Hohan - Merton - Week 5 - Predicate Semantics ii) <1,37 € |R2|5 50 |R2ab|5=T as <1015, 16157 € |R45 iii) 63, 17 \$ 18215 50 182 bals = F as < lals, lals 7 \$ 1845 iv) [R2ab]=T and [R2ba]= F (above). So as | R2ab], # |R2ba], |R2ab => R2ba]= |P'als=F (above) so tiP'als=T: (1,1) & IR2 so (lals, lals 7 AR2) So | Paals = F so 17/2 aals = T so | 7/a 17 Paals = T 50 | 1266 v (7P'a N7P2 aa) 15 = T vi) Let it be a variable assignment over A. Then change |x| to 2, call this assignment B, differing from x in x only. Then <1,276 | 12 5 50 < | az| = T Vandso | 3x Rax| = T vii) Let x be a var. assign. Then drawe |x|5 to 2, call this B. then A | Rax | = T (above). L2, 37 E | R2 | 5 56 6 | x / 5, 16 | 57 E | R2 | 5 50 | Rxb| = T so Bar (Rax 1 Fxb| = T and & differs from x by x only so / 3x (Rax 1 Rxb)/s=T viii) Done by Vo (ker (Never nind) is Zylkzy - A Rysc) So < | 2 | 5, | y | 5 7 & R so | R > cy | 5 = F. & differs from

Only by x so | R xy | 5 + T for some & differing from ox only by x not the same as Jylay 1 so Hac Jy Racy Is = F 3y Ryz? x) Let x be a var. assign. Change to \$ 12 2 call this 28. Case 1: ||x| = 2. Then |x| = E |P'|s so |Px| = T 19/3 = 4 or 2 or 3. More efficient vay to do it? If 1915 - 1 then 1/2/5, 1418 7 & 12/5 as 22, 17 & 12/5; | Rights If 1415 22 then <1215, 1415 7 \$ 18215 as <2,27 \$ 1825 18 Exy 15 = E If 1413 = 3 then < 1415, 1218 7 \$ 1295 as <3,27 \$ 1215; 1242 | 5 = F sommall reaces, } Fy Rxy 1 = T as, for B when we change only 1913 to 3, And similarly from if we take or changing only lylis to I then Llylis, 150, 76R45 so 1R2 x six = T and hence 13y Ryzlis = T

	So Fy Ryx 1 Fy Rxy s = T, so Px = (3y fyx 1 Fy Rxy) s = T Case 2: x x \neq 2. Then Px s = F since 12 th 1 and 3 are not in P' s i.e. 2 or 3
	So $ f_{\infty} \rightarrow () _{5}^{\alpha} = T$
	So for all 1 & variable assignments differing only in x, P2 = (n) = T so \forall x (Px \rightarrow (\frac{1}{2}y \text{Ryx} \frac{1}{2}y \text{Rxy}) s = T
	July 1 July 1/15
abayana	xi) Consider var. assign. x where x x = 2.
004	Then I Px s = T as above.
	Now change the value y & to make a var. assign. b
	M/4/3 = 2 or 2 or 3.
	If y s= 7 then Rxy s= F as (2,17 \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{5}\) \(\frac{1}{
	FF [4] 5 - 2 they Fxy 5 = F as 62, 27 \$ 1245)
	Ff 1415 = 3 they 1242clos = F 95 43,27 \$1215 50 Lly1s, 1x157 \$1245
	So there exists no assignment & differing from & only in y where
	Ryx1 Rxy s=T so 3y(Ryx1 Rxy) s=F
	Ryx 1 Rxy s = T so 3y (Ryx 1 Rxy) s = F so there is an assignment hunter Px -> 3y (m) s = F so
	$ \forall z(v) _{S} = F^{c}$
(, , ,	1.0 (02 1) 4 1011 (02 104)
5.2 1)	Let 1)= \(\frac{1}{5},
(ii	Let $D_s = \{13, \alpha _s = 1, P' _s = \{13, \mathbf{Q}' _s = 0\}$ Let $D_s = \{13, P' _s = \{13, P' _s = \{21, 27\}, \mathbf{R}' _s = \{21, 27\}, \mathbf{R} _s = \{21, 27\}, \mathbf{R}$
N a	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
5.3.	TEO - There exists no L2-Structure where Y = F for any \$ E To and 0 =F The set T 12 = 03 is senant inconst
	The set T \$ 470} issenant inconst
5.41] 3x 3y 3z (Px 17 Py 1 Qy 17 Qz 17 Pz) i.e. x a + x a + z a etc.
(3)	#x =y hxy where eq. P1 = & Ld, e7: d is less thanke }
655	Ix Iy Iz (Rxy 1 Rx 2 1 Ryz) where e.g. R1 = is less than
iv)	I Ix Iy Iz (Px 17 Py 1 Qy 17 Qz 17 Pz) i.e. x A + x A + z A, etc. Ix Iy Rxy where eg. R' A = & Ld, e7: d is less thanke } Ix Iy Iz (Rxy 1 Rxz 1 Ryz) where e.g. R' A = is less than Vx Iy Rxy where e.g. R' A = is less than