







Theorem  $1p \vdash q \textit{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

Proof. The proof will involve showing that each of the inference rules can be inferred from the replacement rules and Modu

*Notation:*  $p \vdash_* q$  if q follows from p using only

Modus-Ponens and replacement rules

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# Proof.

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 $\text{Lemma 2 } p \rightarrow q \text{, } \neg q \text{ } \vdash_{*} \neg p$ 

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

# Proof.

Lemma 2  $p \to q$ ,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

 $0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)}$ 

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

Lemma 2 
$$p \to q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\
1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)}
\end{array}$$

$$1 \mid \neg q$$
 (Given

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

## Proof.

- $\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \to \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \end{array}$

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

# Proof.

- $\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \end{array}$

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

### Proof.

- $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \end{array}$

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

```
Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
```

$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$3 \mid \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)}$$

4 
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

5 
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

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Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
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$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

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$$3 \mid \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q)$$
 (FL3

4 | 
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q$$
 (MP on 2 & 3)

5 
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

The other inference rules can also be proved similarly

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

```
Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
```

- $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$

- $5 \mid \neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$

Theorem 
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

#### Proof.

```
Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
```

$$1 \mid \neg a \text{ (Given)}$$

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$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$3 \quad \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL}$$

$$4 \mid \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

5 
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

It essentially proves that if a statement is true.

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

#### Proof.

```
Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
```

$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4 
$$\neg n \rightarrow \neg a \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \\
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 \& 4)}
\end{array}$$

it remains true even if you add some hypothesis

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

Lemma 2 
$$p \to q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (GiVen)}$$

$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$q o \neg \neg p$$
 (Double negation)

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4 
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP off 2 & 3)} \\
\hline
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 & 4)}
\end{array}$$

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

#### Proof.

```
Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
```

$$1 \mid \neg a \text{ (Given)}$$

$$1 - q$$
 (Given)

$$\neg q o \neg \neg p$$
 (Double negation)

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4 | 
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q$$
 (MP on 2 & 3)

5 
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

because if the right hand side of  $\rightarrow$  is true, then the implication is true

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$ 

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

## Proof.

$$0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (GiVen)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - q$$
 (Given)

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$A \mid \neg n \rightarrow \neg a \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \\
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 \& 4)}
\end{array}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Theorem  $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$ 

Lemma 2 
$$p \to q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$1 \mid \neg a \text{ (Given)}$$

$$2 \mid \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p$$
 (Double negat

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$4 \mid \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } 2 \& 3) \\
\hline
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)
\end{array}$$

Notation: 
$$p\vdash_* q$$
 if  $q$  follows from  $p$  using only Modus-Ponens and replacement rules   
 Theorem  $1p\vdash q$  iff  $p\vdash_* q$ 

Lemma 2 
$$p \rightarrow q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$egin{array}{c|c} p 
ightarrow q & (\mathsf{Giv}) \ 1 & \lnot q & (\mathsf{Given}) \end{array}$$

$$ightarrow 
eg 
eg 
eg p$$
 (Dou

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$ightarrow \neg \neg p 
ightarrow (\neg p 
ightarrow \neg q \ ext{(MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)} \\
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 & 4)}
\end{array}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 











Notation: 
$$p\vdash_* q$$
 if  $q$  follows from  $p$  using only Modus-Ponens and replacement rules   
 Theorem  $1p\vdash q$  iff  $p\vdash_* q$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Lemma 2 
$$p \to q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\
1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)}
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$$ightarrow$$
  $ightarrow$   $ightarrow$   $ightarrow$   $ightarrow$   $ightarrow$  (Double ne

$$\rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)}$$

$$p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$
  
 $q \text{ (MP on 1 & 4)}$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \\
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Theorem 
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Lemma 2 
$$p \rightarrow q$$
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4 
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

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Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

$$n-1 \mid \ldots (\ldots)$$

Theorem 
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

# Proof.

Lemma 2 
$$p \rightarrow q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \to q \text{ (Giv} \\
1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)}
\end{array}$$

$$1 -q$$
 (Given)

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4 
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

$$5 \mid \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$
$$5 \mid \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 & 4)}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

## Proof.

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$
  
 $n \mid q (\dots)$ 

of which the last line would be q

Theorem 
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

## Proof.

Lemma 2 
$$p \to q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (GIV)}$$
  
 $1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$ 

2 
$$\neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p$$
 (Double negation

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$4 \mid \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

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Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$
  
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$ 

Theorem 
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

# Proof.

Lemma 2 
$$p \rightarrow q$$
,  $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$ 

$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\neg q}{\neg \neg q} = \frac{\neg \neg r}{\neg \neg r}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

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$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$5 \quad \neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

#### Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

to give what we need using Modus Ponens

*Notation:*  $p \vdash_* q$  if q follows from p using only

Theorem 
$$1p \vdash q$$
 iff  $p \vdash_* q$ 

Lemma 2 
$$p \rightarrow q$$
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$$\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\
 & \neg q \text{ (Given)}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\
2 & \neg \neg q \to \neg \neg p \text{ (Do}
\end{array}$$

5  $\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$ 

$$\neg \neg p$$
 (Do

Modus-Ponens and replacement rules

$$\neg \neg p$$
 (Do



$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$eg p \ (\mathsf{Double} \ \mathsf{negation}) \ (\neg p 
ightarrow \neg q) \ (\mathsf{Figure})$$

$$p$$
 (Double negation)  
 $p \to (\neg p \to \neg q)$  (FL3)

$$p$$
 (Double negation)  $p o (
eg p o 
eg q)$  (FL3)

$$p p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)}$$

le negation)
$$a \rightarrow \neg a$$
 (FL3)

$$+2$$

Proof.

$$n+1$$
  $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)

So, assuming a proof of q,

 $n-1 \mid \ldots (\ldots)$ 

 $n \mid q (\dots)$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

$$(p \rightarrow q)$$

$$(p 
ightarrow q)$$
 (For  $(MP)$  on  $(q)$ 

$$ightarrow q)$$
 (FL1  
(MP on  $n$  &

$$ightarrow q)$$
 (FL1)  
MP on  $n$  &  $n$ 

$$n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$$

$$ightarrow q$$
) (FLI)  
MP on  $n \ \& \ n+1$ 

$$n \& n+1)$$

$$n \& n + 1)$$

$$(n+1)$$

$$(n+1)$$

$$(n+1)$$

Lemma 4 
$$\vdash_* q$$
 implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

$$egin{array}{cccc} n-1 & \ldots & (\ldots) & & & \\ n & q & (\ldots) & & \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) & ( ext{FL1}) & & \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q & ( ext{MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) & & \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \to q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens  $\hfill\Box$ 

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$
  
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \to q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens  $\qed$ 

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)  
 $n$  |  $q$  (...)  
 $n+1$  |  $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)  
 $n+2$  |  $p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $n \& n+1$ )

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \to q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens  $\square$ 

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \ldots & (\ldots) \\ n & q & (\ldots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
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So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \to q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens  $\hfill\Box$ 

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) 
$$p \vdash_* q$$
 implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

p o q Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p o q$ 

#### Proof.

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So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p\to q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens  $\hfill\Box$ 

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So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p\to q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens  $\hfill\Box$ 

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) 
$$p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q$$

p o q Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p o q$ 

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Theorem 3 (Direct proof) 
$$p \vdash_* q$$
 implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

 $p \rightarrow q$  Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)  
 $n$  |  $q$  (...)  
 $n+1$  |  $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)  
 $n+2$  |  $p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $n \& n+1$ )

 $p \rightarrow q$  Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$
  
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

#### Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
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Theorem 3 (Direct proof) 
$$p \vdash_* q$$
 implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  *implies*  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
  $\dots$   $(\dots)$   
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) 
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p o q Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p o q$ 

### Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

### Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

 $\textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k$ 

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

*Proof* Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  *implies*  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
  $\dots$   $(\dots)$   
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 ...  $(...)$   
 $n \mid q (...)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

 $\textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)  
 $n \mid q$  (...)  
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)  
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $n \& n+1$ )

Proof Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 ... (...)  
 $n$   $q$  (...)  
 $n+1$   $q \to (p \to q)$  (FL1)  
 $n+2$   $p \to q$  (MP on  $n \& n+1$ )

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

 $\textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)  
 $n$  |  $q$  (...)  
 $n+1$  |  $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)  
 $n+2$  |  $p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $n \& n+1$ )

Proof.

$$n-1$$
  $\dots$   $(\dots)$   
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)  $p \vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ Proof Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \ldots & (\ldots) \\ n & q & (\ldots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) \ (\text{FL1}) \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q \ (\text{MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)  $p \vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ Proof Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
  $\dots$   $(\dots)$   
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)  $p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ *Proof* Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

Proof Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$  Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)  $p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)  
 $n$  |  $q$  (...)  
 $n+1$  |  $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  *implies*  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

*Proof* Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens  $0 \mid p$  (Given)

Proof.

$$n-1$$
  $\dots$   $(\dots)$   
 $n \mid q (\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$   
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ 

```
Proof Assume true for proofs of length \leq k

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens
\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
\end{array}
```

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

### Proof.

```
 \begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}
```

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) 
$$p \vdash_* q$$
 implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$    
  $Proof$  Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Case 1: Concluded 
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens  $0 \mid p$  (Given) ...  $\mid \dots \mid \dots \mid$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \dots & \dots & \dots \\ k & q \end{array}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  *implies*  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

## Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

```
Proof.
```

```
\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k \\ \\ \mathsf{Case} \ 1: \ \mathsf{Concluded} \ q \ \mathsf{using} \ \mathsf{Modus} \ \mathsf{Ponens} \\ 0 \ | \ p \ (\mathsf{Given}) \\ \dots \ | \ \dots \ (\dots) \\ \\ \dots \ | \ \dots \ (\dots) \\ \\ k \ | \ q \end{array}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

```
Proof.
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) 
$$p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q$$

Case 1: Concluded 
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens  $0 \mid p$  (Given) ...  $\dots (\dots)$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

# Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

```
Proof.
```

```
egin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) 	ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q 	ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}
```

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded 
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens 
$$\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ m & r \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n & r \rightarrow q \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \end{array}$$

... | ... (...)

 $k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

# Proof.

```
egin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) 	ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q 	ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}
```

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens  $\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ m & r \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n & r \to q \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \end{array}$ 

... | ... (...)

 $k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens  $0 \mid p$  (Given)

$$m \mid r (\ldots)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
n & r \to q \ (\dots) \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \end{array}$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$
  
 $k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$ 

D (

Proof. 
$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$

$$n-1$$
  $\dots$   $(\dots)$   
 $n \mid q$   $(\dots)$   
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)  
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $n \& n+1$ )

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

*Proof* Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

```
0 \mid p (Given)
... | ... (...)
m \mid r (\ldots)
... | ... (...)
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
n & r \to q \ (\dots) \\
\dots & \dots \ (\dots)
\end{array}$$

 $k \mid a \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$ 

 $k+1 \mid p \rightarrow r \text{ (Induction)}$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ m & r \text{ (...)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n & r \rightarrow q \text{ (...)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ k & q \text{ (MP on } m \end{array}$$

 $k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$  $k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$ 

 $k+2 \mid p \rightarrow (matchin)$  $k+2 \mid p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \text{ (Induction)}$  Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \to (p \to q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \to q \text{ (MP on } n \text{ \& } n+1) \end{array}$$

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

*Proof* Assume true for proofs of length  $\leq k$ 

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
m & r & \dots & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
n & r \to q & \dots & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots
\end{array}$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$$
  
 $k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q) \text{ (Induction)}$ 

$$k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q)$$
 (Induction)

$$k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q) \text{ (Induction)}$$
  
 $k+3 \mid p \to (r \to q) \to (p \to r \to (p \to q)) \text{ (FL2)}$ 

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

# *Proof* Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
m & r & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
n & r \to q & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
\end{array}$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$$
  
 $k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q) \text{ (Induction)}$ 

$$k+3$$
  $p \to (r \to q)$  (induction)

$$k+3$$
  $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q))$  (FL2)  
 $k+4$   $p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (MP on  $k+1, k+3$ )

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded 
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens  $0 \mid p$  (Given)

$$m \mid r(\ldots)$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$$

$$k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q)$$
 (Induction)

$$k+2$$
  $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q)$  (madecion)  
 $k+3$   $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q))$  (FL2)  
 $k+4$   $p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (MP on  $k+1, k+3$ )

Lemma 4 
$$\vdash_* q$$
 implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

# Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p
ightarrow q) \ (\text{FL1}) \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q \ (\text{MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

 ${\sf Case \ 1: \ Concluded} \ q \ {\sf using \ Modus \ Ponens}$ 

 $k+5 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } k+1, k+4)$ 

```
\begin{array}{c|cccc} 0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ m & r \text{ (...)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n & r \rightarrow q \text{ (...)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ k & q \text{ (MP on } m \text{ & } n) \\ k+1 & p \rightarrow r \text{ (Induction)} \\ k+2 & p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \text{ (Induction)} \\ k+3 & p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)) \text{ (FL2)} \\ k+4 & p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (MP on } k+1, k+3) \end{array}
```

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  *implies*  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

```
\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \text{ \& } n+1) \end{array}
```

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q implies \vdash_* p \to q

Proof Assume true for proofs of length \leq k
```

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

 $0 \mid p$  (Given)

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$$
  
 $k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q) \text{ (Induction)}$ 

$$k+2$$
  $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q)$  (induction)  
 $k+3$   $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q))$  (FL2)

$$k+4$$
  $p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (MP on  $k+1, k+3$ )  
 $k+5$   $p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $k+1, k+4$ )

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \to q$ 

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)  
 $n$  |  $q$  (...)  
 $n+1$  |  $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (FL1)  
 $n+2$  |  $p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $n \& n+1$ )

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of  $p \rightarrow q$  by FL1 and Modus Ponens

In the next lecture we will consider the case where the last step used a replacement rule

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

 ${\sf Case \ 1: \ Concluded} \ q \ {\sf using \ Modus \ Ponens}$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
m & r & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
n & r \to q & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
\end{array}$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$
  
 $k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$ 

$$k+1$$
  $p \rightarrow r$  (induction)  
 $k+2$   $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q)$  (Induction)

$$k+2$$
  $p \to (r \to q)$  (induction)  
 $k+3$   $p \to (r \to q) \to (p \to r \to (p \to q))$  (FL2)

$$k+4$$
  $p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$  (MP on  $k+1, k+3$ )  
 $k+5$   $p \rightarrow q$  (MP on  $k+1, k+4$ )

Lemma 4  $\vdash_* q$  implies  $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ 

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$