Statistical Learning Lab

Assignment - 8

Recurrent Neural Network for Stock Prediction

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- 1. Choose a stock of your choice from NIFTY 50 list from Yahoo Finance.
- 2. Take last 5 years stock price data of the selected stock.
- 3. Create test dataset for past 3 months, and training set from 5 years to the date before 3 months.
- 4. Use a predictive model using 3 LSTM layers, with past 60 days data, ntimestep = 60, dropout regularization ndrop = 0.2.
- 5. Create the plots comparing observed value of the test data and the predictive value.
- 6. Use grid search to optimize hyperparameters such as ndrop, ntimestep and batch size. Compare test result with previous findings.

Give the result and the code in a single pdf document along with plots.

In []: pip install --upgrade tensorflow

Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packa ges (2.18.0) Collecting tensorflow Downloading tensorflow-2.19.0-cp311-cp311-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x 86_64.whl.metadata (4.1 kB) Requirement already satisfied: absl-py>=1.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-p ackages (from tensorflow) (1.4.0) Requirement already satisfied: astunparse>=1.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dis t-packages (from tensorflow) (1.6.3) Requirement already satisfied: flatbuffers>=24.3.25 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/ dist-packages (from tensorflow) (25.2.10) Requirement already satisfied: gast!=0.5.0,!=0.5.1,!=0.5.2,>=0.2.1 in /usr/local/ lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (0.6.0) Requirement already satisfied: google-pasta>=0.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/d ist-packages (from tensorflow) (0.2.0) Requirement already satisfied: libclang>=13.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist -packages (from tensorflow) (18.1.1) Requirement already satisfied: opt-einsum>=2.3.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dis t-packages (from tensorflow) (3.4.0) Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packag es (from tensorflow) (24.2) Requirement already satisfied: protobuf!=4.21.0,!=4.21.1,!=4.21.2,!=4.21.3,!=4.2 1.4,!=4.21.5,<6.0.0dev,>=3.20.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (5.29.4) Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2.21.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/d ist-packages (from tensorflow) (2.32.3) Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packa ges (from tensorflow) (75.2.0) Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.12.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-pack ages (from tensorflow) (1.17.0) Requirement already satisfied: termcolor>=1.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist -packages (from tensorflow) (2.5.0) Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.6.6 in /usr/local/lib/python 3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (4.13.0) Requirement already satisfied: wrapt>=1.11.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-pa ckages (from tensorflow) (1.17.2) Requirement already satisfied: grpcio<2.0,>=1.24.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/d ist-packages (from tensorflow) (1.71.0) Collecting tensorboard~=2.19.0 (from tensorflow) Downloading tensorboard-2.19.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.8 kB) Requirement already satisfied: keras>=3.5.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-pac kages (from tensorflow) (3.8.0) Requirement already satisfied: numpy<2.2.0,>=1.26.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/ dist-packages (from tensorflow) (2.0.2) Requirement already satisfied: h5py>=3.11.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-pac kages (from tensorflow) (3.13.0) Collecting ml-dtypes<1.0.0,>=0.5.1 (from tensorflow) Downloading ml dtypes-0.5.1-cp311-cp311-manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86 _64.whl.metadata (21 kB) Requirement already satisfied: tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem>=0.23.1 in /usr/loca 1/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from tensorflow) (0.37.1) Requirement already satisfied: wheel<1.0,>=0.23.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/di st-packages (from astunparse>=1.6.0->tensorflow) (0.45.1) Requirement already satisfied: rich in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (f rom keras>=3.5.0->tensorflow) (13.9.4) Requirement already satisfied: namex in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from keras>=3.5.0->tensorflow) (0.0.8) Requirement already satisfied: optree in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from keras>=3.5.0->tensorflow) (0.14.1) Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python

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        packages (from tensorboard~=2.19.0->tensorflow) (3.7)
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        t-packages (from werkzeug>=1.0.1->tensorboard~=2.19.0->tensorflow) (3.0.2)
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        _64.whl (644.9 MB)
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        Installing collected packages: ml-dtypes, tensorboard, tensorflow
          Attempting uninstall: ml-dtypes
            Found existing installation: ml-dtypes 0.4.1
            Uninstalling ml-dtypes-0.4.1:
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          Attempting uninstall: tensorboard
            Found existing installation: tensorboard 2.18.0
            Uninstalling tensorboard-2.18.0:
              Successfully uninstalled tensorboard-2.18.0
          Attempting uninstall: tensorflow
            Found existing installation: tensorflow 2.18.0
            Uninstalling tensorflow-2.18.0:
              Successfully uninstalled tensorflow-2.18.0
        ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all the pac
        kages that are installed. This behaviour is the source of the following dependenc
        y conflicts.
        tf-keras 2.18.0 requires tensorflow<2.19,>=2.18, but you have tensorflow 2.19.0 w
        hich is incompatible.
        tensorflow-text 2.18.1 requires tensorflow<2.19,>=2.18.0, but you have tensorflow
        2.19.0 which is incompatible.
        Successfully installed ml-dtypes-0.5.1 tensorboard-2.19.0 tensorflow-2.19.0
In [26]: import yfinance as yf
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from datetime import datetime, timedelta
         from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
         from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
         from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense, Dropout
         from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
```

```
#from keras.models import Sequential
#from keras.layers import LSTM, Dense, Dropout
#from keras.optimizers import Adam
from sklearn.model_selection import ParameterGrid
```

Chosen Stock is **TCS** on Nifty (NSE)

- 1. Download from Yahoo Finance
- 2. Get the Train & Test Data

```
In [32]: # Section 1: Fetch Data and Create Train-Test Split
         # Define the stock ticker for TCS on NSE
         ticker = "TCS.NS"
         # Define end date (today)
         end_date = datetime.today().strftime('%Y-%m-%d')
         # Fetch more than 5 years to ensure we get full 90 trading days in test set
         start_date = (datetime.today() - timedelta(days=5*365 + 30)).strftime('%Y-%m-%d'
         # Download stock data
         df = yf.download(ticker, start=start_date, end=end_date)
         # Ensure data was fetched
         if df.empty:
             print(f"Failed to fetch data for {ticker}. Please check the ticker symbol or
         else:
             print(f"Total data points: {len(df)}")
         # Adjust test_start_date to ensure 90 **trading days**
         test_dates = df.index[-90:] # Last 90 actual trading days
         test_start_date = test_dates[0] # First date of test set
         # Split into train and test sets
         train data = df.loc[:test start date, ['Close']].copy()
         test_data = df.loc[test_start_date:, ['Close']].copy()
         print(f"Training Data Size: {train_data.shape}")
         print(f"Testing Data Size: {test_data.shape}")
        [******** 100%*********** 1 of 1 completed
        Total data points: 1258
        Training Data Size: (1169, 1)
        Testing Data Size: (90, 1)
```

- 1. Perform scaling using MinMaxScalar
- 2. Put n_steps to 30 so that we can get at least 60 test data, from the given ntimestep = 60
- 3. The first n_steps (30 days) are used as input for the first prediction. This process continues, sliding forward by 1 day each time. As a result, the last n_steps samples cannot be used as independent targets, reducing the effective dataset size by n_steps.

```
In [33]: from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
# Normalize price data
```

```
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 1))
train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(train_data[['Close']])
test_scaled = scaler.transform(test_data[['Close']])
# Function to create sequences for LSTM
def create sequences with dates(data, dates, n steps):
   X, y, y_dates = [], [], []
   for i in range(len(data) - n_steps):
        X.append(data[i:i + n_steps])
        y.append(data[i + n_steps])
        y_dates.append(dates[i + n_steps]) # Capture correct date
    return np.array(X), np.array(y), np.array(y_dates, dtype="datetime64[D]") #
n_steps = 30 # Reduce from 60 to 30 to get enough test samples
# Create sequences for LSTM
X_train, y_train, _ = create_sequences_with_dates(train_scaled, train_data.index
X_test, y_test, test_dates = create_sequences_with_dates(test_scaled, test_data.
print(f"Final Training Samples: {X_train.shape[0]}")
print(f"Final Test Samples: {X_test.shape[0]}") # Should be ~60 test points
```

Final Training Samples: 1139 Final Test Samples: 60

Create the predictive model using 3 LSTM layers

```
In [34]: import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
         from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense, Dropout
         from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
         def build_model(n_steps, ndrop):
             model = Sequential([
                 LSTM(50, return_sequences=True, input_shape=(n_steps, 1)),
                 Dropout(ndrop),
                 LSTM(50, return_sequences=True),
                 Dropout(ndrop),
                 LSTM(50),
                 Dropout(ndrop),
                 Dense(1)
             1)
             model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.001), loss='mean squared error'
             return model
         model = build_model(n_steps, 0.2)
         # Reshape X train for LSTM input format
         X train = X train.reshape(X train.shape[0], X train.shape[1], 1)
         X_test = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], 1)
         # Train the model
         model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=32, verbose=1)
```

Epoch 1/50

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/rnn/rnn.py:200: UserWarn ing: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Seq uential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the m odel instead.

super().__init__(**kwargs)
```

26/26		7.0	11ms /ston		10551	0 0700
Epoch		/5	41ms/scep	-	1022:	0.0789
		2s	42ms/step	_	loss:	0.0081
Epoch	3/50					
		2s	40ms/step	-	loss:	0.0051
Epoch		2-	47		1	0.0055
	5/50	35	4/ms/step	-	1055:	0.0055
36/36		3s	50ms/step	_	loss:	0.0048
Epoch	6/50					
36/36		2s	40ms/step	-	loss:	0.0052
Epoch		3 c	41ms/step	_	1000	0 0015
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		2s	42ms/step	-	loss:	0.0042
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Epoch	11/50					
		2s	66ms/step	-	loss:	0.0044
	12/50	26	10ms /ston		10551	0 0042
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	14/50				_	
	 15/50	1 s	40ms/step	-	loss:	0.0034
		2s	41ms/step	_	loss:	0.0048
Epoch	16/50		·			
		1 s	40ms/step	-	loss:	0.0041
•	17/50 ———————	26	18mc/stan	_	1000	0 0032
	18/50	23	40113/3cep		1033.	0.0032
36/36		3s	46ms/step	-	loss:	0.0036
	19/50	_				
	20/50	2s	42ms/step	-	loss:	0.0035
		2s	40ms/step	_	loss:	0.0029
Epoch	21/50					
		2s	41ms/step	-	loss:	0.0039
	22/50	3¢	12ms/sten	_	1055.	0 0027
	23/50	23	421113/3CEP		1033.	0.0027
		3s	70ms/step	-	loss:	0.0033
	24/50	_	40 / /		-	
	25/50	15	40ms/step	-	loss:	0.0033
	23/30	1 s	40ms/step	-	loss:	0.0027
	26/50					
36/36		2s	42ms/step	-	loss:	0.0028
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36/36		3s	41ms/step	-	loss:	0.0026
	29/50	3 -	C 4 m = / = 1		1	0.0034
	30/50	25	64MS/Steр	-	TOSS:	0.0031
		2s	42ms/step	-	loss:	0.0031
	31/50		•			

```
36/36 -
                          - 1s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0028
Epoch 32/50
36/36 -
                          - 3s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0027
Epoch 33/50
36/36 -
                          - 1s 40ms/step - loss: 0.0028
Epoch 34/50
36/36 -
                          - 3s 42ms/step - loss: 0.0027
Epoch 35/50
                           - 3s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0029
36/36 -
Epoch 36/50
36/36 -
                           - 2s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0028
Epoch 37/50
                           - 3s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0024
36/36
Epoch 38/50
36/36 -
                           - 2s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0027
Epoch 39/50
36/36
                          - 2s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0022
Epoch 40/50
36/36 -
                          - 3s 52ms/step - loss: 0.0023
Epoch 41/50
                          - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0026
36/36
Epoch 42/50
                          - 2s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0024
36/36 -
Epoch 43/50
36/36 -
                          - 1s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0021
Epoch 44/50
36/36 -
                          - 3s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0023
Epoch 45/50
36/36 -
                          - 3s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0022
Epoch 46/50
                          - 4s 70ms/step - loss: 0.0022
36/36 -
Epoch 47/50
36/36 -
                           - 4s 40ms/step - loss: 0.0028
Epoch 48/50
36/36
                          - 2s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0023
Epoch 49/50
36/36 -
                          - 3s 41ms/step - loss: 0.0023
Epoch 50/50
36/36
                          - 2s 42ms/step - loss: 0.0022
```

Out[34]: <keras.src.callbacks.history.History at 0x7e25fad631d0>

Plots comparing observed value of the test data and the predictive value.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

# Make predictions
predicted_prices = model.predict(X_test)

# Convert back to original scale
predicted_prices = scaler.inverse_transform(predicted_prices.reshape(-1, 1)).fla

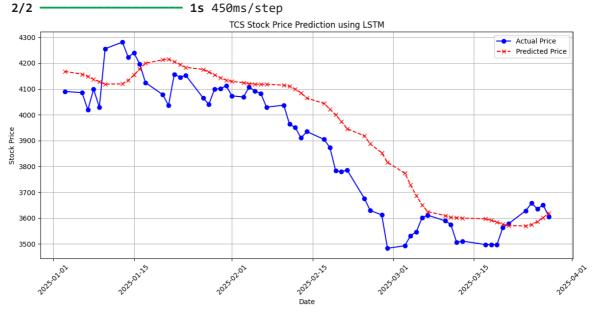
# Ensure test_dates are correctly formatted
test_dates = np.array(test_dates, dtype='datetime64[D]') # Ensures daily timest

# Adjust index to align predictions with actual test data
actual_prices = test_data.iloc[n_steps:]['Close'].values # Extract corresponding
```

```
# Plot Last 90 days of test data
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))
plt.plot(test_dates[-90:], actual_prices[-90:], label="Actual Price", color='blu
plt.plot(test_dates[-90:], predicted_prices[-90:], label="Predicted Price", colo
plt.title("TCS Stock Price Prediction using LSTM")
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Stock Price")
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate for better visibility
plt.legend()
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

1/2 0s 433ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:5 out of the last 8 calls to <function TensorFlowTrainer.make_predict_function.<locals>.one_step_on_data_distributed at 0x7e25fa60db20> trigger ed tf.function retracing. Tracing is expensive and the excessive number of tracings could be due to (1) creating @tf.function repeatedly in a loop, (2) passing tensors with different shapes, (3) passing Python objects instead of tensors. For (1), please define your @tf.function outside of the loop. For (2), @tf.function has reduce_retracing=True option that can avoid unnecessary retracing. For (3), please refer to https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/function#controlling_retracing and https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/function for more details.



Use grid search to optimize hyperparameters such as ndrop, ntimestep and batch size.

```
In [36]: from sklearn.model_selection import ParameterGrid
import pandas as pd

# Define hyperparameter search space
param_grid = {
    'ndrop': [0.2, 0.3],  # Dropout rates
    'batch_size': [16, 32],  # Batch sizes
    'n_steps': [30, 60]  # Lookback window
}

best_loss = float('inf')
best_params = None
results = [] # Store results for analysis
```

```
for params in ParameterGrid(param grid):
     print(f"Training with params: {params}")
     # Create sequences
     X_train, y_train, _ = create_sequences_with_dates(train_scaled, train_data.i
     X_test, y_test, test_dates = create_sequences_with_dates(test_scaled, test_d
     # Build and train model
     model = build_model(params['n_steps'], params['ndrop'])
     history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=params['batch_si
     # Evaluate model on test set
     loss = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
     # Store results
     results.append({'ndrop': params['ndrop'], 'batch_size': params['batch_size']
     # Track best parameters
     if loss < best loss:</pre>
         best_loss = loss
         best_params = params
 # Convert results to DataFrame and display
 results_df = pd.DataFrame(results).sort_values(by="loss")
 print("Hyperparameter Search Results:")
 print(results_df)
 print(f"\nBest Parameters: {best_params} with Loss: {best_loss:.4f}")
Training with params: {'batch_size': 16, 'n_steps': 30, 'ndrop': 0.2}
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/rnn/rnn.py:200: UserWarn
ing: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Seq
uential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the m
odel instead.
 super().__init__(**kwargs)
Training with params: {'batch_size': 16, 'n_steps': 30, 'ndrop': 0.3}
Training with params: {'batch_size': 16, 'n_steps': 60, 'ndrop': 0.2}
Training with params: {'batch_size': 16, 'n_steps': 60, 'ndrop': 0.3}
Training with params: {'batch_size': 32, 'n_steps': 30, 'ndrop': 0.2}
Training with params: {'batch_size': 32, 'n_steps': 30, 'ndrop': 0.3}
Training with params: {'batch_size': 32, 'n_steps': 60, 'ndrop': 0.2}
Training with params: {'batch size': 32, 'n steps': 60, 'ndrop': 0.3}
Hyperparameter Search Results:
  ndrop batch_size n_steps
                                   loss
3
    0.3
                           60 0.000723
                 16
                          30 0.000843
1
     0.3
                 16
2
    0.2
                 16
                           60 0.000918
6
                 32
    0.2
                          60 0.000965
0
    0.2
                 16
                          30 0.001517
4
    0.2
                 32
                           30 0.001531
7
     0.3
                  32
                           60 0.002155
5
     0.3
                 32
                          30 0.002760
Best Parameters: {'batch size': 16, 'n steps': 60, 'ndrop': 0.3} with Loss: 0.000
 Train with best found model and plot
```

```
In [37]: # --- Train the Final Model with Best Parameters ---
         best n steps = best params['n steps']
```

```
best_ndrop = best_params['ndrop']
best_batch_size = best_params['batch_size']
X_train, y_train, _ = create_sequences_with_dates(train_scaled, train_data.index
X_test, y_test, test_dates = create_sequences_with_dates(test_scaled, test_data.
# Build and train optimized LSTM model
best_model = build_model(best_n_steps, best_ndrop)
best_model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=best_batch_size, verbose=
# Make predictions
predicted_prices = best_model.predict(X_test)
predicted_prices = scaler.inverse_transform(predicted_prices.reshape(-1, 1)) #
# Convert test_dates to correct format
test_dates = np.array(test_dates, dtype='datetime64[D]')
# --- Plot the Actual vs Predicted Prices ---
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))
plt.plot(test_dates, test_data.iloc[best_n_steps:]['Close'], label="Actual Price")
plt.plot(test_dates, predicted_prices, label="Predicted Price", color='red')
plt.title("TCS Stock Price Prediction using Optimized LSTM")
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Stock Price")
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate for better visibility
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Epoch 1/50

/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/rnn/rnn.py:200: UserWarn ing: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Seq uential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the m odel instead.

super().__init__(**kwargs)

	- 11s 68ms/step - loss: 0.0717
Epoch 2/50	- 6s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0078
Epoch 3/50	65 821115/Step - 1055. 0.0078
•	- 10s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0077
Epoch 4/50	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
70/70	9s 68ms/step - loss: 0.0093
Epoch 5/50	
	- 6s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0066
Epoch 6/50	40a 02ma/atau 1aaa 0 0001
70/70 ————————————————————————————————————	- 10s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0061
•	- 5s 69ms/step - loss: 0.0058
Epoch 8/50	22 css, sccp 2000 cs.cos
	5s 67ms/step - loss: 0.0056
Epoch 9/50	
	- 6s 79ms/step - loss: 0.0048
Epoch 10/50 70/70	40a 02ma /atau lana 0 0055
Epoch 11/50	- 10s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0055
-	- 5s 68ms/step - loss: 0.0047
Epoch 12/50	
70/70	- 5s 77ms/step - loss: 0.0048
Epoch 13/50	
	- 10s 69ms/step - loss: 0.0050
Epoch 14/50 70/70 ————————————————————————————————————	- 6s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0040
Epoch 15/50	03 62m3/3cep - 1033. 0.0040
70/70	- 10s 83ms/step - loss: 0.0037
Epoch 16/50	
	9s 68ms/step - loss: 0.0040
Epoch 17/50 70/70 ————————————————————————————————————	. Co 92ms/ston loss, 0 0046
Epoch 18/50	- 6s 83ms/step - loss: 0.0046
•	- 5s 68ms/step - loss: 0.0034
Epoch 19/50	
	- 6s 83ms/step - loss: 0.0038
Epoch 20/50	2 60 / 1 2 0 0005
Fpoch 21/50	- 9s 69ms/step - loss: 0.0035
	- 6s 79ms/step - loss: 0.0033
Epoch 22/50	22 / J
70/70	10s 83ms/step - loss: 0.0034
Epoch 23/50	
	- 10s 77ms/step - loss: 0.0030
Epoch 24/50	- 5s 75ms/step - loss: 0.0032
Epoch 25/50	33 75m3/3ccp 1033. 0.0032
	- 11s 84ms/step - loss: 0.0032
Epoch 26/50	
	- 10s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0027
Epoch 27/50	0. 60
Fpoch 28/50	- 9s 68ms/step - loss: 0.0027
	- 6s 83ms/step - loss: 0.0027
Epoch 29/50	
	- 10s 82ms/step - loss: 0.0026
Epoch 30/50	
	9s 69ms/step - loss: 0.0026
Epoch 31/50	

70/70		6s	84ms/step	_	loss:	0.0024
Epoch	32/50		·			
70/70		5s	69ms/step	-	loss:	0.0022
	33/50					
70/70		6s	83ms/step	-	loss:	0.0022
•	34/50	0 -	60 / 1		,	0.0000
-	35/50	95	68ms/step	-	1055:	0.0023
		65	81ms/step	_	1055.	0 0023
-	36/50	03	01m3/3ccp		1033.	0.0023
		109	s 83ms/step) -	loss	: 0.0021
	37/50		·			
70/70		9s	69ms/step	-	loss:	0.0018
	38/50					
70/70		6s	78ms/step	-	loss:	0.0019
•	39/50		00 / 1		,	0.0010
70/70		109	s 82ms/step) -	· IOSS	: 0.0019
70/70	40/50	5 c	69ms/step		1000	0 0019
	41/50	23	obilis/step	_	1033.	0.0018
70/70		5s	76ms/step	_	loss:	0.0020
	42/50					
70/70		5s	74ms/step	-	loss:	0.0019
•	43/50					
-		119	s 83ms/step) -	loss	: 0.0017
Epoch	44/50	_	60 / 1		,	0.0047
	45/50	55	69ms/step	-	loss:	0.001/
•	45/50	66	82ms/stan		1000	0 0018
	46/50	03	021113/3CEP		1033.	0.0010
		9s	68ms/step	_	loss:	0.0018
-	47/50					
70/70		6s	82ms/step	-	loss:	0.0017
Epoch	48/50					
-		5s	69ms/step	-	loss:	0.0015
	49/50	_			_	
70/70		6s	83ms/step	-	loss:	0.0015
	50/50	0.0	71mc/c+an		1000	0 0017
70/70		35	71ms/step	-	TO22:	0.001/

WARNING:tensorflow:6 out of the last 9 calls to <function TensorFlowTrainer.make_predict_function.<locals>.one_step_on_data_distributed at 0x7e25ecce4b80> trigger ed tf.function retracing. Tracing is expensive and the excessive number of tracings could be due to (1) creating @tf.function repeatedly in a loop, (2) passing tensors with different shapes, (3) passing Python objects instead of tensors. For (1), please define your @tf.function outside of the loop. For (2), @tf.function has reduce_retracing=True option that can avoid unnecessary retracing. For (3), please refer to https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/function#controlling_retracing and https://www.tensorflow.org/api_docs/python/tf/function for more details.

1/1 1s 655ms/step

