Nome: Ment Ozincegedik 10: 190119663 a) let x of the number of Type I hat's produced and of be the Type? Type I hots: 34=x x 6 100 and y 8 100 Total profit is P= 8x+Sy We not to maximise the profit so the constraints are Total labor time available is 32 4 = 450 x 5 100 9 5 300 X 20 930 3x+4=950 1) The graphial sulution 3x+9 < 1 repries a straight line with a slope of -3 and intercept on the yox B of C x 6/00 vertical line at x 2/00 42300 horizontal line aty=30 32 to = 450 represent a stronght line opossing through (0,450) and (150,0) To maximize prolit we check corners Corner points of the Coosible section: (0,300), (0, L), (100,150) (50,300) (0,300) Polit = 5(300) - 1500 \$ (O, W: Profit = SCL) (100 150): Profit: 8(100) + 5(50) - 1300\$ (50, 300): Profit = 8(60) +5(300) = 17006 highest protito (1200) gives the There for the number of Type I hat should be product per day 15 50 and Type 7 has per day is 300

None Mert Ozince gedik 16: 150119663 I am owore that any forms of cheating in this exon will result Ina zerograde and a Lisciplians investigation I occept all rules and regulatins regarding online exoms I give permission for the processing of my personal doto as stated in the Clarification Text provided on the foculty of engineering website ON With west produces two types of comboy hats Atype 1 hot requires three times as much labour time as type 2 Kall avoilable labor fines dedicated to type 2 calone, The Company can Produce a total of 450 type ? hots a dog. The morket limits forthe time types are 100 and 300 hots per day for Type I and Type 2 respectiely The profit is 85 per Type I hat and 5\$ per Type 2 hot Determine the number of hots each type that would maximize profit @ Buil notheratical model of the problem \$ solve the problem grothically Solutions one on the next page: