



H-bridge motor driver for automotive DC motor driving

Datasheet - production data



Features

Туре	R _{DS(on)}	I _{out}	V _{CCmax}
VNHD7012AY	12 mΩ typ (per channel)	38 A	38 V

AEC-Q100 qualified



- Output current: 38 A
- Dual fully protected HSD with MultiSense feedback
- Two integrated drivers for the external LSDs
- 3 V CMOS compatible inputs
- Protections:
 - Undervoltage shutdown
 - Overvoltage clamp
 - Thermal shutdown
 - Load current limitation
 - Self-limiting of fast thermal transients (Power Limitation)
 - Cross current protection
 - Shoot through protection
 - Loss of ground and loss of V_{CC}
 - Electrostatic discharge protection
 - Drain and source voltage monitoring of the external power MOSFETs, configurable via an external resistance (short-to-battery protection)
- PWM operation up to 20 kHz for external LSDs
- MultiSense monitoring functions
 - Analog motor current feedback
 - Chip temperature monitoring
 - Battery voltage monitoring

- · MultiSense diagnostic functions
 - Output short to ground detection
 - Thermal shutdown indication
 - OFF-state open-load detection
 - Output short to V_{CC} detection
- Standby mode
- Half bridge operation
- Charge pump output for reverse battery protection
- Package: ECOPACK[®]

Description

The device is a DC motor driver for automotive applications. It integrates a full protected dual high-side driver and the drivers and protections for the two external power MOSFETs in low-side configuration.

The device is designed using STMicroelectronics' well known and proven proprietary VIPower[®] technology that allows to efficiently integrate on the same die a true PowerMOSFET with an intelligent signal/ protection circuitry. The device is housed in a PowerSSO-36 exposed pad package to optimize the dissipation performances.

The input signals $\rm IN_A$ and $\rm IN_B$ can directly interface the microcontroller to select the motor direction and the brake conditions. Two selection pins (SEL0 and SEL1) are available to address to the microcontroller the information available on the MultiSense. The MultiSense pin allows to monitor the motor current, provides a voltage proportional to the battery value and the information on the temperature of the chip. The integrated protections are: load current limitation, overload active power limitation (with latch-off), overtemperature shutdown (with latch-off) and cross current protection.

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1 Block diagram and pin description

VREG Reverse Driver Power Limitation LSA_OVERTEMPERATURE LSB_OVERTEMPERATURE VREG HSA_OVERTEMPERATURE Uv HSB_OVERTEMPERATURE CLAMP HS A CLAMP HS B СР СР HS B HS_A ∟ LOGIC Open-load OFF-state A CURRENT LIMITATION B CURRENT Open-load OFF-state B LIMITATION A OUT_A FAULT DETECTION OUT _B CLAMP LS A CLAMP LS GATE_LSA GATE_LSB MUX VREF_OVL_LSB VREF_OVL_LSB VDS MONITORING MultiSense_EN
MultiSense |
SEL1 |
SEL0 | KSOURCE_LSA IN_A IN _BPWM KSOURCE_LSB GAPG2808151154_2CFT

Figure 1. Block diagram

Table 1. Block description

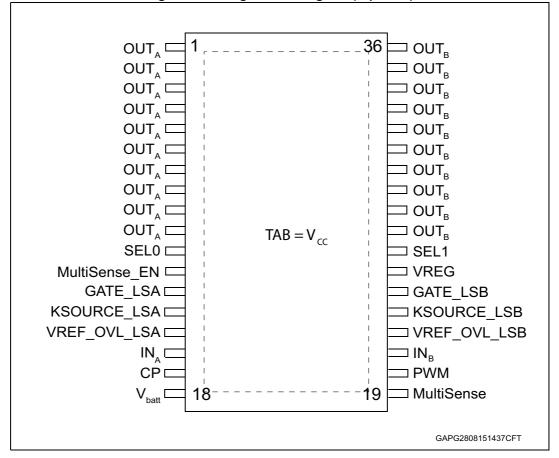
Name	Description
Logic control	Allows the turn-on and the turn-off of the high-side and the low-side switches according to the truth table.
Undervoltage (U _S)	Shuts down the device for battery voltage below (4 V).
High-side and low-side clamp voltage	Protect the high-side and the low-side switches from the high voltage on the battery line.
High-side and low-side driver	Drive the gate of the concerned switch to allow a proper R_{on} for the leg of the bridge.
Current limitation	Limits the motor current in case of short circuit.
High-side overtemperature protection	In case of short-circuit with the increase of the junction temperature, it shuts down the concerned driver to prevent degradation and to protect the die.
VDS_MONITORING	Protection of LSD powers against short to battery failure
VREG	Internal voltage regulator that provides the supply for the gates of the external low-side switches
Fault detection	Signalizes an abnormal condition of the power stage (output shorted to ground or output shorted to battery) by a feedback on the MultiSense

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Table 1. Block description (continued)

Name	Description
Power limitation	Limits the power dissipation of the high-side driver inside safe range in case of short to ground condition.
Open-load in OFF-state	Signalize, in combination with an external resistor, an open- load when the switches are off by a feedback on the MultiSense
T _{chip} monitoring	Provides a signal linked to the Chip temperature by a feedback on the MultiSense
V _{CC} monitoring	Provides a signal linked to the Chip temperature by a feedback on the MultiSense
Reverse driver	Drives an external PowerMOSFET to provide the reverse battery protection
СР	Charge pump to drive the external N-MOSFET used on the battery track for the reverse battery protection. The N-MOSFET source must be connected to the V _{batt} pin.

Figure 2. Configuration diagram (top view)



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Table 2. Pin definitions and functions

Pin N°	Symbol	Function
20	PWM	PWM input.
25	VREG	Internal supply output
16	IN _A	Clockwise input.
18	V _{batt}	Battery supply, connection to the source of the external PowerMOS used for the reverse battery protection
19	MultiSense	Output of current sense and diagnostic feedback
12	MultiSense_EN	Enables the MultiSense diagnostic pin
11	SEL0	Address the MultiSense multiplexer (refer to <i>Table 12</i>)
26	SEL1	Address the MultiSense multiplexer (refer to Table 12)
21	INв	Counter clockwise input.
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	OUT _A	Source of high-side switch A
27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36	OUT _B	Source of high-side switch B
17	СР	Drives the gate of external P-MOSFET for the reverse battery protection
15	VREF_OVL_LSA	Sets the threshold for VDS_MONITORING feature for LSA
22	VREF_OVL_LSB	Sets the threshold for VDS_MONITORING feature for LSB
13	GATE_LSA	Gate driver of the external PowerMOS LSA
24	GATE_LSB	Gate driver of the external PowerMOS LSB
14	KSOURCE_LSA	Source of external LSA. Ground connection
23	KSOURCE_LSB	Source of external LSB. Ground connection
TAB	V _{CC}	Supply voltage. Drain of the high-side switches and connection to the drain of the external PowerMOS used for the reverse battery protection

Table 3. Suggested connection for unused and not connected pins

Connection / pin	OUTA, OUTB			VREF_OVL_LSA, VREF_OVL_LSB	
Floating	X	X	Х	Х	Х
To ground	Not allowed	Through 10 kΩ	resistor	Not allowed	Х

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2 Electrical specifications

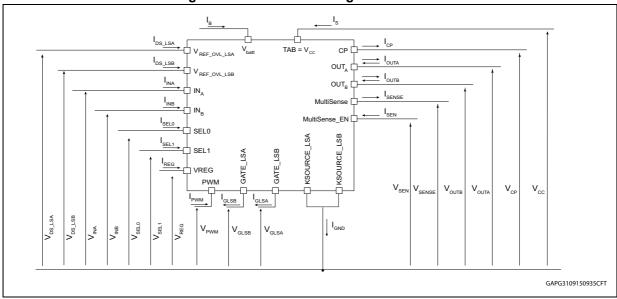


Figure 3. Current and voltage conventions

2.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Stressing the device above the rating listed in *Table 4* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Symbol Value Unit **Parameter** 38 V_{CC} Bridge supply voltage V Maximum battery voltage⁽¹⁾ -16 to 38 ٧ V_{BAT} Internally DC output current Α I_{max} limited Reverse output current (continuous)(2) 30 Α I_R Input current (INA and INB pins) -1 to 10 I_{IN} mA SEL_{0.1} DC input current -1 to 10 mA ISEL PWM Input current -1 to 10 mΑ I_{PWM} SenseEnable DC input current -1 to 1.5 mΑ I_{MultiSense_EN} MultiSense pin DC output current ($V_{GND} = V_{CC}$ and $V_{SENSE} < 0 V$) 10 mA **I**MultiSense MultiSense pin DC output current in reverse (V_{CC} < 0 V) -20 mA V_{REG} V_{REG} DC voltage 12 ٧

Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings



Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CP}	V _{CP} DC voltage	V _{BATT} -6 to V _{BAT} +14	٧
VGATE_LSx	GATE_LAS, GATE_LSB DC voltage	12	٧
VREF_OVL_LSx	VREF_OVL_LSA, VREF_OVL_LSB input current	-1 to 10	V
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge (Human body model: R = 1.5 k Ω ; C = 100 pF) – MultiSenseVREG, VREF_OVL_LSx – IN _A , IN _B , OUT _A , OUT _B , PWM, SEL0, SEL1, SENSE_EN – GATE_LSx	2 4 4	kV
T _c	Junction operating temperature	-40 to 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-55 to 150	°C
I _{K_SOURCE_LSx}	DC reverse ground pin current (per leg)	100	mA

This applies with the n-channel MOSFET used for the reverse battery protection. Otherwise VBAT has to be shorted to V_{CC}.

Note: All logic pins cannot be left floating but they must be connected to GND if unused.

2.2 Thermal data

Table 5. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Max. value	Unit
R _{thj-case}	Thermal resistance junction-case (per leg channel) (JEDEC JESD 51-8)	2.4	°C/W
R _{thj-amb}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient (JEDEC JESD 51-5) ⁽¹⁾	50.6	°C/W
R _{thj-amb}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient (JEDEC JESD 51-7)	16.6	°C/W

^{1.} Device mounted on two-layers 2s0p PCB with 2 cm².heatsink copper trace.



^{2.} Based on the internal wires capability.

2.3 Electrical characteristics

 V_{CC} = 7 V up to 28 V; -40 °C < T_{j} < 150 °C, unless otherwise specified.

Table 6. Power section

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{CC}	Operating supply voltage		4		28	V
		Off-state standby $IN_A = IN_B = PWM = Multisense_EN = 0;$ $SEL_{0,1} = 0; T_j = 25 °C; V_{CC} = 13 V$			1	μΑ
		Off-state standby; $IN_A = IN_B = PWM = Multisense_EN = 0;$ $SEL_{0,1} = 0; V_{CC} = 13 V; T_j = 85 °C$	1	μΑ		
		Off-state standby; $IN_A = IN_B = PWM = Multisense_EN = 0;$ $SEL_{0,1} = 0; V_{CC} = 13 V; T_j = 125 °C$			10	μΑ
I _S	Supply current	Off-state (no standby) IN _A = IN _B = PWM = Multisense_EN= 0; SEL _{0,1} = 5 V		4	8	mA
		On-state: IN_A or $IN_B = 5V$; PWM = 0 V or $PWM = 5 V$; $SEL_0 = 0$ or $SEL_0 = 5 V$; $SEL_1 = 0$ or $SEL_1 = 5 V$	6	12	mA	
		On-state: $IN_A = IN_B = 5V$; PWM = 0 V or PWM = 5 V; $SEL_0 = 0$ or $SEL_0 = 5$ V; $SEL_1 = 0$ or $SEL_1 = 5$ V		9	18	mA
t _{D_STBY}	Standby mode blanking time	V_{CC} = 13 V; IN_A = IN_B = SEL_1 = MultiSense_EN = PWM = 0 V; V_{SEL0} from 5 V to 0 V.	60	300	550	μs
		I _{OUT} = 8 A; T _j = 25 °C, V _{CC} = 13 V		12		mΩ
R _{ONHS}	Static high-side resistance	I _{OUT} = 8 A; T _j = - 40 °C to 150 °C		24	mΩ	
		V _{CC} = 4 V, I _{OUT} = 8 A, Tj=25 °C		12		
V_{f}	High-side free- wheeling diode forward voltage	I _{OUT} = -8 A; T _j = 150 °C		0.6	0.7	٧
1	Off-State Output	$IN_A = IN_B = PWM = 0; V_{OUT} = 0 V;$ $V_{CC} = 13 V; T_j = 25 °C$	0		0.5	μΑ
I _{L(off)}	current of one output	$IN_A = IN_B = PWM = 0; V_{OUT} = 0 V;$ $V_{CC} = 13 V; T_j = 125^{\circ}C$	0		5	μΑ
I _{L(off_h)}	Off-state output current of one output with other HSD on	$IN_A = PWM = 0$; $IN_B = 5 V$; $V_{CC} = 13 V$	20		60	μΑ



Table 7. Logic inputs (IN_A, IN_B) (V_{cc} = 7 V up to 28 V; -40 °C < T_j < 150 °C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IL}	Input low level voltage				0.9	V
V _{IH}	Input high level voltage		2.1			V
V _{IHYST}	Input hysteresis voltage		0.2			V
\/	Innut alamp valtage	I _{IN} = 1 mA	5.3		7.2	V
V_{ICL}	Input clamp voltage	I _{IN} = -1 mA		-0.7		V
I _{INL}	Input current	V _{IN} = 0.9 V	1			μA
I _{INH}	Input current	V _{IN} = 2.1 V			10	μA
SEL ₀ , SEL ₁	(V _{CC} = 7 V up to 18 V; -40	°C < T _j < 150 °C)				
V _{SELL}	Input low level voltage				0.9	V
I _{SELL}	Low level input current	V _{SEL} = 0.9 V	1			μA
V _{SELH}	Input high level voltage		2.1			V
I _{SELH}	High level input current	V _{SEL} = 2.1 V			10	μA
V _{SEL(hyst)}	Input hysteresis voltage		0.2			V
		I _{SEL} = 1 mA	5.3		7.2	V
V_{SELCL}	Input clamp voltage	I _{SEL} = -1 mA		-0.7		V
PWM (V _{CC}	= 7 V up to 28 V; -40 °C <	T _j < 150 °C)	•		•	
V_{PWM}	Input low level voltage				0.9	V
I _{PWM}	Low level input current	V _{PWM} = 0.9 V	1			μA
V_{PWM}	Input high level voltage		2.1			V
I _{PWMH}	High level input current	V _{PWM} = 2.1 V			10	μA
V _{PWM(hyst)}	Input hysteresis voltage		0.2			V
V	Input clamp voltage	I _{PWM} = 1 mA	5.3		7.2	V
V_{PMWCL}	Input clamp voltage	I _{PWM} = -1 mA		-0.7		V
MultiSense	_EN (V _{CC} = 7 V up to 18 V	; -40 °C < T _j < 150 °C)				
V _{SEnL}	Input low level voltage				0.9	V
I _{SEnL}	Low level input current	V _{SEn} = 0.9 V	1			μA
V_{SEnH}	Input high level voltage		2.1			V
I _{SEnH}	High level input current	V _{SEn} = 2.1 V			10	μA
V _{SEn(hyst)}	Input hysteresis voltage		0.2			V
V	Input clump voltage	I _{SEn} = 1 mA	5.3		7.5	V
V_{SEnCL}	Imput clump voltage	I _{SEn} = -1 mA		-0.7		V

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Table 8. HSD switching (V_{CC} = 13 V; R_{LOAD} = 1.6 Ω)

Symbol	Parameter	meter Test conditions		Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{d(on)}	Turn-on delay time	Input rise time < 1 µs; MultiSense_EN = 5 V (no standby); SEL _{0,1} = 0; PWM = 0 (see <i>Figure 6</i>)		50		μs
t _{d(off)}	Turn-off delay time	Input rise time < 1 µs; MultiSense_EN = 5 V (no standby); SEL _{0,1} = 0; PWM = 0 (see <i>Figure 6</i>)		18		μs

Table 9. Gate driver for external MOS parameters ($V_{CC} = 13 \text{ V}$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
f ⁽¹⁾	PWM frequency		0		20	kHz
V _{gs_lsd}		PWM = 5 V; IN _X = 0 V			10	V
	Gate_LSD voltage	V _{CC} = 4 V, PWM = 5 V, I _{NX} = 0 V, Tj=25 °C		4		٧
t _{cross}	Low-side turn-on delay time	Input rise time < 1 µs (see <i>Figure 7</i>)	40	160	300	μs
t _{gr_ls}	Rise time	V_{CC} = 13.5 V; R_g = 0 Ω ; C_g = 4.7 nF (see <i>Figure 5</i>)		0.25	0.5	μs
t _{gf_ls}	Fall time	V_{CC} = 13.5 V; R_g = 0 Ω ; C_g = 4.7 nF (see <i>Figure 5</i>)		0.35	0.5	μs

^{1.} Parameter guaranteed by design.

Table 10. Protections and diagnostics (7 V < V_{CC} < 18 V; -40 °C < T_{j} < 150 °C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V_{USD}	Undervoltage shutdown	V _{CC} falling			4	V
V _{USDreset}	Undervoltage shutdown reset	V _{CC} rising			5	V
V _{USDhyst}	Undervoltage shutdown hysteresis			0.3		٧
1	High side ourrent limitation		38	56	78	Α
I _{LIM_HSD}	High-side current limitation	V _{CC} = 4 V, Tj=25 °C ⁽¹⁾		50		Α
V _{CL_HSD}	High-side driver clamp voltage (V_{CC} to $OUT_A = 0$ or $OUT_B = 0$)	I _{OUT} = 100 mA; t _{clamp} = 1 ms; I _{clamp} = 100 mA	38	46		V
V _{CL_LSD} ⁽¹⁾	Low-side clamp voltage (OUT _A = V_{CC} or OUT _B = V_{CC} to GND)	I _{OUT} = 100 mA; t _{clamp} = 1 ms; I _{clamp} = 100 mA	38	46	52	V
t _{DEL_OVL_LSD}	Low-side drain-current overload blanking time		1		5	μs



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Table 10. Protections and diagnostics (7 V < V_{CC} < 18 V; -40 °C < T_{j} < 150 °C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I _{REF_OVL_LSD}	Low-side drain-current overload reference current		40	50	60	μΑ
V _{REF_OVL_LSD_MIN}	Low-side drain-current overload threshold voltage minimum		0.32	0.4	0.48	V
V _{REF_OVL_LSD_MAX}	Low-side drain-current overload threshold voltage maximum		1.6	2	2.4	٧
T _{TSD_HSD}	High-side thermal shutdown temperature	IN _x = 2.1 V	150	175	200	°C
T _{TR_HSD}	High-side thermal reset temperature		135			°C
T _{HYST_HSD}	High-side thermal hysteresis $(T_{SD_HSD} - T_{R_HSD})$			7		°C
ΔT _{j_SD} ⁽¹⁾	Dynamic temperature			60		°C
I _{L(off3)}	OFF-state output sink current with V _{OUT} = V _{CC}	$IN_A = IN_B = 0$; PWM = 0; $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$	0	1.1	2.5	mA
V _{CL}	Clamp signal (V _{CC} to GND)	I _{OUT} = 100 mA; t _{clamp} = 1 ms; I _{clamp} = 100 mA	38	46	52	٧
V _{OL}	OFF-state open-load voltage detection threshold	$\begin{split} &\text{IN}_{\text{A}} = \text{IN}_{\text{B}} = 0; \text{ PWM} = 0; \\ &\text{V}_{\text{SEL0}} = 5 \text{ V for CHA}; \\ &\text{V}_{\text{SEL0}} = 0 \text{ V and within} \\ &\text{t}_{\text{D_STBY}} \text{ for CHB} \end{split}$	2	3	4	V
I _{L(off2)}	OFF-state output sink current	$\begin{split} &\text{IN}_{\text{A}} = \text{IN}_{\text{B}} = 0; \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} = 2 \text{V}; \\ &\text{PWM} = 0 \text{V}; \\ &\text{V}_{\text{SEL0}} = 5 \text{V} \text{for CHA}; \\ &\text{V}_{\text{SEL0}} = 0 \text{V} \end{split}$	-150		-5	μА
t _{DSTKON}	OFF-state diagnostic delay time from falling edge of INPUT (see <i>Figure 4</i>)	INA = 5 V to 0 V; IN _B = 0; PWM = 0; V _{SEL0} = 5 V; I _{OUT} = 0 A; V _{OUTA} = 4 V	40	160	300	μs
		V _{CP} - V _{BAT} = V _{GS_CP}	8	12	15	V
V _{GS_CP}	CP output voltage	V_{BAT} = -16 V; V_{CP} - V_{BAT} = V_{GS_CP}		0.6		V
t _{D_VOL}	OFF-state diagnostic delay time from rising edge of V _{OUT} (see <i>Figure 10</i>)	$\begin{split} &\text{IN}_{\text{A}} = \text{IN}_{\text{B}} = 0 \text{ V; PWM} = 0; \\ &\text{V}_{\text{OUTx}} = 0 \text{ V to 4 V;} \\ &\text{V}_{\text{SEL0}} = 5 \text{ V for CHA;} \\ &\text{V}_{\text{SEL0}} = 0 \text{ V for CHB;} \\ &\text{V}_{\text{SEL0,1}} = 0 \text{ V;} \\ &\text{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V} \end{split}$		5	30	μs
t _{LATCH_RST_HS}	Input reset time for high-side fault unlatch	V _{INx} = 5 V to 0 V; HSDx faulting (see <i>Figure 8</i>)	3	10	20	μs

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Table 10. Protections and diagnostics (7 V < V_{CC} < 18 V; -40 °C < T_{j} < 150 °C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter Test conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{LATCH_RST_LS}	Input reset time for low-side fault unlatch	V _{INx} = 0 V to 5 V; LSDx faulting (see <i>Figure 9</i>)	3	10	20	μs
t _{stby_ovl_lsd}	Low-side drain current overload delay time form stby exit	50% of V _{SENSEH}		20		μs

^{1.} Parameter guaranteed by design and characterization; not subject to production test.

Table 11. MultiSense (7 V < V_{CC} < 18 V; -40 °C < T_j < 150 °C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V	MultiSense clamp	V _{SEn} = 0 V; I _{SENSE} = -1 mA		7		V
V _{SENSE_CL}	voltage	V _{SEn} = 0 V; I _{SENSE} = 1 mA	-17		-12	V
K _{OL}	I _{OUT} /I _{SENSE}	I_{OUT} = 0.3 A; V_{SENSE} = 0.5 V; T_j = -40 °C to 150 °C	6000	8000	10000	
К ₀	I _{OUT} /I _{SENSE}	I _{OUT} = 4 A; V _{SENSE} = 0.5 V; T _j = -40 °C to 150 °C	6800	8000	9200	
K ₁	I _{OUT} /I _{SENSE}	I _{OUT} = 8 A; V _{SENSE} = 0.5; T _j = -40 °C to 150 °C	7200	8000	8800	
K ₂	I _{OUT} /I _{SENSE}	I _{OUT} = 16 A; V _{SENSE} = 4 V; T _j = -40 °C to 150 °C	7200	8000	8800	
dK _{OL} /K _{OL} ⁽¹⁾	Analog sense current drift $I_{OUT} = 0.3 \text{ A}; V_{SENSE} = 0.5 \text{ V};$ $T_j = -40 \text{ °C to } 150 \text{ °C}$		-12		12	%
dK ₀ /K ₀ ⁽¹⁾	/K ₀ ⁽¹⁾ Analog sense current drift $I_{OUT} = 4 \text{ A}; V_{SENSE} = 0.5 \text{ V}; V_{SENSE_EN} = 0 \text{ V}; T_j = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 150 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		-5		5	%
dK ₁ /K ₁ ⁽¹⁾	Analog sense current drift	I _{OUT} = 8 A; V _{SENSE} = 0.5 V; V _{SENSE_EN} = 0 V; T _j = -40 °C to 150 °C	-5		5	%
dK ₂ /K ₂ ⁽¹⁾	Analog sense current drift	I _{OUT} = 16 A; V _{SENSE} = 4 V; T _j = -40 °C to 150°C	-5		5	%
V _{SENSE_SAT}	Max analog sense output voltage	V_{CC} = 7 V; R _{SENSE} = 10 kΩ; I_{OUT} = 16 A; V_{SEL0} = 5 V; T_j = 150 °C	5			V
I _{SENSE_SAT} ⁽²⁾	MultiSense saturation current	$V_{CC} = 7 \text{ V}; V_{INA} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{INB} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{SEL0} = 5 \text{ V}; T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	3.8			mA
I _{OUT_SAT} ⁽²⁾	Output saturation current $ \begin{array}{c} V_{CC} = 7 \text{ V; } V_{SENSE} = 4 \text{ V;} \\ V_{INA} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{INB} = 0 \text{ V; } V_{SEL0} = 5 \text{ V;} \\ T_i = 150 ^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array} $		33			А
V _{OUT_MSD} ⁽²⁾	Output Voltage for MultiSense Shutdown $V_{INA} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{INB} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{SEL0} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{SEL1} = 0 \text{ V}; R_{SENSE} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega; I_{OUT} = 24 \text{ A}$			5		V



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Table 11. MultiSense (7 V < V_{CC} < 18 V; -40 °C < T_j < 150 °C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
		$V_{\text{MultiSense}} = V_{\text{SENSE}} = \text{PWM} = 0$ $V; \text{ IN}_{\text{A}} = \text{IN}_{\text{B}} = 0 \text{ V}; \text{ SEL}_{0} = \text{SEL}_{1} = 0;$ $T_{j} = -40 \text{ °C to } 150 \text{ °C (standby)}$	0		0.5	μΑ		
I _{SENSE0}	MultiSense leakage current	$\begin{split} &\text{SEn} = 5 \text{ V; IN}_{\text{A}} = \text{IN}_{\text{B}} = 5 \text{ V;} \\ &\text{PWM} = 0 \text{ V; SideX diagnostic} \\ &\text{selected; I}_{\text{OUTX}} = 0 \text{ A} \\ &\text{E.g.} \\ &- \text{SideA: SEL0} = 5 \text{ V; SEL1} = 0 \text{ V;} \\ &\text{I}_{\text{OUTA}} = 0 \text{ A; I}_{\text{OUTB}} = 12 \text{ A} \\ &- \text{SideB: SEL0} = 0 \text{ V; SEL1} = 0 \text{ V;} \\ &\text{I}_{\text{OUTA}} = 12 \text{ A; I}_{\text{OUTB}} = 0 \text{ V} \end{split}$	0		14	μΑ		
		$\begin{split} &\text{SEn} = 5 \text{ V; PWM} = 0 \text{ V; SideX} \\ &\text{diagnostic selected; HSx OFF} \\ &\text{E.g.} \\ &- \text{SideA: SEL0} = 5 \text{ V; SEL1} = 0 \text{ V;} \\ &\text{IN}_{A} = 0 \text{ V; IN}_{B} = 5 \text{ V; I}_{OUTB} = 12 \text{ A} \\ &- \text{SideB: SEL0} = 0 \text{ V; SEL1} = 0 \text{ V;} \\ &\text{IN}_{A} = 5 \text{ V; IN}_{B} = 0 \text{ V; I}_{OUTA} = 12 \text{ A} \end{split}$	0		10	μΑ		
V _{SENSEH}	MultiSense output voltage in fault condition				7	V		
I _{SENSEH}	MultiSense current in fault condition	IV. – 5 V: MultiSonco in foult		20	30	mA		
Chip temperature	analog feedback							
		$V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{SEL0} = 0 \text{ V;}$ $V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V;}$ $R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega; T_j = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.325	2.41	2.495	V		
V _{SENSE_TC}	MultiSense output voltage proportional to chip temperature	$V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{SEL0} = 0 \text{ V;}$ $V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V;}$ $R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega; T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$	1.985	2.07	2.155	٧		
		$V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{SEL0} = 0 \text{ V;}$ $V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V;}$ $R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega; T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$	1.435	1.52	1.605	V		
dV _{SENSE_TC} /dT	Temperature coefficient	T _j = -40 °C to 150 °C		-5.5		mV/K		
Transfer function $V_{SENSE_TC}(T) = V_{SENSE_TC}(T_0) + dV_{SENSE_TC}/dT * (T - T_0)$								
V _{CC} supply volta	ge analog feedback							
V _{SENSE_VCC} MultiSense output voltage proportional to V _{CC} supply voltage		$V_{CC} = 13 \text{ V}; V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V}; $ $V_{SEL0} = V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V}; R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ 3.16		3.23	3.3	V		
Transfer function		$V_{SENSE_VCC} = V_{CC}/4$						

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Table 11. MultiSense (7 V < V_{CC} < 18 V; -40 °C < T_{j} < 150 °C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
MultiSense timir	ngs (Multiplexer transi	ition times) ⁽²⁾				
^t D_CStoTC	MultiSense transition delay from current sense to T _C sense	$\begin{split} &V_{INA}=5 \text{ V; } V_{SENSE_EN}=5 \text{ V;} \\ &V_{SEL0}=5 \text{ V to 0 V;} \\ &V_{SEL1}=0 \text{ V to 5 V; } I_{OUTA}=2.5 \text{ A;} \\ &R_{SENSE}=1 \text{ k}\Omega; V_{SENSE_TC}=90\% \text{ of } \\ &V_{SENSE_TC_FINAL} \end{split}$			60	μs
^t ɒ_⊤ct₀cs	MultiSense transition delay from T _C sense to current sense	$\begin{split} &V_{INA}=5~V;~V_{SENSE_EN}=5~V;\\ &V_{SEL0}=0~V~to~5~V;\\ &V_{SEL1}=5~V~to~0~V;~I_{OUTA}=2.5~A;\\ &R_{SENSE}=1~k\Omega;~I_{SENSE}=90\%~of\\ &I_{SENSE_MAX} \end{split}$			20	μs
t _{D_} cstoVcc	MultiSense transition delay from current sense to V _{CC} sense	$\begin{split} &V_{\text{INA}} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{\text{SENSE_EN}} = 5 \text{ V;} \\ &V_{\text{SEL0}} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{\text{SEL1}} = 0 \text{ V to 5 V;} \\ &I_{\text{OUTA}} = 2.5 \text{ A; } R_{\text{SENSE}} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega; \\ &V_{\text{SENSE_VCC}} = 90\% \text{ of} \\ &V_{\text{SENSE_VCC_FINAL}} \end{split}$			60	μs
t _{D_} vcctocs	MultiSense transition delay from V _{CC} sense to current sense	$\begin{split} &V_{INA}=5 \text{ V; } V_{SENSE_EN}=5 \text{ V;} \\ &V_{SEL0}=5 \text{ V; } V_{SEL1}=5 \text{ V to 0 V;} \\ &I_{OUTA}=2.5 \text{ A; } R_{SENSE}=1 \text{ k}\Omega; \\ &I_{SENSE}=90\% \text{ of } I_{SENSE_MAX} \end{split}$			20	μs
t _{D_TCto} vcc	MultiSense transition delay from T _C sense to V _{CC} sense				20	μs
t _{D_VCCto} TC	MultiSense transition delay from V _{CC} sense to T _C sense	$V_{CC} = 13 \text{ V; } T_j = 125 \text{ °C;}$ $V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V;}$ $V_{SEL0} = 5 \text{ V to 0 V;}$ $V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V; } R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega;$ $V_{SENSE_TC} = 90\% \text{ of}$ $V_{SENSE_TC_FINAL}$			20	μs
MultiSense timir	ngs (CurrentSense mo	ode)				
^t DSENSE1H	Current sense settling time from rising edge of VSENSE_EN	$V_{INA} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{INB} = 0 \text{ V};$ $V_{SENSE_EN} = 0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 5 \text{ V};$ $R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega; R_L = 2.6 \Omega;$ $V_{PWM} = 5 \text{ V}; V_{SEL0} = 5 \text{ V};$ $V_{SEL1} = 0 \text{ V}$			60	μs
^t DSENSE1L	Current sense disable delay time from falling edge of VSENSE_EN	$\begin{split} &V_{INA} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{INB} = 0 \text{ V;} \\ &V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V to } 0 \text{ V;} \\ &R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega; \text{ R}_L = 2.6 \text{ \Omega;} \\ &V_{PWM} = 5 \text{ V; } V_{SEL0} = 5 \text{ V;} \\ &V_{SEL1} = 0 \text{ V} \end{split}$			20	μs
t _{DSENSE2H}	V _{SENSE_TC} settling time from rising edge of V _{SENSE_EN}	$V_{SENSE_EN} = 0 \text{ V to 5 V};$ $V_{SEL0} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V};$ $R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$			60	μs



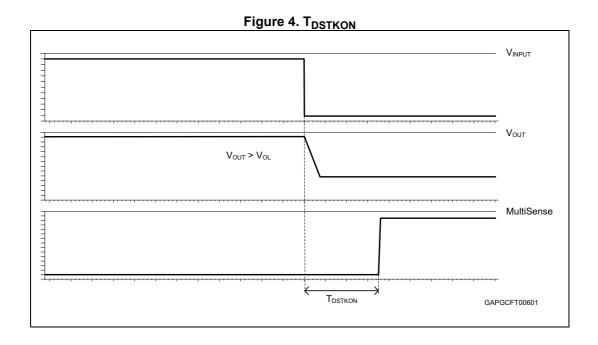
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Table 11. MultiSense (7 V < V_{CC} < 18 V; -40 °C < T_i < 150 °C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
t _{DSENSE2L}	V _{SENSE_TC} settling time from rising edge of V _{SENSE_EN}	$\begin{aligned} &V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 \text{ V to 0 V;} \\ &V_{SEL0} = 0 \text{ V; } V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V;} \\ &R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$			20	μs		
MultiSense timings (V _{CC} voltage sensor mode)								
t _{DSENSE3H}	time from rising	$V_{SENSE_EN} = 0 \text{ V to 5 V};$ $V_{SEL0} = 5 \text{ V};$ $V_{SEL1} = 5 \text{ V};$ $R_{SENSE} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$			60	μs		
t _{DSENSE3L}	V _{SENSE_VCC} settling time from rising edge of V _{SENSE_EN}	V_{SENSE_EN} = 5 V to 0 V; V_{SEL0} = 5 V; V_{SEL1} = 5 V; R_{SENSE} = 1 k Ω			20	μs		

^{1.} Analog sense current drift is deviation of factor K for a given device over (-40°C to 150°C and 9 V < V_{CC} < 18 V) with respect to its value measured at T_j = 25 °C, V_{CC} = 13 V.

^{2.} Parameter guaranteed by design and characterization; not subject to production test.



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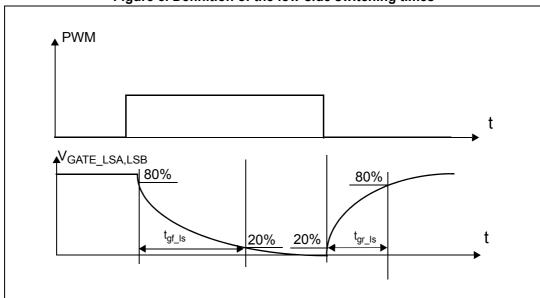
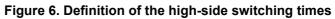
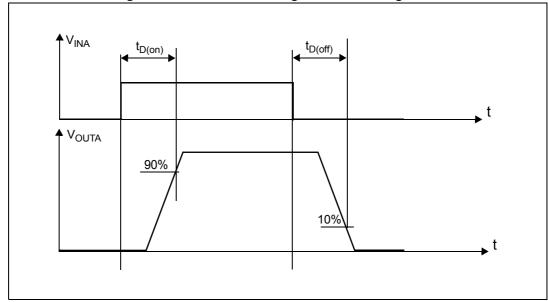


Figure 5. Definition of the low-side switching times





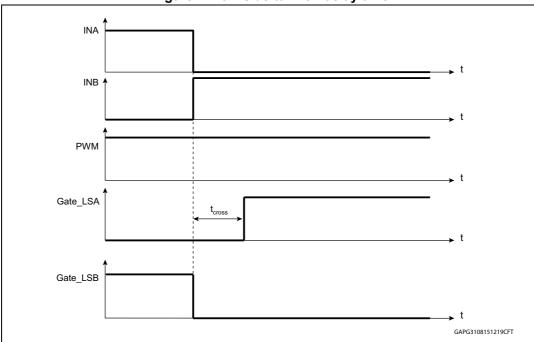
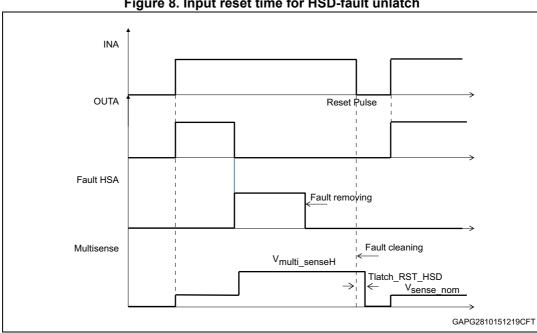


Figure 7. Low-side turn-on delay time





Note: Multisense_EN=1

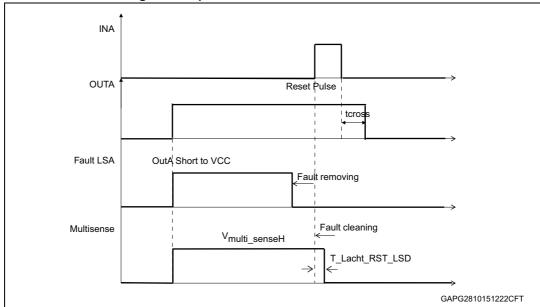


Figure 9. Input reset time for LSD-fault unlatch

Note: Multisense_EN=1

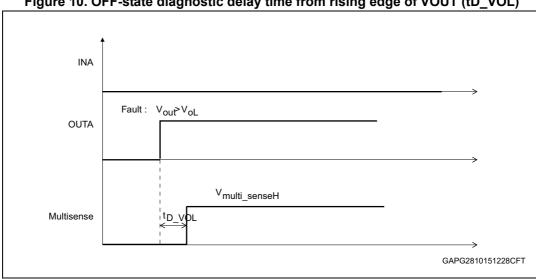


Figure 10. OFF-state diagnostic delay time from rising edge of VOUT (tD_VOL)

Note: Multisense_EN=1.



SEL1 INB **PWM** SEL0 MultiSense_EN INA MultiSense **HSA LSA HSB LSB** 0 0 High-Z **OFF** ON **OFF** ON 0 0 1 0 1 High-Z **OFF** OFF ON ON 0 1 **Current Monitoring HSB** OFF **OFF** ON OFF 0 1 1 0 0 1 **Current Monitoring HSB** OFF ON ON **OFF** 0 1 0 1 High-Z OFF **OFF** ON **OFF** 0 1 1 1 0 1 High-Z OFF ON ON **OFF** 0 0 0 1 High-Z ON OFF OFF OFF 1 0 1 0 0 1 High-Z ON OFF OFF ON 0 1 0 1 Current Monitoring HSA ON OFF **OFF** OFF 0 1 1 1 0 1 **Current Monitoring HSA** ON OFF ON OFF 0 0 1 **Current Monitoring HSB** ON OFF ON **OFF** $X^{(1)}$ 1 1 1 0 1 **Current Monitoring HSA** ON OFF OFF ON 0 OFF 0 0 1 1 Off-state diagnostic OUTA OFF OFF **OFF** 0 OFF 0 0 0 0 1 Off-state diagnostic OUTB OFF OFF OFF 0 0 1 1 Χ Χ Χ T_{CHIP} Monitoring Χ Χ 1 1 V_{CC} Monitoring Χ 1 High-Z⁽²⁾ Χ Χ

Table 12. Operative condition - truth table

Χ

Χ

Χ

0

Table 13. On-state fault conditions- truth table

	Digital in	put pins ⁽¹⁾		MultiSense	Comment
INA	INB	PWM	SEL0	MultiSense	Comment
0	0	1	0	V _{SENSE_H}	VDS LSB protection triggered; LSB latched off
0	0	1	1	V _{SENSE_H}	VDS LSA protection triggered; LSA latched off
0	1	Х	0	V _{SENSE_H}	HSB protection triggered; HSB latched off
0	1	1	1	V _{SENSE_H}	VDS LSA protection triggered; LSA latched off
1	0	1	0	V _{SENSE_H}	VDS LSB protection triggered; LSB latched off
1	0	Х	1	V _{SENSE_H}	HSA protection triggered; HSA latched off
1	1	Х	0	V _{SENSE_H}	HSB protection triggered; HSB latched off
1	1	Х	1	V _{SENSE_H}	HSA protection triggered; HSA latched off

^{1.} MultiSense_EN = 1 and SEL1 = 0 are mandatory for fault detection. Other logic combinations on digital input pins not reported on the above table do not allow to detect a latched-off channel.

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^{1.} X: the level of the pin can be 0 or 1.

When IN_A = IN_B = PWM = SEL0 = SEL1 = MultiSense_EN = 0 device enters standby after T_{DSTBY}.

Table 14. Off-state — truth table

		0	1	V	4	В	se_EN	ınse				
ANI	BNI	0TES	SEL1	MMd	OUTA	втио	_MultiSense_	MultiSense	Description			
Off	Off-state diagnostic											
		1 0	1		V _{OUTA} > V _{OL}	х	1	V _{SENSEH}	Case 1: OUT _A shorted to V _{CC} if no pull-up is applied. Case 2: NO open-load in full bridge configuration with an external pull-up on OUTB Case 3: open-load in half bridge configuration with an external pull-up on OUT _A (motor connected between Out and Ground)			
0	0		VOUTA < VOL				0	. 0	V _{OUTA} < V _{OL}	Х	1	Hi-Z
	· ·	0	0		х	V _{OUTB} > V _{OL}	1	V _{SENSEH}	Case 1: OUT_B shorted to V_{CC} if no pull-up is applied Case 2: NO open-load in full bridge configuration with external pull-up on OUT_A Case 3: open-load in half bridge configuration with external pull-up on OUT_B (motor connected between Out and Ground)			
					х	V _{OUTB} < V _{OL}	1	Hi-Z	Case1: open-load in full Bridge configuration with an external pull-up on OUT _A Case 2. NO open-load in half Bridge configuration with external pull-up on OUT _B (motor connected between Out and Ground)			

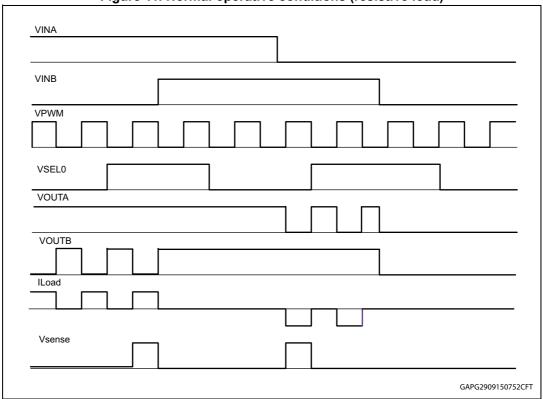
Note:

To power on the device from standby, it is recommended to: toggle INA or INB or SEL0 or SEL1 from 0 to 1 first to come out from STBY mode; toggle PWM from 0 to 1 with a delay of 20 microsecond this avoids any overstress on the device in case of existing short-to-battery.

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2.4 Waveforms

Figure 11. Normal operative conditions (resistive load)



Note: MultiSense_EN=1

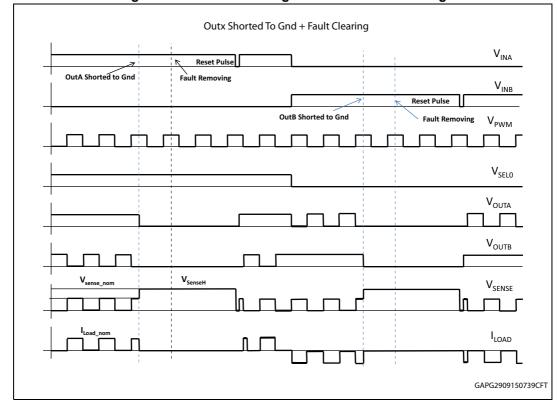


Figure 12. Out shorted to ground and short clearing

Note:

MultiSense_EN=1



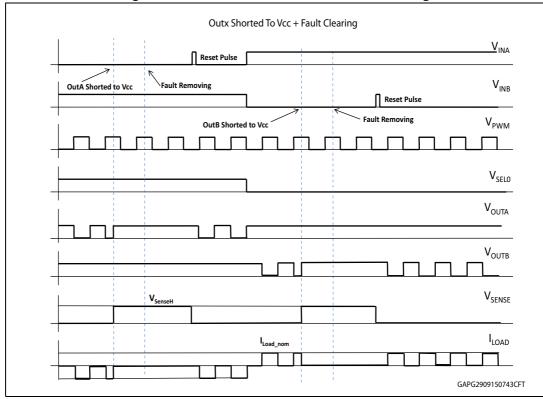
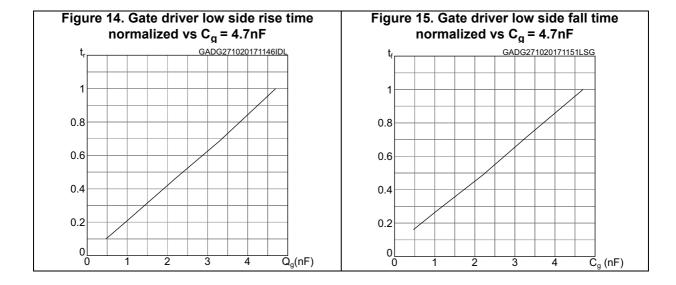


Figure 13. OUT shorted to Vcc and short clearing

Note: MultiSense_EN=1



VNHD7012AY Protections

3 Protections

3.1 Power limitation (high-side driver)

The basic working principle of this protection consists of an indirect measurement of the junction temperature swing Δ Tj through the direct measurement of the spatial temperature gradient on the device surface in order to automatically shut off the output MOSFET as soon as Δ Tj exceeds the safety level of Δ Tj_SD. The protection prevents fast thermal transient effects and, consequently, reduces thermo-mechanical fatigue. When Power Limitation is reached, The device enters in latch mode and generates the Fault Flag on Multisense = VsenseH when the faulty leg diagnostic is selected (please refer to *Table 13*).

3.2 Thermal shutdown

In case the junction temperature of the device exceeds the maximum allowed threshold (typically 175°C), the device enters in latch mode and generates the Fault Flag on Multisense = VsenseH (please refer to *Table 13*). The concerned high side can be switched ON again as soon as: T_j drops below TTR_HSD, INX is set low for a duration > TLATCH_RST_HS and set high again.

3.3 High-side current limitation

The device is equipped with an output current limiter in order to protect the silicon as well as the other components of the system (e.g. bonding wires, wiring harness, connectors, loads, etc.) from excessive current flow. In case of short circuit, overload or during load power-up, the output current is clamped to a safety level, ILIMH, by operating the output power MOSFET in the active region

3.4 External PowerMOS low side VDS monitoring

The VDS_monitoring function has the ability to sense the OUTPUT Mosfet source voltage and compare it to a predetermined threshold. This threshold is programmable, using an internal reference current IREF_OVL_LSD = $50 \,\mu\text{A}$ (typ.) and an external resistor connected at VREF_OVL_LS external pin.

This protection will be activated when the low side Power Mos is switched ON and its gate is fully charged: to guarantee this condition the function will detect a short to battery event only when PWM = H and after a blanking time $till_{OVL_LS} = 2.2 \, \mu s$ (typ.) starting from PWM rising edge. This feature is present for each LSD leg.

In case of fault conditions caused by Power Limitation or overtemperature or open load/short to VCC in OFF state, the fault is indicated by the MultiSense pin being internally switched to a "current limited" voltage source pulled to level V_{SENSEH} .



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4 Typical application schematic

VBAT 100nF 1k 🗖 PWM √470µF 1k 🗅 INB 1k l INA μC M SELO 1k OUTA ОИТВ SEL1 1k MS_EN_{GATE_LSA} 1k GATE_LSB Source_LSB Source_LSA L MS 10k ☐ Vref_OVL_LSB Vref_OVL_LSA 33nF 10K = 100nF

Figure 16. Typical application schematic

Note: To protect the device against Battery disconnection with energized inductive load when the bridge driver goes into 3-state, suggested C(Vcc) is:

$$c(V_{cc}) = \frac{Emotor}{0.5DVcc,max^2}$$

where:

Emotor = 33.5 mJ;

DVcc,max = Vcc_AMR - Vcc_max;

 $Vcc_AMR = 38 V;$

Vcc_max = 26 V (Vcc at jump start);

 $C(Vcc) = 470 \,\mu F$

5 MultiSense operation

5.1 MultiSense analog monitoring

Diagnostic information on device and load status are provided by an analog output pin (MultiSense) delivering the following signals:

- Current monitor: current mirror of HSDx output current
- VCC monitor: voltage propotional to VCC
- TCASE: voltage propotional to chip temperature

Those signals are routed through an analog multiplexer which is configured and controlled by means of SELx and SEn pins, according to the address map in *Table 12*.

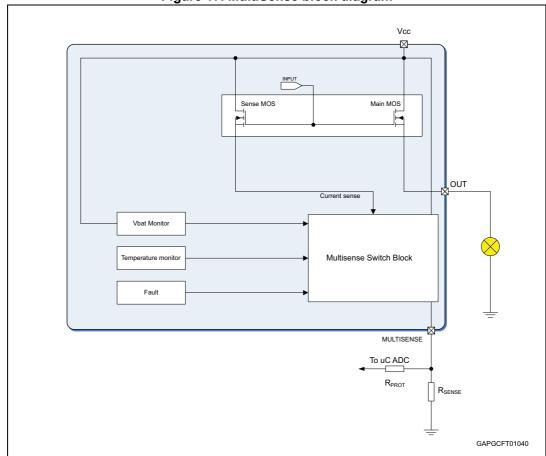


Figure 17. MultiSense block diagram

5.2 Multisense diagnostics flag in fault conditions

Multisense pin delivers fixed voltage (VSENSEH) with a certain current capability in case of:

- fault condition on activated high-side triggered by Power Limitation
- fault condition on activated high-side triggered by overtemperature protection
- fault condition on VDS of Low side exceeded threshold

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6 VREG and Driver LS Block

VREG pin is the output of an internal low drop voltage regulator. VREG block is designed to power the driver of external power Mosfet (Driver_LS) and it allows a proper MOS transition.

 VREG out voltage will be VREG=10V if Vbattery > 10V, while VREG = Vbattery if Vbattery < 10V.

An external capacitor C_{REG} = 100 nF connected to the pin VREG is needed to proper polarize the circuit (see *Figure 16*).

7 Reverse battery protection

CP pin provides the necessary gate drive for an external n-channel PowerMOS used for reverse polarity protection. The external N-channel Power MOSFET used for the reverse battery protection should have the following characteristics:

- BVdss > 20 V (for a reverse battery of -16 V);
- RDS(on) < 1/3 of H-bridge total RDS(on)
- Standard Logic Gate Driving

8 Open-load detection in off-state

The Open Load (OL) detection in off-state operates when output is deactivated (means INA = INB = PWM=0, or INB together with PWM=0). Open load detection is performed by reading the MultiSense output. External (switched) pull-up resistor has to be used and dimensioned to pull output voltage above the maximum open load detection voltage (VOL MAX) when load is not connected and as well stays below the minimum level (VOL MIN) when load is connected.

When the open load is detected, VsenseH is indicated on Multisense pin, possible conditions are specified in *Table 14*.

If pull up resistor is applied over switched circuitry, it allows to detect short to VCC from open-load (see *Figure 16*).

The RPU value has to be:

$$R_{pull_up} < \frac{V_{BATTmin} - V_{OLmax}}{2 \times I_{L(off2)min} [@VOLmax]}$$

9 Immunity against transient electrical disturbances

The immunity of the device against transient electrical emissions, conducted along the supply lines and injected into the VCC pin, is tested in accordance with ISO7637-2:2011 (E) and ISO 16750-2:2010.

The related function performance status classification is shown in *Table 15*.

Test pulses are applied directly to DUT (Device Under Test) both in ON and OFF-state and in accordance to ISO 7637-2:2011(E), chapter 4. The DUT is intended as the present device only, without components and accessed through VCC and GND terminals.

Status II is defined in ISO 7637-1 Function Performance Status Classification (FPSC) as follows: "The function does not perform as designed during the test but returns automatically to normal operation after the test".

Table 15. IISO 7637-2 - electrical transient conduction along supply line

Test pulse 2011(E)	with status	Test pulse severity level with status II functional performance status		Burst cycle/pulse repetition time		Pulse duration and pulse generator internal
	Level	U _S ⁽¹⁾	test time	min.	max.	impedance
1	III	-112 V	500 pulses	0.5 s		2 ms, 10 Ω
2a	III	+55	500 pulses	0.2 s	5 s	50 μs, 2 Ω
3a	IV	-220 V	1h	90 ms	100 ms	0.1 μs, 50 Ω
3b	IV	+150 V	1h	90 ms	100 ms	0.1 μs, 50 Ω
4 ⁽²⁾	IV	-7 V	1 pulse			100 ms, 0.01 Ω
Load dump according to ISO 16750-2:2010						
Test B ⁽³⁾		40 V	5 pulse	1 min		400 ms, 2 Ω

^{1.} US is the peak amplitude as defined for each test pulse in ISO 7637-2:2011(E)



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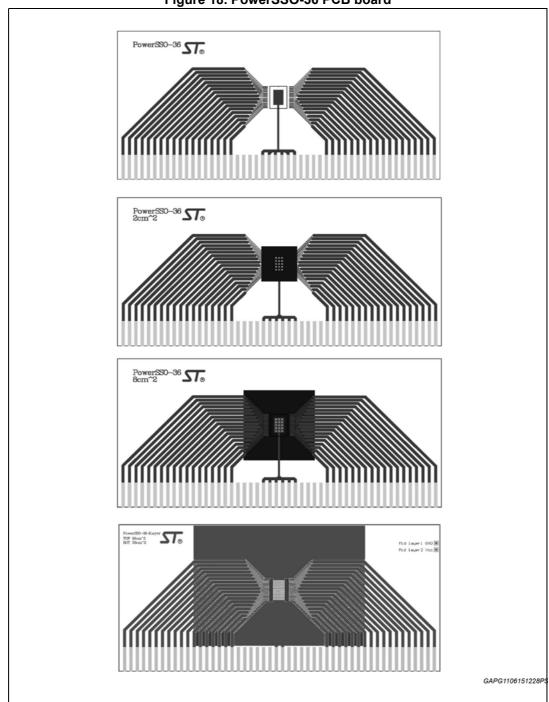
^{2.} Test pulse from ISO 7637-2:2004(E)

^{3.} With 40 V external suppressor referred to ground (-40 $^{\circ}$ C < T_J < 150 $^{\circ}$ C)

10 Package and PCB thermal data

10.1 PowerSSO-36 thermal data

Figure 18. PowerSSO-36 PCB board

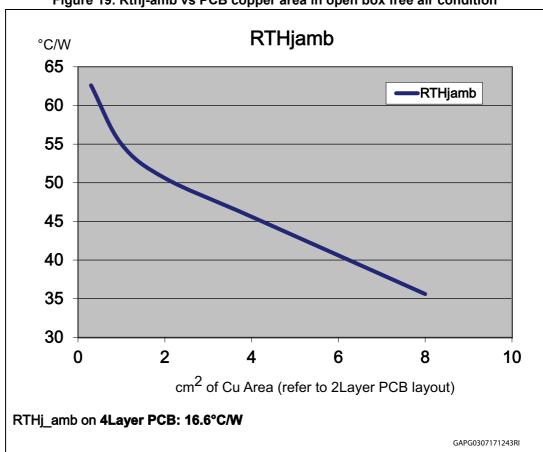


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Table 16. PCB properties

Dimension	Value
Board finish thickness	1.6 mm +/- 10%
Board dimension	129 mm x 60 mm
Board material	FR4
Cu thickness (outer layers)	0.070 mm
Cu thickness (inner layers)	0.035 mm
Thermal via separation	1.2 mm
Thermal via diameter	0.3 mm +/- 0.08 mm
Cu thickness on vias	0.025 mm
Footprint dimension	4.1 mm x 6.5 mm

Figure 19. Rthj-amb vs PCB copper area in open box free air condition



Equation 1: pulse calculation formula

ZTHδ = RTH · δ + ZTHtp (1 - δ)

where $\delta = tP/T$



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Figure 20. Thermal fitting model of a double-channel HSD in PowerSSO-36

Note:

The fitting model is a simplified thermal tool and is valid for transient evolutions where the embedded protections (power limitation or thermal cycling during thermal shutdown) are not triggered.

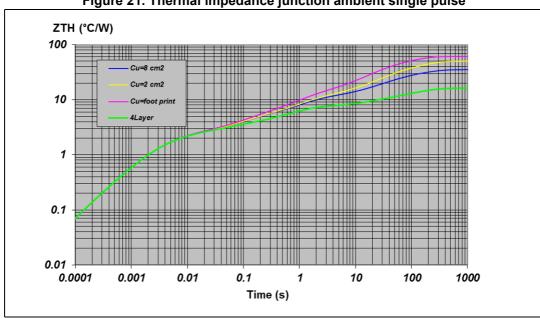


Figure 21. Thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse

Table 17. Thermal parameters

Area / island	FP	2	8	4L
R1 (°C/W)	0.95			
R2 (°C/W)	1.3			
R3 (°C/W)	2	2	2	1
R4 (°C/W)	7	6	6	4
R5 (°C/W)	20	14	10	2
R6 (°C/W)	30	26	15	7

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Table 17. Thermal parameters (continued)

Area / island	FP	2	8	4L
R7 (°C/W)	0.95			
R8 (°C/W)	1.3			
C1 (W•s/°C)	0.002			
C2 (W•s/°C)	0.005			
C3 (W•s/°C)	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
C4 (W•s/°C)	0.15	0.2	0.2	0.2
C5 (W•s/°C)	1	2	3	10
C6 (W•s/°C)	3	5	9	18
C7 (W•s/°C)	0.002			
C8 (W•s/°C)	0.005			



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11 Package and packing information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.

ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

11.1 PowerSSO-36 package information

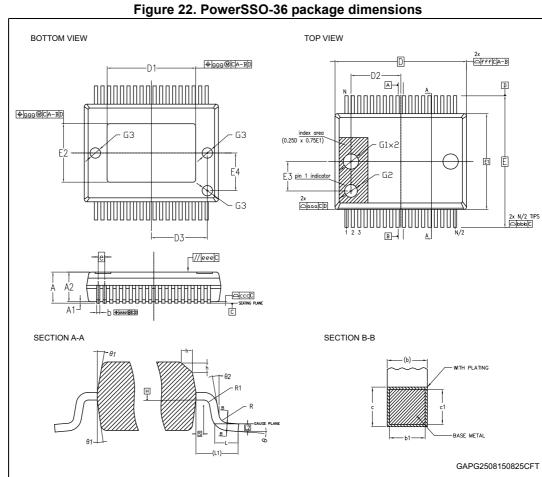


Table 18. PowerSSO-36 (exposed pad) package mechanical data

Dof	Millimeters			
Ref	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
θ	0°	-	8°	
Θ1	5°	-	10°	
Θ2	0°	-	-	

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Table 18. PowerSSO-36 (exposed pad) package mechanical data (continued)

D-4	Millimeters			
Ref	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
А	2.15	-	2.45	
A1	0.0	-	0.1	
A2	2.15	-	2.35	
b	0.18	-	0.32	
b1	0.13	0.25	0.3	
С	0.23	-	0.32	
c1	0.2	0.2	0.3	
D ⁽¹⁾		10.30 BSC		
D1	6.9	-	7.5	
D2	-	3.65	-	
D3	-	4.3	-	
е		0.50 BSC		
E		10.30 BSC		
E1 ⁽¹⁾		7.50 BSC		
E2	4.3	-	5.2	
E3	-	2.3	-	
E4	-	2.9	-	
G1	-	1.2	-	
G2	-	1	-	
G3	-	0.8	-	
h	0.3	-	0.4	
L	0.55	0.7	0.85	
L1		1.40 REF		
L2		0.25 BSC		
N		36		
R	0.3	-	-	
R1	0.2	-	-	
S	0.25	-	-	
	Tolerance of f	orm and position		
aaa	0.2			
bbb	0.2			
ccc	0.1			
ddd	0.2			



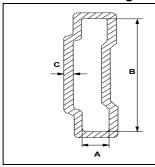
Table 18. PowerSSO-36 (exposed pad) package mechanical data (continued)

Ref	Millimeters			
Kei	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
eee	0.1			
ffff	0.2			
999	0.15			

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Allowable mold flash or protrusions is '0.25 mm' per side D and '0.15 mm' per side E1. D and E1 are Maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.

11.2 PowerSSO-36 packing information

Figure 23. PowerSSO-36 tube shipment (no suffix)



Base Qty	49
Bulk Qty	1225
Tube length (±0.5)	532
A	3.5
В	13.8
C (±0.1)	0.6

All dimensions are in mm.



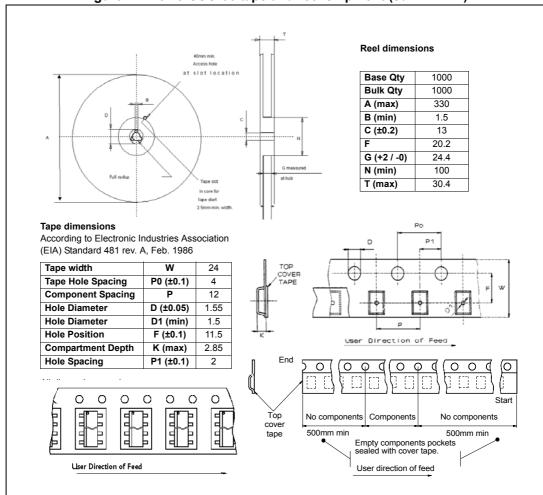


Figure 24. PowerSSO-36 tape and reel shipment (suffix "TR")



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GAPG1604151446CFT

11.3 PowerSSO-36 marking information

Special function digit
&: Engineering sample

<br

Figure 25. PowerSSO-36 marking information

Note:

Engineering Samples: these samples can be clearly identified by a dedicated special symbol in the marking of each unit. These samples are intended to be used for electrical compatibility evaluation only; usage for any other purpose may be agreed only upon written authorization by ST. ST is not liable for any customer usage in production and/or in reliability qualification trials.

Note:

Commercial Samples: fully qualified parts from ST standard production with no usage restrictions.



VNHD7012AY Order codes

12 Order codes

Table 19. Device summary

Package	Order codes		
T dokage	Tube	Tape and reel	
PowerSSO-36	VNHD7012AY	VNHD7012AYTR	

Revision history VNHD7012AY

13 Revision history

Table 20. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Description of changes	
14-Nov-2017	1	Initial release.	
11-Apr-2018	2	In Cover page: - updated value of "I _{out} " from 40 A to 38 A - updated feature "Output current = 40 A" with "Output current = 38 A" - removed "MO" from sentence " The device is designed using STMicroelectronics" In Table 10: Protections and diagnostics (7 V < VCC < 18 V; -40 °C < Tj < 150 °C): - Updated min value of "I _{LIM_HSD} " parameter from 40 A to 38 A - Fixed typ. value "I _{LIM_HSD} " parameter to 50 A - Updated max value of "I _{LIM_HSD} " parameter from 80 A to 78 A - Updated min value of "t _{DEL_OVL_LSD} " parameter from 0.05 μs to 1 μs - Updated test condition of "I _{L(off2)} " parameter from "PWM = 2 V" to "PWM = 0 V" - Removed "and within t _{D_STBY} for CHB" from test condition of "I _{L(off2)} " parameter - Updated test condition of "t _{D_VOL} " parameter from "V _{SEL1} = 0 V for CHA;" to "V _{SEL0} = 5 V for CHA; V _{SEL0} = 0 V for CHB;" and removed "for CHB" In Table 11: MultiSense (7 V < VCC < 18 V; -40 °C < Tj < 150 °C): - Updated min value of "I _{SENSE_SAT} " parameter from 48 A to 33 A - Updated min value of "I _{SENSE_SAT} " parameter from 48 A to 33 A - Updated max value of "I _{SENSE} " parameter from 10 μA to 14 μA In Table 16: PCB properties updated value of "Board dimension" from "129 mm x 86 mm" to "129 mm x 60 mm" Updated Table 17: Thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse Updated Table 17: Thermal parameters	
12-Jul-2018	3	Updated from target spec to production data. Updated <i>Table 4: Absolute maximum ratings</i> (add V _{BAT} value). Updated <i>Table 10: Protections and diagnostics (7 V < VCC < 18 V; -40 °C < Tj < 150 °C)</i> (add Min. and Max. values in VGS_CP).	

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