





Yu-Feng Ho







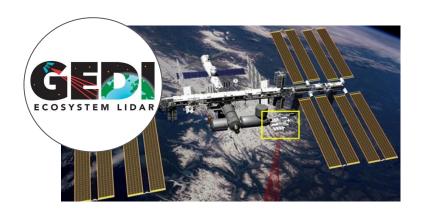


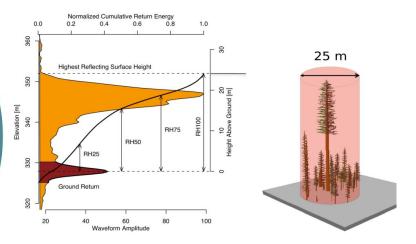


- 1. The data
- 2. Apache Arrow & Parquet
- 3. Cloud Setup
- 4. Notebook examples



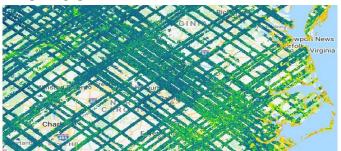






- Full-waveform LiDAR system
- Data since 2019
- N ~ 5.4 billion points
- Level 2A+B data, 94 variables
- Point geometries (lon/lat)

### Sampling pattern







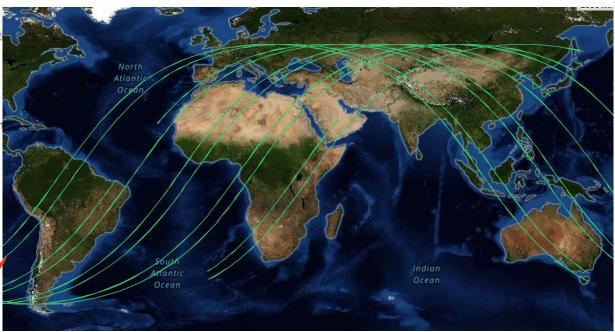


In this example of a Version 2 Level 01B product, the filename GEDI01 B 2019110110221 001997 03 T03335 02 005 01 V002.h5 indicates:

- GEDI01 B = Product Short Name
- 2019110 = Julian Date of Acquisition in YYYYDDD
- 110221 = Hours, Minutes, and Seconds of Acquisit
- 001997 = O = Orbit, 01997 = Orbit Number
- 03 = Sub-Orbit Granule Number
- T03335 = T = Track, 033335 = Track Number
- 02 = Positioning and Pointing Determination System
- 005 = PGEVersion = SDPS Release Number
- 01 = Granule Production Version
- V002 = Version Number
- .h5 = Data Format

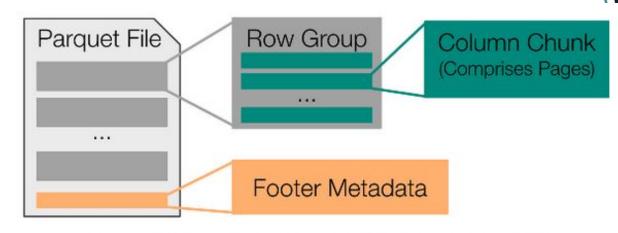












# Dataset

|--- Partition |--- File |--- Row group |--- Column chunk |--- Page

Figure 1. High-level visual representation of the Parquet file format

```
httpfs = S3FileSystem(
    endpoint_url='https://s3.eu-central-1.wasabisys.com',
    anon=True
)
pq_dataset = pq.ParquetDataset(
    path_or_paths='gedi-ard/level2/l2v002.gedi_20190418_20230316_go_epsg.4326_v20240622',
    filesystem=httpfs)

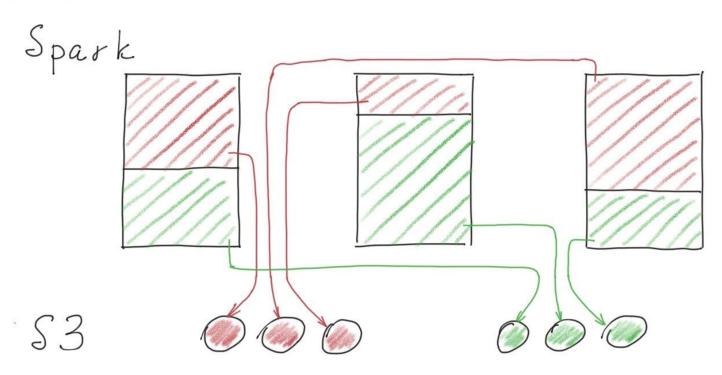
CPU times: user 634 ms, sys: 0 ns, total: 634 ms
Wall time: 1.35 s
```

### Source:

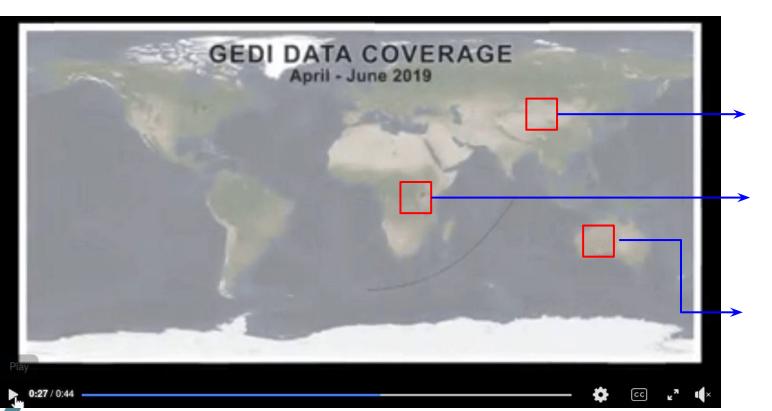
(1) Optimizing Access to Parquet Data with fsspec







Source:



# partition-1

- gedi-o1a.parquet
- gedi-o2a.parquet

# partition-2

- gedi-o1b.parquet
- gedi-o2b.parquet
- gedi-o3a.parquet
- gedi-o4a.parquet

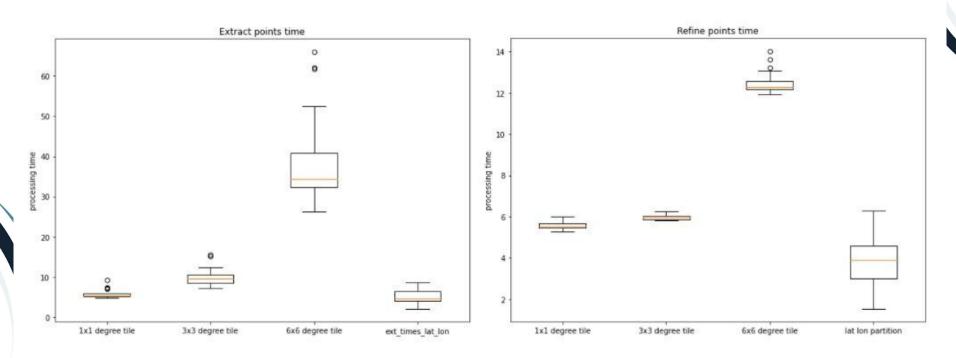
# partition-3

- gedi-o3b.parquet
- gedi-o4b.parquet
- gedi-o5a.parquet





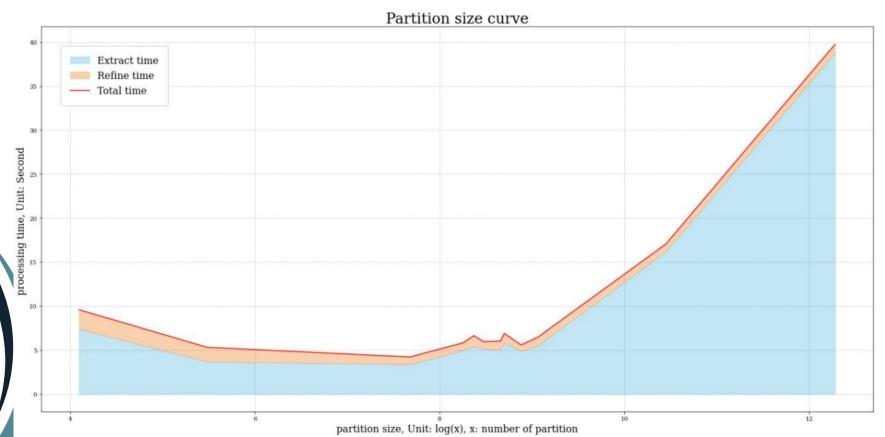




The multi depth structure(lat in 1 degree / lon in 1 degree) outperforms flattened structure (1x1 degree grid)















# **Comparison of Python Parquet Engine in Parallelisation and Cloud Object Storage**

Stats for all stories

6 min read · Dec 1, 2023





### Lifetime

Dec 1, 2023 - Today · Updated every 24 hours

536

63%

Read ratio (i)

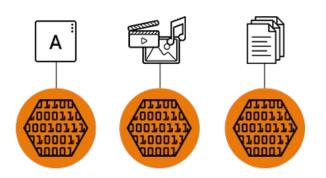
# pyarrow.dataset.write\_dataset

pyarrow.dataset.write\_dataset(data, base dir, \*, basename\_template=None, format=None, partitioning=None, partitioning\_flavor=None, schema=None, filesystem=None, file options=None, use threads=True, max partitions=None, max open files=None, max rows per file=None, min rows per group=None, max\_rows\_per\_group=None, file\_visitor=None, existing\_data\_behavior='error', [source] create dir=True)

Write a dataset to a given format and partitioning.









# **Cloud Object Storage**

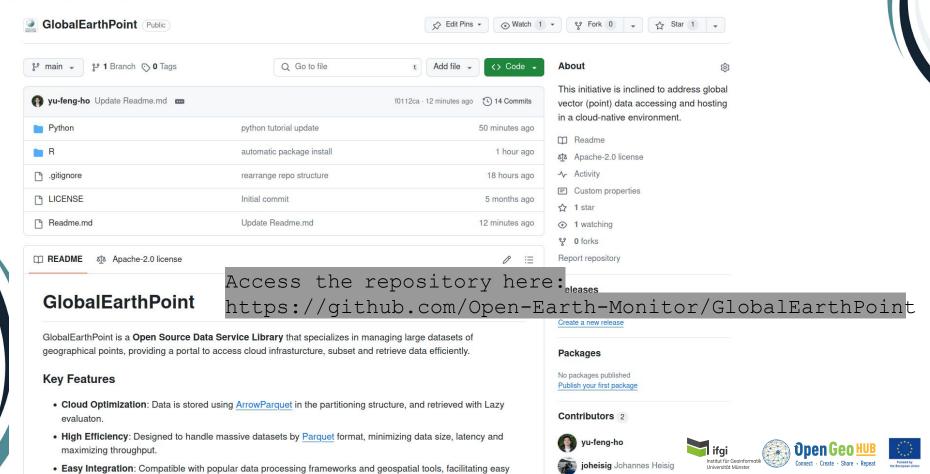


### Source:

- (1) What is object storage? and File storage, block storage, or object storage?
- (2) Polars DataFrames for the new era

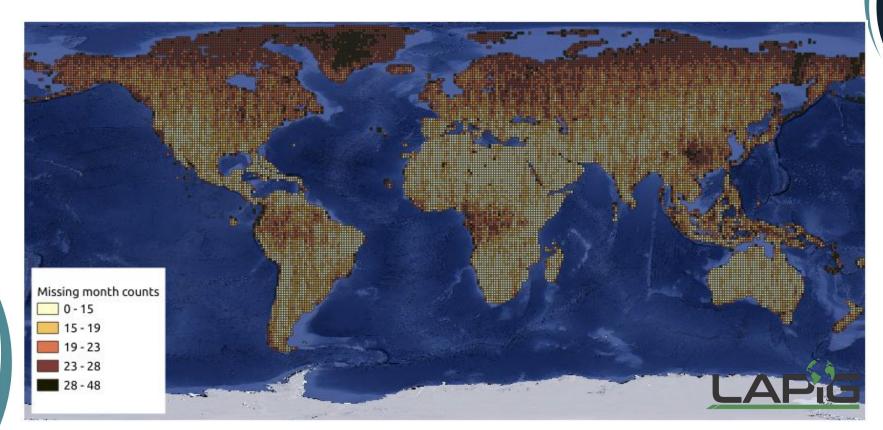








Use Cases of Big Vector Data - Short vegetation mapping



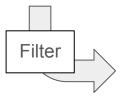


# Use Cases of Big Vector Data - Short vegetation mapping

# Icesat-2 ATL08v006 in 20m segment



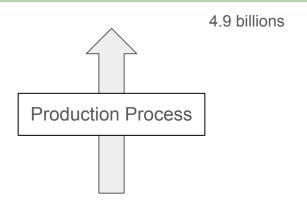
- n\_ph\_20m: Number of photons in 20m
- **med\_ht**: Median of vegetation photons relative height



By:

- n\_ph\_20m >= 3: number of photons in 20m greater than or equal to 3
  \*separate segments with valid data
  - med ht <= 5: median less than or equal to 5m
    - \*focus sample on areas dominated by low vegetation
- night\_flag == 1: data acquired at night
   \*reduction in RMSE of more than 1m

# Icesat-2 ATL08v006 in 20m segment for Short Vegetation Mapping







# Questions & Feedback





