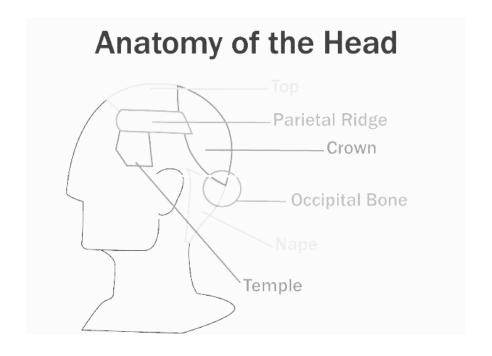
FUNDAMENTALS BOOK

EDUCATION



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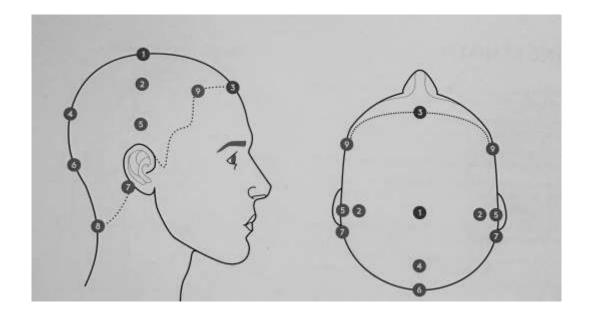
TEXTURIZING THE TOP

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The Head

The head have 9 reference points to use when cutting hair .Very important to learn all of them .

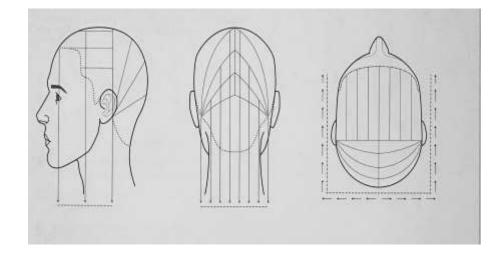
- 1 Apex :the highest point of the head.
- 2 Parietal :the bone that curve from the top to the sides.
- 3 Frontal :the bone that curve from the top to the forehead.
- 4 Lambdoid: that lies from the back of the head
- 5 Temporal :the bone that protruded from the sides of the head
- 6 Occipital: the bone found in the centre of the back
- 7 Mastoid :the bone located behind the ear
- 8 Nape :located at the bottom of the neck, hair line
- 9 Recession Point :there is the meeting point between the sides and top of the head .

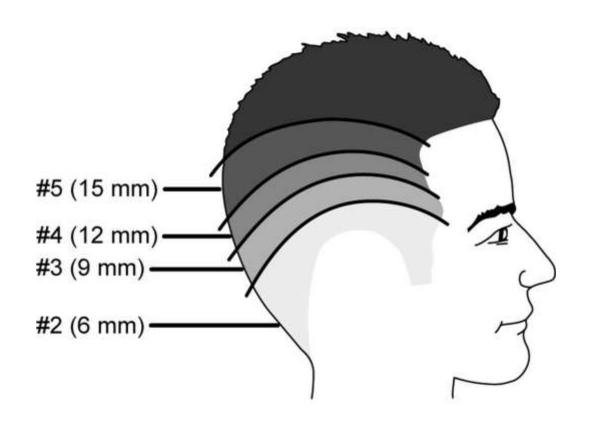


ONE LENGTH

A one-length haircut is a hairstyle with the same length of hair.

The diagram show the direction that the hair should be pulled.

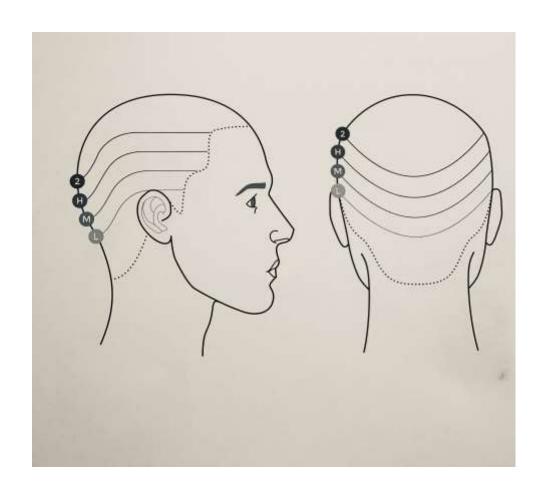




Clipper work

Clipper grades are used to select the length throughout the back and sides for the haircut.

The diagram will show the direction and the movement around the head using clippers to create canvas.



Placement of the Line (fade)

The fade is a blending techniques to create a difference between light and dark. The fade is lighter around the hairline and becomes darker as you move up to head.

The diagrams its show where the line can be placed (low,medium.high).

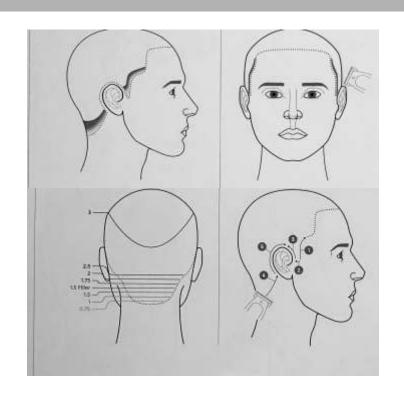
Tapering

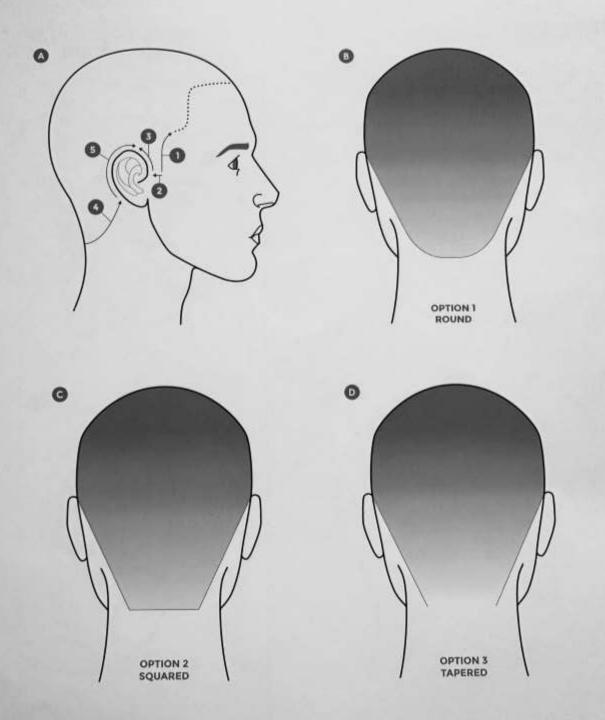
Tapering is a technique used to trim down the hairs around the hairline.

Tapering will be done by using a clipper.

The diagrams will show

- -tapering around the hairline
- -around the angling
- -taper around the neck(nape)example



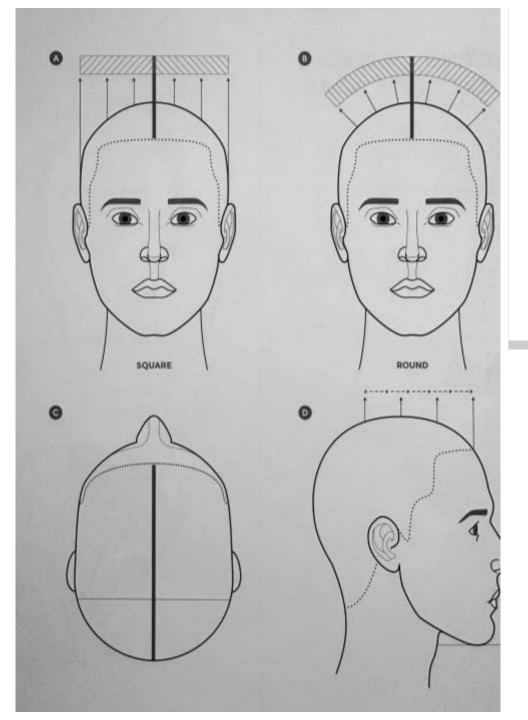


OUTLINES

The outlines are used to frame a haircut.

The outlines are generally determinates by where the hairline start to grow. Of the back of the neck choose a round, square or tapered.

Check the diagrams:a,b,c,d.



Profile line

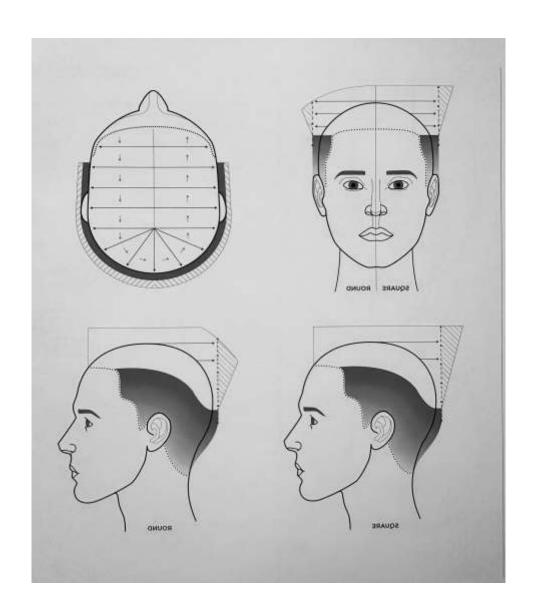
The profile line is a guide that is cut in the middle off the head from the apex to the front hairline .This guide is followed to cut: square ,round or layering system

Check the diagrams:a,b,c,d.

Connecting – scissor work or clipper

A connection is when the back and sides relate are connected to the top to formal shape .When we connecting the hair is pulled 90 degreed from the sides to the head cut square .

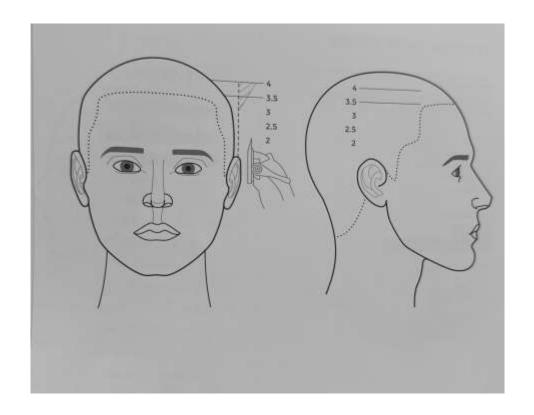
Check the diagrams.

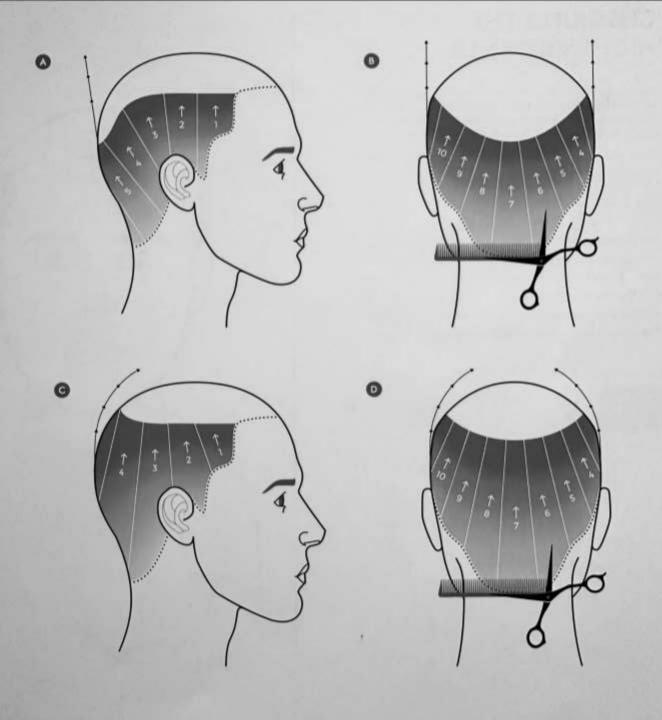


The higher grade

The higher grade is used to remove the weight and any excess hair.

Check the diagrams.



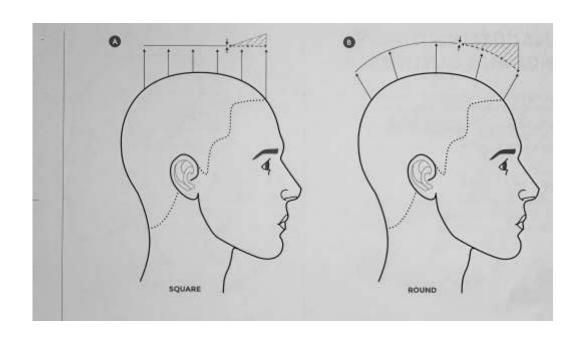


Scissor over comb

Scissor over comb is a technique used to remove weight and blend hair.

The diagrams will show the direction to move the scissor and comb.

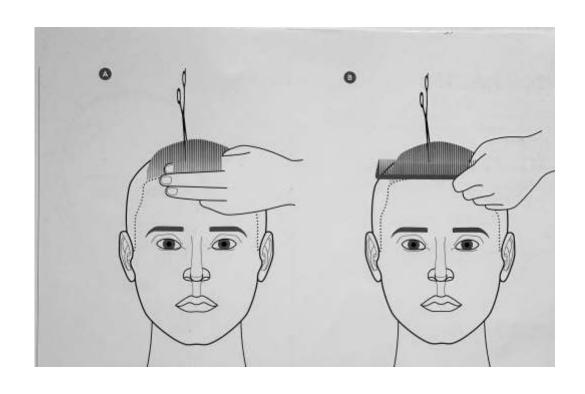
Check the diagrams: a,b,c,d.



Remove the corner from the fringe

Removing the corner from the fringe is a refining and finishing technique to the final stage of haircut.

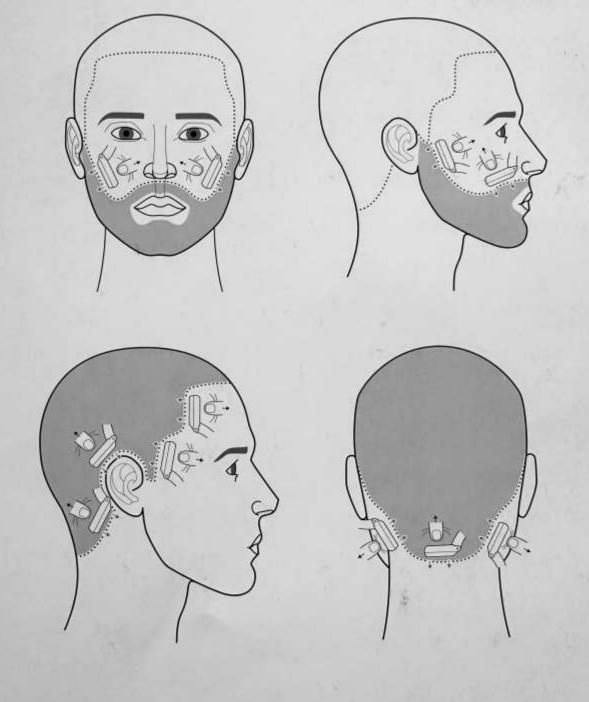
Check the diagrams: a,b.



Texturizing the top

Texturizing the top is a technique that is used towards the final stage of haircut. Also give a new look and feel to the layers ,allowing the haircut to grow better.

Check the diagrams a,b.



Razor face

A razor is normally use at the end of the services . This will give a clean , sharp and frame the the outlines sharp.

All the time stretch away the skin from the direction that the blade is moving ,to get good result and safe result.

