







Theorem $1p \vdash q \textit{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof. The proof will involve showing that each of the inference rules can be inferred from the replacement rules and Modu

Notation: $p \vdash_* q$ if q follows from p using only

Modus-Ponens and replacement rules

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Proof.

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 $\text{Lemma 2 } p \rightarrow q \text{, } \neg q \text{ } \vdash_{*} \neg p$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof.

Lemma 2 $p \to q$, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

 $0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)}$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Lemma 2
$$p \to q$$
, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\
1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)}
\end{array}$$

$$1 \mid \neg q$$
 (Given

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof.

- $\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \to \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \end{array}$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof.

- $\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \end{array}$

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- $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \end{array}$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

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Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
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$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$3 \mid \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)}$$

4
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

5
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof.

```
Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
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$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$3 \mid \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q)$$
 (FL3

4 |
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q$$
 (MP on 2 & 3)

5
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

The other inference rules can also be proved similarly

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- $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$

- $5 \mid \neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$

Theorem
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

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Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
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$$1 \mid \neg a \text{ (Given)}$$

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$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$3 \quad \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL}$$

$$4 \mid \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

5
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

It essentially proves that if a statement is true.

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof.

```
Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
```

$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4
$$\neg n \rightarrow \neg a \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \\
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 \& 4)}
\end{array}$$

it remains true even if you add some hypothesis

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Lemma 2
$$p \to q$$
, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

$$0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (GiVen)}$$

$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$q o \neg \neg p$$
 (Double negation)

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP off 2 & 3)} \\
\hline
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 & 4)}
\end{array}$$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof.

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Lemma 2 p \rightarrow q, \neg q \vdash_* \neg p
```

$$1 \mid \neg a \text{ (Given)}$$

$$1 - q$$
 (Given)

$$\neg q o \neg \neg p$$
 (Double negation)

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4 |
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q$$
 (MP on 2 & 3)

5
$$\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

because if the right hand side of \rightarrow is true, then the implication is true

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Proof.

$$0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (GiVen)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - q$$
 (Given)

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$A \mid \neg n \rightarrow \neg a \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \\
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 \& 4)}
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Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Theorem $1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$

Lemma 2
$$p \to q$$
, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

$$1 \mid \neg a \text{ (Given)}$$

$$2 \mid \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p$$
 (Double negat

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$4 \mid \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } 2 \& 3) \\
\hline
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)
\end{array}$$

Notation:
$$p\vdash_* q$$
 if q follows from p using only Modus-Ponens and replacement rules
 Theorem $1p\vdash q$ iff $p\vdash_* q$

Lemma 2
$$p \rightarrow q$$
, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

$$egin{array}{c|c} p
ightarrow q & (\mathsf{Giv}) \ 1 & \lnot q & (\mathsf{Given}) \end{array}$$

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eg p$$
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$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$ightarrow \neg \neg p
ightarrow (\neg p
ightarrow \neg q \ ext{(MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)} \\
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 & 4)}
\end{array}$$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$











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$$p \to q$$
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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\
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 $ightarrow$ $ightarrow$ $ightarrow$ $ightarrow$ $ightarrow$ (Double ne

$$\rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)}$$

$$p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

 $q \text{ (MP on 1 & 4)}$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \\
5 & \neg q \text{ (MP on 1 \& 4)}
\end{array}$$

Theorem
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

Proof.

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$$0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)}$$

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$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

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Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

$$n-1 \mid \ldots (\ldots)$$

Theorem
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

Proof.

Lemma 2
$$p \rightarrow q$$
, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \to q \text{ (Giv} \\
1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)}
\end{array}$$

$$1 -q$$
 (Given)

$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

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Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$

 $n \mid q (\dots)$

of which the last line would be q

Theorem
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

Proof.

Lemma 2
$$p \to q$$
, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

$$0 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (GIV)}$$

 $1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$

2
$$\neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p$$
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$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$4 \mid \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 & 3)}$$

$$5 \mid \neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$

 $n \mid q (\dots)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$

Theorem
$$1p \vdash q \text{ iff } p \vdash_* q$$

Proof.

Lemma 2
$$p \rightarrow q$$
, $\neg q \vdash_* \neg p$

$$1 \mid \neg q \text{ (Given)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\neg q}{\neg \neg q} = \frac{\neg \neg r}{\neg \neg r}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{0} & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{1} & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ \textbf{2} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ \textbf{3} & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ \textbf{4} & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

4
$$\neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)}$$

$$5 \quad \neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

to give what we need using Modus Ponens

Notation: $p \vdash_* q$ if q follows from p using only

Theorem
$$1p \vdash q$$
 iff $p \vdash_* q$

Lemma 2
$$p \rightarrow q$$
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$$\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \to q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\
 & \neg q \text{ (Given)}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\
2 & \neg \neg q \to \neg \neg p \text{ (Do}
\end{array}$$

5 $\neg q \text{ (MP on } 1 \& 4)$

$$\neg \neg p$$
 (Do

Modus-Ponens and replacement rules

$$\neg \neg p$$
 (Do



$$\begin{array}{lll} 0 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (Given)} \\ 1 & \neg q \text{ (Given)} \\ 2 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \text{ (Double negation)} \\ 3 & \neg \neg q \rightarrow \neg \neg p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)} \\ 4 & \neg p \rightarrow \neg q \text{ (MP on 2 \& 3)} \end{array}$$

$$eg p \ (\mathsf{Double} \ \mathsf{negation}) \ (\neg p
ightarrow \neg q) \ (\mathsf{Figure})$$

$$p$$
 (Double negation)
 $p \to (\neg p \to \neg q)$ (FL3)

$$p$$
 (Double negation) $p o (
eg p o
eg q)$ (FL3)

$$p p \rightarrow (\neg p \rightarrow \neg q) \text{ (FL3)}$$

le negation)
$$a \rightarrow \neg a$$
 (FL3)

$$+2$$

Proof.

$$n+1$$
 $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (FL1)

So, assuming a proof of q,

 $n-1 \mid \ldots (\ldots)$

 $n \mid q (\dots)$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

$$(p \rightarrow q)$$

$$(p
ightarrow q)$$
 (For (MP) on (q)

$$ightarrow q)$$
 (FL1
(MP on n &

$$ightarrow q)$$
 (FL1)
MP on n & n

$$n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$$

$$ightarrow q$$
) (FLI)
MP on $n \ \& \ n+1$

$$n \& n+1)$$

$$n \& n + 1)$$

$$(n+1)$$

$$(n+1)$$

$$(n+1)$$

Lemma 4
$$\vdash_* q$$
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$$egin{array}{cccc} n-1 & \ldots & (\ldots) & & & \\ n & q & (\ldots) & & \\ n+1 & q
ightarrow (p
ightarrow q) & (ext{FL1}) & & \\ n+2 & p
ightarrow q & (ext{MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) & & \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \to q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens $\hfill\Box$

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$

 $n \mid q (\dots)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \to q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens \qed

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)
 n | q (...)
 $n+1$ | $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (FL1)
 $n+2$ | $p \rightarrow q$ (MP on $n \& n+1$)

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \to q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens \square

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \ldots & (\ldots) \\ n & q & (\ldots) \\ n+1 & q
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So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \to q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens $\hfill\Box$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)
$$p \vdash_* q$$
 implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

p o q Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p o q$

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \ldots & (\ldots) \\ n & q & (\ldots) \\ n+1 & q
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So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p\to q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens $\hfill\Box$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)
$$p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q$$

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Theorem 3 (Direct proof)
$$p \vdash_* q$$
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 $p \rightarrow q$ Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)
 n | q (...)
 $n+1$ | $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (FL1)
 $n+2$ | $p \rightarrow q$ (MP on $n \& n+1$)

 $p \rightarrow q$ Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$

 $n \mid q (\dots)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q
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Theorem 3 (Direct proof)
$$p \vdash_* q$$
 implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ *implies* $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 \dots (\dots)
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 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
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Theorem 3 (Direct proof)
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Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

 $\textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k$

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q
ightarrow (p
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ *implies* $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 \dots (\dots)
 $n \mid q (\dots)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 ... $(...)$
 $n \mid q (...)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \rightarrow q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

 $\textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)
 $n \mid q$ (...)
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (FL1)
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q$ (MP on $n \& n+1$)

Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 ... (...)
 n q (...)
 $n+1$ $q \to (p \to q)$ (FL1)
 $n+2$ $p \to q$ (MP on $n \& n+1$)

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

 $\textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)
 n | q (...)
 $n+1$ | $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (FL1)
 $n+2$ | $p \rightarrow q$ (MP on $n \& n+1$)

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 \dots (\dots)
 $n \mid q (\dots)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) $p \vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$ Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \ldots & (\ldots) \\ n & q & (\ldots) \\ n+1 & q
ightarrow (p
ightarrow q) \ (\text{FL1}) \\ n+2 & p
ightarrow q \ (\text{MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) $p \vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$ Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 \dots (\dots)
 $n \mid q (\dots)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) $p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \rightarrow q$ *Proof* Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q
ightarrow (p
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \rightarrow q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens

Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$ Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

Theorem 3 (Direct proof) $p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 | ... (...)
 n | q (...)
 $n+1$ | $q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (FL1)

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$ So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ *implies* $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens $0 \mid p$ (Given)

Proof.

$$n-1$$
 \dots (\dots)
 $n \mid q (\dots)$
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)}$
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1)$

```
Proof Assume true for proofs of length \leq k

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens
\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
& \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
\end{array}
```

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

```
 \begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}
```

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)
$$p \vdash_* q$$
 implies $\vdash_* p \to q$
 $Proof$ Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens $0 \mid p$ (Given) ... $\mid \dots \mid \dots \mid$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \dots & \dots & \dots \\ k & q \end{array}$$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ *implies* $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

```
Proof.
```

```
\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textit{Proof} \ \mathsf{Assume} \ \mathsf{true} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{proofs} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{length} \ \leq k \\ \\ \mathsf{Case} \ 1: \ \mathsf{Concluded} \ q \ \mathsf{using} \ \mathsf{Modus} \ \mathsf{Ponens} \\ 0 \ | \ p \ (\mathsf{Given}) \\ \dots \ | \ \dots \ (\dots) \\ \\ \dots \ | \ \dots \ (\dots) \\ \\ k \ | \ q \end{array}$$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

```
Proof.
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

Theorem 3 (Direct proof)
$$p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q$$

Case 1: Concluded
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens $0 \mid p$ (Given) ... $\dots (\dots)$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

```
Proof.
```

```
egin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) 	ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q 	ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}
```

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens
$$\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ m & r \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n & r \rightarrow q \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \end{array}$$

... | ... (...)

 $k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

```
egin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q 
ightarrow (p 
ightarrow q) 	ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p 
ightarrow q 	ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}
```

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens $\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ m & r \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n & r \to q \text{ (}\dots\text{)} \end{array}$

... | ... (...)

 $k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens $0 \mid p$ (Given)

$$m \mid r (\ldots)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
n & r \to q \ (\dots) \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \end{array}$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

 $k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$

D (

Proof.
$$n-1 \mid \dots (\dots)$$

$$n-1$$
 \dots (\dots)
 $n \mid q$ (\dots)
 $n+1 \mid q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (FL1)
 $n+2 \mid p \rightarrow q$ (MP on $n \& n+1$)

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

```
0 \mid p (Given)
... | ... (...)
m \mid r (\ldots)
... | ... (...)
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
n & r \to q \ (\dots) \\
\dots & \dots \ (\dots)
\end{array}$$

 $k \mid a \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$

 $k+1 \mid p \rightarrow r \text{ (Induction)}$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q
ightarrow (p
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \rightarrow q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ m & r \text{ (...)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ n & r \rightarrow q \text{ (...)} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ k & q \text{ (MP on } m \end{array}$$

 $k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$ $k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$

 $k+2 \mid p \rightarrow (matchin)$ $k+2 \mid p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \text{ (Induction)}$ Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \to (p \to q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \to q \text{ (MP on } n \text{ \& } n+1) \end{array}$$

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
m & r & \dots & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\
n & r \to q & \dots & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots
\end{array}$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$$

 $k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q) \text{ (Induction)}$

$$k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q)$$
 (Induction)

$$k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q) \text{ (Induction)}$$

 $k+3 \mid p \to (r \to q) \to (p \to r \to (p \to q)) \text{ (FL2)}$

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \rightarrow q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Proof Assume true for proofs of length $\leq k$

Case 1: Concluded q using Modus Ponens

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
0 & p \text{ (Given)} \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
m & r & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
n & r \to q & \dots \\
\dots & \dots & \dots \\
\end{array}$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$$

 $k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q) \text{ (Induction)}$

$$k+3$$
 $p \to (r \to q)$ (induction)

$$k+3$$
 $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q))$ (FL2)
 $k+4$ $p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (MP on $k+1, k+3$)

Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$egin{array}{c|ccc} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q
ightarrow (p
ightarrow q) ext{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p
ightarrow q ext{ (MP on } n \ \& \ n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \rightarrow q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

Case 1: Concluded
$$q$$
 using Modus Ponens $0 \mid p$ (Given)

$$m \mid r(\ldots)$$

$$k \mid q \text{ (MP on } m \& n)$$

$$k+1 \mid p \to r \text{ (Induction)}$$

$$k+2 \mid p \to (r \to q)$$
 (Induction)

$$k+2$$
 $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q)$ (madecion)
 $k+3$ $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q))$ (FL2)
 $k+4$ $p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (MP on $k+1, k+3$)

Lemma 4
$$\vdash_* q$$
 implies $\vdash_* p \to q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \& n+1) \\ \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \rightarrow q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens

```
Theorem 3 (Direct proof) p \vdash_* q \text{ implies } \vdash_* p \to q
```

 ${\sf Case \ 1: \ Concluded} \ q \ {\sf using \ Modus \ Ponens}$

 $k+5 \mid p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } k+1, k+4)$

k+3 $p \rightarrow (r \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q))$ (FL2) k+4 $p \rightarrow r \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ (MP on k+1, k+3) Lemma 4 $\vdash_* q$ implies $\vdash_* p \rightarrow q$

Proof.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} n-1 & \dots & (\dots) \\ n & q & (\dots) \\ n+1 & q \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \text{ (FL1)} \\ n+2 & p \rightarrow q \text{ (MP on } n \text{ \& } n+1) \end{array}$$

So, assuming a proof of q, we can extend it to a proof of $p \rightarrow q$ by FL1 and Modus Ponens