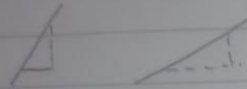


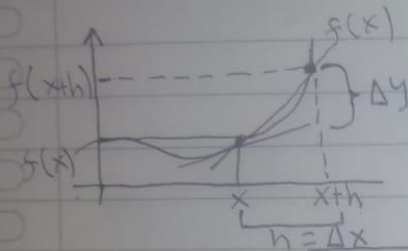
No. :

Date :

Diferensial (turunan)



$$\text{Gradien} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$



$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} \rightarrow \text{Definisi turunan}$$

Turunan $f(x) = [f'(x), \frac{dy}{dx}, D_x y] \rightarrow \text{notasi turunan}$

Contoh

$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 5, f'(x) =$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(x+h)^2 + 5 - (3x^2 + 5)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(x^2 + 2hx + h^2) + 5 - 3x^2 - 5}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 + 6hx + 3h^2 + 5 - 3x^2 - 5}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 6x + 3h = 6x$$

Aturan Perkalian dan Pembagian

$$(uv)' = u'v + uv'$$

$$\left(\frac{u}{v}\right)' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}$$

Aturan Rantai

$$[f(g(x))]' = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$