# Innovation Factories C/AV Challenge

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1.1 Class List	
Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:	
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2.1 File List	

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

#### Car.py

Provides the Abstract Data Type for Car

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#### Node.py

**Provides the Abstract Data Type for Node** 

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#### Snow\_protocol.py

Provides function for how to react when apporaching snow patch

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### 3 Class Documentation

#### 3.1 Car.Car Class Reference

An ADT that represents a Car.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• def \_\_init\_\_ (self, ID, speed)

this is the initializer method

• def get ID (self)

this method is used to get the unique ID of the car

def get\_speed (self)

this method is used to get the current speed of the car

• def update\_speed (self, modifier)

this method is used to update the current speed of the car

def <u>\_\_str\_\_</u> (self)

this method is return the car object and it's information in the form of a string

### **Public Attributes**

· speed

### 3.1.1 Detailed Description

An ADT that represents a Car.

#### **Parameters**

ID	is a unique identifier that is linked to each car
speed	is the speed of the car

### 3.1.2 Member Function Documentation

```
3.1.2.1 __str__()
```

this method is return the car object and it's information in the form of a string

Returns

the car's information in the form of a string

### 3.1.2.2 get\_ID()

```
def Car.Car.get_ID (
     self )
```

this method is used to get the unique ID of the car

Returns

the ID of the car

### 3.1.2.3 get\_speed()

this method is used to get the current speed of the car

Returns

the speed of the car

### 3.1.2.4 update\_speed()

this method is used to update the current speed of the car

#### **Parameters**

modifier is the multiplier that we apply to the current speed to get to the new speed

#### Returns

the current of the car after the update

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

Car.py

#### 3.2 Node.Node Class Reference

An ADT that represents a Node.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• def \_\_init\_\_ (self, humidity, audio, temperature, pressure, vibration, video)

Node constructor.

• def get\_humidity (self)

Gets the humidity a Node records.

def get\_audio (self)

Gets the audio a Node records.

def get\_temperature (self)

Gets the temperature a Node records.

def get\_pressure (self)

Gets the pressure a Node records.

def get\_vibration (self)

Gets the vibration a Node records.

• def get\_video (self)

Gets the video a Node records.

def determine\_rain (self, audio)

Checks conditions to determine when rain will occur.

• def determine\_snow (self, video)

Checks conditions to determine when snow will occur.

• def determine\_fog (self)

Checks conditions to determine when fog will occur.

• def determine\_wind (self)

Checks conditions to determine when wind will occur.

def determine\_day\_and\_night (self)

Checks conditions to determine when the time of day is in the morning or night.

• def dynamic\_speed (self, car)

Checks conditions to determine by what magnitude to reduce the overall speed by @car Object of type car that will have its speed modified based on smallest magnitude.

#### **Public Attributes**

- · humidity
- audio
- temperature
- pressure
- vibration
- video

#### 3.2.1 Detailed Description

An ADT that represents a Node.

#### 3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Node constructor.

Initializes a Node object with an empty Node

### **Parameters**

humidity	The humidity reported in Percent	
audio	The audio is how strong the rain is by using the sound	
temperature	The temperature reported in Kelvin	
pressure	The pressure reported in Pascals	
vibration	The vibration is the vibration of the node in meters per second	
video	The video is whether or not it is snowing hard or very little	

### 3.2.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.2.3.1 determine\_day\_and\_night()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $\tt def Node.Node.determine\_day\_and\_night ( \\ $\tt self)$ \\ \end{tabular}
```

Checks conditions to determine when the time of day is in the morning or night.

### Returns

returns reduced speed by a fractional portion the time of day is night, and 1 if it is in the morning

#### 3.2.3.2 determine\_fog()

Checks conditions to determine when fog will occur.

#### Returns

returns reduced speed by a fractional portion if fog exists and 0 otherwise

#### 3.2.3.3 determine\_rain()

Checks conditions to determine when rain will occur.

#### **Parameters**

audio The audio is used to determine hard rain or light rain

#### Returns

returns reduced speed by a fractional portion if rain exists and 0 if otherwise

### 3.2.3.4 determine\_snow()

```
def Node.Node.determine_snow ( self, \\ video )
```

Checks conditions to determine when snow will occur.

#### **Parameters**

video The video is used to determine heavy snow, light snow, or medium snow

### Returns

returns reduced speed by a fractional portion if snow exists and 0 otherwise

#### 3.2.3.5 determine\_wind()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $\operatorname{def Node.Node.determine\_wind} & ( \\ & self \end{tabular} \label{eq:self}
```

Checks conditions to determine when wind will occur.

#### Returns

returns reduced speed by a fractional portion if high wind exists, 1 if windkmh is less than or equal to 25 and 0 otherwise

#### 3.2.3.6 dynamic\_speed()

Checks conditions to determine by what magnitude to reduce the overall speed by @car Object of type car that will have its speed modified based on smallest magnitude.

### Returns

returns reduced speed based on the smallest magnitude reduced

#### 3.2.3.7 get\_audio()

Gets the audio a Node records.

### Returns

returns the audio

### 3.2.3.8 get\_humidity()

Gets the humidity a Node records.

#### Returns

returns the humidity

```
3.2.3.9 get_pressure()
```

Gets the pressure a Node records.

Returns

returns the pressure

```
3.2.3.10 get_temperature()
```

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $\operatorname{def Node.Node.get\_temperature} & ( \\ & self \end{tabular} \label{eq:self}
```

Gets the temperature a Node records.

Returns

returns the temperature

```
3.2.3.11 get_vibration()
```

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $\operatorname{def Node.Node.get\_vibration} & ( \\ & self \end{tabular} \label{eq:self}
```

Gets the vibration a Node records.

Returns

returns the vibration

```
3.2.3.12 get_video()
```

Gets the video a Node records.

Returns

returns the vibration

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

Node.py

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### 4 File Documentation

### 4.1 Car.py File Reference

Provides the Abstract Data Type for Car.

#### Classes

· class Car.Car

An ADT that represents a Car.

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Provides the Abstract Data Type for Car.

**Author** 

Mostafa Mohsen, Chris Vishnu, Seif El Tobgy, Saif Fadhel

Date

26/01/2020

### 4.2 Node.py File Reference

Provides the Abstract Data Type for Node.

### Classes

class Node.Node

An ADT that represents a Node.

#### **Variables**

• int Node.dewpoint = 273

A constant that is set to Hamilton on January 26th 2020 for the dewpoint in kelvin.

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Provides the Abstract Data Type for Node.

**Author** 

Mostafa Mohsen, Chris Vishnu, Seif El Tobgy, Saif Fadhel

Date

26/01/2020

### 4.3 Snow\_protocol.py File Reference

Provides function for how to react when apporaching snow patch.

#### **Functions**

def Snow\_protocol.Protocol (car, node, patch\_length, distance)
 Node constructor.

### Variables

- float Snow\_protocol.threshhold = 4.5
- Snow\_protocol.car1 = Car(10, 80)
- Snow\_protocol.node1 = Node(0.5, "he", -1, 1000000, 0, "light snow")

### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Provides function for how to react when apporaching snow patch.

#### **Author**

Mostafa Mohsen, Chris Vishnu, Seif El Tobgy, Saif Fadhel

### Date

26/01/2020

### 4.3.2 Function Documentation

### 4.3.2.1 Protocol()

#### Node constructor.

### **Parameters**

car	the car is a object that contains that speed and ID of the vehicle
node	the node is a unit that contains various sensors that measure environmental conditions
patch_length	the length of the patch of snow
distance	the distance from the car to the patch of snow

a string that represents the set of protocols to follow when you approach a patch of snow

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