Newton - Raphson

$$X_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)} \quad \text{Hota:}$$

$$\int \frac{f''(x_0) - f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)^2} \left| \langle 1 | \text{ Yakinsaklik} | \text{ Koşulu} \right|$$

Kiris (Secont) Metadu

$$x_{i+i} = x_i' = \frac{(x_i - x_{i-1})}{(y_i - y_{i-1})} \cdot y_i'$$

Regula Falsi ?

$$x_0 = \frac{a \cdot fb - b \cdot fa}{fb - fa}$$

$$|f(x_k)| \leq \varepsilon = kok$$

En kiaili karde

$$F_{m}(m,b) = -2(\frac{5}{2}x_{i}^{2})m - 2(\frac{5}{2}x_{i}) + 2(\frac{5}{2}x_{i}y_{i})$$

$$F_{b}(m,b) = -2(\frac{5}{2}x_{i})m - 2(\frac{5}{2}1)b + 2(\frac{5}{2}y_{i})$$

$$F(m,b) = \frac{2}{2}(y_{i} - mx_{i} - b)^{2} + \dots (y_{n} + mx_{n} + b)^{2}$$

Geri Yould Son's Fork



merkezi Yonliser × | 7 | 8 = 1 | 6 | × | ×

Enterpolesyon

Polinon

$$P_{n}(x) = a_{0} + a_{1}x + a_{2}x^{2} + \dots + a_{n}x^{n}$$

$$P_{n}(x_{i}) = f(x_{i})$$

$$\begin{cases} 1 & x_{0} & x_{0}^{2} & \dots & x_{n} \\ 1 & x_{1} & x_{1}^{2} & \dots & x_{n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_{n} & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_{n} & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ x_{n} & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots$$

$$a_{i} = \frac{f(x_{i}) - f(x_{i+1})}{x_{i} - x_{i+1}}$$

$$a_{0} = f(x_{i}) - a_{0} \times i \quad \text{alle esith}$$

Kuadratik (3 noktası be(li)

$$C = \left(\frac{x^{2} - x^{1}}{3^{2} - 3^{1}} - \frac{x^{1} - \infty}{3^{1} - 3^{2}}\right)$$

$$X^{1} - x^{2}$$

$$X^{1} - x^{2}$$

RIEMANN integral:
$$\Delta x$$

$$T = \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \lim_{n\to\infty} \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} f(xi) \left(\frac{x_n - x_0}{n}\right)$$

Gregory-Newton

$$a_1 = f(x_1)$$

$$a_2 = \frac{x^{5-x_1}}{x^{5-x_1}}$$

$$a_3 = \frac{(x_3) - a_1 - a_2(x_3 - x_1)}{(x_3 - x_1)(x_3 - x_2)}$$

$$P_{\lambda} = a_1 + a_2(x - x_1) + a_3(x - x_1)(x - x_2)$$

$$P_{n}(x) = y_{0} + \frac{\Delta y_{0}}{1!h} (x-x_{0}) + \frac{\Delta y_{0}^{2}}{2!h^{2}} (x-x_{0})$$

$$\frac{\Delta^n y_0}{n! h^n} \left(x - x_0) (x - x_1) \dots (x - x_{n-1}) \right)$$

h sabit defilse
h=1 yaparak nesepla

$$P(2) = X_0 + \Delta x_0 = \pm \frac{\Delta^2 x_0}{2! h} (2-2_0)(2-4..)$$

yalnız biraktığın z'leri yenne Loy

Lagrange

$$P(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{n} L_i(x) \cdot f(x_i)$$

$$L_{i}(x) = \prod_{\substack{J=0\\J\neq i}} \left(\frac{x-x_{J}}{x_{i}-x_{J}}\right)$$

Sayisal Integral

Trapez Kurali (Yamul)

$$\int_{x_i+2}^{a-b} \frac{d^2x}{2} \int_{x_i}^{a-b} \frac{d$$

İleri Farklarla İntegrasyon:
$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+h} f(x) \ dx = h \Bigg[1 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta - \frac{1}{12} \Delta^2 + \frac{1}{24} \Delta^3 - \frac{19}{720} \Delta^4 + - \ldots \Bigg] f(x_0)$$
 Geri Yönlü Farklarla İntegrasyon:

 $\int_{x_{n-k}}^{x_n} f(x) \ dx = h \left[1 - \frac{1}{2} \nabla - \frac{1}{12} \nabla^2 - \frac{1}{24} \nabla^3 - \frac{19}{720} \nabla^4 - \dots \right] f(x_0)$

 $\int_{x_0-h}^{x_0+h} f(x) dx = 2h \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{6} \delta^2 + \frac{1}{180} \delta^4 + \dots \right\} f(x_0)$