More on Languages

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Languages Continued

 Σ^* = set of all strings over the alphabet Σ

A language L1 is a subset of Σ^*

 ϵ is an empty string.

If $\omega \in \Sigma^*$, $|\omega| = \text{length of the string}$.

Examples of languages

- Ø
- 2. Σ^* > English is a language where the strings are all words in a dictionary and punctuation marks and the collection is grammatically correct > > C++ any string of characters the compiler accepts
- 3. $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$, $L = \{x \in \Sigma^* \text{ st } x \text{ begins with } a \& \text{ ends with } b\}$
- 4. $\Sigma = \{0,1,...,9\}$, L={x | x is the decimal representation of a prime}

Equality of Languages

Languages are equal if the set of strings are equal.

Encoding (informal)

A bijective mapping from one set to another. - Pictures are colours encoded as numbers - Similarly movies $\,$

Ordering of a language

 Σ is finite, hence can be ordered.

 Σ^* can then be ordered by length first and then the lexographic order on Σ

Existance of a string in a Language

Graph of a function

$$G(f) = \{x,y \mid y = f(x)\}$$

A string exists in the language if it exists in G(f) where f is the defining function of the Language.

There are uncountable languages but a countable set of strings. So we cannot hope to describe all the languages using strings.

Deterministic Finite State Automaton

Solve the existance of string problem - Read the string one char at a time - Remember something, and react to the next char accordingly. - Do this again and again

Consider -

 $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$

 $l = \{x | x \text{ consists of an even number of } 1s\}$

Given a string, what do you do?

Go char by char, switching between an "even state" and an "odd state"

DEFN: Deterministic Finite State Automaton is a 5 tuple $(Q, \Sigma, \delta, q0, F)$ where - Q = A finite set called the set of states - $\Sigma = A$ lphabet - $\delta = is$ a function $Q \times \Sigma \to Q$ - $q0 \in Q$ and is called the initial state - $F \subseteq Q$ and is the set of accepted states.