

# Telematics

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March 28th, 2017

# **Telematics**

Project Build Website: <http://Semjerome.github.io>

Project Official website: <http://www.autaccreport.com/wordpress/test/>

## **Declaration of Joint Authorship**

We, the Galaxy Noise, confirm that this work submitted for assessment is our own and is expressed in our own words. Any uses that was used in this documents that came from any other authors were acknowledged where their works were used. A list of references are included in this document and the work breakdown can be find on Overall Description Section 2.3.

Galaxy Noise: Jerome Aganon, Jabneel Cruz, Jaewhoong Kang, Achille Mattapullut

Date: February 6, 2017

# Proposal

Submission January 17, 2017

Prepared by Galaxy Noise (Jerome, Jabneel, Jaewoong)

Computer Engineering Technology Student

<https://semjerome.github.io>

## Executive Summary

As students in the Computer Engineering Technology program, we will be integrating the knowledge and skills we have learned from our program into this Internet of Things themed capstone project. This proposal requests the approval to build the hardware portion that will connect to a database as well as to a mobile device application. The internet connected hardware will include a custom PCB with sensors and /or actuators for detecting car collision and save the captured image/video in a black box. The database will store the timestamp and the folder location of the video that were saved in the blackbox. The mobile device functionality will include notifying the car owner of an accident happening and if possible, an image or video capture of the accident and will be further detailed in the mobile application proposal. We will be collaborating with the following company/department Engineering Club. The hardware will be completed in CENG 317 Hardware Production Techniques independently and the application will be completed in CENG 319 Software Project. These will be integrated together in the subsequent term in CENG 355 Computer Systems Project as a member of a 2 or 3 student group.

## Background

The problem solved by project is to not to prevent any accident but to get evidence if an accident happened. Having a dash cam does not mean that if an accident happened there would be footage of what happened. Sometimes, accident happens on the side or back of the car. In the event that such thing happened, the people will rely on the story of a witness or the victims. Sometimes the people will try to change their story in order for them to get away with it. If such thing happens, the police will have to look around and see if a CCTV has captured the accident.

I have searched for prior art via Humber's IEEE subscription selecting "My Subscribed Content" and have found and read which provides insight into similar efforts.

The first journal that we found presents “ the approach to use smartphones as a multi sensor platform in a field operational test respectively a naturalistic driving study”. (Pfriem & Gauterin, 2014)

The second journal talks about optical camera used for vehicles. (Nguyen, Islam, & Jang, 2016)

For the last journal, it then talks about inevitable accidents that can happen with motorcycles and automobiles. (Savino, Giovannini, Fitzharris, & Pierini, 2016)

In the Computer Engineering Technology program we have learned about the following topics from the respective relevant courses:

- Java Docs from CENG 212 Programming Techniques In Java
- Construction of circuits from CENG 215 Digital And Interfacing Systems,
- Rapid application development and Gantt charts from CENG 216 Intro to Software Engineering,
- Micro computing from CENG 252 Embedded Systems,
- SQL from CENG 254 Database With Java,
- Web access of databases from CENG 256 Internet Scripting; and,
- Wireless protocols such as 802.11 from TECH152 Telecom Networks.

This knowledge and skill set will enable me to build the subsystems and integrate them together as my capstone project.

## Methodology

This proposal is assigned in the first week of class and is due at the beginning of class in the second week of the fall semester. My coursework will focus on the first two of the 3 phases of this project: Phase 1 Hardware build. Phase 2 System integration. Phase 3 Demonstration to future employers.

### Phase 1 Hardware build

The hardware build will be completed in the fall term. It will fit within the CENG Project maximum dimensions of 12 13/16" x 6" x 2 7/8" (32.5cm x 15.25cm x 7.25cm) which represents the space below the tray in the parts kit. The highest AC voltage that will be used is 16Vrms from a wall adaptor from which +/- 15V or as high as 45 VDC can be obtained. Maximum power consumption will be 20 Watts.

### Phase 2 System integration

The system integration will be completed in the fall term.

### Phase 3 Demonstration to future employers

This project will showcase the knowledge and skills that I have learned to potential employers.

The tables below provide rough effort and non-labour estimates respectively for each phase. A Gantt chart will be added by week 3 to provide more project schedule details and a more complete budget will be added by week 4. It is important to start tasks as soon as possible to be able to meet deadlines.

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Labour Estimates	Hrs	Notes
<b>Phase 1</b>		
Writing proposal.	9	Tech identification quiz.
Creating project schedule. Initial project team meeting.	9	Proposal due.
Creating budget. Status Meeting.	9	Project Schedule due.
Acquiring components and writing progress report.	9	Budget due.
Mechanical assembly and writing progress report. Status Meeting.	9	Progress Report due (components acquired milestone).

PCB fabrication.	9	Progress Report due (Mechanical Assembly milestone).
Interface wiring, Placard design, Status Meeting.	9	PCB Due (power up milestone).
Preparing for demonstration.	9	Placard due.
Writing progress report and demonstrating project.	9	Progress Report due (Demonstrations at Open House Saturday, November 12th, 2016 from 10 a.m. - 2 p.m.).
Editing build video.	9	Peer grading of demonstrations due.
Incorporation of feedback from demonstration and writing progress report. Status Meeting.	9	30 second build video due.
Practice presentations	9	Progress Report due.
1st round of Presentations, Collaborators present.	9	Presentation PowerPoint file due.
2nd round of Presentations	9	Build instructions up due.
Project videos, Status Meeting.	9	30 second script due.
<b>Phase 1 Total</b>	<b>135</b>	
<b>Phase 2</b>		
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Initial integration.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Testing.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Incorporation of feedback.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting
Testing.	9	Progress Report
Meet with collaborators	9	Status Meeting

Prepare for demonstration.	9	Progress Report
Complete presentation.	9	Demonstration at Open House Saturday, April 8th, 2017 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.
Complete final report. 1st round of Presentations.	9	Presentation PowerPoint file due.
Write video script. 2nd round of Presentations, delivery of project.	9	Final written report including final budget and record of expenditures, covering both this semester and the previous semester.
Project videos.	9	Video script due

**Phase 2 Total 135**

### Phase 3

Interviews TBD

**Phase 3 Total TBD**

### Material Estimates Cost Notes

#### Phase 1

RaspBerry Pi 3 Starter Kit \$89.99 <https://www.amazon.com/Vilros-Raspberry-Ultimate-Starter-Kit-Clear/dp/B01CYWE2oU>

Pi Camera Module with Case \$38.79 [https://www.amazon.com/Raspberry-Pi-Camera-Module-Megapixel/dp/B01ER2SKFS/ref=sr\\_1\\_2?s=pc&ie=UTF8&q2&keywords=raspberry+pi+camera](https://www.amazon.com/Raspberry-Pi-Camera-Module-Megapixel/dp/B01ER2SKFS/ref=sr_1_2?s=pc&ie=UTF8&q2&keywords=raspberry+pi+camera)

Piezo Buzzer Element (Vibration Sensor) \$5.19 Canada Robotix

LED \$0.50 Canada Robotix

USB GPS Dongle. \$50 Amazon

**Phase 1 Total >\$200.00**

#### Phase 2

Materials to improve functionality, fit, and finish of project.

<b>Phase 2 Total</b>	<b>TBD</b>
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**Phase 3**

Off campus colocation	<\$100.00    An example: .
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<i>Shipping</i>	<i>TBD</i>
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<i>Tax</i>	<i>TBD</i>
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<i>Duty</i>	<i>TBD</i>
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<b>Phase 3 Total</b>	<b>TBD</b>
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**Concluding remarks**

This proposal presents a plan for providing an IoT solution for mini computer and black box for car. This is an opportunity to integrate the knowledge and skills developed in our program to create a collaborative IoT capstone project demonstrating my ability to learn how to support projects such as the initiative described by our professor. I request approval of this project.



## **Abstract (Executive Summary)**

In today's society, car has been part of our daily life. Based on National Safety Council, around 27,000 accidents occur everyday in United States alone but only 0.3 percent of it result in a fatality. The problem solved by our project is not to prevent any accident, but to get evidence if an accident happened. Having a dash cam does not mean that if an accident happened there would be footage of what happened. Sometimes, accident happens on the side or back of the car. In the event that such thing happened, the people will rely on the story of a witness or the victims. Sometimes the people will try to change their story in order for them to get away with it. If such thing happens, the police will have to look around and see if a CCTV has captured the accident. With our project, it will help the police or the Insurance Company to determine who is at fault if an accident occurs without any hassle. And at the same time, it will encourage the driver to abide the road rules since this project can be used against them if they do not.

# Table of Contents

Declaration of sole Authorship

Proposal

Abstract

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

1.2 Scope

2. Software Requirements Specification (SRS)

2.1 Technology Introduction

2.1.1 Purpose

2.1.2 Product Overview

2.1.3 Targeted Audience Group

2.2 Product Information

2.2.1 Main Functionality

2.2.2 Extra Requirements

2.2.3 Best Performance

2.3 Overall Description

2.3.1 System Interface

2.3.2 Database

2.3.3 Hardware

2.3.4 Mobile Application

2.3.5 Web Application

2.4 Future Consideration

2.4.1 Operating Environment

2.4.2 Safety consideration

2.4.3 Future Additions

2.5 Project Schedule and Progress

2.6 Hardware Build Instructions

2.6.1 Introduction

2.6.2 System Diagram

2.6.3 Bill of Material/Budget

2.6..4 Time Commitment

2.6.5 Mechanical Assembly

2.6.6 PCB/Soldering

2.6.7 Unit Testing

2.6.8 Production Testing

2.7 Mobile Application Build Instructions

2.7.1 Introduction

2.7.2 Mobile Application

2.6.3 Back-End

2.7.4 Mobile Application Test Case

Conclusion

Recommendation

Reference

# **1. Introduction**

## **1.1 Purpose**

The purpose of this documentation is to give a detailed description of the requirements for the "Telematics" hardware and all of the software that comes with it. It will explain system constraints, system interface and interactions with other external applications. This documentation is primarily intended for our professor and his approval as well as reference for developing the system.

## **1.2 Scope**

The "Telematics" is a hardware that helps the police, insurance companies and drivers to determine the cause of a car incident. The hardware will have 3 cameras (one on each side and one on the rear). Although in this prototype, it will only have one camera because the raspberry pi3 can only support 1 raspberry pi camera at a time. It will also have an Android application where the user can review any previous incident that has happened and add more information if needed.

Upon installing the hardware, the user has to register through the official website and enter the appropriate information and product key. From then on, the hardware will be able to send any information to the database once it is connected to the internet. The hardware does not need to maintain a network connection in order to work. Once the car starts, it will start recording and will replace the old file with a new file until it detects an accident. Once the hardware detects an incident, it will lock the file and will not be able to be overwritten until it is successfully uploaded to the server. Once the hardware is connected to the network, it will upload the video to the server and any information related to incident such as date and the location of the incident.

Furthermore, the user will be able to access the information through their Android phone. From the mobile application, they will need to log in in order to retrieve the information related to their account. The user can then review the incident and add information about the incident such as, the car and driver's information. If the user does not have an android phone, they can do everything that was mentioned above through the official website.

### 1.3 Definitions, acronyms, and abbreviations

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Term	Definition
Telematics	Name of the hardware.
User	Someone who interacts with the web or software application
GPS	Global Positioning System
PHP file	PHP is a script language and interpreter that is freely available and used primarily on Linux Web servers. It lets the mobile application retrieve and add information from and into the database.
Database	a structured set of data held in a computer, especially one that is accessible in various ways. We used SQL database for this project.
Java	Java is a general-purpose computer programming language that is concurrent, class-based, object-oriented, and specifically designed to have as few implementation dependencies as possible. It is the main programming language that we used for creating mobile application
Android Studio	Android Studio is the integrated development environment (IDE) from google. It was used for creating the mobile application.
IDE	is a software application that provides comprehensive facilities to computer programmers for software development.
Official Website	<a href="http://autaccreport.com/">http://autaccreport.com/</a>

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## **2. Software Requirements Specification (SRS)**

### **2.1 Technology Introduction**

**2.1.1 Purpose** The purpose of our software is to provide an automated service for drivers that notifies them of any accidents or damages that may have occurred to their car. With the use of mobile application, the owner will have the data of the location and video feed of the accident. It will also serve as a data storage regarding the accident for the owner. They will be able to input additional information about the driver, the car, as well as information needed for the insurance company. A website will be available for the user to register an account for them to use the mobile application.

**2.1.2 Product Overview** The product will have piezo vibration sensors that will detect if there are any collisions detected. Raspberry Pi camera module will also be used to record video. Then the Raspberry Pi will process the video file and location information that will be sent to the web server that will be used by the mobile application.

**2.1.3 Targeted Audience Group:** Our target audience is any person that has a car and insurance company for they will be able to use the video feed as a proof of an incident.

### **2.2 Product Information**

**2.2.1 Main Functionality** The main functionality of our system is to provide an incident report on user's mobile device in case of an accident. Information that the user saves on the application can then be used by them for their insurance company. The hardware will provide the video feed as well as the location of the report through the use of gps.

**2.2.2 Extra Requirements** Internet connectivity is required for the hardware device for it to be able to send the report, video, and location to the database. The Raspberry Pi will be powered by having it connected to the car itself.

**2.2.3 Best Performance** To achieve best performance of the product, we recommend sharing a stable wifi internet connection with the device.

## **2.3 Overall Description**

**2.3.1 System Interface** System interface for our project includes: collision detector hardware, database server, and mobile application. If an accident is detected from the hardware, it sends an accident report to the server. The user through the use of mobile application in which he/she can retrieve the video file and location of the accident can then access this report. The user will also be able to delete the report (in case of false report), as well as add information to the report.

**2.3.2 Database** We are going to use the GoDaddy's database to store the information about the user, the accident, the driver they had an accident with and the car that the other driver was using. For the user information, we are going to store the username password and its user's id. For the password, we are going to encrypt the user's password using MD5 to protect the password just in case someone tries to hack our system. In accident table, we are going to store the reportId, incident date, video name, longitude and latitude. In the driver table, we are going to store the other driver's license, first name, last name, gender and insurance number. In the car table, we are going to store the other driver's car information such as plate number, brand, model and the year it was manufactured. (Jerome)

A separate database will be created for car makes and models, which is then going to be used for the mobile application. It will be used for drop-down spinners of both car makes and models. (Jabneel)

**2.3.3 Hardware** Our hardware is a collision detector. Once the car has start up, the hardware will start running immediately. It will start recording as soon as it is start up. It will have loop and lock functionality. With the loop functionality, the hardware will replace the old video with a new video, which prevents the hardware from using too much memory. The lock functionality will lock up the video file if the hardware detects any collision. It will lock up the file until the hard is connected to the Internet.(Jerome)

Once it is connected, it will upload the file to the server and store the date that the video was captured, the location and the name of the video. It will also have a GUI(Graphic User Interface so that it will be

easy to use for new user.(Jaewoong)

**2.3.4 Mobile Application** Our mobile application is called AutAcc Report and is exclusive to Android. With the mobile app, the user is able to retrieve any incident related to the user. Once it is able to retrieve an incident report, the user will be able to add more information about the driver that he/she had an accident with and the car he/she was using. The application has playback functionality where it can watch the video that was captured during the incident. It also has map functionality where it will pinpoint the exact location of the incident by using Google map. (Jabneel)

The mobile app also has functionality where the user can contact his/her insurance agent where he/she can report the incident. User accounts and having access to different reports is also a requirement. (Jerome)

**2.3.5 Web Application** For our project, we will also provide a website. The front-end design and user interface of the website will be worked on by Jabneel and Achille. Usability and design of the website will require. Developed by (Jabneel) and user testing done by (Achille).

In the website, the user will be able to register. If the user is already registered, he/she will be able to review the information related to his/her account. He/she will also be able to delete an incident or modify any information related to that incident. The user can also change their password. This will be worked on by (Jerome).

## **2.4 Future Consideration**

**2.4.1 Operating Environment** To fully utilize this product you will need an Android device (Tablet or phone) on the OS android 4.4 KitKat and above (API 19 and above). This product does not require constant internet connection. An Internet connection is only required when you need to synchronize the hardware with the database.

**2.4.2 Safety Consideration** Safety precaution that has to be considered when using the hardware:



Figure 1: Schedule

- When using the hardware, make sure that the hardware is properly plugged in before turning on the car.
- Make sure that the hardware is secured and in place where there is no direct contact with sunlight.

**2.4.3 Future Additions** We are planning on creating a new case for the hardware since we are planning on adding a touchscreen capability on our hardware for portability and easy usability.

## 2.5 Project Schedule and Progress Status

### 2.5.1 Schedule

### 2.5.2 Status Report

**[31/1/2017] Report by Jabneel** Recent Project Activities: Our group, Telematics, have been working on our database, web server, website template, mobile application, as well as hardware improvement. We are currently on schedule in regards to our technical report and updating our Github.

The progress of work for each group member is as follows: Jabneel - I have been working on setting up a database for car models and car makes that will be used for the mobile application. We have recently bought the VPS Hosting so there is no database that has been set up yet, but I have done some research and found repositories that have databases that use JSON (most of our SQL format). I am also currently working on our website template. Jerome - He has bought the VPS hosting and been working on setting up and giving access to all the members so we can start with using/creating our database and website. Issues with GoDaddy customer service caused some delays during the weekend. Jaewoong - He is assigned to update the vibration sensor into a g-sensor which is what most dashcam uses. He is also assigned to buy a GPS module which is going to be used by the hardware to send coordinates/address to the database.

Financial Updates: Jerome and I have bought the VPS Hosting which costs around \$260.00 and having access to it for 6 months. Jaewoong, on the other hand, has to spend money for the g-sensor as well as the GPS module.

**[14/02/2017] Report by Jaewoong and Achille** This is the reporting status of troubleshooting progress for our group, Telematics.

We are currently trying making the programs for GPS and server/database for Raspberry PI. In addition, we are also creating the GUI and website too.

Jaewoong Kang - I am mostly concentrating on GUI programming. We already set up several programs for each function such as recording video, catching event signal from sensor, and saving video files with specified event information. Now we need to merge these functions with Threading. Therefore, I also doing this at the same time. I have little problem caused by the broken part of Raspberry Pi, but it won't affect to programming, and we already decided to exchange this to Jabneel's device.

Achille Mattapullut - He is currently helping with the hardware part, In addition, he is also helping setting up the GPS on new device. He is mainly trying to finish up on the website front end. He had little delay caused by his job interview, but now he can come back to his part then it is expected to be able to catch up as our schedule.

Jabneel - He currently focuses on website security by using WordPress hash. He is also trying to finish his main works, PHP program for communication between mobile and database.

Jerome - He currently concentrates on the GPS receiving programming for Raspberry Pi. He is also helping making codes for server and Raspberry Pi communication by using Python.

Delay Issue and Troubleshooting: We have been a slight delay issues such as exchanging device caused by broken part issue, but we already start to set it up and it won't be long delay. In addition, we currently finished around 50% of technical report, so we will focus on finishing this in next week.

**[07/03/2017] Report by Jabneel** Recent Project Activities: Our group has recently finished setting up our website where the user can register an account (used for website and application). We also imported the database from Jerome's web host to ours. Hardware has recently gained access to GPS

module. The car models and brands have been imported into the Application instead of having to access server yo use it. This is to reduce coupling. There have been recent delays with database and progress in the application but this gave space to finishing the website.

The progress of work for each group member is as follows:

Jabneel- I am currently working on the integration of the website's registration system and the application. We want the app to have a link to the website's registration page then use that account for both application and website. Since WordPress encrypts the password of the user in the wp database, in the mobile app, we're gonna have to find a way to match user's input with what's in the database. Jerome will be helping me with this problem. Jerome- He has been working with the integration of the database as well as the website. Database to website's integration is working properly. The user can register and log in on the website and it is properly stored in the database. Since we recently imported the database from the previous Web host, the mobile application's links to PHP files should be changed. Jaewoong- He is working on hardware's integration with the database. Information that the hardware detects and creates should be sent to the database server. He is currently working on GUI for the sensor program. Achille- He has been doing some testing, proof reading and implementation on the website and database. This week, he will be doing more testing with the website's integration with the database after the hardware is able to send information to the database.

Financial Update: There is no financial update since my last email.

**[20/03/2017] Report by Achille** Achille Mattapullut - is currently helping with the hardware part, I am mainly helping setting up the GPS. I am rewriting some codes to make it compatible with our project. And finishing up on the website front end.

Jabneel Cruz - added password security by using WordPress hash and also updated our php file for android so that it will have password security too

Jerome Aganon - is currently working to add php file on our server so we can retrieve information from the raspberry pi.

Jaewoong Kang - will write a separate progress report for hardware.

Delay Issue: We are still behind in term of hardware. Pi2 camera connection part is broken.

**[20/03/2017] Report by Jaewoong** This is the reporting status of troubleshooting progress for our group, Telematics.

We are currently trying making the programs for GPS and server/database for Raspberry PI. In addition, we are also creating the GUI and website too.

Jaewoong Kang - I am mostly concentrating on GUI programming. We already set up several programs for each function such as recording video, catching event signal from sensor, and saving video files with specified event information. Now we need to merge these functions with Threading. Therefore, I also doing this at the same time. I have little problem caused by the broken part of Raspberry Pi, but it won't affect to programming, and we already decided to exchange this to Jabneel's device.

Achille Mattapullut - He is currently helping with the hardware part, In addition, he is also helping setting up the GPS on new device. He is mainly trying to finish up on the website front end. He had little delay caused by his job interview, but now he can come back to his part then it is expected to be able to catch up as our schedule.

Jabneel - He currently focuses on website security by using WordPress hash. He is also trying to finish his main works, PHP program for communication between mobile and database.

Jerome - He currently concentrates on the GPS receiving programming for Raspberry Pi. He is also helping making codes for server and Raspberry Pi communication by using Python.

Delay Issue and Troubleshooting: We have been a slight delay issues such as exchanging device caused by broken part issue, but we already start to set it up and it won't be long delay. In addition, we currently finished around 50% of technical report, so we will focus on finishing this in next week.

## **2.6 Hardware Build Instructions**

**2.6.1 Introduction** The project will be able to detect car collision and save the recorded video into a file server to be used by the android application. The goal of this project is to notify the car owner of an accident happening. The owner should be able to access the video of the recorded accident using their mobile application. We are using a vibration sensor (buzzer) to detect an impact signal that will be sent to the raspberry pi which then would run the camera to record a 20 second video that will be sent to the

Figure 2: Diagram

server. This video file can then be accessed by the owner by using an android application. Take note that for now, our current production build is only sending the video file to the owner's email address.

### 2.6.2 System Diagram

Equipment	Quantity	Cost With tax
Raspberry Pi 3 Starter Kit	1	\$89.99
Pi Camera Module	1	\$38.79
Piezo Buzzer Element (Vibration Sensor)	2	\$5.19
Camera Module Case	1	\$25.28
1 Mega Ohm Resistor	1	\$0.35
330 Ohm Resistor	1	\$0.25
Full Sized Breadboard	1	\$8.81
USB GPS Dongle	1	\$50.00
LED	1	\$0.25
Case	1	\$17.00
TouchScreen	1	\$71.80
Total		\$282.04

### 2.6.3 Bills of Material / Budget

Todo	time Required
Raspberry Pi 3 power up	(30 mins) I will take around 30 min to set up the raspberry Pi. You have to install the OS and connect it to the internet.
PCB Soldering	1~2 hours for schematics and soldering. Printing the PCB could take 1 hour. And 30 min to solder it.
Project Wiring	15~30 mins
Importing Codes	1 hour, depends if you have all the required packages for using the camera and accessing email.

Figure 3: Schematics

Running Code	5-10 mins, depends on the length of the video. The longer it is, the more time it needs to perform
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## 2.6.4 Time Commitment

**2.6.5.1 Mechanical Assembly** This shows the circuit you have to build for the sensor to detect a vibration coming from tapping it. The LED will blink if the video file was sent to your email.

JP1 --- 2 is for the inner side of the buzzer. Positive. --- 1 outer part of the buzzer. Negative.

Following the diagram and placing each components in a breadboard would ensure a working vibration sensor program

Connect the particular camera module that I listed above to your Raspberry Pi 3.

## Assembling the Bicolor Case for 7inch LCD ##### Assembling Instruction

1. Assemble the Raspberry Pi on #1 board using #9, #10, and #11 (through the halls #2 on board #1)
2. Assemble board #2, touchscreen, and board #1 using #5, #6, and #7 ..a. Insert each #5 bolts through all six halls of board #2 ..b. Insert each #5 bolts into #6 bearings ..c. Assemble Touchscreen and above board #2 which is already assembled with #5 bolts ..d. Insert each #5 bolts into #6 bearings again ..e. Assemble board #1 and Touchscreen & board #2 which are already assembled in above steps ..f. Tighten the all #5 bolts all #7 nuts
3. Make the Screen Holder using #3, #4, #7, and #8 ..a. Assemble the headers of #8 bolts into each furrow of each side in #4 bars ..b. Assemble sides of two #4 bar and the furrows on #3 panels ..c. Tighten the #7 nuts

Product Detail Site : <http://www.waveshare.com/product/Bicolor-Case-for-7inch-LCD.htm>

Figure 4: Camera Module

Figure 5: Case

## Programming on Raspberry Pi

**2.6.5.2 Hardware Application Programming** In Raspberry Pi, we designed a GUI program which is separated by several parts; recording a video, catching an event signal from vibration sensor, uploading the video file, uploading the information in database, and multithreading code. We chose Python as programming language for these program because of several its benefits. • Python is very easy to learn • Support various systems and platforms • A card sized microcomputer, especially Raspberry Pi support to use many various resources such as Camera and many sensors. • There are a lot of available resources and open sources for Python

Python is littler slower and is not powerful at high graphic and memory intensive tasks, it is still great for our small device.

**2.6.5.2.1 Setting for Pi Camera** We already explained how to connect Pi Camera to Raspberry Pi, but in order to control the Pi camera by python, you must install python-picamera also. ~~~~ sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install python-picamera ~~~~

If you are currently using Python3 package, you can install with below command ~~~~ sudo apt-get install python3-picamera ~~~~

**2.6.5.2.2 Setting for Touch Screen** You can buy Raspberry Pi LCD Touch Display (<https://www.raspberrypi.org/products/pi-touch-display>). It has great compatibility with Raspberry Pi and it is also easy to install and use. However, we chose the different touch screen, WaveShare LCD(c) which had IPS panel and more resolution with similar price, and it required below setting to use.

First, open “config.txt” file which is located in the root of Raspberry Pi TF card Second, add these 4 lines in “config.txt” file ~~~~ max\_usb\_current=1 hdmi\_group=2 hdmi\_mode=87 hdmi\_cvt 1024 600 60 6 0 0 0 ~~~~

Third, save config.txt file and reboot Raspberry Pi Note: You must make sure that there are no spaces on either side of the equal sign. If the screen is displayed with not full size of touch

screen, it means that configuration is not completed properly. Link for more Information:  
[http://www.waveshare.com/wiki/7inch\\_HDMI\\_LCD\\_\(C\)](http://www.waveshare.com/wiki/7inch_HDMI_LCD_(C))

**2.6.5.2.3 Setting for GPS Receiver** To use GPS USB receiver, you also should install GPS on raspberry Pi with following commands, ~~~~ `sudo apt-get upgrade` `sudo apt-get install gpsd gpsd-clients python-gps` ~~~~

If you finished installation of GPS, you also must modify the `gpsd.hotplug` file for setting serial port to access to the GPS. You can use the lines below to set up GPS serial port. ~~~~ `nano /lib/udev/gpsd.hotplug`  
Scroll down the document and add `chmod a+rw $DEVNAME` above the line that says `gpsdctl $ACTION $DEVNAME`

Press CTRL and O together to save Press CTRL and X together to exit the file

`/etc/init.d/gpsd restart` `gpsd /dev/ttyUSB0 -F /var/run/gpsd.sock` ~~~~

If the operating system of your Raspberry Pi is the Raspberian Jessie not Wheezy, you wouldn't be able to see any texts in `gpsd.hotplug` file. In this case, you can set up your Raspberry Pi by following method,

- Type following command on terminal ~~~~ `sudo nano /etc/default/gpsd` ~~~~
- Modify the `gpsd` as following lines `START_DAEMON="true"` `GPSD_OPTIONS="n"` `DEVICES="/dev/ttyUSB0"` `USBAUTO="false"` `GPSD_SOCKET="/var/run/gpsd.sock"`
- Save this, then restart the GPS with below command ~~~~ `sudo /etc/init.d/gpsd restart` ~~~~

If you finish setting it up, you can check GPS working with `cgps -s` command

**2.6.5.2.4 Setting up Qt Design for GUI Programming** There are various open source frameworks package for GUI programming by Python, but in this project, we will make GUI by PyQt, one of the most popular and powerful GUI packages. In order to use PyQt, you have to download and install it using following command ~~~~ `sudo apt-get install python-qt4` ~~~~ In addition, we also need to install several tools, and you can install them with following command ~~~~ `sudo apt-get install pyqt-dev-tools` ~~~~

Reference video link: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZcfUjxji-YA>



### 2.6.5.2.5 Programming to Record Event Video and Catch Event

```
while True:

    GPIO.output(18,GPIO.HIGH)

    if isTrig == True:

        trig();

        #stopVideo()

    result = GPIO.input(5)

    if result == 1:

        print("Vibrated\n*****\nRecording Video")

        isTrig =True

        vidName = time.strftime("%d%m%Y")+time.strftime("%I%M%S")

        recVideo(vidName)

    sleep(1)

    hname = vidName+"video.h264"

    mname = vidName+"video.mp4"

    print("Converting video file h264 to MP4");

    commands = "sudo MP4Box -add" + " "+hname + " " +mname

    os.system(commands)

    print("Sending video file to email");

    sendAlert(vidName)

    print("File sent");
```

~~~~~

### #### 2.6.5.2.6 Programming to Upload a Video File into Server

We also have to make the code for uploading video files into server.

In this project, we will transfer our files to server by using Python Ftp Library

import ftplib ~~~~ Basic command to connect to the server is, ~~~~ ftp\_connection = ftplib.FTP(server, username, password) ~~~~ After above, we should define where the transferred file needs to be stored. ~~~~ ftp\_connection.cwd(“Target Directory Path”) ~~~~ Finally, the below codes are for reading source and sending it into server. ~~~~ myfile = open(“path/file”, ‘rb’) ftp\_connection.storbinary(‘STOR file’, myfile) myfile.close() ~~~~ Note: ftplib is a built-in module in Python, so you don’t have to install it

**2.6.5.2.7 Programming to Insert Data into MySQL** This application must update the information of database too whenever video files are uploaded into server. For this application, we need only INSERT method.

To use MySql-Python, you need to install MySQLdb module ~~~~ pip install MySQL-python ~~~~

Note: If your device doesn’t have pip, you can install it with following command: ~~~~ For Python3 sudo apt-get install python3-pip For Python2 sudo apt-get install python-pip ~~~~

More information Link: <https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/linux/software/python.md>

Connecting SQL Python codes are very similar to PHP’s codes. The below codes are the basic MySQLdb codes to use for database in Python: ~~~~ import MySQLdb db = MySQLdb.connect(Host Address, User ID, User Password, Database Name) cursor = db.cursor() cursor.execute(“SQL Query”) db.close() ~~~~

1st Line : Call the MySQLdb module from Python Library 2nd Line : Connect the target SQL 3rd Line : Declare cursor object using cursor() method 4th Line : Write the specified SQL Query command we want to use 5th Line : Close the database

**2.6.5.2.8 Programming to make a Thread Function** If the video record program start recording the video, the other program should have been waiting until this process is finished. In order to receive the event signal at the same time, we, therefore, need to correct these two functions as threading. Multithreading code in Python is very similar to other languages and its basic code is show in the following line: ~~~~ thread.start\_new\_thread ( function, args[, kwargs] ) ~~~~

kwargs is an optional dictionary of keyword arguments. For example, the threading code for the recording(location, time) and catching(port) functions are: ~~~~ thread.start\_new\_thread (recording, (di-

Figure 6: PyQt

```
rectory, 60,) ) thread.start_new_thread (catching,36) ~~~~ or you can also use this, ~~~~ thread1
= recording(directory, 60) thread2 = catching(36) thread1.start() thread2.start() ~~~~ You shouldn't
miss to add thread library too ~~~~ import thread ~~~~
```

**2.6.5.2.9 GUI Programming with Qt Design** We need to design a simple graphic interface because our devices don't support Keyboard input. Therefore, this GUI should involve the current status window and the basic 5 functions; starting recording video, stop recording, upload video to server, upload data into MySQL, and open the saving files directory. We already get this Qt Design when we installed PyQt.

- 1.Run Qt Design and open new project and file
- 2.Set up dialog size as around 400 x 300
- 3.Change window title to "Autacc Car Blackbox"
- 4.Add 5 of "Push Button" by Drag and Drop the button icon in Widget box
- 5.Change text of 5 buttons as functions' names
- 6.Add "Text Edit" with same way
- 7.Save this to ui format file

When you finish making a simple graphic user interface with Qt design, you can save a file with ui format. You should, therefore, convert it to python format, and this is the command for the converting. ~~~~  
sudo pyuic4 input.ui -o output.py ~~~~

Note: If you are using PyQt5 not PyQt4, you can use below command instead of above. ~~~~ sudo  
pyuic5 input.ui -o output.py ~~~~

**2.6.5.2.10 Programming of Event Handler for Graphic User Interface.** We have made a simple GUI in previous step, but it was only for Graphical Interface such as button. Now we should add event handlers for each button. Here is the basic code for event handling. (Button's name).clicked.connect(Handler Name) For example, in case that we want call recordingThread class

from testdrive.py whenever we clicked “Start Recording” Button, We can make these functions by adding following codes in GUI python file 1.Add import testdrive

2.Declare the name for the recordingThread function Instance = testdrive.recordingThread();

3.Make the connection between event handler and specified button which we made. pushButton.clicked.connet(instance)

Add all handler for each button are coded the same way.

**2.6.6 PCB/Soldering** We tried implementing our working circuit to a PCB but it didn't work.

**2.6.7 Unit Testing** You can use these programs for testing your Camera and Vibration Sensor if they are working properly.

### Camera

```
"  
  
    from picamera import PiCamera  
  
    from time import sleep  
  
  
    camera = PiCamera()  
  
  
    camera.start_preview()  
  
    camera.start_recording('/home/pi/Desktop/Camera/video1.h264')  
  
    sleep(5)  
  
    camera.stop_recording()  
  
    camera.stop_preview()  
  
"
```

### Vibration Sensor

```
"  
  
    from time import sleep
```

```

import RPi.GPIO as GPIO

GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)

GPIO.setup(5, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN )

sleep(1)

while True:

    result = GPIO.input(5)

    if result == 1:

        print("Vibrated")

        sleep(1)

```

**2.6.8 Production Testing** We wanted the video file recorded to be sent to a file server, but as of now , it is being sent to your email.

Main program

**testDrive.py**

```

"

from time import sleep

import RPi.GPIO as GPIO

import time

from picamera import PiCamera

from alertnoise import sendAlert

from cameraCode import initRecvideo, stopVideo, recVideo

import os

#initRecvideo()

```

```

# initialize sesnor and leds

GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)

GPIO.setup(5, GPIO.IN, pull_up_down=GPIO.PUD_DOWN )

GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)

GPIO.setwarnings(False)

GPIO.setup(18,GPIO.OUT)

sleep(1)

isTrig = False


def trig():

    print "LED on"

    GPIO.output(18,GPIO.HIGH)

    time.sleep(1)

    print "LED off"

    GPIO.output(18,GPIO.LOW)

    time.sleep(1)


print("Telematics~ running ...");

while True:

    GPIO.output(18,GPIO.HIGH)


    if isTrig == True:

        trig();

        #stopVideo()


    result = GPIO.input(5)

    if result == 1:

        print("Vibrated\n*****\nRecording Video")

        isTrig =True

```

```

vidName = time.strftime("%d%m%Y")+time.strftime("%I%M%S")

recVideo(vidName)

sleep(1)

hname = vidName+"video.h264"

mname = vidName+"video.mp4"

print("Converting video file h264 to MP4");

commands = "sudo MP4Box -add" + " " +hname + " " +mname

os.system(commands)

print("Sending video file to email");

sendAlert(vidName)

print("File sent");

"

```

NOTE: make sure to fill the values for raspaddress and useraddress. I removed it for obvious privacy reason.

Program that sends the recorded video file to your email

### **alertnoise.py**

```

"

#Libraries necessary to send email using python

import smtplib

from email.MIMEMultipart import MIMEMultipart

from email.MIMEText import MIMEText

from email.MIMEBase import MIMEBase

from email import encoders

#Email of the Raspberry Pi

raspaddress = ""

```

```

#User's Email address

useraddress = ""

#Structure of the email

msg = MIMEMultipart()

msg['From'] = raspaddress

msg['To'] = useraddress

msg['Subject'] = "Aegis Alert Message"


def alert1(vidName):

    body1 = "Movement detected in the room \n"

    filename = vidName+"video.mp4"

    openAtt = "/home/pi/Desktop/Final Presentation/"+filename

    attachment = open(openAtt, "rb")

    part = MIMEBase('application', 'octet-stream')

    part.set_payload((attachment).read())

    encoders.encode_base64(part)

    part.add_header('Content-Disposition', "attachment; filename= %s" % filename)

    msg.attach(part)

    return body1


def alert2():

    body2 = "Termperature Change Alert \n"

    return body2


def alert3():

    body3 = "Smoke Detected \n"

```



```

        return body3

def showAlert(vidName):

    body = alert1(vidName)

    msg.attach(MIMEText(body, 'plain'))

    #Parameters for GMail Server

    server = smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587)

    # Security function needed to connect to the Gmail server to protect the password.

    server.starttls()

    #Password of Raspberry Pi's Email

    server.login(raspaddress, "P@$$WORD")

    #Sending the email

    text = msg.as_string()

    server.sendmail(raspaddress, useraddress, text)

    server.quit()

    "

```

Records the video for 20 seconds. Can be adjusted by changing the value of sleep

### **cameraCode.py**

```

"

from picamera import PiCamera

from time import sleep

camera = PiCamera()

def initRecvideo():

    # initialize camera

    camera = PiCamera()

    camera.start_preview()

```

```
def stopVideo():  
    camera.stop_preview()  
  
def recVideo( sNum ):  
    dest = '/home/pi/Desktop/Final Presentation/'+str(sNum)+'video.h264'  
    camera.start_preview()  
    camera.start_recording(dest)  
    sleep(20)  
    camera.stop_recording()  
    camera.stop_preview()  
    return;  
"
```

## 2.7 Mobile Application Build Instructions

**2.7.1 Introduction** The mobile Application lets the user access their existing account. If the user is not registered, then they will have to register through online with the product key of their product. In mobile applicaion, the user is able to access all of the incident that they are involved with. At the same time, they are able to enter more information about the driver that they had an accident with and the car that the other drivier is using during that incident.

See section 2.5.2 System Diagram for more infomration about how mobile application intereects with the server.

*Reminder* We removed the website name that we used for the php files for your own reproducibility. We used google maps api so make sure to visit their website to generate your OWN google\_maps\_key. Here is the link to the google's website for generating the google map key: <https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/javascript/get-api-key>.

### 2.7.2 Mobile Application

**MainActivity.java** The opening display and login of the mobile application. Checks if the login information that the user inputs is a valid login. If it's a valid login, it then passes the information through intent to the next activity which is ReportList.java.

```
"  
  
package galaxynoise.autaccreport;  
  
import android.app.ProgressDialog;  
  
import android.content.Context;  
  
import android.content.Intent;  
  
import android.os.AsyncTask;  
  
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;  
  
import android.os.Bundle;  
  
import android.util.Log;  
  
import android.view.View;
```

```

import android.widget.Button;

import android.widget.EditText;

import android.widget.Toast;

import org.json.JSONArray;

import org.json.JSONException;

import org.json.JSONObject;

import java.io.BufferedInputStream;

import java.io.BufferedReader;

import java.io.File;

import java.io.FileNotFoundException;

import java.io.FileOutputStream;

import java.io.IOException;

import java.io.InputStream;

import java.io.InputStreamReader;

import java.io.OutputStream;

import java.net.HttpURLConnection;

import java.net.MalformedURLException;

import java.net.ProtocolException;

import java.net.URL;

import java.util.HashMap;


public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {

    EditText username, password;

    String Name, Password;

    Context ctx=this;

    String NAME=null, PASSWORD=null, EMAIL=null;


    @Override

    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {

```

```

super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);

username = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.etUserName);

password = (EditText) findViewById(R.id.etPW);

Button b1 = (Button) findViewById(R.id.btnLogin);

b1.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {

    @Override

    public void onClick (View v)

    {

        main_login();

    }

});

}

public void main_register(View v){

    startActivity(new Intent(this,ReportList.class));

}

public void main_login(){

    Name=null;

    Password=null;

    Name = username.getText().toString();

    Password = password.getText().toString();

    Background b = new Background();

    b.execute(Name, Password);

}

class Background extends AsyncTask<String, String, String> {

```

```

@Override

protected String doInBackground(String... params) {

    String name = params[0];

    String password = params[1];

    String data="";

    int tmp;

    try {

        URL url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/login.php");

        String urlParams = "name="+name+"&password="+password;

        HttpURLConnection httpURLConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();

        httpURLConnection.setDoOutput(true);

        OutputStream os = httpURLConnection.getOutputStream();

        os.write(urlParams.getBytes());

        os.flush();

        os.close();

        InputStream is = httpURLConnection.getInputStream();

        while((tmp=is.read())!=-1){

            data+= (char)tmp;

        }

        is.close();

        httpURLConnection.disconnect();

        return data;

    } catch (MalformedURLException e) {

        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

```

```

        return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    }
}

@Override
protected void onPostExecute(String s) {
    String err=null;

    try {
        JSONObject root = new JSONObject(s);

        //JSONObject user_data = root.getJSONObject("User");

        JSONArray mainArray = root.getJSONArray("User");

        // looping through All Contacts
        for (int i = 0; i < mainArray.length(); i++) {
            JSONObject insideJsonObject = mainArray.getJSONObject(i);

            EMAIL=null;

            if (insideJsonObject != null) {
                NAME = insideJsonObject.getString("username");
                PASSWORD = insideJsonObject.getString("password");
                EMAIL = insideJsonObject.getString("uid");
                Log.d("Inside JSON uid: ", EMAIL);
                Log.d("Inside JSON username: ", NAME);
                Log.d("Inside JSON password: ", PASSWORD);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

Figure 7: Main Activity

```
    } catch (JSONException e) {  
        e.printStackTrace();  
        err = "Exception: "+e.getMessage();  
    }  
    if(EMAIL!=null) {  
        Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Valid Login!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();  
        Intent i = new Intent(ctx, ReportList.class);  
        i.putExtra("name", NAME);  
        i.putExtra("password", PASSWORD);  
        i.putExtra("uid", EMAIL);  
        i.putExtra("err", err);  
        startActivity(i);  
    }  
    else{  
        Toast.makeText(MainActivity.this, "Invalid Login or Password!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();  
    }  
}  
}  
}
```

MainActivity, opening display and login activity for the user.

**ReportList.java** After the user logs in, ReportList.java handles the collection of all the reports of incidents that the user has in the database. It connects to the web server then places each report in a listview



```

for the user. It displays the report id, data of incident, location of the incident (longitude and latitude),
and the video name. ~~~~” package galaxynoise.autaccreport; import android.content.DialogInterface;
import android.content.Intent; import android.database.Cursor; import android.os.AsyncTask;
import android.os.Bundle; import android.support.design.widget.FloatingActionButton; import
android.support.design.widget.Snackbar; import android.support.v7.app.AlertDialog; import an-
droid.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity; import android.support.v7.widget.Toolbar; import an-
droid.util.Log; import android.util.SparseBooleanArray; import android.view.View; import an-
droid.widget.AdapterView; import android.widget.ListAdapter; import android.widget.ListView;
import android.widget.SimpleAdapter; import android.widget.TextView; import android.widget.Toast;
import org.json.JSONArray; import org.json.JSONException; import org.json.JSONObject; im-
port java.io.IOException; import java.io.InputStream; import java.io.OutputStream; import
java.net.HttpURLConnection; import java.net.MalformedURLException; import java.net.URL;
import java.util.ArrayList; import java.util.HashMap; import static android.R.attr.data; import static
android.R.id.list;

```

```

public class ReportList extends AppCompatActivity { ListView listIncident; public static boolean is-
Listempty =true; Intent currIntent; //PatientAdapter patientAdapter; ArrayList< infolist = new Ar-
rayList<>(3); private String TAG = ReportList.class.getSimpleName(); TextView tvnews; String id;

```

```

@Override

```

```

protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {

```

```

    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

```

```

    setContentView(R.layout.activity_report_list);

```

```

    Toolbar toolbar = (Toolbar) findViewById(R.id.toolbar);

```

```

    setSupportActionBar(toolbar);

```

```

    String id=null, username ;

```

```

    final Intent testIntent = new Intent(getApplicationContext(), VidActivity.class);

```

```

    Intent intent = getIntent();

```

```

    Bundle b = intent.getExtras();

```

```

    if (b != null) {

```

```

        id = (String)b.get("uid");

        username = (String)b.get("name");

    }

    listIncident=(ListView) findViewById(R.id.listAll);

    tvnews=(TextView)findViewById((R.id.tvnews));

    // showIncidentttList(user);

    GetInfo info = new GetInfo();

    info.execute(id);

    listIncident.setOnItemClickListener(new AdapterView.OnItemClickListener() {

        @Override

        public void onItemClick(AdapterView< ?> parent, View view, int position,long arg

            view.setSelected(true);

            //Toast.makeText(ReportList.this, "Selected!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();

            HashMap<String,String> map =(HashMap<String,String>)listIncident.getItemAtPo

            String reportid = map.get("reportid");

            String idate = map.get("incidentdate");

            String longi = map.get("longi");

            String lati = map.get("lati");

            String videoName = map.get("videoName");

            //String name= map.get(TAG_NAME);

            Toast.makeText(ReportList.this, "ReportId:"+ reportid+"is selected.", Toast.

            Intent i = new Intent(ReportList.this, VidActivity.class);

            i.putExtra("reportid", reportid);

            i.putExtra("incidentdate", idate);

            i.putExtra("longi", longi);

            i.putExtra("lati", lati);

            i.putExtra("videoName", videoName);

            startActivity(i);

```

```

        }

    });
}

/**
 * Async task class to get json by making HTTP call
 */
class GetInfo extends AsyncTask<String, Void, Void> {

    @Override

    protected void onPreExecute() {

        super.onPreExecute();

        // Showing progress dialog

    }

    @Override

    protected Void doInBackground(String... params) {

        String uid = params[0];

        HTTPHandler sh = new HTTPHandler();

        String data="";

        int tmp;

        // Making a request to url and getting response

        //String uri = "http://websitename.com/app/incident.php";

        //String jsonStr = sh.makeServiceCall(uri);

        try {

            URL url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/incident.php");

            String urlParams = "uid="+uid;

```

```

        HttpURLConnection httpURLConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
        httpURLConnection.setDoOutput(true);
        OutputStream os = httpURLConnection.getOutputStream();
        os.write(urlParams.getBytes());
        os.flush();
        os.close();

        InputStream is = httpURLConnection.getInputStream();
        while((tmp=is.read())!=-1){
            data+= (char)tmp;
        }
        is.close();
        httpURLConnection.disconnect();

    } catch (MalformedURLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        //return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        // return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    }

    //Log.e(TAG, "Response from url: " + jsonStr);

    if (data != null) {
        try {
            JSONObject mainJsonObject = new JSONObject(data);
            // Log.d("JSON Data : ", mainJsonObject.toString());

```

```

infolist.clear();

JSONArray mainArray = mainJsonObject.getJSONArray("Incident");

// Log.d("JSON Array : ", mainArray.toString());

for (int i = 0; i < mainArray.length(); i++) {

    JSONObject incidentJsonObject = mainArray.getJSONObject(i);

    if (incidentJsonObject != null) {

        String reportid = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("reportid");

        Log.d("Inside JSON LongName : ", reportid);

        String incidentdate = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("incidentdate");

        String longi = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("longi");

        String lati = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("lati");

        String videoName = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("videoName");

        HashMap<String, String> info = new HashMap<>();

        info.put("reportid", reportid);

        info.put("incidentdate", incidentdate);

        info.put("longi", longi);

        info.put("lati", lati);

        info.put("videoName", videoName);
    }
}

```

```

        // adding contact to contact list

        infolist.add(info);

    }

}

} catch (JSONException e) {

    // TODO Auto-generated catch block

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}

return null;

}

@Override

protected void onPostExecute (Void result){

    super.onPostExecute(result);

    // Dismiss the progress dialog

    /**

     * Updating parsed JSON data into ListView

     */

    if (infolist.size() > 0) {

        ListAdapter adapter = new SimpleAdapter(

            ReportList.this, infolist,

            R.layout.content_report_list, new String[]{"reportid", "incidentdate"},

            R.id.tvdate, R.id.tvLongi, R.id.tvLati, R.id.tvVid));

        listIncident.setAdapter(adapter);

```

Figure 8: Report List

```
    }

    else

    {

        tvnews.setText(R.string.news);

    }

}

@Override

public void onBackPressed() {

    new AlertDialog.Builder(this)

        .setTitle("Exit")

        .setMessage("You want to sign out?")

        .setNegativeButton(android.R.string.no, null)

        .setPositiveButton(android.R.string.yes, new DialogInterface.OnClickListener() {

            public void onClick(DialogInterface arg0, int arg1) {

                ReportList.super.onBackPressed();

            }

        }).create().show();

}

}” ~~~~ ReportList display layout
```

**VidActivity.java** Activity for all the fragments in PageFragment.java. Mainly used for the design and display in the viewpager as well as menu options on the top right hand side of the application. ~~~~ ” package galaxynoise.autaccreport; //Team name Galaxy Noise import android.content.Context; import android.content.Intent; import android.graphics.drawable.Drawable; import android.net.Uri; import android.os.Bundle; import android.support.design.widget.TabLayout;

```

import android.support.v4.app.Fragment; import android.support.v4.app.FragmentManager; import
android.support.v4.app.FragmentPagerAdapter; import android.support.v4.content.ContextCompat;
import android.support.v4.view.ViewPager; import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.view.Menu; import android.view.MenuItem; import android.view.View;

public class VidActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements View.OnClickListener { int drawables[]
= { R.drawable.ic_car, R.drawable.ic_driver, R.drawable.ic_location, R.drawable.ic_video };

String reportid;

String incidentdate;

String longitude;

String latitude;

String videoName;

@Override

protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {

    //requestWindowFeature(Window.FEATURE_CUSTOM_TITLE);

    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

    setContentView(R.layout.activity_vid);

    //getWindow().setFeatureInt(Window.FEATURE_CUSTOM_TITLE, R.layout.fragment_car);

    Intent i = getIntent();

    ViewPager viewPager = (ViewPager) findViewById(R.id.viewpager);

    viewPager.setAdapter(new SampleFragmentPagerAdapter(getSupportFragmentManager(),

        VidActivity.this));

    // Give the TabLayout the ViewPager

    TabLayout tabLayout = (TabLayout) findViewById(R.id.sliding_tabs);

    tabLayout.setupWithViewPager(viewPager);

```



```

        tabLayout.getTabAt(0).setIcon(drawables[0]);
        tabLayout.getTabAt(1).setIcon(drawables[1]);
        tabLayout.getTabAt(2).setIcon(drawables[2]);
        tabLayout.getTabAt(3).setIcon(drawables[3]);

    }

    public String [] getFromReport()
    {
        String fromReport [] = {reportid, incidentdate, longitude, latitude, videoName};
        return fromReport;
    }

    public class SampleFragementPagerAdapter extends FragmentPagerAdapter {

        final int PAGE_COUNT = 4;

        private Context context;

        private String tabTitles[] = new String[] { "Car Info","Driver", "Location","Video"

        Drawable myDrawable;

        String title;

        public SampleFragementPagerAdapter(FragmentManager fm, Context context) {

            super(fm);

            this.context = context;

        }

        @Override

        public int getCount() {

            return PAGE_COUNT;

```

```

    }

    @Override
    public CharSequence getPageTitle(int position)
    {
        switch (position) {
            case 0:
                return tabTitles[0];
                //return tabTitles[0];
            case 1:
                return tabTitles[1];
                //return tabTitles[1];
            case 2:
                return tabTitles[2];
                //return tabTitles[2];
            case 3:
                return tabTitles[3];
        }
        return "";
    }

    @Override
    public Fragment getItem(int position) {

        return PageFragmentVid.create(position + 1);
    }
}

@Override
// Handle the Back Key

```

```

public void onBackPressed() {

    finish();

}

@Override

public void onClick(View v) {

}

public boolean onCreateOptionsMenu(Menu menu) {

    // Inflate the menu; this adds items to the action bar if it is present.
    getMenuInflater().inflate(R.menu.menu, menu);

    return true;

}

@Override

public boolean onOptionsItemSelected(MenuItem menu) {

    // Inflate the menu; this adds items to the action bar if it is present.
    Intent intent = null;

    switch (menu.getItemId())
    {

        //Product website
        case R.id.about:

            intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW,
                                Uri.parse("http://websitename.com"));

            startActivity(intent);

            break;

        //Insurance auto claims phone number
        case R.id.CAA:

```

```

        try {
            intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL, Uri.parse("tel:" + "1-800-387-20
            startActivity(intent);
        } catch (Exception e) {
        }

        break;
case R.id.TD:
    try {
        intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL, Uri.parse("tel:" + "1-800-293-49
        startActivity(intent);
    } catch (Exception e) {
    }

    break;
case R.id.RBC:
    try {
        intent= new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL, Uri.parse("tel:" + "1-877-748-722
        startActivity(intent);
    } catch (Exception e) {
    }

    break;
case R.id.Desj:
    try {
        intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL, Uri.parse("tel:" + "1-888-776-83
        startActivity(intent);
    } catch (Exception e) {
    }

```

```

        break;

    case R.id.Farm:

        try {

            intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_DIAL, Uri.parse("tel:" + "855-209-9549"));

            startActivity(intent);

        } catch (Exception e) {

        }

        break;

    }

    return super.onOptionsItemSelected(menu);

}

}

"~~~~

```

**PageFragmentVid.java** This is where all the data are from the database are gathered and stored to be displayed by the mobile application. The fragments call the php files required to get information such as driver's information, car details, coordinates of incident, and video file directory. The php files that we use, transforms the data in the database into a formattable JSON file where we extract all the information from. ~~~~" package galaxynoise.autaccreport; /\*\* //Team name Galaxy Noise \* Created by Zaido on 2016-11-13. \*/ import android.Manifest; import android.app.ProgressDialog; import android.content.Context; import android.content.Intent; import android.content.pm.PackageManager; import android.location.Address; import android.location.Geocoder; import android.net.Uri; import android.os.AsyncTask; import android.os.Bundle; import android.support.v4.app.ActivityCompat; import android.support.v4.app.Fragment; import android.support.v4.content.ContextCompat; import android.util.Log; import android.view.LayoutInflater; import android.view.View; import android.view.ViewGroup; import android.widget.AutoCompleteTextView; import android.widget.Button; import android.widget.EditText; import android.widget.ListAdapter; import android.widget.MediaController; import android.widget.SimpleAdapter; import android.widget.TextView; import android.widget.Toast;



```

String PLATENUMBER= null;

String CARMAKE= null;

String CARMODEL= null;

String CARYEAR = null;


String DRIVERLICENSE = null, FNAME=null,LNAME = null, GENDER = null, INSURANCENUMBER = null;

String reportid;

//JSON

private ProgressDialog pDialog;

private String TAG = VidActivity.class.getSimpleName();


//Arraylist

ArrayList<HashMap<String, String>> carinfo = new ArrayList<>(3);

ArrayList<HashMap<String, String>> driverinfo = new ArrayList<>(3);


Button btnCarAdd;

Button btnDriverAdd;


View view;

// Identifier for the permission request

private static final int READ_CONTACTS_PERMISSIONS_REQUEST = 1;


//hello

public static PageFragmentVid create(int page) {

    Bundle args = new Bundle();

    args.putInt(ARG_PAGE, page);

    PageFragmentVid fragment = new PageFragmentVid();

    fragment.setArguments(args);

```

```

        return fragment;
    }

    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

        mPage = getArguments().getInt(ARG_PAGE);
    }

    GoogleMap googleMap;
    MapView mMapView;
    MarkerOptions markerOptions;
    TextView tvReverseGeo;
    public String addressText;

    @Override
    public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater, ViewGroup container,
                             Bundle savedInstanceState) {

        VidActivity activity = (VidActivity) getActivity();
        myData = activity.getFromReport();
        reportid = myData[0];

        /*
            0 = reportid , 1 = incidentdate, 2 = longi, 3 = lati, 4 = vidname
        */

        if(mPage==1) //Car page
        {
            view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_car, container, false);

```



```

etPN = (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etPN);

etBrand= (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etBrand);

etModel= (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etModel);

etYear = (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etYear);


actMake = (AutoCompleteTextView) view.findViewById(R.id.actMake);
actModel = (AutoCompleteTextView) view.findViewById(R.id.actModel);
actYear = (AutoCompleteTextView) view.findViewById(R.id.actYear);


String carJson = loadCarJsonLocal();

try {
    JSONObject json = new JSONObject(carJson);
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}


btnCarAdd = (Button)view.findViewById(R.id.btnCarAdd);


btnCarAdd.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {

    @Override

    public void onClick(View v) {

        executeAddCar();

    }

});


GetCar b = new GetCar();

b.execute(reportid);

}

```

```

else if(mPage==2)//Driver
{
    view= inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_driver,container, false);

    String reportid = myData[0];

    etLicense= (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etLicense);

    etFname = (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etFname);

    etLname= (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etLname);

    etGender = (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etGender);

    etInsurance = (EditText) view.findViewById(R.id.etInsurance);

    btnDriverAdd =(Button)view.findViewById(R.id.btnDriverAdd);

    btnDriverAdd.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {

        @Override

        public void onClick(View v) {

            executeDriverAdd();

        }

    });

    GetDriver g = new GetDriver();

    g.execute(reportid);

}

else if(mPage==3)

{ //location

    /*

    0 = reportid , 1 = incidentdate, 2 = longi, 3 = lati, 4 = vidname

    */

    view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_eventlocation, container, false);

    tvReverseGeo = (TextView)view.findViewById(R.id.tvReverseGeo);

```

```

mMapView = (MapView) view.findViewById(R.id.mapView);

mMapView.onCreate(savedInstanceState);


mMapView.onResume();


try{
    MapsInitializer.initialize(getActivity().getApplicationContext());
}catch(Exception e){
    e.printStackTrace();
}


mMapView.getMapAsync(new OnMapReadyCallback() {

    @Override

    public void onMapReady(GoogleMap mMap) {

        googleMap = mMap;

        if(checkPermission())

            googleMap.setMyLocationEnabled(true);


        double longi = Double.parseDouble(myData[2]);

        double lati = Double.parseDouble(myData[3]);

        /*toronto

        double lati = 43.579028;

        double longi = -79.746524; */

        LatLng event = new LatLng(lati,longi);

        markerOptions = new MarkerOptions();


        Log.d("tv: ", "not set");

        new ReverseGeoCodingTask(getContext()).execute(event);

        String snippetAddress = tvReverseGeo.getText().toString();

```

```

        googleMap.addMarker(markerOptions.position(event)
            .title("Event Location")
            .snippet(snippetAddress));

        CameraPosition cameraPosition = new CameraPosition.Builder().target(event)
        googleMap.animateCamera(CameraUpdateFactory.newCameraPosition(cameraPosition)
    }

    private boolean checkPermission()
    {
        return (ContextCompat.checkSelfPermission(getActivity(), Manifest.permission
            == PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED);
    }

    });
}

else if (mPage == 4)
{ //video

    view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_eventvideos, container, false);

    String vidname = myData[4];

    VideoView mVideoView = (VideoView) view.findViewById(R.id.videoView);

    MediaController mediaController = new MediaController(getActivity());

    mediaController.setAnchorView(mVideoView);

    mVideoView.setMediaController(mediaController);

    String myPackage= "galaxynoise.autaccreport";

    Uri uri = Uri.parse("http://www.websitename.com/Android/"+vidname+".mp4");

    try{

        mVideoView.setVideoURI(uri);

        mVideoView.start();
    }
}

```

```

        }catch(Exception e){

            Log.e("Error", e.getMessage());

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

    }

    else

    {

        view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_pager, container, false);

        TextView textView = (TextView) view;

        textView.setText("Fragment #" + mPage);

    }

    return view;

}

public String loadCarJsonLocal()

{

    String json = null;

    try {

        InputStream is = getContext().getAssets().open("car_makemodel.json");

        int size = is.available();

        byte[] buffer = new byte[size];

        is.read(buffer);

        is.close();

        json = new String(buffer, "UTF-8");

    } catch (IOException ex) {

```

```

        ex.printStackTrace();

        return null;
    }

    return json;
}

private class ReverseGeoCodingTask extends AsyncTask<LatLng, Void, String>{

    Context mContext;

    public ReverseGeoCodingTask(Context context){

        super();

        mContext = context;
    }

    @Override

    protected String doInBackground(LatLng... params){

        Geocoder geocoder = new Geocoder(mContext);

        double latitude = params[0].latitude;

        double longitude = params[0].longitude;

        List<Address> addresses = null;

        try {

            addresses = geocoder.getFromLocation(latitude, longitude,1);

        } catch (IOException e) {

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

        if(addresses!= null && addresses.size() > 0 ) {

```

```

        addressText = addresses.get(0).getAddressLine(0) + "," +
            addresses.get(0).getLocality() + "," + addresses.get(0).getPostalCode()
            + "," + addresses.get(0).getCountryName();
    }

    return addressText;
}

@Override
protected void onPostExecute(String addressText) {
    // Setting the title for the marker.

    // This will be displayed on tapping the marker

    // Placing a marker on the touched position
    tvReverseGeo.setText(addressText);
}
}

/**
 * car make and model reference, arthurkao, github repository,
 * https://github.com/arthurkao/vehicle-make-model-data
 */
void executeAddCar()
{
    PLATENUMBER = etPN.getText().toString();

    CARMAKE = etBrand.getText().toString();

    CARMODEL = etBrand.getText().toString();

    CARYEAR = etYear.getText().toString();
}

```

```

AddCar a = new AddCar();

a.execute(PLATENUMBER, CARMAKE, CARMODEL, CARYEAR, reportid);

}

class AddCar extends AsyncTask<String, String, String> {

    @Override

    protected String doInBackground(String... params) {

        String platenumber = params[0];

        String carmake = params[1];

        String carmodel = params[2];

        String caryear = params[3];

        String reportid = params[4];

        String data="";

        int tmp;

        try {

            URL url;

            if(isCarEmpty==true) {

                url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/addCar.php");

                isCarEmpty=false;

            }

            else

            {

                url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/updateCar.php");

            }

            String urlParams = "platenumber="+platenumber+"&carmake="+carmake+"&carmodel="+carmodel+"&caryear="+caryear+"&reportid="+reportid;

```



```

        HttpURLConnection httpURLConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();

        httpURLConnection.setDoOutput(true);

        OutputStream os = httpURLConnection.getOutputStream();

        os.write(urlParams.getBytes());

        os.flush();

        os.close();

        InputStream is = httpURLConnection.getInputStream();

        while((tmp=is.read())!=-1){

            data+= (char)tmp;

        }

        is.close();

        httpURLConnection.disconnect();

        return data;
    } catch (MalformedURLException e) {

        e.printStackTrace();

        return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    } catch (IOException e) {

        e.printStackTrace();

        return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    }
}

@Override
protected void onPostExecute(String s) {

    String err=null;

```

```

try {

    JSONObject root = new JSONObject(s);

    //JSONObject user_data = root.getJSONObject("User");

    JSONObject car= root.getJSONObject("Car");

    car.put("platenumber", PLATENUMBER);

    car.put("carmake", CARMAKE);

    car.put("carmodel", CARMODEL);

    car.put("caryear", CARYEAR);

    car.put("reportid", reportid);


    Log.d("Storing to JSON plate: ", PLATENUMBER);

    Log.d("Storing to JSON make: ", CARMAKE);

    Log.d("Storing to JSON model: ", CARMODEL);


} catch (JSONException e) {

    e.printStackTrace();

    err = "Exception: "+e.getMessage();

}

if(PLATENUMBER!=null) {

    Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "Stored!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();

}

else{

    Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "Fill in plate number", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();

}

```

```

    }

}

//get Car

class GetCar extends AsyncTask<String, Void, Void> {

    @Override

    protected void onPreExecute() {

        super.onPreExecute();

        // Showing progress dialog

    }

    @Override

    protected Void doInBackground(String... params) {

        String reportid = params[0];

        HTTPHandler sh = new HTTPHandler();

        String data = "";

        int tmp;

        // Making a request to url and getting response

        //String uri = "http://websitename.com/app/incident.php";

        //String jsonStr = sh.makeServiceCall(uri);

        try {

            URL url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/getCar.php");

            String urlParams = "reportid=" + reportid;

            HttpURLConnection httpURLConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection()

```

```

        httpURLConnection.setDoOutput(true);

        OutputStream os = httpURLConnection.getOutputStream();

        os.write(urlParams.getBytes());

        os.flush();

        os.close();

        InputStream is = httpURLConnection.getInputStream();

        while ((tmp = is.read()) != -1) {

            data += (char) tmp;

        }

        is.close();

        httpURLConnection.disconnect();

    } catch (MalformedURLException e) {

        e.printStackTrace();

        //return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();

    } catch (IOException e) {

        e.printStackTrace();

        // return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();

    }

    //Log.e(TAG, "Response from url: " + jsonStr);

    if (data != null) {

        try {

            JSONObject mainJsonObject = new JSONObject(data);

            // Log.d("JSON Data : ", mainJsonObject.toString());

```

```

JSONArray mainArray = mainJsonObject.getJSONArray("Car");

// Log.d("JSON Array : ", mainArray.toString());

for (int i = 0; i < mainArray.length(); i++) {

    JSONObject incidentJsonObject = mainArray.getJSONObject(i);

    if (incidentJsonObject != null) {

        String platenumber = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("platenumber");

        String carmake = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("carmake");

        String carmodel = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("carmodel");

        String caryear = incidentJsonObject
            .getString("caryear");

        HashMap<String, String> info = new HashMap<>();

        info.put("platenumber", platenumber);

        info.put("carmake", carmake);

        info.put("carmodel", carmodel);

        info.put("caryear", caryear);

        // adding contact to contact list

        carinfo.add(info);

    }
}

```

```

        }

        } catch (JSONException e) {

            // TODO Auto-generated catch block

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

    }

    return null;

}

@Override

protected void onPostExecute(Void result) {

    super.onPostExecute(result);

    // Dismiss the progress dialog

    /**

     * Updating parsed JSON data into ListView

     **/

    if (carinfo.size() > 0) {

        etPN.setText(carinfo.get(0).get("platenumber").toString());

        etBrand.setText(carinfo.get(0).get("carmake").toString());

        etModel.setText(carinfo.get(0).get("carmodel").toString());

        etYear.setText(carinfo.get(0).get("caryear").toString());

        isCarEmpty=false;

    }

    else

```

```

        {
            isCarEmpty=true;
        }

    }

}

void executeDriverAdd()

{
    //DRIVERLICENSE = null, FNAME=null,LNAME = null, GENDER = null, INSURANCENUMBER = null
    DRIVERLICENSE = etLicense.getText().toString();
    FNAME = etFname.getText().toString();
    LNAME = etLname.getText().toString();
    GENDER = etGender.getText().toString();
    INSURANCENUMBER = etInsurance.getText().toString();

    AddDriver a = new AddDriver();

    a.execute(DRIVERLICENSE, FNAME, FNAME, GENDER,INSURANCENUMBER,reportid);
}

//ADDING NEW DATA FOR DRIVER

class AddDriver extends AsyncTask<String, String, String> {

    @Override

    protected String doInBackground(String... params) {

        String driverlicense = params[0];

        String fname = params[1];

        String lname = params[2];

        String gender = params[3];
    }
}

```

```

String insurancenumber = params[4];

String reportid = params[5];

String data = "";

int tmp;

URL url;

try {

    if(isDriverEmpty==true) {

        url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/addDriver.php");

        isDriverEmpty=false;

    }

    else

    {

        url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/updateDriver.php");

    }

    String urlParams = "driverlicense=" + driverlicense + "&fname=" + fname + "&"
        + lname + "&gender=" + gender + "&insuranceNumber=" + insurancenumbe

    HttpURLConnection httpURLConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection()

    httpURLConnection.setDoOutput(true);

    OutputStream os = httpURLConnection.getOutputStream();

    os.write(urlParams.getBytes());

    os.flush();

    os.close();

    InputStream is = httpURLConnection.getInputStream();

    while ((tmp = is.read()) != -1) {

        data += (char) tmp;

    }
}

```



```

        is.close();

        httpURLConnection.disconnect();

        return data;
    } catch (MalformedURLException e) {

        e.printStackTrace();

        return "Exception: " + e.getMessage();
    } catch (IOException e) {

        e.printStackTrace();

        return "Exception: " + e.getMessage();
    }
}

@Override
protected void onPostExecute(String s) {

    String err = null;

    //Log.e(TAG, "Response from url: " + s);

    try {

        JSONObject root = new JSONObject(s);

        //JSONObject user_data = root.getJSONObject("User");

        JSONObject car = root.getJSONObject("Driver");

        car.put("driverlicense", DRIVERLICENSE);

        car.put("fname", FNAME);

        car.put("lname", LNAME);

        car.put("gender", GENDER);

        car.put("insuranceNumber", INSURANCENUMBER);

        car.put("reportid", reportid);
    }
}

```

```

    } catch (JSONException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        err = "Exception: " + e.getMessage();
    }

    if (DRIVERLICENSE != null) {
        Log.d("Storing to JSON plate: ", DRIVERLICENSE);
        Log.d("Storing to JSON make: ", FNAME);
        Log.d("Storing to JSON model: ", LNAME);
        Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "Stored!", Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show();
    } else {
        Toast.makeText(getActivity(), "Fill in plate number", Toast.LENGTH_LONG).show();
    }
}

}

//get Car
class GetDriver extends AsyncTask<String, Void, Void> {

    @Override
    protected void onPreExecute() {
        super.onPreExecute();
        // Showing progress dialog
    }

    @Override
    protected Void doInBackground(String... params) {
        String reportid = params[0];
        HTTPHandler sh = new HTTPHandler();

```

```

String data = "";

int tmp;

// Making a request to url and getting response

//String uri = "http://websitename.com/app/incident.php";

//String jsonStr = sh.makeServiceCall(uri);


try {

    URL url = new URL("http://websitename.com/app/getDriver.php");

    String urlParams = "reportid=" + reportid;


    HttpURLConnection httpURLConnection = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();

    httpURLConnection.setDoOutput(true);

    OutputStream os = httpURLConnection.getOutputStream();

    os.write(urlParams.getBytes());

    os.flush();

    os.close();


    InputStream is = httpURLConnection.getInputStream();

    while ((tmp = is.read()) != -1) {

        data += (char) tmp;

    }


    is.close();

    httpURLConnection.disconnect();


} catch (MalformedURLException e) {

    e.printStackTrace();
}

```

```

        //return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        // return "Exception: "+e.getMessage();
    }

//Log.e(TAG, "Response from url: " + jsonStr);

if (data != null) {
    try {
        JSONObject mainJsonObject = new JSONObject(data);
        // Log.d("JSON Data : ", mainJsonObject.toString());

        JSONArray mainArray = mainJsonObject.getJSONArray("Driver");
        // Log.d("JSON Array : ", mainArray.toString());

        for (int i = 0; i < mainArray.length(); i++) {

            JSONObject incidentJsonObject = mainArray.getJSONObject(i);

            if (incidentJsonObject != null) {

                String driverlicense = incidentJsonObject
                    .getString("driverlicense");

                String fname = incidentJsonObject
                    .getString("fname");

                String lname = incidentJsonObject
                    .getString("lname");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        String gender = incidentJsonObject

            .getString("gender");

        String insurancenumner = incidentJsonObject

            .getString("insuranceNumber");


        HashMap<String, String> info = new HashMap<>();

        info.put("driverlicense", driverlicense);

        info.put("fname", fname);

        info.put("lname", lname);

        info.put("gender", gender);

        info.put("insuranceNumber", insurancenumner);

        // adding contact to contact list

        driverinfo.add(info);

    }

}

} catch (JSONException e) {

    // TODO Auto-generated catch block

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}

return null;

}

@Override

```

```

protected void onPostExecute(Void result) {

    super.onPostExecute(result);

    // Dismiss the progress dialog

    /**
     * Updating parsed JSON data into ListView
     */

    if (driverinfo.size() > 0) {

        etLicense.setText(driverinfo.get(0).get("driverlicense").toString());

        etFname.setText(driverinfo.get(0).get("fname").toString());

        etLname.setText(driverinfo.get(0).get("lname").toString());

        etGender.setText(driverinfo.get(0).get("gender").toString());

        etInsurance.setText(driverinfo.get(0).get("insuranceNumber").toString());

        isDriverEmpty=false;

    }

    else

    {

        isDriverEmpty=true;

    }

}

}

// Called when the user is performing an action which requires the app to read the
// user's contacts

public void getPermissionToReadUserContacts() {

    // 1) Use the support library version ContextCompat.checkSelfPermission(...) to
    // checking the build version since Context.checkSelfPermission(...) is only ava
    // in Marshmallow

    // 2) Always check for permission (even if permission has already been granted)
    // since the user can revoke permissions at any time through Settings

```

Figure 9: Driver Info

Figure 10: Car Info

```
if (ContextCompat.checkSelfPermission(getActivity(), Manifest.permission.READ_CONTACTS)
    != PackageManager.PERMISSION_GRANTED) {

    // The permission is NOT already granted.

    // Check if the user has been asked about this permission already and denied
    // it. If so, we want to give more explanation about why the permission is needed
    // Fire off an async request to actually get the permission
    // This will show the standard permission request dialog UI

}
```

}” ~~~~ Each page fragments: Driver’s Information, Car Information, Location, Video file

### 2.6.8 Back End

**Login.php** This is the php file that is going to get executed when the user tries to login with their mobile application.

```
<?php

error_reporting(0);

require "init.php";

$name = $_POST["name"];

$password = $_POST["password"];
```

Figure 11: Location

Figure 12: Video File

```
$sql = "SELECT * FROM `User` WHERE `username`='".$name."' AND `password`='".$password."";

$result = mysqli_query($con, $sql);

$response = array();

while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($result)){
    $response[0] = array("uid"=>$row[0], "username"=>$row[1], "password"=>$row[2]);
}

echo json_encode(array("User"=>$response));

?>
```

**Incident.php** Once the user is able to login, this is first file that it will run in order to retrieve all of the incident related to the user's profile. It will use the user's id as reference when running the following code.

```
<?php
error_reporting(0);
require "init.php";

$uid = $_POST["uid"];

$count=0;

$sql = "SELECT * FROM `Incident` WHERE `uid`='".$uid."'";
```



```

$result = mysqli_query($con, $sql);

$response = array();

while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($result)){
    $response[$count] = array("reportid"=>$row[0], "incidentdate"=>$row[1], "longi"=>$row[2]);
    $count++;
}

echo json_encode(array("Incident"=>$response));

?>

```

**GetCar.php** When the user selects an incident from the list that is provided to them, this is one of the two php file that is going to get executed. This php file will retrieve any information about the car that the other driver was using during the incident. It will use the incident id as reference when searching for the car's information. If there was no recorded information about the car that the other driver was using, it will then return an empty json object.

```

<?php
error_reporting(0);
require "init.php";

$reportid = $_POST["reportid"];

$sql = "SELECT * FROM `Car` WHERE `reportid`='". $reportid . "'";

$result = mysqli_query($con, $sql);

```

```

$response = array();

while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($result)){
    $response[0] = array("platenumber"=>$row[0], "carmake"=>$row[1], "carmodel"=>$row[2],
}

echo json_encode(array("Car"=>$response));

?>

```

**GetDriver.php** When the user selects an incident from the list that is provided to them, this is one of the two php file that is going to get executed. This php file will retrieve any information about driver that this user had an accident with. It will use the incident id as reference when searching for the driver's information. If there was no recorded information about the other driver, it will then return an empty json object.

```

<?php
error_reporting(0);
require "init.php";

$reportid = $_POST["reportid"];

$sql = "SELECT * FROM `Driver` WHERE `reportid`='".$reportid."'";

$result = mysqli_query($con, $sql);

$response = array();

while($row = mysqli_fetch_array($result)){

```

```

        $response[0] = array("driverlicense"=>$row[0], "fname"=>$row[1], "lname"=>$row[2], "gender"=>$row[3], "insuranceNumber"=>$row[4], "reportid"=>$row[5]);
    }

    echo json_encode(array("Driver"=>$response));

?>

```

**UpdateCar.php and AddCar.php** When the user adds the car information, it will use one of these two application depending on the current situation. If the database does not hold any existing car information about the selected incident, it will use the AddCar.php. On the other hand, if the database does hold an information about the car, it will use the UpdateCar.php. We created two different php file because add and update uses different sql statement.

AddCar.php

UpdateCar.php

**UpdateDriver.php and AddDriver.php** When the user adds the driver information, it will use one of these two application depending on the current situation. If the database does not hold any existing driver information about the selected incident, it will use the AddDriver.php. On the other hand, if the database does hold an information about the driver, it will use the UpdateDriver.php. We created two different php file because add and update uses different sql statement.

AddDriver.php

UpdateDriver.php ~~~~ ?php error\_reporting(0); require "init.php";

```

$driverlicense = $_POST["driverlicense"]; $fname = $_POST["fname"]; $lname = $_POST["lname"];
$gender = $_POST["gender"]; $insuranceNumber = $_POST["insuranceNumber"]; $reportid =
$_POST["reportid"];

```

```

$sql = "UPDATE `Driver` SET `driverlicense` = ' ".driverlicense."', `fname` = ' ".fname."', `lname` = '
".lname."', `gender` = ' ".gender."', `insuranceNumber` = ' ".insuranceNumber." WHERE `reportid` = ' ".reportid."';"; if(!mysql_query($sql)){ echo '{ "message": "Unable to save the data to the database." }'; }

```

?> ~~~~

| Test Number      | Test Case Title               | test Case Purpose                                                                    | Preconditions to run the test case | Steps                                                                                               | Expected Result                                                                |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AndroidApp<br>01 | Login Validation              | Verify that the application is working.                                              | Startup the app                    | 1. Run the Application<br>2. Click login without entering anything                                  | The application will ask you to enter a valid username and password.           |
| AndroidApp<br>02 | Database Connection           | Verify that the application is able to connect through database.                     | Startup the app                    | 1. Run the app.<br>2. Enter a valid username and password.<br>username=jabneel<br>password=password | Go to the next activity and retrieve any incident list related to the account. |
| AndroidApp<br>03 | Incident Retrieve Information | Verify that it retrieves information related to the incident such as driver and car. | Should be on reportist class.      | 1. Select incident on the list.                                                                     | Should have an existing data about the driver and the vehicle                  |
| AndroidApp<br>04 | Map                           | Verify that the map is working                                                       | Should be on Information Display   | 1. Select Location tab                                                                              | Should pinpoint on 871 Bramble Court Mississauga                               |

|            |                    |                                                          |                                                                        |                                                                                                                           |                                                  |
|------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| AndroidApp | Video              | Verify that the video is working                         | Should be on Information Display                                       | 1. Select Video tab                                                                                                       | Should play a video                              |
| AndroidApp | Change Information | Verify that the driver and car infomration can be change | Should be on Information Display                                       | 1. Select Car Info 2. Enter a different information 3.Save 4. Select Driver info 5. Enter a different information 6. Save | Information should be permanently changed        |
| AndroidApp | Add Information    | Verify that you can add car and driver information       | Should be on Information Display that has no car or driver infomration | 1. Select Car Info 2. Enter a different information 3.Save 4. Select Driver info 5. Enter a different information 6. Save | New information should be stored in the database |

---

#### **2.6.8 Mobile Application Test Case**

### **3. Conclusion**

In this report, we wrote the purpose of our project and how to reproduce it. By following the build instructions for the hardware and software, you should be able to reproduce it individually and should run on how it is supposed to. Finishing the connectivity of the hardware device to the database would ensure a working project. On the other hand, it is not possible to create a working PCB as there are some circuitry issues that has never been fixed.

## **4.Recommendation**

When reproducing this hardware, it is recommended to get a Raspberry Pi 3 or later version. It is not recommended to use an earlier version because it does not have any built-in wi-fi or bluetooth capability.

To increase the reliability of the hardware, it is advisable to use Gravity sensor instead of vibration sensor. By using Gravity sensor, the video will only be lock when there is a disruption on the movememnt of the car. On the other hand, vibration sensor will lock the video everytime it sense a vibration.

For Android Developers, I would recommend to have and create each fragments for video, location, driver and car in separate page fragments for clear readability and easy programmability of the application.

## 5.Reference

### References (Generated in pdf)

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Savino, G., Giovannini, F., Fitzharris, M., & Pierini, M. (2016). Inevitable collision states for motorcycle-to-car collision scenarios. *IEEE Transactions on Intelligent Transportation Systems*, 17(9), 2563–2573. <https://doi.org/10.1109/TITS.2016.2520084>