DT/NT : DT

LESSON: DevOps

**SUBJECT:** Kubernetes-2

**POd** 

ReplicaSets Deployment

**BATCH: 149** 26/10/2023



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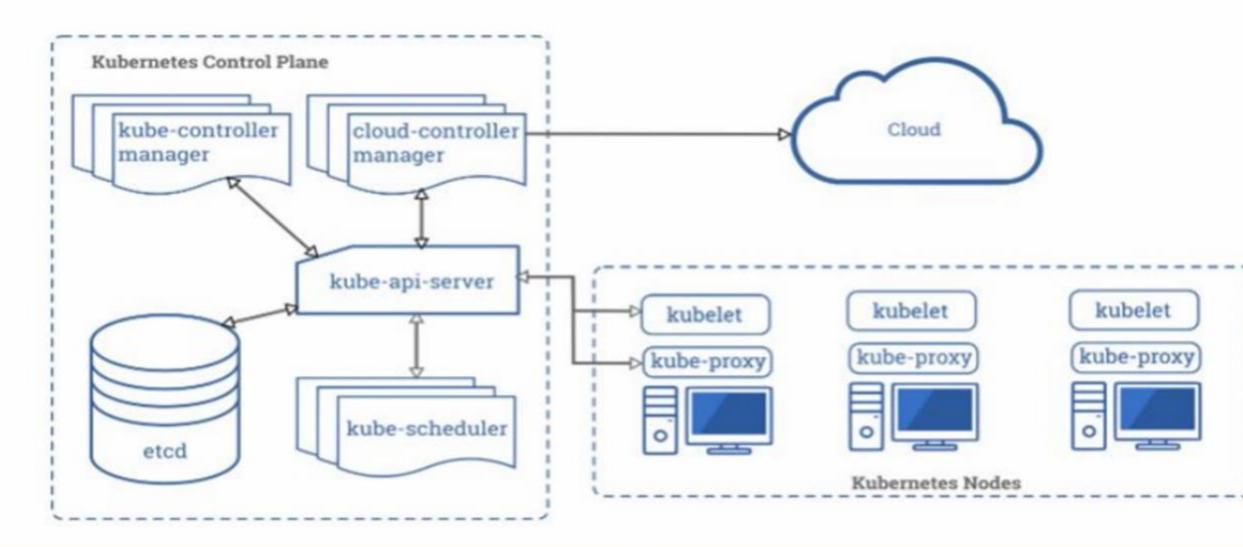










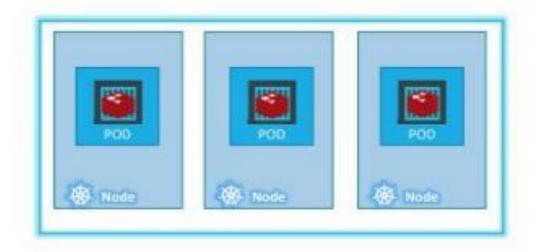


# Table of Contents

- Kubernetes objects
- ► |PODs
- ReplicaSets
- Deployment
- Namespaces
- Object Model



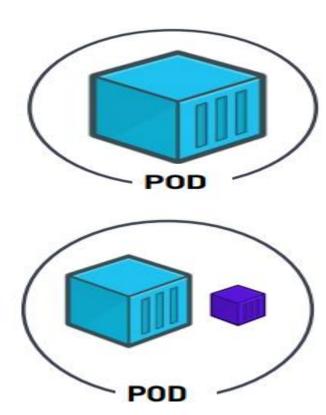
# PODs





#### PODs

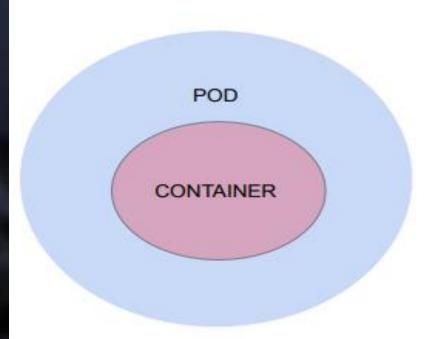
- Kubernetes doesn't deal with containers directly.
- PODs are Kubernetes objects that encapsulate the containers.
- Pods are the smallest deployable units of computing that you can create and manage in Kubernetes.





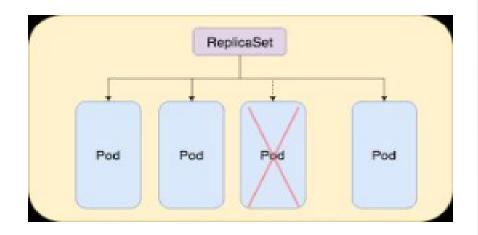
#### PODS

- Pod'lar, Kubernetes'te oluşturabileceğiniz ve yönetebileceğiniz en küçük birimleridir.
- Pod'lar bir ya da daha fazla container barındırabilir. Ama çoğu durumda pod tek container barındırır.
- Her pod'un eşsiz bir id'si "uid" bulunur.
- Her pod eşsiz bir ip adresine sahiptir.
- Aynı pod içerisindeki containerlar aynı node üstünde çalışıtırılır ve bu containerlar birbirleriiyle localhost üstünden haberleşebilirler.





# ReplicaSets

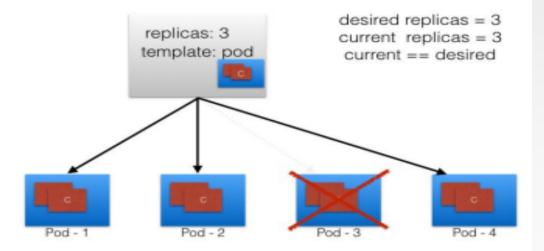




### ReplicaSets

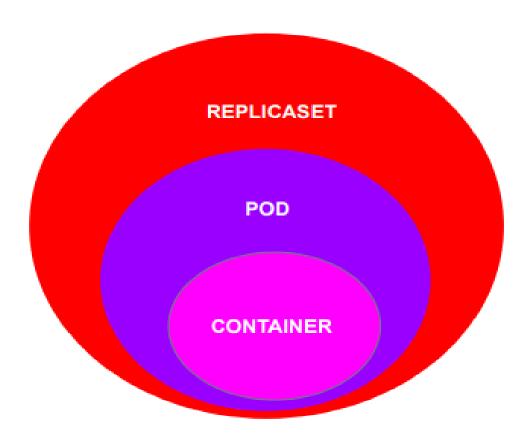
- A ReplicaSet's purpose is to maintain a stable set of replica Pods running at any given time.
- Even if you have a single POD, the ReplicaSet will bring up a new POD when the existing one fails.

#### Replica Set



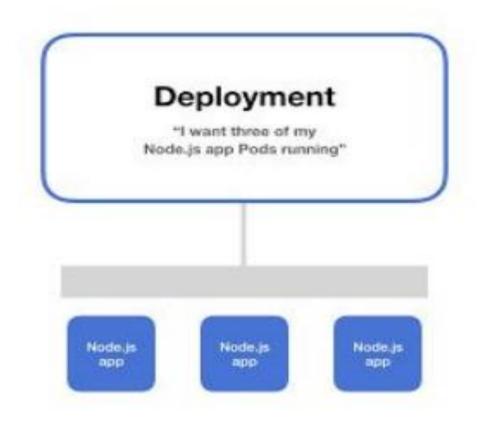


# ReplicaSets



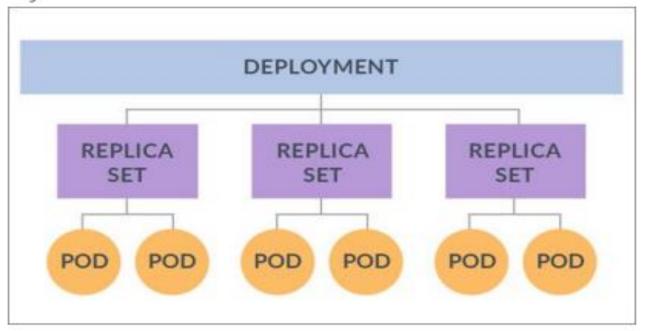


# Deployment





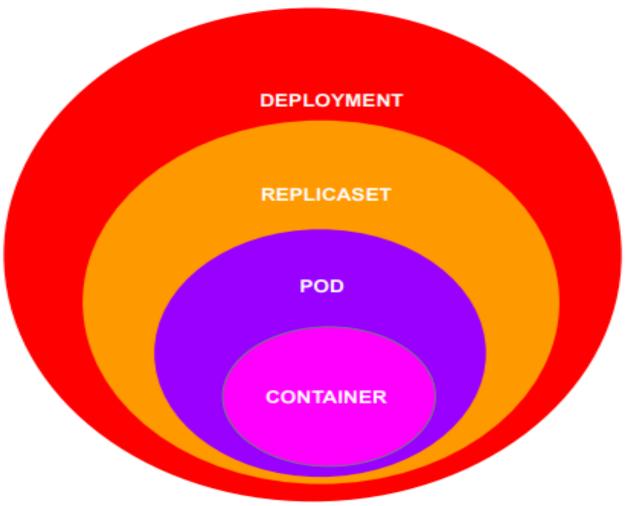
### Deployment



 One step higher in the hierarchy, deployments provides declarative updates for Pods and ReplicaSets.



Deployment

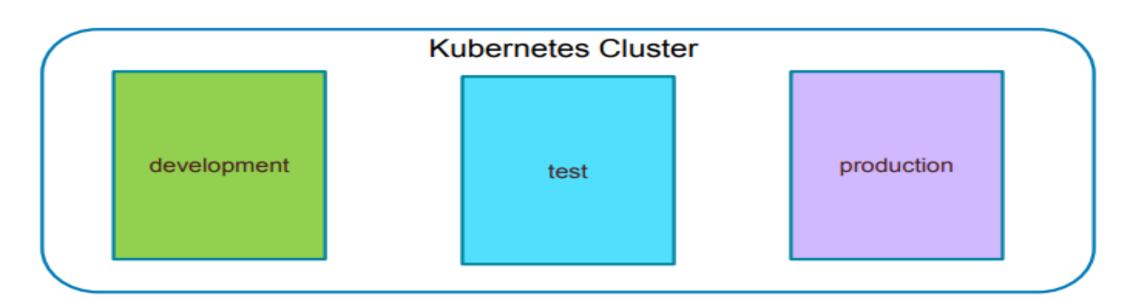






#### Namespaces

- Kubernetes supports multiple virtual clusters backed by the same physical cluster. These virtual clusters are called namespaces.
- Namespaces are intended for use in environments with many users spread across multiple teams, or projects.





# Object Model



### Object Model

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 name: nginx-deployment
spec:
 selector:
   matchLabels:
     app: nginx
 replicas: 2
 template:
   metadata:
     labels:
       app: nginx
   spec:
     containers:
     - name: nginx
      image: nginx:1.14.2
      ports:
      - containerPort: 80
```

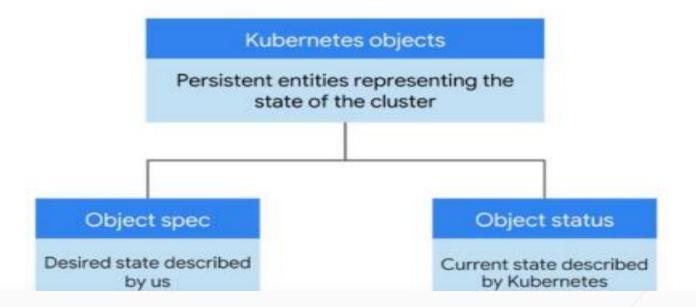
All objects must have apiVersion, kind, metadata and spec fields.

- apiVersion: Which version of the Kubernetes API you're using to create this object
- kind: What kind of object you want to create
- metadata: Data that helps uniquely identify the object, including a name string, labels, and optional namespace
- spec: What state you desire for the object



### Object Model

- Once the Deployment object is created, the Kubernetes system attaches the status field to the object.
- status is managed by Kubernetes and describes the actual state of the object and its history.





# Object Model Pod to ReplicaSet

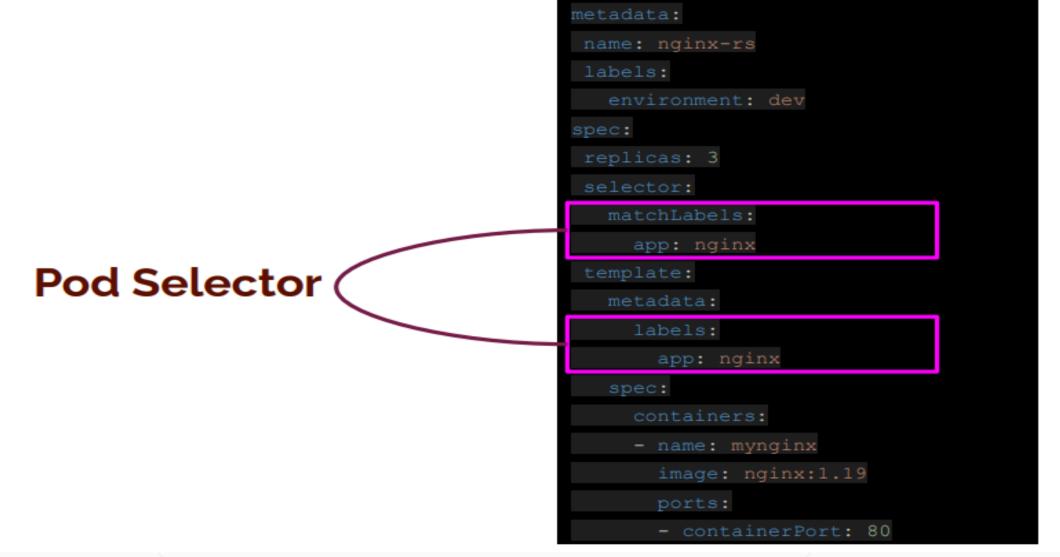
```
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: nginx-pod
labels:
  app: nginx
containers:
  ports:
   - containerPort: 80
```

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```
apiVersion: apps/vl
metadata:
name: nginx-rs
labels:
  environment: dev
spec:
selector:
  matchLabels:
  metadata:
     labels:
   spec:
     containers:
       ports:
       - containerPort: 80
```





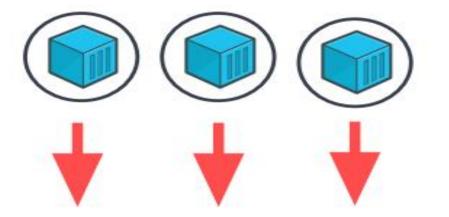
apiVersion: apps/vl

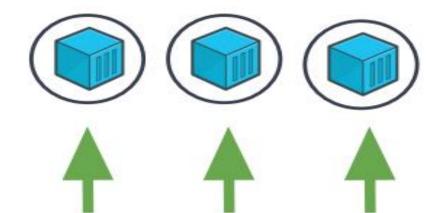
kind: ReplicaSet



## Deployment Strategy

Recreate





Rolling Update

