# **CENG316 – Database Systems**

Assignment 3 (Due: Thursday, May 25 at 23:59:59, SUBMIT TO LMS)

#### Notes:

- You must complete all assignments on your own.
- Plagiarism will not be tolerated. If detected, you may get a zero for the assignment.
- You can use either Oracle SQL Developer or *Oracle Live SQL* which is the platform that I recommend you to test your queries.
- As in Assignment 2, you will use the HR schema. Make sure you use the correct column names.
- You are required to show your answers by putting the SCREENSHOTS OF THE WRITTEN QUERIES AND THEIR RESULTS IN THE DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT. Writing queries in a plaintext file is not accepted.
- Warning: Always read the entire question. You will lose points if you miss something.

### **IMPORTANT!**

 You should use the following script for working on the JOB\_GRADES table, if you have trouble accessing it.

```
CREATE TABLE JOB_GRADES
(
GRADE_LEVEL VARCHAR2(3),
LOWEST_SAL NUMBER,
HIGHEST_SAL NUMBER,
PRIMARY KEY(GRADE_LEVEL)
);

INSERT INTO JOB_GRADES VALUES('A', 1000, 2999);

INSERT INTO JOB_GRADES VALUES('B', 3000, 5999);

INSERT INTO JOB_GRADES VALUES('C', 6000, 9999);

INSERT INTO JOB_GRADES VALUES('D', 10000, 14999);

INSERT INTO JOB_GRADES VALUES('E', 15000, 24999);

INSERT INTO JOB_GRADES VALUES('F', 25000, 40000);
```

### Part 1 – Conditional Expressions and Group Functions (45 points)

**1.** Using the DECODE function, write a query that displays the grade of all employees based on the value of the JOB ID column, using the following data: (10 points)

Job	Grade
AD_PRES	A
ST MAN	В
IT PROG	С
SA REP	D
ST CLERK	E
None of the above	0

**2.** Write a statement to determine the number of managers without listing them. Label the column Number of Managers. (10 points)

Hint: Use the MANAGER ID column to determine the number of managers.

- **3.** Write a statement to display the manager number and the salary of the highest-paid employee for that manager. Exclude anyone whose manager is not known. Exclude any groups where the maximum salary is \$7,000 or less. Sort the output in descending order of salary. (15 points)
- **4.** Write a query to display the names and hire dates of all the employees who were hired after their managers along with their managers' names and hire dates. (10 points)

# Part 2 – Joins (55 points)

- **5.** Write a statement to display the last name, job, department number, and the department name for all employees who work in Toronto. (15 points)
- **6.** Write a statement to display employees' last name and employee number along with their manager's last name and manager number. Label the columns <code>Employee</code>, <code>Emp ID</code>, <code>Manager</code>, and <code>Mgr ID</code>, respectively. (15 points)
- **7.** The HR department needs a report on job grades and salaries. To familiarize yourself with the <code>JOB\_GRADES</code> table, first write a query to show the structure of the <code>JOB\_GRADES</code> table. Then create a query that displays the last name, job, department name, salary, and grade for all employees. (15 points)
- **8.** Write a query to display the names and hire dates of all the employees who were hired after their managers, along with their managers' names and hire dates **BY USING SUBQUERY**. (10 points)