

Diffie-Hellman key exchange

5. Common prime $n=11$ User A: pub $Y_a=9$
 Primitive root $g=2$ User B: pub $Y_b=3$

a) What is A's private key?

$$Y_a = g^{x_a} \text{ mod } n$$

$$9 = 2^{x_a} \text{ mod } 11$$

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256
2	4	8	5	10	9	7	3

$$x_a = 6$$

b) B's private key $3 = 2^{x_b} \text{ mod } 11$ $x_b = 8$

$$X = 2^{x_a} \text{ mod } 11$$

$$9 = 64 \text{ mod } 11$$

$$Y = 2^{x_b} \text{ mod } 11$$

$$3 = 256 \text{ mod } 11$$

$$3^{x_a} \text{ mod } 11$$

$$9^{x_b} \text{ mod } 11$$

$$\boxed{3 = 3}$$

$$\boxed{K = 3}$$

RSA

Seth Luders

$$P^e \bmod n = \text{encrypt} \quad (P^e)^d \bmod n = P$$

6)

Ciphertext $C = 10$

User's public key is $e = 5$, $n = 35$

$$\phi(n) = \phi(p) \phi(q) = (p-1)(q-1)$$

$$\phi(n) = (5-1)(7-1)$$

$$= 4 \cdot 6$$

$$= 24$$

$$e = 2 \Rightarrow \gcd(e, 24) = 2$$

$$e = 3 \Rightarrow \gcd(e, 24) = 3$$

$$e = 4 \Rightarrow \gcd(e, 24) = 4$$

$$e = 5 \Rightarrow \gcd(e, 24) = 1 \checkmark$$

$$d^* e \bmod \phi(n) = 1$$

$$d = (1 + k \cdot \phi(n)) / e$$

$$d = (1 + k \cdot 24) / 5$$

$$k = 0 = 1/5$$

$$k = 1 = 5 \checkmark$$

$$d = 5$$

Reminder: $C = 10$, $e = 5$, $n = 35$

$$P = C^d \bmod n$$

$$P = 10^5 \bmod 35$$

$$2 = 100000 \bmod 35$$

$$P = 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 35 \overline{) 140} \\ \underline{140} \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 35 \\ 35 \overline{) 1225} \\ \underline{105} \\ 175 \\ \underline{175} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2857(r5) \\ 35 \overline{) 100000} \\ \underline{70} \\ 300 \\ \underline{280} \\ 200 \\ \underline{175} \\ 250 \end{array}$$