## For Batch 2024-25 Onwards and 2024 admission batch - All courses

### UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION

#### **Environment Education (EnE-101)**

#### Unit 1: Humans and the Environment

The man-environment interaction: Humans as hunter-gatherers; Mastery of fire; Origin of agriculture; Emergence of city-states; Great ancient civilizations and the environment, Industrial revolution and its impact on the environment; Population growth and natural resource exploitation; Global environmental

UN Conference on Human Environment 1972; World Commission on Environment and Development and the concept of sustainable development; Rio Summit and subsequent international efforts. (4 lectures)

#### Unit 2: Natural Resources and Sustainable Development

Overview of natural resources: Definition of resource; Classification of natural resources- blotic and abiotic, renewable and non-renewable.

Biotic resources: Major type of biotic resources- forests, grasslands, wetlands, wildlife and aquatic (fresh water and marine); Microbes as a resource; Status and challenges.

Water resources: Types of water resources- fresh water and marine resources; Availability and use of water resources; Environmental impact of over-exploitation, issues and challenges; Water scarcity and stress; Conflicts over water.

Energy resources: Sources of energy and their classification, renewable and non-renewable sources of energy; Conventional energy sources- coal, oil, natural gas, nuclear energy; Non-conventional energy sources- solar, wind, tidal, hydro, wave, ocean thermal, geothermal, biomass, hydrogen and fuel cells. Introduction to sustainable development: Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)- targets and indicators, (6 lectures) challenges and strategies for SDGs.

# Unit 3: Environmental Issues: Local, Regional and Global

Environmental issues: Pollution: Types of Pollution- air, noise, water, soil, thermal, radioactive ;municipal solid waste, hazardous waste; acid rain; smog.

Land use and Land cover change: land degradation, deforestation, desertification, urbanization. Biodiversity loss: past and current trends, impact.

Global change: Ozone layer depletion; Climate change. Disasters - Natural and Man-made (6 lectures) (Anthropogenic)

## Unit 4: Conservation of Biodiversity and Ecosystems

Biodiversity and its distribution: Biodiversity as a natural resource; Levels and types of biodiversity; Biodiversity in India and the world; Biodiversity hotspots; Species and ecosystem threat categories. Ecosystems and ecosystem services: Major ecosystem types in India and their basic characteristicsforests, wetlands, grasslands, agriculture, coastal and marine; Ecosystem services- classification and their

significance. Threats to biodiversity and ecosystems: Invasive species; Fire and Disasters.

Major conservation policies: in-situ and ex-situ conservation approaches; Major protected areas; National and International Instruments for biodiversity conservation; community-based conservation; Gender and (6 lectures) conservation.

# Unit 5: Environmental Pollution and Health

Understanding pollution: Production processes and generation of wastes; Assimilative capacity of the environment; Definition of pollution; Point sources and non-point sources of pollution.

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Annexure-XIX

Air pollution: Sources of air pollution; Primary and secondary pollutants; Criteria pollutants- carbon monoxide, lead, nitrogen oxides, ground-level ozone, particulate matter and sulphur dioxide; Other important air pollutants- Volatile Organic compounds (VOCs); Indoor air pollution; Adverse health impacts of air pollutants; National Ambient Air Quality Standards.

Water pollution: Sources of water pollution; River, lake and marine pollution, groundwater pollution; water quality Water quality parameters and standards; adverse health impacts of water pollution on human and aquatic life.

Soil pollution and solid waste: Soil pollutants and their sources; Solid and hazardous waste; Impact on human health.

Noise pollution: Definition of noise; Unit of measurement of noise pollution; Sources of noise pollution; Noise standards; adverse impacts of noise on human health.

Thermal and Radioactive pollution: Sources and impact on human health and ecosystems. (6 lectures)

## Unit 6: Climate Change: Impacts, Adaptation and Mitigation

Understanding climate change: Natural variations in climate; Structure of atmosphere; Anthropogenic climate change from greenhouse gas emissions—past, present and future; Projections of global climate change with special reference to temperature, rainfall, climate variability and extreme events; Climate change projections for the Indian sub-continent.

Impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change: Observed impacts of climate change on ocean and land systems; Sea level rise, changes in marine and coastal ecosystems; Impacts on forests and natural ecosystems; Impacts on animal species, agriculture, health, urban infrastructure; the concept of vulnerability and its assessment; Adaptation vs. Resilience.

Mitigation of climate change: Synergies between adaptation and mitigation measures; Green House Gas (GHG); Concept of carbon neutrality; National and international policy instruments for mitigation, net zero targets for the future; Energy efficiency measures; Renewable energy sources; Carbon capture and storage.

(6 lectures)

#### Unit 7: Environmental Management

Introduction to environmental laws and regulation: Constitutional provisions- Article 48A, Article 51A (g) and other derived environmental rights; Introduction to environmental legislations on the forest, wildlife and pollution control.

Environmental audit and impact assessment; Environmental risk assessment Pollution control and management; Waste Management- Concept of 3R (Reduce, Recycle and Reuse) and sustainability; (6 lectures)

#### Unit 8: Environmental Treaties and Legislation

An overview of instruments of international cooperation; bilateral and multilateral agreements; conventions and protocols; adoption, signature, binding and nonbinding measures; Conference of the Parties (COP)

Major International Environmental Agreements: Vienna Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer; Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer and the Kigali Amendment.

Major Indian Environmental Legislations: The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972; The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974; The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980; The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981; The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986; The Biological Diversity Act, 2002; The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006; Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000; Industry-specific environmental standards; Waste management rules; National Green Tribunal; Some landmark Supreme Court judgements

Major International organisations and initiatives: United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO), Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC). (6 lectures)