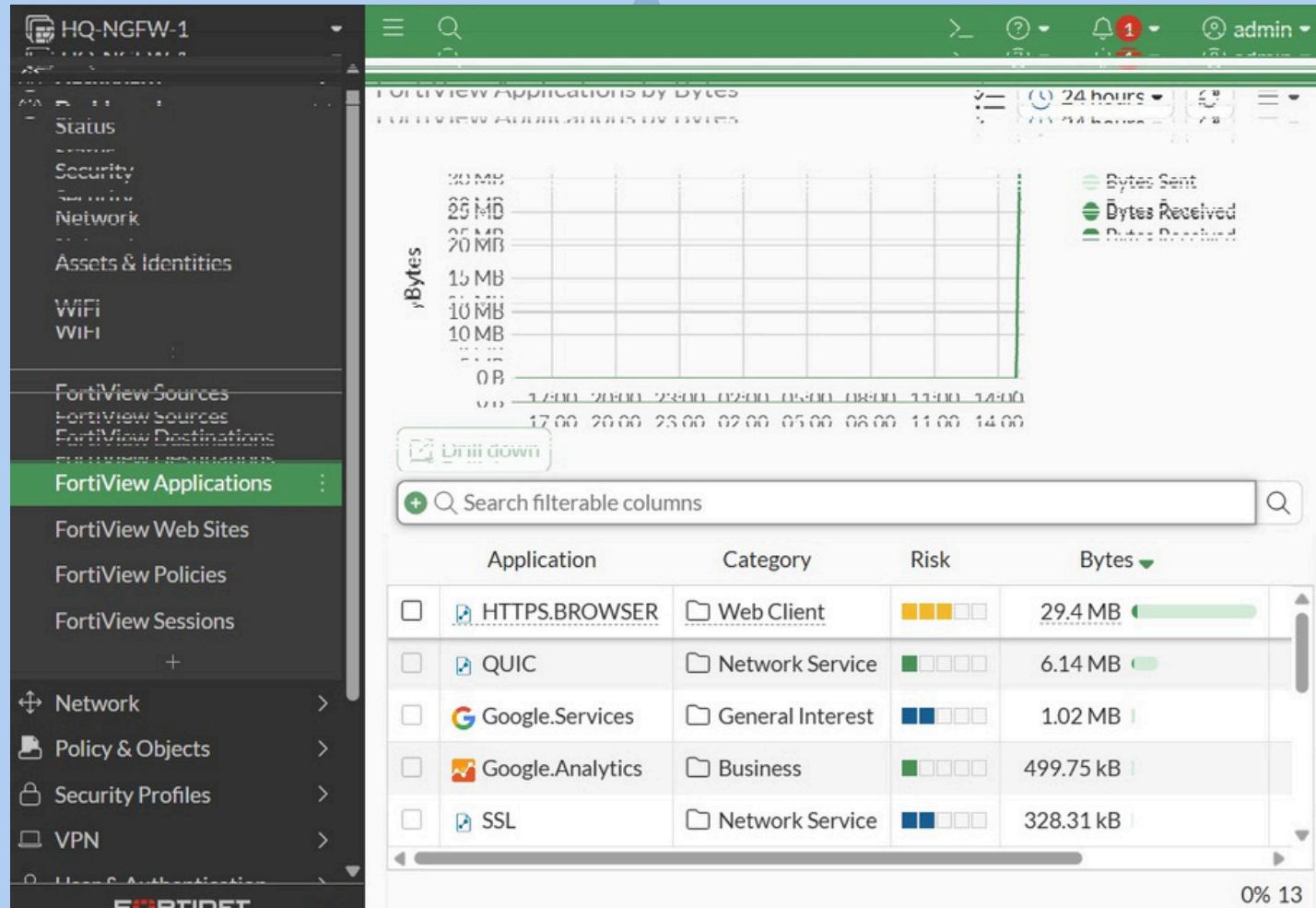
Conclusion:

The appctrl\_group4 profile was not the first matched policy.

A higher-priority ACCEPT firewall policy allowed the traffic to pass without inspection.



# Testing and Monitoring FortiView Applications Monitoring



Despite the failure of the block action, all application traffic was successfully recorded in FortiView due to proper logging configuration.

# Testing and Monitoring Application Control Logs

Category	Log Action	Configured Action	Application
Social Media	Accept/Pass	Block	Facebook
Collaboration	Accept/Pass	Allow	Zoom
General Traffic	Accept/Pass	Block	P2P
General Traffic	Accept/Pass	Monitor	Gaming

## Logging Results

- Log allowed traffic was set to All Sessions.
- All traffic was successfully captured.
- Full visibility of application traffic was achieved.
- Logs were successfully extracted for documentation.



# Conclusion

- Logging configuration was successfully implemented.
- Application traffic visibility was achieved.
- Application Control actions were bypassed due to firewall policy order.
- This confirms the critical importance of firewall policy priority on FortiGate devices.



# Testing and Monitoring IPS – FortiGate

## Objective

- To test the configured IPS profile.
- To generate real or simulated attack traffic.
- To monitor IPS events and logs.
- To analyze the effectiveness of IPS signatures and security actions.
- To ensure threats are properly detected and blocked according to policy.



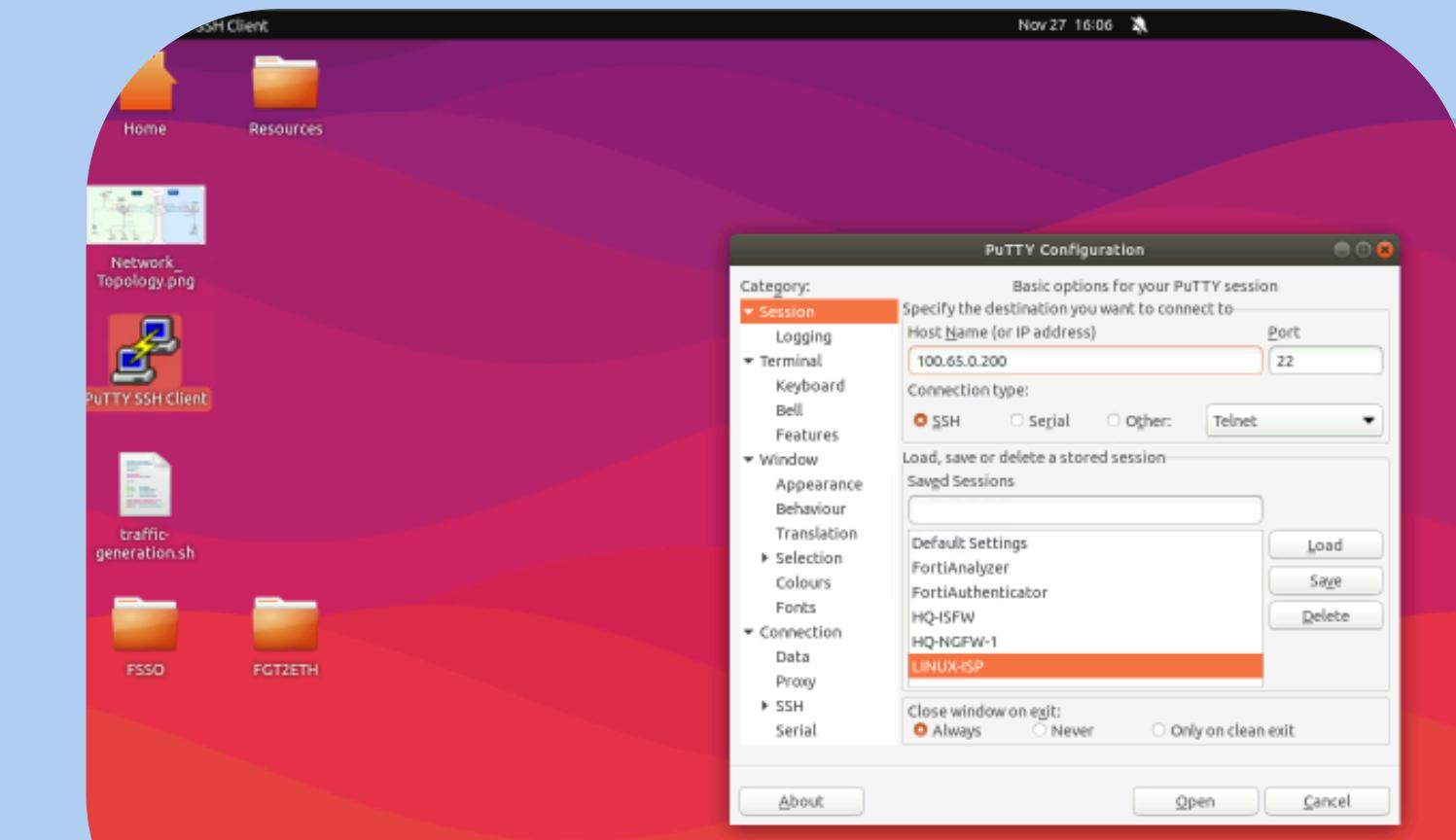
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# Testing and Monitoring Attack Traffic

The HQ-PC-1 client machine was used to generate attack to test the configured IPS policies.

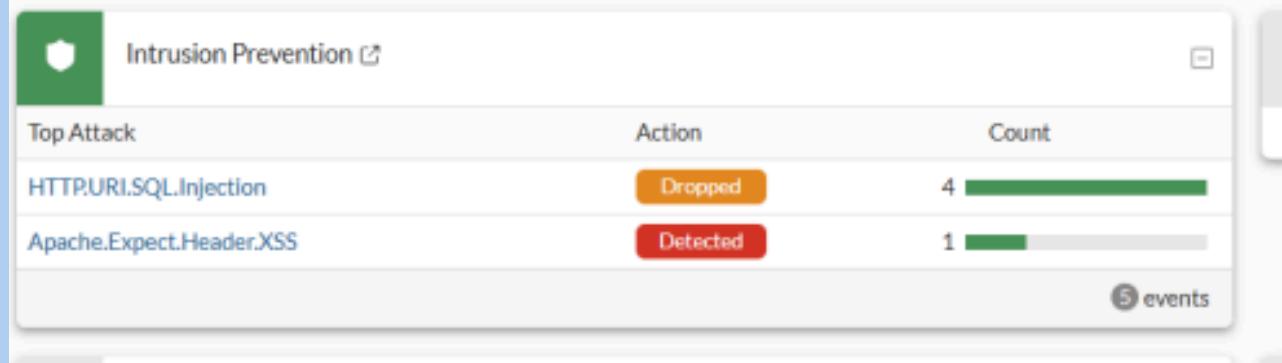
## Use PuTTY to Access the Attacker Machine

- Open PuTTY SSH Client
- Enter the target IP : 100.65.0.200
- Use port 22
- Load the saved session: LINUX-ISP or your configured attacker VM
- Click Open and log in
- Run the following commands from the attacker VM :<Nikto.pl -host 100.65.0.200>

A screenshot of a PuTTY terminal window titled '100.65.0.254 - PuTTY'. The terminal displays the following Nikto scan output:

```
admin@ubuntu-2204-desktop:~$ nice nikto.pl -host 100.65.0.200
- Nikto v2.1.5
+ Target IP:          100.65.0.200
+ Target Hostname:    100.65.0.200
+ Target Port:        80
+ Start Time:        2025-11-28 17:37:29 (GMT-8)
-----
+ Server: Apache/2.4.52 (Ubuntu)
+ Server leaks inodes via ETags, header found with file /, fields: 0x2aa6 0x59c3
1496ec4d4
- The anti-clickjacking X-Frame-Options header is not present.
No CGI Directories found (use '-C all' to force check all possible dirs)
  Allowed HTTP Methods: GET, POST, OPTIONS, HEAD
```

# Testing and Monitoring Monitoring the IPS



## Navigate to IPS Logs

1. On the left menu, click Log & Report
2. Select Intrusion Prevention
3. Click a log entry, and then click Details.
4. In the Attack Name field, click the link.

The screenshot shows a table of logs from the "Logs" tab. The columns include Date/Time, Severity, Source, Protocol, User, Action, Count, and Attack Name. The logs show multiple entries for "HTTP.URI.SQL.Injection" at High severity and "Apache.Expect.Header.XSS" at Medium severity, all originating from source 100.65.0.254 and protocol 6, with actions of "dropped" or "detected".

Date/Time	Severity	Source	Protocol	User	Action	Count	Attack Name
2025/11/28 17:38:12	High	100.65.0.254	6		dropped		HTTP.URI.SQL.Injection
2025/11/28 17:38:02	High	100.65.0.254	6		dropped		HTTP.URI.SQL.Injection
2025/11/28 17:37:52	High	100.65.0.254	6		dropped		HTTP.URI.SQL.Injection
2025/11/28 17:37:42	High	100.65.0.254	6		dropped		HTTP.URI.SQL.Injection
2025/11/28 17:37:32	High	100.65.0.254	6		dropped		HTTP.URI.SQL.Injection
2025/11/28 17:37:30	Medium	100.65.0.254	6		detected		Apache.Expect.Header.XSS

# Testing and Monitoring

## Review the Logged Events

### Severity

Indicates how dangerous the attack is  
(High, Medium, Low).

#### • Protocol

Displays the protocol used for the attack  
(e.g., 6 = TCP).

#### • Action

Shows what FortiGate did:

- dropped → attack blocked
- detected → attack detected but allowed

#### • Attack Name

Identifies the signature triggered, such as:

- HTTP.URI.SQL\_Injection
- Apache.Expect.Header.XSS

Details	
Application Control	
Protocol	6
Service	HTTP
Action	
Action	dropped
Threat	8,192
Policy ID	Web_Server_Access_IPS (5)
Policy UUID	5f7d68ba-ccc3-51f0-5c57-c45d723437b1
Policy Type	Firewall
Security	
Level	<div style="width: 100%;">Alert Notification</div>
Threat Level	Medium
Threat Score	10
Intrusion Prevention	
Profile	WEB SERVER
Attack Name	Apache.Expect.Header.XSS
Attack ID	15,229
Reference	<a href="https://fortiguard.fortinet.com/encyclopedia/ips/15229">https://fortiguard.fortinet.com/encyclopedia/ips/15229</a>
Incident Serial	171,966,465
Direction	outgoing
Severity	Medium <div style="width: 50%;">Medium</div>
Message	web_server: Apache.Expect.Header.XSS
Other	
Original timestamp	
1764380250705317300	

# Conclusion

- IPS profile configuration was successfully implemented.
- Malicious traffic simulation generated multiple detectable threats.
- FortiGate accurately identified and blocked attacks such as SQL injection and XSS attempts.
- IPS logs provided clear visibility into attack sources, severity levels, and actions taken.
- This confirms the effectiveness of FortiGate's Intrusion Prevention System in proactively protecting the network and enforcing security policies.

