

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

$$\int_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} f(t)dt$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

$$\int_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} f(t)dt =$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$*

$$\int_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} f(t)dt =$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} f(t)dt =$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} f(t)dt = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ ,



**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

2.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

2.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

3.  $\int \cos(t)dt = \sin(t)$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus).

*If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$*

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

2.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

3.  $\int \cos(t)dt = \sin(t)$

4.  $\int \sin(t)dt = -\cos(t)$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus). **Example.**  $\gamma(t) = (r \cos(t), r \sin(t))$

If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

2.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

3.  $\int \cos(t)dt = \sin(t)$

4.  $\int \sin(t)dt = -\cos(t)$



**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus). **Example.**  $\gamma(t) = (r \cos(t), r \sin(t))$   
If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$   $\dot{\gamma}(t) = (-r \sin(t), r \cos(t))$

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

2.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$

3.  $\int \cos(t)dt = \sin(t)$

4.  $\int \sin(t)dt = -\cos(t)$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus). **Example.**  $\gamma(t) = (r \cos(t), r \sin(t))$   
If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$   $\dot{\gamma}(t) = (-r \sin(t), r \cos(t))$

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha) \right.$$

$$\|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| = r$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

- 1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$
- 2.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$
- 3.  $\int \cos(t)dt = \sin(t)$
- 4.  $\int \sin(t)dt = -\cos(t)$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus). **Example.**  $\gamma(t) = (r \cos(t), r \sin(t))$   
If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t)dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\gamma}(t) &= (-r \sin(t), r \cos(t)) \\ \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| &= r \\ \int_0^{\pi} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\|dt &= \int_0^{\pi} rdt = \pi r\end{aligned}$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t)dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

- 1.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$
- 2.  $\int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$
- 3.  $\int \cos(t)dt = \sin(t)$
- 4.  $\int \sin(t)dt = -\cos(t)$

**Theorem** (Second Fundamental theorem of calculus). **Example.**  $\gamma(t) = (r \cos(t), r \sin(t))$

If  $f(t) = F'(t)$  for some  $F$

$$\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(t) dt = \left|_{t=\alpha}^{t=\beta} F(t) = F(\beta) - F(\alpha)\right.$$

$$\dot{\gamma}(t) = (-r \sin(t), r \cos(t))$$

$$\|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| = r$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| dt = \int_0^{\pi} r dt = \pi r$$

**Notation:** Often “ $t =$ ” is dropped

**Definition.** Anti-derivative of  $f(t)$ , denoted,

$$\int f(t) dt = F(t)$$

where  $F(t)$  is so that  $F'(t) = f(t)$ .

**Examples.**

$$1. \int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

$$2. \int t^n dt = \frac{t^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

$$3. \int \cos(t) dt = \sin(t)$$

$$4. \int \sin(t) dt = -\cos(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t)$$

$f_1(t) = F_1'(t)$  and  $f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t)dt$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t)dt$$

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t)$$



$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t)dt$$

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t)dt$$

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t)dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t)$$

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

$f_1(t) = F_1'(t)$  and  $f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t)dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

$f_1(t) = F_1'(t)$  and  $f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t)dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3dt$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$



$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

Products need care!

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

Products need care!

$$\boxed{\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)}$$

$$(f(t)g(t))'$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\boxed{\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)}$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$



$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))'$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) +$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) +$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t)$$



$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) -$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int t \cos(t)$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int t \cos(t) =$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \underbrace{t}_{f(t)} \cos(t) =$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \underbrace{t}_{f(t)} \underbrace{\cos(t)}_{g'(t)} =$$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \underbrace{t}_{f(t)} \underbrace{\cos(t)}_{g'(t)} =$$

where  $g(t) = \sin(t)$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \underbrace{t}_{f(t)} \underbrace{\cos(t)}_{g'(t)} = t \sin(t)$$

where  $g(t) = \sin(t)$



$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \underbrace{t}_{f(t)} \underbrace{\cos(t)}_{g'(t)} = t \sin(t) - \int \sin(t)$$

where  $g(t) = \sin(t)$

$$f_1(t) = F_1'(t) \text{ and } f_2(t) = F_2'(t)$$

$$\int f_1(t) + f_2(t) dt = F_1(t) + F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) + \int f_2(t)$$

because,

$$f_1(t) + f_2(t) = F_1'(t) + F_2'(t) = (F_1(t) + F_2(t))'$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) + t^3 dt = \sin(t) + \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Similarly,

$$\int f_1(t) - f_2(t) = F_1(t) - F_2(t) = \int f_1(t) - \int f_2(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \cos(t) - t^3 dt = \sin(t) - \frac{t^4}{4}$$

Products need care!

$$(f(t)g(t))' = f'(t)g(t) + f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int (f(t)g(t))' = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$f(t)g(t) = \int f'(t)g(t) + \int f(t)g'(t)$$

$$\int f(t)g'(t) = f(t)g(t) - \int f'(t)g(t)$$

**Example.**

$$\int \underbrace{t}_{f(t)} \underbrace{\cos(t)}_{g'(t)} = t \sin(t) - \int \sin(t) = t \sin(t) + \cos(t)$$

where  $g(t) = \sin(t)$

# Substitution rule

# Substitution rule

$s$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta]$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}]$$



# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$(s(\phi(\tilde{t})))$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$(s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$(s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' = s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$(s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' = s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$



# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha}))$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})}$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t)$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})}_t \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t)\mathrm{d}t$$



# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' d\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t) dt$$



# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' d\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t) dt$$

Informally:

Substituting,  $t = \phi(\tilde{t})$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' d\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t) dt$$

Informally:

Substituting,  $t = \phi(\tilde{t})$

$$\frac{dt}{d\tilde{t}} = \phi'(\tilde{t})$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' d\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t) dt$$

Informally:

Substituting,  $t = \phi(\tilde{t})$

$$\frac{dt}{d\tilde{t}} = \phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$dt = \phi'(\tilde{t}) d\tilde{t}$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))' d\tilde{t} = s(\phi(\tilde{\beta})) - s(\phi(\tilde{\alpha})) = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t) dt$$

Informally:

Substituting,  $t = \phi(\tilde{t})$

$$\frac{dt}{d\tilde{t}} = \phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$dt = \phi'(\tilde{t}) d\tilde{t}$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} s'(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

Informally:

Substituting,  $t = \phi(\tilde{t})$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}t}{\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}} = \phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\mathrm{d}t = \phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$

# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

Informally:

Substituting,  $t = \phi(\tilde{t})$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}t}{\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}} = \phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\mathrm{d}t = \phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$



# Substitution rule

$$s : [\alpha, \beta] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\phi : [\tilde{\alpha}, \tilde{\beta}] \rightarrow [\alpha, \beta]$$

$$s'(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) = (s(\phi(\tilde{t})))'$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

Informally:

Substituting,  $t = \phi(\tilde{t})$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}t}{\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}} = \phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\mathrm{d}t = \phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) = \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) = \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\|$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) = \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) = \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|$$

$$\text{Assume, } \phi'(t) > 0$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) = \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|$$

$$\text{Assume, } \phi'(t) > 0$$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\|$$



$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} F(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t) \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) = \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} F(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t) \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|\end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) = \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t}))$$

$$\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) = \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})$$

$$\|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\phi'(\tilde{t}) \mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} F(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t) \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|\end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t)\|\phi'(\tilde{t}) \mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\| \end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{\|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t}$$

$$\boxed{\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) \mathrm{d}t}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|\end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t)\| \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})}$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) \mathrm{d}t$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|\end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t\| \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{\mathrm{d}t} \mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\|$$

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t)\mathrm{d}t$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|\end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\|\mathrm{d}\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{\|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})\mathrm{d}\tilde{t}}_{\mathrm{d}t} = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\|\mathrm{d}t$$



$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} \underbrace{F(\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\| \end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t}))}_t\| \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| dt$$

We have proved,

$$\boxed{\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} F(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t) \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) dt}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\| \end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t)\| \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| dt$$

We have proved,

**Theorem.** *The arc length*

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} F(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t) \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|\end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t)\| \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| dt$$

We have proved,

**Theorem.** *The arc length is invariant*

$$\int_{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{t}=\tilde{\beta}} F(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t) \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{t=\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{t=\phi(\tilde{\beta})} F(t) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned}\tilde{\gamma}(\tilde{t}) &= \gamma(\phi(\tilde{t})) \\ \dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t}) &= \dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t}) \\ \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| &= \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\phi'(\tilde{t})\| = \|\dot{\gamma}(\phi(\tilde{t}))\|\|\phi'(\tilde{t})\|\end{aligned}$$

Assume,  $\phi'(t) > 0$

$$\int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\tilde{\gamma}}(\tilde{t})\| d\tilde{t} = \int_{\tilde{\alpha}}^{\tilde{\beta}} \|\dot{\gamma}(\underbrace{\phi(\tilde{t})}_t)\| \underbrace{\phi'(\tilde{t})}_{dt} d\tilde{t} = \int_{\phi(\tilde{\alpha})}^{\phi(\tilde{\beta})} \|\dot{\gamma}(t)\| dt$$

We have proved,

**Theorem.** *The arc length is invariant under reparametrization.*