

GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Quiz navigation



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Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
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Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

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Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that  $A[i] - A[j] = k, i \neq j$ .

Input Format

- 1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
- 2. N, followed by N integers of the array
- 3. The non-negative integer k

Output format

Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.

Example

Input:

1  
3 1 3 5  
4

Output:

1

Input:

1  
3 1 3 5  
99

Output:

0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int t;
4     scanf("%d",&t);
5     while(t-->0)
6     {
7         int n;
8         scanf("%d",&n);
9         int a[n];
10        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
11        {
12            scanf("%d",&a[i]);
13        }
14        int k;
15        scanf("%d",&k);
16        int flag=0;
17        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
18        {
19            for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
20            {
21                if(a[i]-a[j]==k || a[j]-a[i]==k)
22                {
23                    flag=1;break;
24                }
25            }
26            if(flag) break;
27        }
28        printf("%d\n",flag);
29    }
30 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1 3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✓
✓	1 3 1 3 5 99	0	0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

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Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year. Each day of the year,  $x$ , is numbered from 1 to  $Y$ . On days when  $x$  is odd, Sam will buy  $x$  chocolates; on days when  $x$  is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day  $N_i$  (where  $1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$ ) in array `arr`, the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through  $N$ ) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor.

Input Format

The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.

The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from `stdin`, assembling it into an array of integers (`arr`), and calling `calculate(arr)`.

The first line of input contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines describes the ith test case as an integer, Ni (the number of days).

#### Constraints

$$1 \leq T \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$1 \leq N \leq 2 \times 10^6$$

$$1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$$

#### Output Format

For each test case, Ti in arr, your calculate method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day Ni on a new line.

#### Sample Input 0

```
3
1
2
3
```

#### Sample Output 0

```
1
1
4
```

#### Explanation

Test Case 0: N = 1

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 1: N = 2

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 2: N = 3

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 3 on day 3. This gives us a total of 4 chocolates. Thus, we print 4 on a new line.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int t;
4     scanf("%d",&t);
5     while(t-->0)
6     {
7         int n;
8         scanf("%d",&n);
```

```

8      scanf("%d",&n);
9      for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)
10     {
11         if(i%2!=0) c=c+i;
12     }
13     printf("%d\n",c);
14 }
15 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	1	1	✓
	1	1	1	
	2	4	4	
	3			
✓	10	1296	1296	✓
	71	2500	2500	
	100	1849	1849	
	86	729	729	
	54	400	400	
	40	25	25	
	9	1521	1521	
	77	25	25	
	9	49	49	
	13	2401	2401	
	98			

Passed all tests! ✓

Question 3  
Correct  
Marked out of 7.00  
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The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider:

- Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored { 1 , 2 , 3 } goals in each match respectively.
- Football team B, has played two matches, and has scored { 2 , 4 } goals in each match respectively.
- Your task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A, where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match.
- In the above case:
  - For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.
  - For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.

Hence, the answer: {2, 3}.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each maxes[i] representing the total number of elements nums[j] satisfying  $\text{nums}[j] \leq \text{maxes}[i]$  where  $0 \leq j < n$  and  $0 \leq i < m$ , in the given order.

It has the following:

nums[nums[0],...nums[n-1]]: first array of positive integers

maxes[maxes[0],...,maxes[n-1]]: second array of positive integers

#### Constraints

- $2 \leq n, m \leq 105$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[j] \leq 109$ , where  $0 \leq j < n$ .
- $1 \leq \text{maxes}[i] \leq 109$ , where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

#### Input Format For Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer  $n$ , the number of elements in `nums`.

The next  $n$  lines each contain an integer describing `nums[j]` where  $0 \leq j < n$ .

The next line contains an integer  $m$ , the number of elements in `maxes`.

The next  $m$  lines each contain an integer describing `maxes[i]` where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

#### Sample Case 0

##### Sample Input 0

```
4
1
4
2
4
2
3
5
```

##### Sample Output 0

```
2
4
```

##### Explanation 0

We are given  $n = 4$ , `nums` = [1, 4, 2, 4],  $m = 2$ , and `maxes` = [3, 5].

1. For `maxes[0] = 3`, we have 2 elements in `nums` (`nums[0] = 1` and `nums[2] = 2`) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[0]$ .
2. For `maxes[1] = 5`, we have 4 elements in `nums` (`nums[0] = 1`, `nums[1] = 4`, `nums[2] = 2`, and `nums[3] = 4`) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[1]$ .

Thus, the function returns the array [2, 4] as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

5  
2  
10  
5  
4  
8  
4  
3  
1  
7  
8

Sample Output 1

1  
0  
3  
4

Explanation 1

We are given,  $n = 5$ ,  $\text{nums} = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8]$ ,  $m = 4$ , and  $\text{maxes} = [3, 1, 7, 8]$ .

1. For  $\text{maxes}[0] = 3$ , we have 1 element in  $\text{nums}$  ( $\text{nums}[0] = 2$ ) that is  $\leq \text{maxes}[0]$ .
2. For  $\text{maxes}[1] = 1$ , there are 0 elements in  $\text{nums}$  that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[1]$ .
3. For  $\text{maxes}[2] = 7$ , we have 3 elements in  $\text{nums}$  ( $\text{nums}[0] = 2$ ,  $\text{nums}[2] = 5$ , and  $\text{nums}[3] = 4$ ) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[2]$ .
4. For  $\text{maxes}[3] = 8$ , we have 4 elements in  $\text{nums}$  ( $\text{nums}[0] = 2$ ,  $\text{nums}[2] = 5$ ,  $\text{nums}[3] = 4$ , and  $\text{nums}[4] = 8$ ) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[3]$ .

Thus, the function returns the array  $[1, 0, 3, 4]$  as the answer.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int s1,s2,ans;
4     scanf("%d",&s1);
5     int ta[s1];
6     for(int i=0;i<s1;i++)
7         scanf("%d",&ta[i]);
8     scanf("%d",&s2);
9     int tb[s2];
10    for(int i=0;i<s2;i++)
11        scanf("%d",&tb[i]);
12    for(int j=0;j<s2;j++)
13    {
14        ans=0;
```

```

15     for(int i=0;i<s1;i++)
16     {
17         if(tb[j]>=ta[i])
18             ans++;
19     }
20     printf("%d\n",ans);
21 }
22 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	2	2	✓
	1	4	4	
	4			
	2			
	4			
	2			
	3			
	5			
✓	5	1	1	✓
	2	0	0	
	10	3	3	
	5	4	4	
	4			
	8			
	4			
	3			
	1			
	7			
	8			

Passed all tests! ✓

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