

Personalization and value creation

Clément Levallois

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1. From segmentation to personalization

Segmentation helps refine the picture from a mass of data to meaningful subgroups of data points.

Why not go down to extreme segmentation: segments the size of an individual?

- Major websites do it (Amazon, Yahoo!, Netflix, etc.)
- Ads providers do it (Facebook)
- News feed do it (Prismatic, Pulse)

Advantages: pinpoint accuracy and relevance Inconvenient: operational complexity



Figure 1. How is an Amazon page (old version!) personalized

2. Beyond behavior: tracking individual bodies

[pub?w=1444&h=915] | <https://docs.google.com/drawings/d/e/2PACX->

1vRYaz45EZcZ_qqodnQvJ0Mfn-0LLx-42d5hj0wledNfPmU1by3B9vIZVE4ctMpiIVsS-

Figure 2. The relation between connected objects and personalization

A list of bodily aspects being measured with examples:

Table 1. Location

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------|---|
| Location | Mobile phone | Samsung, Apple, etc. | Phone |  |

Table 2. Movement

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|------------|---------|----------|--|
| Movement | Wrist band | Nike | Fuelband |  |

Table 3. Gestures

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|----------|--------------|---------|---|
| Gestures | Arm band | Thalmic Labs | Myo |  |

Table 4. Weight, heart rate

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|------------|---------|----------------|---|
| Weight, heart rate | Body scale | Nokia | Smart Analyzer |  |

Table 5. Sleep

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|----------|---------|---------|---|
| Sleep | Undermat | Nokia | Aura |  |

Table 6. Fingerprint

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|--------------|---------|----------|---|
| Fingerprint | Mobile Phone | Apple | iPhone 5 |  |

Table 7. Facial recognition

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|--------------|---------|----------|--|
| Facial recognition | Mobile Phone | Apple | iPhone 8 |  |

Table 8. Emotions

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------|--------|-----------|----------------|---|
| Emotions | Camera | SightCorp | CrowdSight SDK |  |

► <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7V8jrdH5tAQ> (YouTube video)

Table 9. Behavior in public places

| Bodily Measurement | Device | Company | Product | Picture |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Behavior in public areas | Multiple devices | AGT International | Mega Events Management Solution |  |
| Pedestrian traffic | Cameras | Placemeter | Placemeter | |

A description of how AGT monitors large audiences in public events (click on the pic for the full document):

How it works

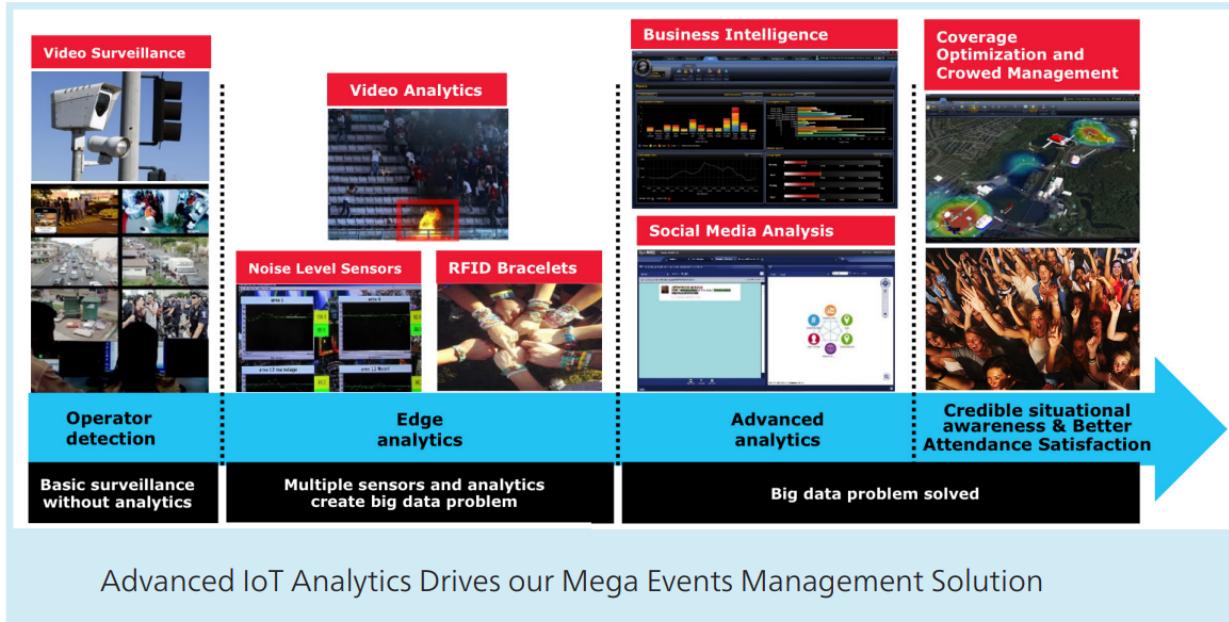


Figure 3. source: https://www.agtinternational.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/AGT_AAG_MegaEvent-02Oct2014-2.pdf

Video showing how Placemeter monitors pedestrian traffic:

- ▶ <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rpjJHoJixYA> (YouTube video)

3. The case of Nicholas Felton: constant data monitoring

a. The Feltron reports



Figure 4. Nicholas Felton

Nicholas Felton is a designer and data artist who produced printed annual reports from 2005 to 2014.

Reports on what?

Reports on his bodily data and social life, which he measures *constantly*

► <https://vimeo.com/145332585> (Vimeo video)

b. Not just Feltron

Insurance companies are interested in boosting individual health, using connected objects as monitoring devices

```
<a href="http://www.forbes.com/sites/parmyolson/2014/06/19/wearable-tech-health-insurance/">" tmp="false">]
```

Companies are looking to provide a 360 degree solution to health and well being through constant monitoring:

► <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E9jq6XpZjGo> (YouTube video)

Monitoring on health is also a B2B market to achieve "corporate welfare". See [Nokia's brochure](#) on the topic.

4. Issues, limits

These technologies open a vast number of issues: from data privacy to the redefinition of well-being, and the grey boundary between monitoring and surveillance.

A full session of this series is devoted to discussing these issues.

For the moment, let us just repeat cautionary remarks already mentioned in a different session:

a. "personalization" has been blamed for reinforcing "bubbles" or "tribes" views of the world ([paying version of the paper](#), [free version here](#)).

Content personalization is also blamed for favoring political polarization via an "echo chamber effect": social media tend to show me content I already agree with ([paying version of the paper here](#), [free version here](#)).

b. Personalizing the customer relationship, even when effective, is not inherently a good thing.

It has been shown that the [Coca-Cola #ShareaCoke campaign](#) is effective at making more children choose a soda with a label to their name, over a healthy drink ([paying version of the study here](#), [free version not available](#)).

c. Does personalization always need technology?

Companies rated with the customer service do personalization differently: with humans.

See how Zappos offers a great service to their customers:

► <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vApoQPISmvs> (*YouTube video*)

([another impactful version here](#))

or see (in French) how [Trainline makes its customers happy](#).

The end

Find references for this lesson, and other lessons, [here](#).



This course is made by Clement Levallois.

Discover my other courses in data / tech for business: <http://www.clementlevallois.net>

Or get in touch via Twitter: [@seinecle](#)

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