Introduction to version control with Git

Day 2: Branching, Merging and collaboration workflows

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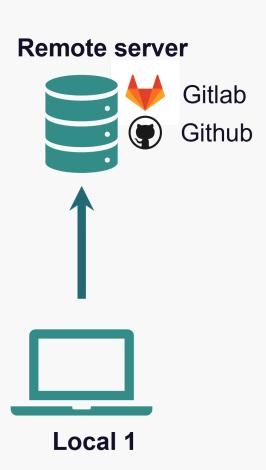
Before we start

Let's check if we are all set with the teams.

Recap

Basic Git workflow:

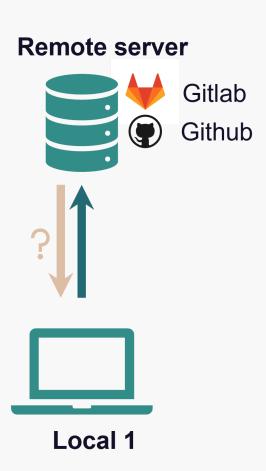
- 1. Initialize a Git repository
- 2. Work on the project
- 3. **Stage** and **commit** changes to the local repository
- 4. Push to the remote repository



Recap

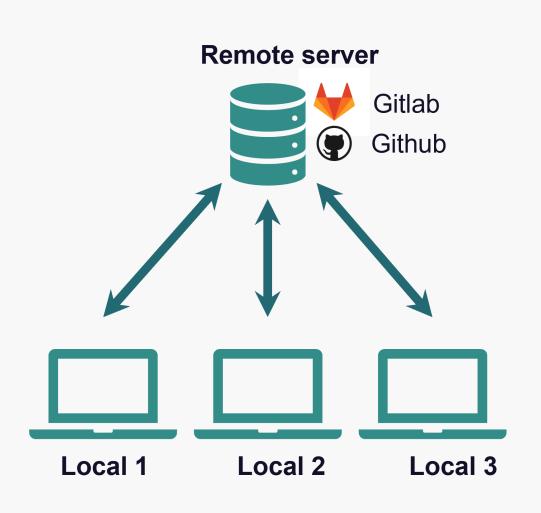
Basic Git workflow:

- 1. Initialize a Git repository
- 2. Work on the project
- 3. **Stage** and **commit** changes to the local repository
- 4. **Push** to the remote repository



Recap

Git is a distributed version control system



- Idea: many local repositories synced via one remote repo
- Collaborate with
 - yourself on different machines
 - your colleagues and friends
 - strangers on open source projects

Get a repo from a remote

In Git language, this is called cloning

• Get a full copy of the remote repo



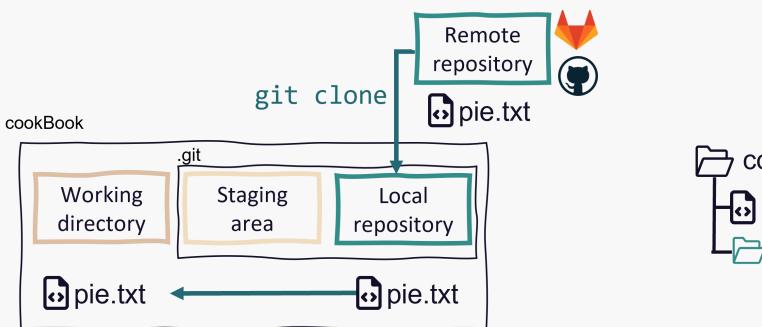




Get a repo from a remote

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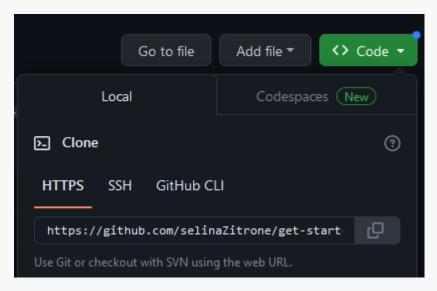


Get a repo from a remote

You can clone

- all of your own repositories (public and private)
- all repositories you are a collaborator on (public and private)
- all public repositories of other people

All you need is the URL of the remote repository

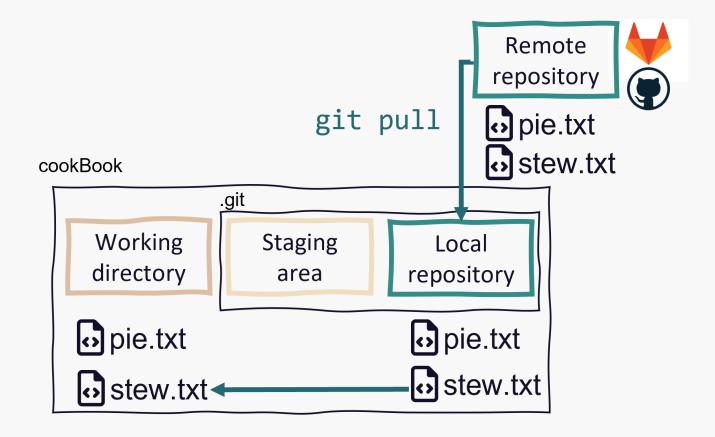


Now you (5 min)

Clone your team mate's cook Book repo Details in Task 2 "Clone"

Get changes from the remote

- Local changes, publish to remote: git push
- Remote changes, pull to local: git pull



A simple collaboration workflow



- One remote repo on GitHub, multiple local repos (Bob and me)
- Idea: Everyone works on the same branch
 - Pull before you start working
 - Push after you finished working

A simple collaboration workflow



This works well if

- Repo is not updated often
- You don't work on the same files simultaneously
- No need to discuss changes before they are integrated
- You collaborate with yourself

Let's give it a try

- Make sure you are in the repository of your team mate
- Open a recipe in the cook book of your team mate
 - Repository -> Show in Explorer
- Change something in there
- Commit the change and push it

Get the changes of your team mate from the remote.

- Switch to your own cook book repository
- Pull the changes (Same button as the push button)
- Have a look at the commit history to see what changed

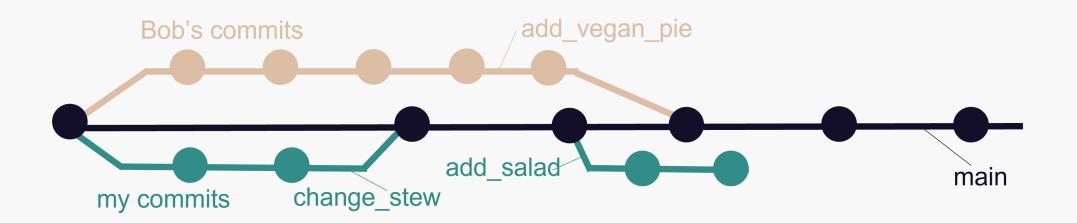
A simple collaboration workflow



This workflow starts to be problematic when

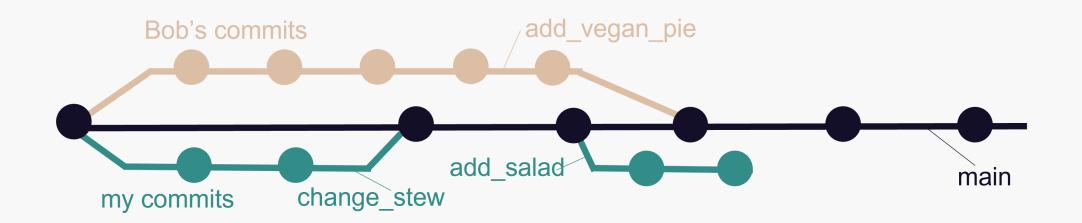
- People push often/forget to pull regularly
 - Potential conflicts on main
- You just want to experiment
 - Everything goes directly to main

A branching-merging workflow



- One remote repo on GitHub, multiple local repos
- Idea: Everyone works on the their **separate branch**
 - Merge branch with the main when work is done
- Pull before and push after working

A branching-merging workflow

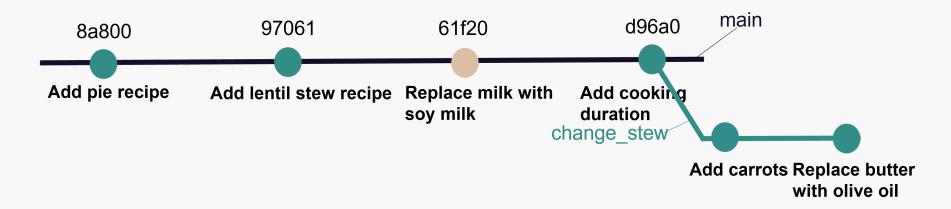


Advantages of this approach

- Guarantee that main always works
- Potential conflicts don't have to be solved on main
- You can experiment without messing up the main

Working on a separate branch

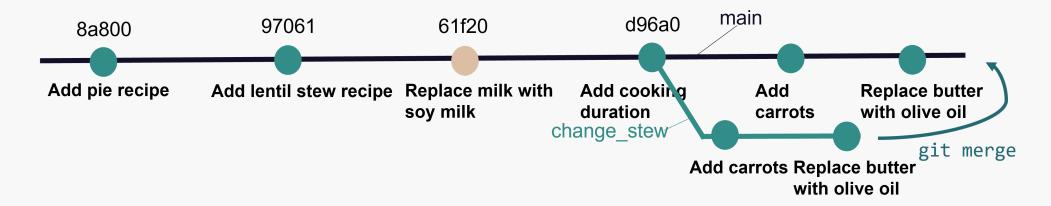
The steps to create and work on a separate branch are easy:



- Create a local branch and switch to it
- Work on the branch like you are used to
 - Make changes, stage and commit

Merging changes from a branch

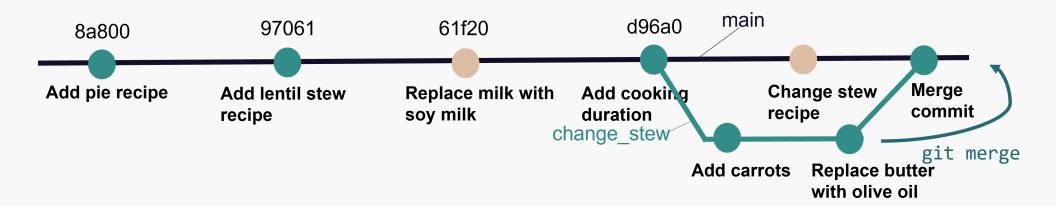
To bring changes to the main branch you need to merge them.



Git merge brings the commits from the branch to main

Merging changes from a branch

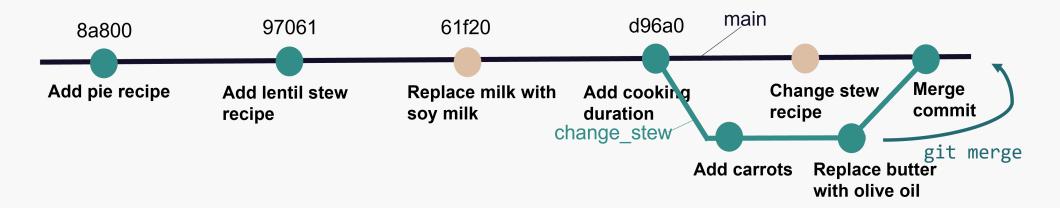
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If there was a commit in main, a *merge commit* is introduced.

Merging changes from a branch

To bring changes to the main branch you need to merge them.

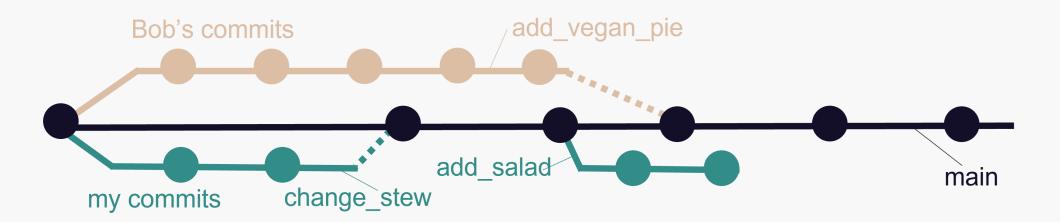


If there was a commit in main, a *merge commit* is introduced.

Now you (10 min)

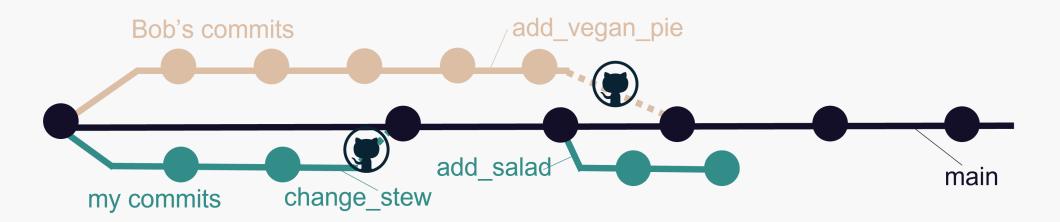
Create a branch and merge it in your team mate's cook book Complete task 2 "Branch and merge"

A branching-merging workflow with GitHub



- One remote repo on GitHub, multiple local repos
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A branching-merging workflow with GitHub



- One remote repo on GitHub, multiple local repos
- Idea: Everyone works on the their separate branch
 - Merge branch with the main when work is done
 - Create a pull request on GitHub to ask for a merge
- Pull before and push after working

A branching-merging workflow with GitHub

A pull request is basically asking your collaborators:

What do you think of my changes? Can we integrate them in main or do we still need to change something?

GitHub has nice features for pull requests, e.g.:

- Provide context and explanations for your changes
- Collaborators can easily compare versions
- Collaborators can discuss and comment on your changes

A pull request is merged on GitHub when everyone agreed on the code.

Now you (10 min)

Create a pull request on your team mate's repo Complete task 3 "Pull requests"

Thanks for your attention

Questions?