Wha	t are the factors that affect the free space loss ? *
~	gain of transmitting antenna
~	gain of receiving antenna
~	effective area of transmitting antenna
~	effective area of receiving antenna
	distance between the receiving and transmitting antennas
	ch one of the following OSI layers is responsible for sending frames with the essary synchronization, error control, and flow control? *
•	Data link
\bigcirc	Network
\circ	Transport
\bigcirc	Application
\bigcirc	Session
Tele	evision channels are 6 MHz wide. How many bits/sec can be sent if four-level
dig	ital signals are used? Assume a noiseless channel. *
dig	ital signals are used? Assume a noiseless channel. * 24 Mbps
_	
_	24 Mbps
_	24 Mbps 12 Mbps

re	want to send data word 100100 by using CRC error detection scheme. The determined divisor pattern is 1101. What is the sent data bit stream T? *
\circ	001100100
0	100100011
•	100100101
0	100100001
0	100100111
- :	
FDN	signals, each requiring 10KHz, are multiplexed on to a single channel using 1. How much minimum bandwidth is required for the multiplexed channel?
Ass	ume that the guard channel is 500Hz wide. *
0	52000 Hz
0	50000 Hz
0	49500 Hz
0	48000 Hz
•	50500 Hz
In a	GSM network handover decision is made by
ln a	GSM network handover decision is made by*
_	GSM network handover decision is made by * BSC
_	
In a	BSC
_	BSC VLR
_	BSC VLR HLR
_	BSC VLR HLR BTS
OOOO	BSC VLR HLR BTS

Bloo	cked calls cleared formula is also known as formula. *
0	Erlang D
\bigcirc	Erlang C
\bigcirc	Erlang A
•	Erlang B
\circ	Erlang E
Wha	at is the unit for the measure of traffic intensity? *
0	Ohm
•	Earlang
\bigcirc	Minute
\circ	Shannon
	is the maximum value or strength of the signal over time.*
•	Peak amplitude
••	Peak amplitude Frequency
OO	
OOO	Frequency

dupl	ectrum of 100 MHz is allocated to a cellular system which uses two 100 KHz ex channels to provide full duplex voice channels. What is the number of mels available per cell for 4 cell reuse factor? *
	250
\bigcirc	100
\bigcirc	500
\bigcirc	1000
0	200
	t happens if we increase the energy per bit (E_b) in a system while keeping bit rate R same? *
	Error rate decreases
\bigcirc	Error rate increases
\bigcirc	More users can be allowed in the system
\bigcirc	Noise increases
0	Co-channel interference increases
follo	CDMA system, user A is using the code <1, -1, 1, 1, -1, -1>. Which one of the wing codes should be assigned to user B so that A and B can use this CDMA em simultaneously? *
\circ	-1 -1 -1 1 -1 1
\bigcirc	-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1
	-11-1-11
\odot	41-1-1-11

subs	scriber? *
•	TMSI
0	IMSI
0	SIM
0	A5
0	A3
	ch is the process of encoding information from a message source in suitab ner for transmission? *
0	Coding
0	Signalling
\circ	Demodulation
•	Modulation
0	Encryption
	cellular network what happens if we increase the distance between center ne nearest co-channel cells? *
•	QoS of the network increases
0	QoS of the network decreases
0	Capacity of the network increases
0	Security of the network decreases
	Security of the network increases

A signal has a fundamental frequency of 100 Hz. What is its period? *

	ch one of the followings cannot be eliminated? *
•	Thermal Noise
\circ	Intermodulation noise
0	Crosstalk
\circ	Impulse Noise
	Co-channel interference
Wha	t is the corresponding Hamming Code for the data "1001101"? *
0	11011100101
\circ	10011100100
0	10011100110
•	10011100101
0	10010100101
Co	-channel interference is a function of*
©	Radius of cell
0	Transmitted power
0	Received power
\circ	Frequency of mobile user
	Base station height