Stat 201: Statistics I Midterm Review





About the final exam

- Available on MyStatLab following class on 8/5
- Due on 8/12 by midnight
- 23 questions, 100 points
 - 5 questions, 18 points from chapters 3 6
 - 18 questions, 82 points from chapters 7 11
- Every question on exam has been a homework question, though the details will likely be different
- Time limit: 4 hours, must be completed in one sitting
- Can use any resource (book, notes, internet), except other people

- From a set of data, find:
 - Mean
 - Median
 - Mode
 - Midrange
 - Range
 - Variance
 - Standard deviation

- Calculate probabilities:
 - From proportions (3 in 12)
 - From a contingency table
 - Complements
 - Addition rule
 - Multiplication rule
 - Complex events ("At least one...")
 - Conditional events

• Find probability of event from a binomial distribution

- Find probability from standard normal, z, distribution
- Find z-score which corresponds to given probability
- Find probability of event from a non-standard normal distribution
- Find value from non-standard normal distribution which corresponds to given probability

- Estimate a population proportion:
 - Find a confidence interval
 - Correctly interpret a confidence interval
 - Find sample size for desired margin of error
 - Known and unknown estimated proportion
- Estimate a population mean:
 - Find a confidence interval
 - Correctly interpret a confidence interval
 - Find sample size for desired margin of error

- Hypothesis testing:
 - Identify the null and alternative hypotheses
 - Calculate a test statistic and p-value
 - Make a decision based on p-value and significance level
 - State conclusion in terms of research question
- Understand type I and type II errors
- Test a claim about population proportion
- Test a claim about population mean

- Test a claim about two population proportions
- Test a claim about two population means using two independent samples
- Test a claim about the difference between populations using samples of paired data
- For all tests, construct the appropriate confidence interval to test claims

- Correlation:
 - Identify linear correlation vs. non-linear correlation vs. no correlation
 - Estimate linear correlation from scatterplot
 - Calculate correlation coefficient of a sample
 - ullet Test whether population correlation parameter ho is zero or not
- Regression:
 - Calculate regression equation from sample
 - Make predictions for the response variable given a predictor value and regression results

- Test the fit of a sample frequency distribution to an expected distribution
- Test independence of two factors using a sample contingency table