# Clustering Report

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# 1 Clustering

### 1.1 Experimental setup

Notations See [1].

**Dataset and models** Label column: "dec". Feature column: "attr", "sinc", "intel", "fun", "amb", "shar". Models: k-means and GMM with 3 types of inference — expectation maximization (GMM-EM), variational inference (GMM-VI), and Gibbs sampling (GMM-GS).

**Visualization via PCA** Fig. 1 shows the distribution of the dataset, where pc1 denotes the first principal component and pc2 denotes the second.

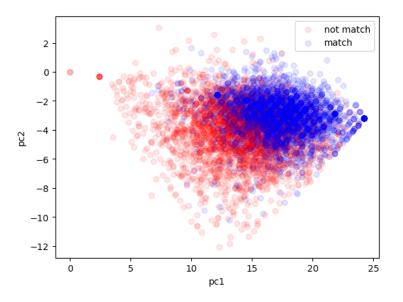


Figure 1: Visualization via PCA.

### 1.2 Results

K-means

 $\mathbf{GMM}\text{-}\mathbf{EM}$ 

GMM-VI

GMM-GS

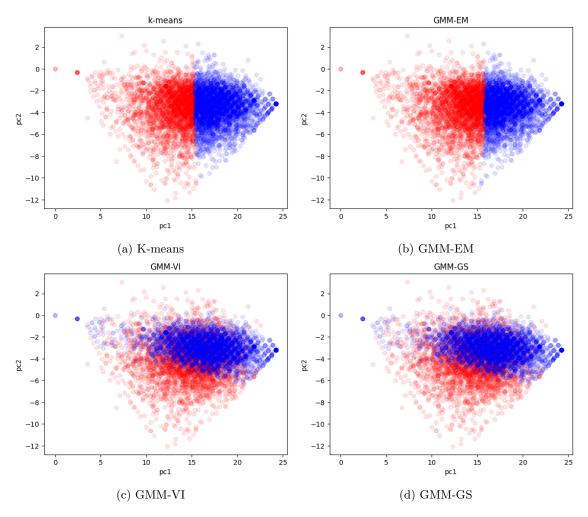


Figure 2: Clustering results.

# References

[1] Kevin P Murphy. Machine learning: a probabilistic perspective. MIT press, 2012.

#### Algorithm 1 GMM-EM

```
1: input: initial random labels r_{ik}^{0}
2: for t = 0, 1, \dots, T - 1
3: M-step
4: \pi_{l}^{t+1} = \frac{\sum_{i} r_{il}^{t}}{n}
5: \mu_{l}^{t+1} = \frac{\sum_{i} r_{il}^{t} x_{i}}{\sum_{i} r_{il}^{t} x_{i}}
6: \Sigma_{l}^{t+1} = \frac{\sum_{i} r_{il}^{t} x_{i}}{\sum_{i} r_{il}^{t}}
7: E-step
8: r_{ik}^{t+1} = \frac{\pi_{k}^{t} N(x_{i} | \mu_{k}^{t}, \Sigma_{k}^{t})}{\sum_{l} \pi_{l}^{t} N(x_{i} | \mu_{l}^{t}, \Sigma_{l}^{t})}
9: end for
```

#### Algorithm 2 GMM-VI

```
1: input: initial random labels r_{ik} and prior parameters: Dirichlet parameter \alpha_0, Gaussian parameter m_0, \beta_0, Wishart parameter L_0, v_0

2: for t = 0, 1, \dots, T - 1

3: M-like step

4: N_k = \sum_i r_{ik}

5: \bar{x}_k = \frac{1}{N_k} \sum_i r_{ik} (x_i - \bar{x}_k) (x_i - \bar{x}_k)^{\top}

7: \beta_k = \beta_0 + N_k

8: m_k = \frac{1}{\beta_k} (\beta_0 m_0 + N_k \bar{x}_k)

9: L_k^{-1} = L_0^{-1} + N_k S_k + \frac{\beta_0 N_k}{\beta_0 + N_k} (\bar{x}_k - m_0) (\bar{x}_k - m_0)^{\top}

10: \nu_k = \nu_0 + N_k

11: \alpha_k = \alpha_0 + N_k

12: E-like step

13: \tilde{\pi}_k = \exp \left\{ \psi(\alpha_k) - \psi(\sum_l \alpha_l) \right\}

14: \tilde{\Lambda}_k = \exp \left\{ \sum_j \psi(\frac{\nu_k + 1 - j}{2}) + d \log 2 + \log \det L_k \right\}

15: r_{ik} \propto \tilde{\pi}_k \tilde{\Lambda}_k^{\frac{1}{2}} \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} d\beta_k^{-1} - \frac{1}{2} \nu_k (x_i - m_k)^{\top} L_k (x_i - m_k) \right\}

16: end for
```

#### Algorithm 3 GMM-GS

```
1: input: initial \alpha, m_0, V_0, S_0, \nu_0 and \pi, \mu_k, \Sigma_k
 2: for t = 0, 1, \dots, T - 1
            Sampling z
            z_i \sim Multinomial(\pi_k N(x_i|\mu_k, \Sigma_k), k = 1, \cdots, K)
 4:
            Sampling \pi
           N_k = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} 1(z_i = k)

\pi \sim Dir(\alpha_1 + N_1, \dots, \alpha_k + N_k)
 6:
 7:
          Sampling \mu_k

V_k^{-1} = V_0^{-1} + N_k \Sigma_k

m_k = V_k (\Sigma_k^{-1} \sum_{i:z_i=k} x_i + V_0^{-1} m_0)

\mu_k \sim N(m_k, V_k)
10:
11:
            Sampling \Sigma_k
12:
           \bar{x}_{k} = \frac{1}{N_{k}} \sum_{i:z_{i}=k} x_{i}
S_{k} = \sum_{i:z_{i}=k} (x_{i} - \bar{x}_{k})(x_{i} - \bar{x}_{k})^{\top}
\sum_{k} \sim IW(S_{0} + S_{k}, \nu_{0} + N_{k})
13:
14:
15:
16: end for
```