

Exercise sheet 5

Manifolds, MTH406

1. Let ω_1 denote a k form and ω_2 denote an l -form on a smooth manifold. Prove that $\omega_1 \wedge \omega_2 = (-1)^k \omega_2 \wedge \omega_1$
2. Let ω_1 denote a k form and ω_2 denote an l -form on a smooth manifold. Prove that $\omega_1(\wedge \omega_2 \wedge \omega_3) = (\omega_1 \wedge \omega_2) \wedge \omega_3$
3. Let $\omega_1, \omega_2, \dots, \omega_k$ denote 1-forms on M . Prove that $(\omega_1 \wedge \omega_2 \wedge \dots \wedge \omega_k)_p(X_1, \dots, X_k) = \det(\omega_i(X_j))$ for any tangent vectors X_1, X_2, \dots, X_k .
4. Prove that the exterior derivative, $d : \oplus A^k(R^n) \rightarrow \oplus A^k(R^n)$, defined by $df(X) = X(f)$ and $d(a_I dx_1 \wedge \dots \wedge dx^k) = da_I \wedge x_1 \wedge \dots \wedge dx^k$