

# Example document recreated with beamer in LaTeX

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Markup Languages and Reproducible Programming in Statistics

# Outline

Working with equations

- Aligning the same equations

- Omit equation numbering

- Ugly alignment

Discussion

# Working with equations

We define a set of equations as:

$$a = b + c^2, \tag{1}$$

$$a - c^2 = b, \tag{2}$$

$$\text{left side} = \text{right side}, \tag{3}$$

$$\text{left side} + \text{something} \geq \text{right side}, \tag{4}$$

for all something  $> 0$

## Aligning the same equations

Aligning the equations by the equal sign gives a much better view into the placements of the separate equation components:

$$a = b + c^2, \tag{5}$$

$$a - c^2 = b, \tag{6}$$

$$\text{left side} = \text{right side}, \tag{7}$$

$$\text{left side} + \text{something} \geq \text{right side}, \tag{8}$$

for all something  $>0$

## Omit equation numbering

Alternatively, the equation numbering can be omitted:

$$a = b + c^2,$$

$$a - c^2 = b,$$

left side = right side,

left side + something  $\geq$  right side,

## Ugly alignment

Some components do not look well, when aligned. Especially equations with different heights and spacing. For example:

$$E = mc^2, \tag{9}$$

$$m = \frac{E}{c^2}, \tag{10}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}}, \tag{11}$$

Take that into account

# Discussion

This is where you'd normally give your audience a recap of your talk, where you could discuss e.g. the following:

- ▶ Your main findings
- ▶ The consequences of your main findings
- ▶ Things to do
- ▶ Any other business not currently investigated, but related to your talk