

1. In many countries around the world, young people _____ at home until they get married.

في العديد من البلدان حول العالم يبقى الشباب في بيوتهم حتى يتزوجوا. (لا ينتقلون للعيش لوحدهم إلا عند الزواج)

a. almost always stay	b. stay almost always	c. almost always stays
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2. Universities in general don't provide dormitories, and students _____ their own apartments.

لا توفر الجامعات بشكل عام السكن ونادراً أن يمتلك الطلاب شققاً خاصة بهم.

a. have rarely	b. rarely have	c. rarely has
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3. In the US and Canada, however, young people _____ away from home after high school.

ولكن في الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية وكندا ينتقل الشباب عادة من منازلهم بعد الثانوية.

a. move frequent	b. move frequently	c. frequently move
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4. Most universities _____ housing facilities.

وتقدم معظم الجامعات المرافق والتسهيلات السكنية.

a. by large offer	b. offer by large	c. by offer large
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5. And most college towns _____ a variety of rooms, apartments and houses for rent.

وتمتلك معظم الكليات في البلدات الكثير من الغرف والشقق والمنازل للإيجار.

a. have typically	b. typically have	c. has typically
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6. In many countries, there _____ a great deal of "distance" between teachers and students.

في العديد من البلدان هناك مسافة كبيرة (حواجز) بين الأساتذة والطلاب.

a. are normally	b. normally is	c. is normally
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7. Students _____ teachers by their first names.

لا ينادي الطلاب معلمهم باسمهم الأول.

a. never call	b. call never	c. never calling
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8. In the US and Canada, however, teachers _____ quite open and friendly.

ولكن في الولايات المتحدة وكندا، المعلمون أكثر انفتاحاً ولطفاً.

a. sometimes are	b. are sometimes	c. is sometimes
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9. They _____ students to be informal with them.

يشجعون الطلاب على أن يكونوا غير رسميين معهم.

a. often encouraging	b. encourage often	c. often encourage
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الحل

1. a	2. b	3. c	4. a	5. b	6. c	7. a	8. b	9. c
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10. Toshio _____ right now.

لا يقوم توشيو بالدراسة الآن.

a. is not studying	b. does not study	c. is not study
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11. This summer, he _____ fun in the in the United States.

سيقضي وقتاً ممتعاً في الولايات المتحدة هذا الصيف. (الإشارة للمستقبل ويمكن استعمال الحاضر المستمر للإشارة للمستقبل). لاحظ أن فعل have هنا بمعنى "يقضي" لذلك هو فعل حركي يقبل الاستمرارية. والكلمة المفتاحية الدالة على المستقبل هي this summer

a. has	b. is having	c. have
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12. He _____ a lot of exercise this summer, too.

سيقوم بالكثير من التمارين هذا الصيف أيضاً (دلالة للمستقبل عبر this summer) والجمله معطوفة على الجملة السابقة بكلمة too

a. does	b. do	c. is doing
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13. He _____ tennis tonight and tomorrow night.

سيلعب التنس الليلة وغداً مساءً. (إشارة للمستقبل)

a. is playing	b. plays	c. is play
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14. He _____ very well this semester.

إن أدائه ليس جيد هذا الفصل.

a. does not doing	b. is not doing	c. are not doing
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الحل

10. a	11. b	12. c	13. a	14. b
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15. Computers _____ a new revolution on university campuses today.

إن الكمبيوترات هي سبب لثورة جديدة في الجامعات اليوم.

a. are causing	b. causes	c. cause
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16. At this moment, students throughout North America _____ term papers on computers.

في هذه اللحظة يقوم الطلاب عبر أمريكا الشمالية بتنقيح أوراقهم البحثية على الكمبيوتر.

a. edit	b. are editing	c. is editing
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17. They _____ statistics.

يقومون بحسابات الإحصائيات.

a. do calculating	b. calculate	c. are calculating
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18. They _____ reports, and _____ new products – all on personal computers.

يقومون بكتابة التقارير وتصميم المنتجات الجديدة – كل ذلك على كمبيوتراتهم الشخصية.

a. are writing-designing	b. write-design	c. are write-design
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19. Today's computer revolution _____ a major force on campus.

تشكل ثورة الكمبيوتر قوة كبيرة في الجامعات.

a. is being	b. is	c. are
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20. In fact, students who ____ computers often feel that they are at a disadvantage.

في الحقيقة، يشعر الطلاب الذين لا يملكون حاسوباً أنهم يفتقدون تلك المزية.

a. are not own	b. are not owing	c. don't own
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21. In many cases, they ____ borrow one or pay for time at a computer center.

في العديد من الحالات يضطرون إلى استعارة كمبيوتر أو يدفعون المال مقابل استعمال الكمبيوتر في قاعة الكمبيوتر.

a. have to	b. are having to	c. are have to
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22. Personal computers are very common, and throughout North America certain colleges and universities ____ students to buy their own.

أصبحت الكمبيوترات الشخصية شائعة جداً وبعض الجامعات في شمال أميركا تطلب من الطلاب أن يشتروا كمبيوترات.

a. are requiring	b. require	c. are require
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الحل

15. a	16. b	17. c	18. a	19. b	20. c	21. a	22. b
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23. How has your computer class ____?

كيف تجد صف الكمبيوتر؟ (هناك دلالة على الاستمرارية بمعنى كيف هو وضع الصف الذي تدرسه والذي لم ينتهي).

a. been going	b. going	c. been go
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24. It's an interesting class. During the last few days, we ____ to program in BASIC.

إنه صف ممتع. خلال الأيام القليلة الماضية بدأنا بتعلم البرمجة باستخدام لغة البرمجة البسيطة.

a. have learning	b. have been learning	c. have been
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25. How ____ your German class been going?

كيف هو صف اللغة الألمانية؟

a. is	b. have	c. has
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26. It's a hard class. We ____ memorizing irregular verbs so far.

إنه صف صعب. مازلنا نحفظ تصاريف الأفعال الغير نظامية حتى الآن.

a. have been	b. has been	c. have
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27. I ____ on my homework since early this morning.

أعمل على هذه الوظيفة منذ الصباح الباكر.

a. have working	b. have been working	c. have works
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28. How has your physics class been ____?

كيف هو صف الفيزياء؟

a. to go	b. go	c. going
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29. It's interesting. We have _____ about Issac Newton for a whole week.

إنه رائع فنحن نتعلم عن إسحاق نيوتن منذ أسبوع.

a. been learning	b. been learnt	c. learning
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30. I have _____ until 7:00.

لقد درست حتى الساعة السابعة.

a. been studying	b. studied	c. been studied
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31. I have been studying _____ 7:00.

إنني أدرس منذ الساعة السابعة.

a. until	b. for	c. since
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الحل

23. a	24. b	25. c	26. a	27. b	28. c	29. a	30. b	31. c
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32. For over two hundred years, the United States _____ a center of study for international students.

كانت الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية مركزاً للدراسة بالنسبة للطلاب الدوليين منذ أكثر من مئتي عام ومازالت.

a. has been	b. has been being	c. is being
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33. Since World War II, however, the international student population _____ substantially,

ولكن ومنذ الحرب العالمية الثانية زاد عدد الطلاب الدوليين بشكل كبير.

a. has been growing	b. has grown	c. has grew
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34. and today between 400.000 and 450.000 international students _____ U.S. universities.

واليوم يدرس حوالي 400 ألف إلى 450 ألف طالب في الجامعة الأميركية.

a. have been attending	b. have attended	c. both a & b
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35. Recently, the growth rate _____ to slow, however.

ولكن مؤخراً بدأ معدل النمو بالتباطؤ.

a. has started	b. has been	c. started
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36. The Far East _____ the greatest numbers of students in the United States,

يمتلك الشرق الأقصى العدد الأكبر من الطلاب في الولايات المتحدة. (كان ومازال)

a. has has	b. has had	c. had had
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37. And China usually _____ the list with over 70.000.

وتقود الصين القائمة بأكثر من 70 ألف طالب

a. lead	b. is led	c. leads
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38. Malaysia and Korea together _____ around 75.000 students annually.

وتقوم كل من ماليزيا وكوريا بإرسال حوالي 75 ألف طالب سنوياً.

a. send	b. are sending	c. have sent
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الحل

32. a	33. b	34. c	35. a	36. b	37. c	38. a
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39. Mary and Daisy ____ born only moments apart.

ولدت كل من ماري وديزي بفارق دقائق.

a. were	b. are	c. did
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40. The twin girls ____ both great similarities and great differences from the moment of birth.

أظهرت كل من الفتاتين التوأمتين الكثير من التشابه والكثير من الاختلافات منذ لحظة الولادة.

a. shows	b. showed	c. show
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41. Mary and Daisy ____ about the same at birth.

كان وزن كل منها متشابها عند الولادة.

a. are weighed	b. weigh	c. weighed
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42. They ____ about the same amount, and they ____ similar sleep patterns, and they ____ at the same time.

تناولتا نفس الكمية (من الطعام) وكان لديهما نفس أنماط النوم وكانتا تبكيان بنفس الوقت.

a. ate – had – cried	b. eat – have – cry	c. are eat – had – crying
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43. But that's where many of the similarities ____.

ولكن هنا كانت نهاية التشابه بينهما.

a. have ended	b. ended	c. ends
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44. As babies, Mary ____ attention, but Daisy enjoyed sitting or lying quietly.

وعندما كانوا أطفالاً كانت ماري تطلب انتباهاً مستمراً ولكن ديزي كانت تستمتع بالنوم أو الاستلقاء بهدوء.

a. always wants	b. wanted always	c. always wanted
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45. Mary ____ to move a lot and play, but daisy ____ to be held.

كانت ماري بحاجة أن تتحرك وتلعب أكثر ولكن ديزي فضلت أن يقوم أحدهم بحملها.

a. needed – preferred	b. needs – preferred	c. needed – prefers
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46. Mary ____ on being active.

أصرت ماري على أن تكون نشيطة جداً.

a. has been insisted	b. insisted	c. insists
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47. Daisy ____ happiest in quiet times.

كانت دايزي تبدو أكثر سعادة في أوقات الهدوء.

a. has usually seemed	b. seemed usually	c. usually seemed
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48. At birth, Mary and Daisy ____ many characteristics,

عند الولادة تشاركت ماري وديزي في الكثير من الصفات.

a. shared	b. has shared	c. shares
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49. but the two girls ____ very different personalities.

ولكن الفتاتين قد طورتا شخصيتين مختلفتين تماماً.

a. develop	b. developed	c. are developed
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الحل

39. a	40. b	41. c	42. a	43. b	44. c	45. a	46. b	47. c	48. a	49. b
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50. I have a special memory of Christmas when I was five years old. My aunts, uncles, and cousins ____ us.

لدي ذكريات خاصة لفترة عيد الميلاد عندما كنت بعمر الخامسة. كانت جدتي وعماتي وأعمامي يزوروننا.

a. were visiting	b. visited	c. visit
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51. I ____ my beautiful new red dress.

كنت أرتدي فستاناً أحمر جديد.

a. wore	b. was wearing	c. am wearing
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52. We ____ around the Christmas tree, and everyone ____ Christmas presents.

كنا جالسين حول شجرة الميلاد وكان الجميع يفتحون الهدايا.

a. sit – opened	b. was sitting – were opening	c. were sitting – was opening
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53. I ____ one big present near the corner of the room. Then my mother took me over to that present. It was for me! It was the most beautiful dollhouse I have ever seen!

كنت أنظر إلى هدية بالقرب من زاوية الغرفة. ثم أخذتني أمي إليها وكانت الهدية لي وكانت أجمل بيت لعبة رأيته في حياتي.

a. was looking	b. am looking	c. have looked
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الحل

50. a	51. b	52. c	53. a
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54. I ____ my sandwich when a cat came close to me. It wanted to eat with me I think.

كنت أتناول شطيرتي عندما اقتربت قطعة مني. أعتقد أنها كانت تريد أن تأكل معي.

a. was eating	b. ate	c.
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55. He dropped his phone when he ____.

أوقع هاتفه بينما كان يركض.

a. ran	b. was running	c. runs
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56. I called you yesterday at around 7:00 in the evening. You didn't answer. What ____?

اتصلت بك البارحة ولم تجبني. ما الذي كنت تفعله؟

a. were doing	b. you were doing	c. were you doing
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57. I _____ about that specific point.

كنت للتو أتحدث عن تلك النقطة بالتحديد.

a. was just talking	b. just was talking	c. was talking just
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الحل

54. a	55. b	56. c	57. a
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58. I _____ to get up early this morning, but I _____ to set the alarm.

أردت أن أستيقظ باكراً ولكنني نسيت أن أضبط المنبه.

a. wanted - forgot	b. was wanting - forgot	c. wanted – was forgetting
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59. So, I _____. When I _____ up, my brother _____ a shower.

ولذلك نمت مطولاً. عندما نهضت كان أخي يستحم.

a. oversleep - get - is taking	b. overslept- got- was taking	c. overslept - get - is taking
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60. So, I _____ to wait for a long time.

ولذلك كان عليّ أن أنتظر لفترة طويلة.

a. have	b. was having	c. had
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61. While I _____ my bike to school, I _____ a flat tire.

وعندما ركبت دراجتي للذهاب للمدرسة، اثقب إطار الدراجة.

a. was riding - got	b. rode - got	c. rode – was getting
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62. I _____ my first class, and I _____ late for my second class.

فاتني الدرس الأول ووصلت متأخراً على الدرس الثاني.

a. was missing - was	b. missed - was	c. missed – was being
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63. It _____ a good morning.

لم يكن صباحاً جيداً.

a. isn't	b. weren't	c. wasn't
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الحل

58. a	59. b	60. c	61. a	62. b	63. c
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64. Have you _____ met a movie star?

هل سبق وقابلت نجماً سينمائياً؟

a. ever	b. still	c. yet
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65. Yes, I have. I _____ Cameron Diaz once.

أجل سبق وقابلت كامرون دياز مرة. (تذكر أن كلمة once هي من دلالات الماضي البسيط)

a. have met	b. met	c. meet
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66. Speaker A: Have you ever been on the Concorde?

المتكلم الأول: هل سبق ورأيت الكونكورد؟

Speaker B: No, I haven't. In fact, I have ___ seen it.

المتكلم الثاني: لا لم يحصل ذلك. في الحقيقة لم أرها من قبل.

a. recently	b. even	c. never
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67. Speaker A: Don't start the washing machine! I haven't put all my clothes yet.

المتكلم الأول: لا تقم بتشغيل الغسالة! لم أضع كل ملابسني بعد.

Speaker B: Sorry! I have ___ started it. I am really sorry.

آسف. لقد قمت بتشغيلها للتو!

a. already	b. still	c. never
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68. Don't turn off the computer! I haven't checked my email ____.

لا تطفئ جهاز الكمبيوتر. لم أقم بتفقد بريدي الالكتروني بعد.

a. never	b. yet	c. already
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69. I have travelled to different parts in the USA. I have ___ been to Alaska.

لقد سافرت للعديد من المناطق في الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية حتى أنني زرت آلاسكا.

a. still	b. ever	c. even
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70. I ___ haven't finished my assignment. The deadline is tomorrow.

لم أقم بإنهاء مشروعي حتى الآن وموعد التقديم غداً.

a. still	b. already	c. yet
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71. Have you finished your project ____?

ألم تنتهي من مشروعك بعد؟

a. still	b. yet	c. ever
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الحل

64. a	65. b	66. c	67. a	68. b	69. c	70. a	71. b
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72. My friend Larry is always procrastinating. For example, he ___ in his apartment for a year now, but he ___ any furniture.

إن صديقي لاري دائماً ما يؤجل ويسوف الأمور. على سبيل المثال يعيش في شقته منذ سنة حتى الآن ولكنه لم يشتري أي أثاث.

a. has lived – hasn't bought	b. lived – didn't buy	c. had lived – hasn't bought
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73. He ___ to study at the university for a long time, but he ____.

أراد أن يدرس في الجامعة ولكنه لم يقم حتى بالتسجيل فيها.

a. wants – has not registered still	b. has wanted – hasn't registered yet	c. wanted – didn't register still
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74. His hair ___ so long he can barely see, but he ___ it cut.

طال شعره كثيراً لدرجة أنه بالكاد يرى ولكنه لم يقم بقصه.

a. grows – still hasn't got	b. grew – hasn't still got	c. has grown – still hasn't got
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75. He ___ books he borrowed from me for over three months, and he still hasn't returned them.

يحتفظ بالكتب التي استعارها مني منذ أكثر من ثلاثة أشهر ولم يعدها إليّ.

a. has kept	b. have kept	c. keeps
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76. I ___ several messages for him on his answering machine, and he hasn't called me back.

أرسلت العديد من الرسائل له على آلة الرد الآلي ولم يعاود الاتصال بي.

a. leave	b. have left	c. was left
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77. I know what he will say when I finally talk to him. "Tomorrow, I'll do it." Those are his favorite words. This is what he _____.

أعرف ما الذي سيقوله عندما أقوم بالحديث معه عن الموضوع "سأفعل ذلك غداً". هذه هي كلماته المفضلة. لطالما قال ذلك

a. say	b. had always said	c. has always said
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الحل

72. a	73. b	74. c	75. a	76. b	77. c
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78. Right now, I am sitting in class. At this time tomorrow, I ___ at the library.

أنا الآن جالس في الصف. وفي هذا الوقت غداً سأكون أدرس في المكتبة.

a. will be studying	b. will study	c. will have studied
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79. By 2030, the role of women ___ even more.

بحلول عام 2030، سيكون دور المرأة قد تغير أكثر.

a. will change	b. will have changed	c. will be changing
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80. By 2030, children ___ time alone while their parents are working.

بحلول عام 2030، سيقوم الاولاد بقضاء الوقت لوحدهم بينما يكون الأهل في العمل.

a. will be spent	b. will have spent	c. will be spending
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81. By 2030, men ___ to do housework.

بحلول عام 2030، سيكون الرجال قد بدأوا بالقيام بالأعمال المنزلية.

a. will have begun	b. will be do	c. will do
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82. Many men and women ___ careers several times. (same time, by 2030)

سيكون العديد من الرجال والنساء قد قاموا بتغيير أعمالهم أكثر من مرة.

a. will be changed	b. will have changed	c. will change
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83. Many universities ___ to offer programs with flexible schedules.

ستكون العديد من الجامعات قد بدأت بتقديم البرامج بأوقات مرنة.

a. will be starting	b. will have to start	c. will have started
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84. In general, couples _____ have fewer children.

وبشكل عام، سوف يكون لدى الأزواج عدد أولاد أقل.

a. are going to	b. will be	c. will to
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85. A year from now, I _____ working from home.

وبعد سنة من الآن، سأكون قد بدأت بالعمل من المنزل.

a. will begin	b. will have begun	c. will be beginning
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86. We _____ you later this evening.

سنراك لاحقاً في المساء.

a. will seeing	b. will to see	c. will be seeing
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الحل

78. a	79. b	80. c	81. a	82. b	83. c	84. a	85. b	86. c
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87. We _____ in a small town.

كنا نعيش في بلدة صغيرة.

a. used to live	b. used to living	c. used to lived
-----------------	-------------------	------------------

88. Our family _____ have a television, but we seldom watched it.

كانت عائلتي تمتلك تلفازاً ولكننا لم نكن نشاهده.

a. would have	b. used to have	c. would having
---------------	-----------------	-----------------

89. All of the children in the neighborhood _____ friends.

كان جميع الأطفال في حيننا أصدقاءنا.

a. would be	b. used to being	c. used to be
-------------	------------------	---------------

90. In the summer, we _____ always play games, ride our bicycles, and go swimming.

كنا نلعب الألعاب في الصيف ونقوم بقيادة الدراجات والسباحة.

a. would	b. used to	c. both are correct
----------	------------	---------------------

الحل

87. a	88. b	89. c	90. c
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91. Ann was going to _____ a cake, but she didn't have any sugar.

كانت آن ستقوم بصنع كعكة ولكنها لم تمتلك أي سكر.

a. make	b. making	c. made
---------	-----------	---------

92. The man _____ use the pay phone, but he didn't have any coins.

كان الرجل سيستخدم الهاتف العام، ولكنه لم يمتلك أي نقود معدنية (فراطة).

a. were going to	b. was going to	c. is going to
------------------	-----------------	----------------

93. Her friends _____ visit her new apartment, but they got lost.

كان أصدقاؤها ينون زيارتها في شقتها الجديدة، ولكنهم أضاعوا الطريق.

a. was going to	b. were going	c. were going to
-----------------	---------------	------------------

94. She said she _____ to move to a new house and she did.

ذكرت أنها كانت تنوي الانتقال لمنزل جديد وحصل ذلك.

a. was going	b. is going to	c. was going to
--------------	----------------	-----------------

الحل

91. a	92. b	93. c	94. a
-------	-------	-------	-------

95. By 1848, John and Mary _____ Ireland.

بحلول عام 1848 كان جون وماري قد تركا إيرلندا.

a. had left	b. left	c. have left
-------------	---------	--------------

96. By 1852, they _____ a house.

بحلول عام 1852 قاموا ببناء منزل.

a. built	b. had built	c. build
----------	--------------	----------

97. Before changing lifestyles _____ to separate modern families, several generations of the same family had often lived together.

وقبل أن تبدأ أنماط الحياة بالتغيير إلى عائلات حديثة منفصلة كانت هناك أجيال عديدة من نفس العائلة قد عاشت سوياً.

a. had changed	b. changes	c. changed
----------------	------------	------------

98. American society _____ to change when World War II broke out.

كان المجتمع الأمريكي قد بدأ للتو بالتغيير عندما اندلعت الحرب العالمية الثانية.

a. had already started	b. has already started	c. started already
------------------------	------------------------	--------------------

99. After rural families _____ to the cities in search of work, they created new lives there instead of returning to their farms.

وبعد أن انتقلت العائلات الريفية إلى المدن بحثاً عن العمل، قاموا بالبداية بحياة جديدة عوضاً عن العودة إلى المزارع.

a. has moved	b. had moved	c. moved
--------------	--------------	----------

100. By the time that World War II came to an end, the American way of life _____ tremendously.

وعندما كانت الحرب العالمية الثانية قد انتهت، فقد تغيرت الطريقة الأمريكية في الحياة بشكل كبير.

a. changed	b. has changed	c. had changed
------------	----------------	----------------

الحل

95. a	96. b	97. c	98. a	99. b	100. c
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------

101. Serious economic problems _____ world trade for several years by the time the stock market crashed in 1929.

كانت العديد من المشاكل الاقتصادية الخطيرة تؤثر على التجارة العالمية لعدة سنوات حتى انهارت البورصة العالمية في عام 1929.

a. had been affecting	b. has been affecting	c. have been affecting
-----------------------	-----------------------	------------------------

102. Farmers ____ to maintain their farms for several years by the time the drought of 1935-36 began.

كان المزارعون يحاولون جاهدين الإبقاء على مزارعهم لعدة سنين حتى بدأ الجفاف بين عامي 1953 - 1936

a. have already been struggling	b. had already been struggling	c. have already struggled
---------------------------------	--------------------------------	---------------------------

103. Africans and other minorities ____ for years to receive equality under the law by the time Congress passed the Civil Rights Act in 1964.

كان الأفارقة والأقليات الأخرى قد بدأوا للتو بالمحاولة لعدة سنوات الحصول على المساواة في ظل القانون حتى قام الكونغرس بصياغة قانون الحقوق المدنية في عام 1964.

a. have already been trying	b. has tried	c. had already been trying
-----------------------------	--------------	----------------------------

104. Martin Luther King, Jr. ____ for civil rights for more than a decade by the time that he received the Nobel Peace Prize in 1964.

كان مارتن لوثر كينغ الابن قد عمل على موضوع الحقوق المدنية لأكثر من عقد قبل أن يستلم جائزة نوبل للسلام في عام 1964.

a. had been working	b. had working	c. had been
---------------------	----------------	-------------

105. The Soviet Union ____ with spacecraft for several years by the time that the United States began its space program.

كان الإتحاد السوفييتي يقوم بتجريب مركبات فضائية لعدة سنوات عندما بدأت الولايات المتحدة برنامجها الفضائي.

a. already had been experimenting	b. had already been experimenting	c. had been already experimenting
-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------

الحل

101. a	102. b	103. c	104. a	105. b
--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

تتوفر نوبة تحديد المستوى حصرا في مكتبة الكمال بالبرامكة مقابل الهندسة المدنية

للتواصل مع مكتبة الكمال 0953313816

الأسئلة الامتحانية للدورة الامتحانية لاختبار الماجستير للافتراضية (شهر تشرين الثاني 2022)

1. Have you heard the great news? The man, _____ refused your proposal last year, has been arrested.

لا نستعمل that أبداً بوجود الفاصلة.

ضمير الوصل whom دائماً متبوع ب فاعل (Ahmad – she – they) لأنه بمحل مفعول به ولا نستعمل بعده فعل أبداً
كلمة الوصل when تحتاج إلى جملة بعدها

a. that	b. whom	c. when	d. who
---------	---------	---------	--------

2. Have you heard the great news? The man, _____ refused your proposal last year, has been arrested.

السؤال إجا لدفعة ثانية بطريقة مختلفة

ليكون الجواب c صحيح، نحتاج إلى has

a. that	b. whom	c. who have repeatedly	d. whose daughter
---------	---------	------------------------	-------------------

3. I am simply surprised at your lack of authority over him. Why cannot you _____ him eat his dinner?

a. force (him to eat)	b. make	c. tell (him to eat)	d. ask (him to help)
-----------------------	---------	----------------------	----------------------

نستعمل الفعل بحالة الصفر مع الفعل make

I make my children study hard for their exams.

ولكن إن كانت الجملة مبنية للمجهول، نستعمل to + infinitive بعد الفعل make

When I was a child, I was made to sleep early.

4. As far as I am concerned, all he is good at _____ making up the most improbable excuses anyone has ever heard.

a. his	b. presently	c. is	d. he is
--------	--------------	-------	----------

All I can do to help is to give you some Panadol.

All I am good at is being on time.

(All + sentence) is

5. _____, he went to collect his payment.

a. Having finished his work successfully	نستعمل التركيب هذا للتعبير عن السبب
b. Although he had completed his work successfully	نتيجة غير متوقعة +
c. As long as the work is completed successfully	
d. The work has been completed	

Although I was very tired, I could not sleep. نتيجة غير متوقعة

Having slept for 8 hours, I was ready to start work.

Having + verb three = سبب

6. He is _____ when he is with you.

a. much happier	b. most happier	c. most happy	d. the most happiest
-----------------	------------------------	---------------	-----------------------------

7. She _____ her father.

a. reminds me of	b. remembers me of	c. remembers of me	d. reminds of me
------------------	--------------------	--------------------	------------------

8. I travelled _____ **business** for a few days last month.

a. on	b. at	c. in	d. through
-------	-------	-------	------------

9. English people always talk about _____.

a. weather	b. weathers	c. the weather	d. a weather
------------	------------------------	----------------	-------------------------

10. The **elevator** is out of _____ today. We have already called the fixer.

a. order	b. work	c. intake	d. power
----------	---------	-----------	----------

11. This is **the** _____ beautiful novel I **have ever** read.

نستعمل الحاضر التام مع صيغة التفضيل

This meal is the most delicious meal I have ever eaten.

a. good	b. more	c. much	d. most
---------	---------	---------	---------

12. I have got _____ many problems.

a. much	b. too	c. very	d. enough
---------	--------	---------	-----------

13. **He is** due to arrive tomorrow, _____?

a. doesn't he?	b. isn't he?	c. didn't he?	d. hasn't he?
----------------	--------------	---------------	---------------

14. Speaker A: The doorbell is ringing.

Speaker B: _____ قرار عفوي

a. I am going to open the door. قرار مع تفكير
b. I will open the door. قرار عفوي دون تفكير
c. I will be opening the door. مستقبل مستمر نستعمل مع زمن محدد جداً في المستقبل
d. both a & b

Do not call between 8 and 10 as I **will be having** an exam.

15. _____ **before** the conflict began, the army pulled down the border posts.

Shortly after – shortly before

a. as soon as	b. shortly	c. briefly	d. when
--------------------------	------------	------------	--------------------

He **talked** about the problem **slowly/quickly/briefly**. حال يُستعمل لوصف الفعل.

He **drives** his car **carefully**.

16. They _____ to go to France for a year.

a. decide	b. to decide	c. decided	d. are deciding
-----------	--------------	------------	-----------------

17. Do you know **what** _____ now?

كلمة السؤال في بداية السؤال = نستعمل ترتيب سؤال (كلمة سؤال ثم فعل مساعد ثم فاعل)

When are you traveling?

Why is she unhappy?

كلمة السؤال ليست في بداية السؤال = نستعمل ترتيب جملة (كلمة سؤال ثم فاعل ثم فعل)

Can you tell me **when you are** traveling?

Do you know **why she is** unhappy?

Do you know why ~~is she~~ unhappy?

a. time it is	b. time is it	c. is the time	d. time is
----------------------	---------------	----------------	------------

18. Hospitals that ignore the regulations are subject to sanctions and will not be _____ by insurance.

a. estimated	b. paid	c. reimbursed	d. satisfied
--------------	---------	---------------	--------------

19. Emails are normally _____ seconds after they have been sent.

a. delivered	b. copied	c. erased	d. transformed
--------------	-----------	-----------	----------------

20. The students visited the museum and spent several hours with the _____ who was very helpful.

a. bursar	b. steward	c. curator	d. commissioner
-----------	------------	------------	-----------------

21. The government is trying hard to _____ public **confidence** in its management in the country's deteriorating economy.

a. restore	b. renovate	c. predict	d. concern
------------	-------------	------------	------------

22. When they asked her about it, she said it was no _____ of theirs and would not tell them anything.

a. relation	b. concern	c. relevance	d. influence
-------------	------------	--------------	--------------

23. The government should not raise income _____ in the year of election.

a. salary	b. tax	c. earn	d. wage
-----------	--------	---------	---------

24. I wonder how he can _____ such a luxurious car.

a. apply	b. ride	c. afford	d. deliver
----------	---------	-----------	------------

25. In cold countries, people wear thick clothes _____ warm.

للتعبير عن السبب نستعمل أو + infinitive أو in order to + infinitive

I traveled to Dubai **to find** a job.

I traveled to Dubai **in order to find** a job.

a. for keep	b. to keep	c. to keeping	d. keep
-------------	------------	---------------	---------

26. He's **come** here, _____?

He's coming = is

He's come = has

a. is not he?	b. does not he?	c. has not he?	d. has he?
---------------	-----------------	----------------	------------

27. A hand grenade has _____ just a few meters away.

a. exploded	b. zoomed	c. involved	d. invented
-------------	-----------	-------------	-------------

28. It is **quite** _____ that they had made up their minds about it.

Quite / very / so / really / extremely + صفة

a. chance	b. opportunity	c. possibility	d. probable
-----------	----------------	----------------	-------------

29. The poet had written several _____ before completing the final version.

a. originals	b. drafts	c. poems	d. rehearsals
--------------	-----------	----------	---------------

30. This legend has been _____ **down** from generation to generation.

a. landed	b. handed	c. branded	d. hanged
-----------	-----------	------------	-----------

31. It seems to me that they never gave a thought to _____ future problems when the plans were being laid down five years ago.

a. unbelievable	b. probable	c. impossible	d. untrustworthy
-----------------	-------------	---------------	------------------

32. Kay and Sandy _____ the retirement dinner **this year**.

الحاضر المستمر = للتعبير عن التخطيط بين الأشخاص

I am seeing my friends after class. أنا مخطط معهم انه نلتقى

a. to organize	b. are organizing	c. organize	d. organizing
----------------	-------------------	-------------	---------------

33. You **can** play outside **when** you _____ your lunch.

a. will have eaten	b. have finished	c. are eating	d. eat
--------------------	------------------	---------------	--------

34. Choose the correct statement.

a. Not until you finish your homework, can you go outside.
b. Not until you finished your homework you can go outside.
c. Not until finished your homework you can go outside.
d. Not until finishing your homework can you going outside.

35. She _____ for this company **for a quite a long time** before **she left to another one**.

a. worked	b. have worked	c. has been worked	d. has worked
-----------	----------------	--------------------	---------------

She **has worked** for this company for many years. لساتها بنفس الوظيفة

She **worked** for that company for many years before she left. تركت = ماضي بسيط

الحل

1. d	2. d	3. b	4. c	5. a	6. a	7. a	8. a	9. c	10. a
11. d	12. b	13. b	14. b	15. b	16. c	17. a	18. c	19. a	20. c
21. a	22. b	23. b	24. c	25. b	26. c	27. a	28. d	29. b	30. b
31. b	32. b	33. b	34. a	35. a					

٠٩٩٢٥٩٧٧٣٨

نعمات حناوي

٠٩٩٢٥٩٧٧٣٨

أسئلة مفاضلة أيار 2022

1. He was advised not to discontinue this medicine _____ this might bring a recurrence of the problem.

a. so that	b. despite	c. until	d. since
------------	------------	----------	----------

2. Be sure _____ take a look _____ the article on infant mortality rates.

a. in / of	b. to / at	c. for / up	d. of / for
------------	------------	-------------	-------------

3. A lot of people want to become surgeons, but _____ make the grade.

a. few	b. little	c. not much	d. all
--------	-----------	-------------	--------

4. A drug of this kind is _____ dangerous to be sold without a prescription.

a. as	b. just	c. so	d. too
-------	---------	-------	--------

5. Some scientists _____ us that the thermal blanket around the globe _____ the average temperature of the earth to rise.

a. were warning / has caused	b. have been warning / was causing	c. have warned / may cause	d. warn / will have caused
------------------------------	------------------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------

6. If the transport costs _____ into consideration at the outset, the plant _____ far from its present site.

a. will be taken / are being built	b. were taken / have been built	c. were being taken / will be built	d. had been taken / would have been built
------------------------------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------------	---

7. The first laser _____ in 1960 by Maiman almost half a century after the publication of Einstein's theory of radiation which _____ the possibility of laser operation.

a. has been demonstrated / has shown	b. had demonstrated / showed	c. was demonstrated / showed	d. demonstrates / was shown
--------------------------------------	------------------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------

8. The advent of the nuclear power _____ the trend to use water-power on a large scale, and hydroelectric installations _____ in all industrial countries with water power potential.

a. has not halted / are being built	b. did not halt / are built	c. would not halt / will be built	d. had not halted / would be built
-------------------------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------------	------------------------------------

9. Products _____ diverse _____ rubber, tobacco, coffee, chocolate and aromatic oils for perfumes come from flowering plants.

a. as / as	b. too / than	c. both / than	d. either / or
------------	---------------	----------------	----------------

10. _____ of my friends has confirmed coming to the party.

a. every	b. each	c. another	d. a & b
----------	---------	------------	----------

11. The boxer _____ in the last round. It took a long time to bring him down.

a. has been knocked out	b. was knocked out	c. is knocked out	d. have been knocked out
-------------------------	--------------------	-------------------	--------------------------

12. He _____ to learn that his proposal _____.

a. was delighted / had been accepted	b. should be delighted / accepted	c. delighted / accepted	d. was delighted / having accepted
--------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-------------------------	------------------------------------

13. Is it possible to find a country where the beauty, the history and the variety in the scenery _____ in such perfect harmony?

a. combined	b. is combined	c. was combined	d. are combined
-------------	----------------	-----------------	-----------------

14. One of the most prescient of Bush's ideas was the suggestion that the Memex _____ to imitate the associative thinking of the human mind which he _____ in lively terms.

a. has designed / has described	b. is designed / is described	c. should be designed / described	d. has been designed / describes
---------------------------------	-------------------------------	-----------------------------------	----------------------------------

15. The machine _____ all tests set for it thus far and it _____ for detecting certain threats by our engineers.

a. has passed / has been evaluated	b. has been passed / has been evaluated	c. pass / evaluated	d. has been passing / has been evaluating
------------------------------------	---	---------------------	---

16. In Freudian theory, neurosis _____ by certain complexes of repressed ideas, and the aim of treatment is to recover these disturbing contents to consciousness.

a. was caused	b. is caused	c. has been caused	d. had been caused
---------------	--------------	--------------------	--------------------

17. Hundreds of antiques which _____ to one of the sultans _____ by the end of this year.

a. were belonging / will be selling	b. belonged / will have been sold	c. are belonged / will be sold	d. have been belonged / are going to be sold
-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	--------------------------------	--

18. It is difficult to get young people to plan for their old age, which seems very distant to them. The word "distant" means:

a. impossible	b. far away	c. observable	d. fearful
---------------	-------------	---------------	------------

19. _____ you been more careful, you would not have lost your phone in the crowded place.

a. if	b. had	c. unless	d. as long as
-------	--------	-----------	---------------

20. You _____ this expensive vase.

a. had not better touch	b. had better not touch	c. had not better to touch	d. had better not to touch
-------------------------	-------------------------	----------------------------	----------------------------

21. We have to walk down the stairs; the elevator is out of _____.

a. order	b. work	c. serving	d. job
----------	---------	------------	--------

22. My family _____ six people.

a. includes	b. consists	c. forms	d. including
-------------	-------------	----------	--------------

23. He has come here, _____?

a. did not he?	b. has not he?	c. was not he?	d. is not he?
----------------	----------------	----------------	---------------

24. I wonder how he could _____ such a luxurious car like that?

a. getting	b. afford	c. expect	d. offer
------------	-----------	-----------	----------

25. _____ people do not like to go shopping.

a. most	b. most of the	c. most the	d. most of
---------	----------------	-------------	------------

26. _____ people I know do not like to go shopping.

a. most	b. most of the	c. most the	d. most of
---------	----------------	-------------	------------

27. Do you _____ to sleep or watch TV?

a. rather	b. prefer	c. enjoy	d. would rather
-----------	-----------	----------	-----------------

28. The doorbell is ringing. I _____ open it.

a. am going to	b. will to	c. will	d. am going
----------------	------------	---------	-------------

29. We _____ Steve for dinner at 7:00.

a. will meet	b. are meeting	c. meet	d. meeting
--------------	----------------	---------	------------

30. They all went to college _____ from Harry.

a. together	b. apart	c. such	d. indeed
-------------	----------	---------	-----------

31. I am much _____ when I am with you.

a. happier	b. happy	c. more happy	d. happiest
------------	----------	---------------	-------------

32. Football _____ all over the world.

a. plays	b. was played	c. is played	d. has been played
----------	---------------	--------------	--------------------

33. He came to class _____.

a. last morning	b. yesterday morning	c. at the morning	d. in morning
-----------------	----------------------	-------------------	---------------

34. He was a member in a rock club in his _____.

a. youthful	b. youngster	c. youth	d. young
-------------	--------------	----------	----------

35. We always have a family _____ for Christmas.

a. gathering	b. to gather	c. together	d. gather
--------------	--------------	-------------	-----------

36. He is so talented, _____?

a. is not he?	b. is he?	c. has not he?	d. does not he?
---------------	-----------	----------------	-----------------

الحل

1. d	2. b	3. a	4. d	5. c	6. d
7. c	8. a	9. a	10. b	11. b	12. a
13. d	14. c	15. a	16. b	17. b	18. b
19. b	20. b	21. a	22. a	23. b	24. b
25. a	26. b	27. b	28. c	29. b	30. b
31. a	32. c	33. b	34. c	35. a	36. a