HTML COURSE



INTRODUCTION

What is HTML?

- Hyper Text Markup Language.
- It is the language to build the web structure.
- The browser always search about index.html.

```
html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    1) metatags
    2) links
    5) style
</head>
<body>
  <!-- website content -->
</body>
</html>
```

• Meta Tags is informations about the website.

Ex. <<meta name= "description" content= "the description of website" />

- To Write comment in html we write <!—Comment -->
- You must write Doctype before html word because it refers to the version and if you don't write it it will called <u>quirks</u> that doesn't support all the html elements.

HEADINGS

Example:<h1>Heading 1</h1> <h2>Heading 2</h2> <h3>Heading 3</h3> <h4>Heading 4</h4> <h5>Heading 5</h5> <h6>Heading 6</h6>

Output:-

Heading 1

Heading 2

Heading 3

Heading 4

Heading 5

Heading 6

PARAGRAPH

- Any text write it in text
- It's block element to take the whole width and height.

GLOBAL ATTRIBUTES

- <u>Class</u>: We can write class in any element to make the element different.

here we write our text

- <u>Id</u>: The same as class put it is more special than class and the best practice is to write the name of id only once in the website to make it special.

Ex. here we write our text

FORMATTING ELEMENTS

Links

- a tag is used to go to any website from your website or to toggle between your html pages.

Syntax:

text to display

<u>href</u> => Hyper text refrence

Attributes:

- target= "_blank" => This is used to open your link in a new tab.
- title= "Your title" => This is used to write any title to your link.

IMAGES

- img element is used to insert an image in your website.
- Img is self close element.

Syntax:



< img src="/images/photo-1.webp" alt="random image">

Lists (ul, ol, dl)

- ul => unorderd list

syntax:

- ol => orderd list

<u>syntax</u>:

- dl => description list

syntax :

TABLE

- table element is to write a table inside your web page.

```
html
 <!-- table element -->
 <thead> <!-- table head -->
   <!-- table row -->
     Company <!-- table first cell -->
     Contact <!-- table second cell -->
     Country <!-- table third cell -->
  </thead>
  <!-- table body -->
  Alfreds Futterkiste
   Maria Anders
    Germany
  Centro comercial Moctezuma
    Francisco Chang
   Mexico
  <tfoot>
  footer
   footer
   footer
  </tfoot>
```

colspan attribute: To merge between columns.

rowspan attribute: To merge between rows.

SPAN, HORIZONTAL, BREAK RULE

- span element is inline element that you can write inside it any text you want.
-

 makes a new line in your web page.
- <hr> makes a horizontal block line in your web page.

DIV, HTML ENTITIES

- div element is a container the up of all elements.

```
html

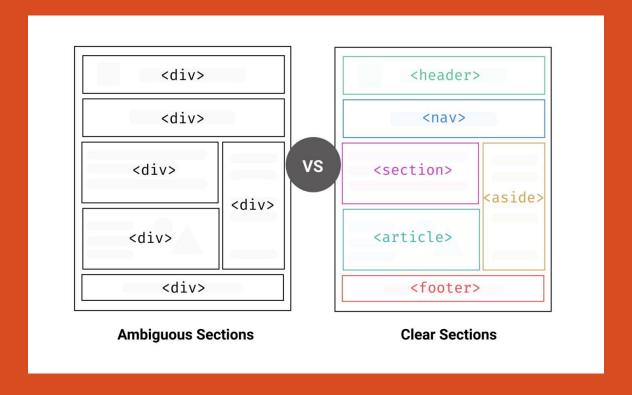
<div>
    <!-- all the content write it here -->
    </div>
```

- © => entity to make a copy icon.
- < => entity to make less than icon.
- > => entity to make greater than icon.

There are a lot of entities that will help you in your web page.

SEMANTIC ELEMENTS

- Semantic elements is more readable than only multiple div and it's the new version of html.



AUDIO AND VIDEO

 audio and video used to insert any video and audio in your web page.

Syntax:



INPUT TYPES AND

LABEL

- input element is inline and self closing tag.
- There a lot of types in input.

Syntax:

```
<input type="text">
<input type="button" value="value to display">
<input type="checkbox">
<input type="color">
<input type="date">
<input type="email">
<input type="file">
<input type="image" src="" alt="">
<input type="number">
<input type="password">
<input type="radio">
<input type="range">
<input type="reset" value="">
<input type="submit" value="">
<input type="url">
<textarea cols="30" rows="10"></textarea>
```

Attributes:

- required attribute => to say that I want this input to be filled.
- placeholder attribute => to write text inside the input field.
- autofocus attribute => to focus on input by default.
- minlength , maxlength => important in tel , number , password.

- label is the name of input write before input or after it.

WORDS TO SEARCH ABOUT

- 1- input types.
- 2- Accessibility.
- 3- Html best practice.

PRACTICE PRACTICE

GOOD LUCK.