Common errors and how to fix them

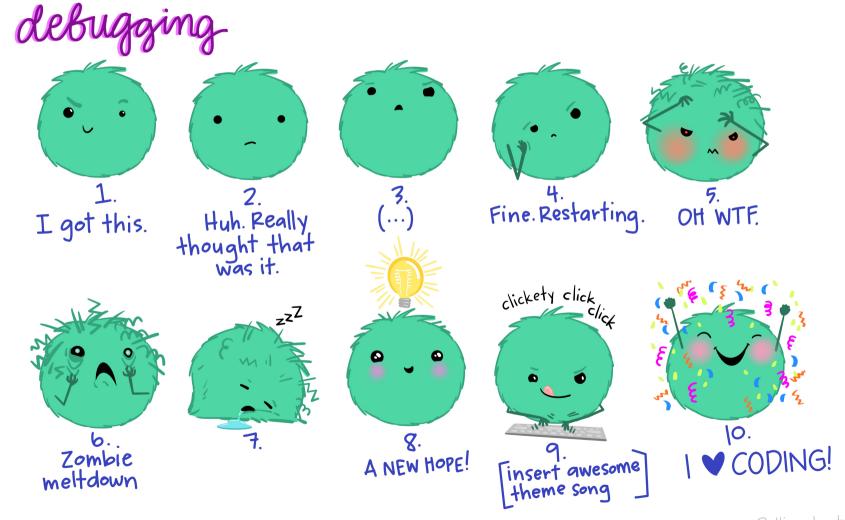
Introduction to R - Day 1

Instructor: Selina Baldauf

Freie Universität Berlin - Theoretical Ecology

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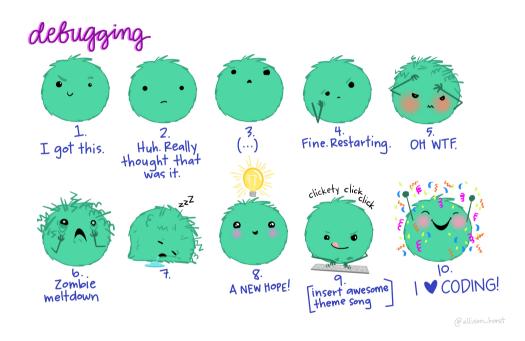
When learning a programming language, you have to be prepared to spend a lot of your time with fixing bugs in the code. So don't worry: It's not you, it's just how programming works!



Debugging

Debugging can be annoying and we can't avoid it, but ...

- ... it's an **effective learning experience** (I actually learned the most from debugging my code)
- ... it will get easier over time
- ... there are some **debugging techniques** to decrease the time in stages 2-7
- ... if nothing helps, there are great people all over the internet willing to help



Most common Reference and problems for beginners and how to deal with them

Syntax errors

Example

How to fix

- look for missing commas, misspelled arguments, ...
- read the error message
- the RStudio syntax checker warns you before you run code with syntax errors
 - look for next to line numbers in your script

```
307
308 mean(c(1,2,3)na.rm=TRUE)
309 expected ',' after expression expected whitespace around '=' operator
```

Error: could not find function

Examples

```
## b a
## 1 1 1
## 2 2 2
## 3 3 3
## 4 4 4 4
## 5 5 5
## 6 6 6
## 7 7 7
## 8 8 8 8
## 9 9 9
## 10 10 10

## Error in lenght(1:10): could not find function "lenght"
```

How to fix

Could not find function errors have two main reasons:

1. You forgot to load the package that the function belongs to

Error: object x not found

Example

```
## Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'hello' not found
## Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'variable_A' not found
```

How to fix

- you are trying to access an object that does not exist
- Mostly because:
 - o typos in variable name (variable name is variable A but you try to access variable A)
 - o forgot to put quotes around string: print (hello) → looks for a variable named hello but instead you wanted to print the string print ("hello")

Wrong data format

Example

- does not necessarily trigger an error message
- if there is an error message, it can also appear later in your code

How to fix it

- Look at str() of your data and check whether all columns are there and in correct format
 - e.g. is a column of type character but should be of type integer?
- Do that at multiple locations in your script to find the line where the error actually happens
 - everytime you change something in your data, check its structure

R crashes

Sometimes R crashes completely and you see this:



How to fix it

- There is no fix but to start a new session
- Make sure to save your scripts regularly!

Console prints +

R is not running code anymore and the console only prints + if you try to execute a command.

How to fix it

- First, go to the console and hit Escape. Then you should see the > sign instead of + again.
- Likely you forgot to close a bracket somewhere. Go to your script and check where this happened
 - look for next to line numers

Warnings

R can give you warnings for many reasons, e.g.

- you have NA values in your data and try to plot them
- implicit type conversion returned NA
- the function you are using is deprecated
- the package you are using was built for another version of R

Warnings are no errors and can sometimes be ignored but:

- make sure to read and understand warnings
- only ignore them if you know that that's okay, otherwise fix the underlying issue

How to troubleshoot R code

A step by step guide

Troubleshoot R: Step by step

Often, you don't need to do all the steps but a systemmatic approach to bug fixing is very helpful.

Step 1: Carefully read the error message and try to fix it

Step 2: Is it any of the errors you learned about just now?

Step 3: If the error is about data or other variables: look at the structure using str()

Step 4: If the error is about a function: Read the documentation using ?functionName.

- Did you use the function correctly?
- Did you forget an argument?

Step 5: Look for answers online

often you can also jump directly to this step

Step 6: Ask others for help

Step 5: Look for answers online

- Search with keywords R + package name + Error message/Warning
- If you don't know how do do something try searching R + package name + What you want to do, e.g.
 - "R ggplot change axis title"
 - "R sort vector"
- Usually you can pick any of the top search results, but I recommend results from Stack Overflow
- Always search in English to get more results
- Change language of R messages to English with Sys.setenv(LANGUAGE='en')

Step 6: Ask others for help

There are plenty of places where you can ask for help online. Some common and good options are:

- Ask a question on Stack Overflow
- Ask in the R Discord server
 - usually fast answers
 - but: you need a Discord account
- Ask on Twitter using the #rstats hashtag (maybe a bit less common)

But: You have to make sure that before, you tried all the other 5 steps.

To ask questions online, you have to learn how to ask a good R question. This includes:

- clear question
- reproducible example

Look here for more info on how to ask a good question about R