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In [46]: import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.datasets import load_svmlight_file
```

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In [47]: def shaping_the_data(x_training, x_testing, y_training, y_testing):
             #reshape the data to 1 and 0 for dimension of 124
             n training = x training.shape[0]
             n_testing = x_testing.shape[0]
             x_training = np.hstack((np.ones((n_training, 1)), x_training.toarray()))
             x_testing = np.hstack((np.ones((n_testing, 1)), x_testing.toarray()))
             y training = y training.reshape((n training, 1))
             y testing = y testing.reshape((n testing, 1))
             #Change the label to 0, 1
             y_training = np.where(y_training == -1, 0, 1)
             y_testing = np.where(y_testing == -1, 0, 1)
             return x training, x testing, y training, y testing
         def log_likelihood(w, x, y, L2_lamda=0):
             # Cross-Entropy
             res = tf.matmul(tf.matmul(tf.transpose(w), tf.transpose(x)), y)
             - tf.reduce sum(tf.log(1 + tf.exp(tf.matmul(x, w))))
             res += -0.5 * L2_lamda * tf.norm(w)
             return -res[0][0]
         def soft_max_func(x, w):
             # Predict the probability
             y = tf.constant(np.array([0., 1.]), dtype=tf.float32)
             proba = tf.exp(tf.matmul(x, w) * y) / (1 + tf.exp(tf.matmul(x, w)))
             return proba
         def score(x, y, w):
             p = soft_max_func(x, w)
             y pred = tf.cast(tf.argmax(p, axis=1), tf.float32)
             y = tf.squeeze(y)
             acc = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(tf.equal(y, y_pred), tf.float32))
             return acc
         def optimize(w, w_update):
             return w.assign(w - w_update)
         def update(w, x, y, L2_lamda=0):
             mul = tf.sigmoid(tf.matmul(x, w))
             R_flat = mul * (1 - mul)
             dim = x.shape.as_list()[1]
             L2_reg_term = L2_lamda * tf.eye(dim)
             xRx = tf.matmul(tf.transpose(x), R_flat * x) + L2_reg_term
             S, U, V = tf.svd(xRx, full_matrices=True, compute_uv=True)
             S = tf.expand dims(S, 1)
             S_pinv = tf.where(tf.not_equal(S, 0), 1 / S, tf.zeros_like(S))
             xRx_pinv = tf.matmul(V, S_pinv * tf.transpose(U))
             w update = tf.matmul(xRx pinv, tf.matmul(tf.transpose(x), mul - y) + L2 lam
         da * w)
             return w_update
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In [48]: | if __name__ == "__main__":
             x_training, y_training = load_svmlight_file("a9a", n_features=123, dtype=n
         p.float32)
            X test, y test = load symlight file("a9a.t", n features=123, dtype=np.float
            x_training, X_test, y_training, y_test =shaping_the_data(x_training, X_tes
         t, y_training, y_test)
            L2 lamda = 30 # L2 norm parameter lamda
            N, dim = x training.shape
            X = tf.placeholder(dtype=tf.float32, shape=(None, 124), name="x")
            y = tf.placeholder(dtype=tf.float32, shape=(None, 1), name="y")
            w = tf.Variable(0.01 * tf.ones((dim, 1), dtype=tf.float32), name="w")
            w update = update(w, X, y, L2 lamda)
            loss = log likelihood(w, X, y, L2 lamda)
             acc = score(X, y, w)
            optimize_op = optimize(w, w_update)
             config = tf.ConfigProto(allow_soft_placement=True, log_device_placement=Fal
         se)
             session = tf.Session(config=config)
             session.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
            max iter = 100
             for i in range(1, max iter):
                 print("iteration: {}".format(i))
                 print("\n")
                 print("log likelihood: {}".format(session.run(loss, feed_dict={X: x_tra
         ining, y: y_training})))
                 train_acc = session.run(acc, feed_dict={X: x_training, y: y_training})
                 test_acc = session.run(acc, feed_dict={X: X_test, y: y_test})
                 print("test data accuracy score: {},\ntraining data accuracy score:
         {}".format(test_acc, train_acc))
                 L2 norm w = np.linalg.norm(session.run(w))
                 print("L2-norm of |w|2: {}".format(L2_norm_w))
         deri_w = np.linalg.norm(session.run(w_update, feed_dict={X: x_training,
         y: y training}))
                 if deri_w < 0.001:</pre>
                    break
                 w_new = session.run(optimize_op, feed_dict={X: x_training, y: y_trainin
         g})
            print("End of Iteration.")
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iteration: 1
log likelihood: -1169.1973876953125
test data accuracy score: 0.23622627556324005,
training data accuracy score: 0.24080955982208252
L2-norm of |w|2: 0.11135528236627579
_____
iteration: 2
log likelihood: -906.0789794921875
test data accuracy score: 0.8458325862884521,
training data accuracy score: 0.8442308306694031
L2-norm of |w|2: 2.0898401737213135
_____
iteration: 3
log likelihood: -1882.44189453125
test data accuracy score: 0.8495792746543884,
training data accuracy score: 0.8468105792999268
L2-norm of |w|2: 3.069146156311035
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iteration: 4
log likelihood: -2360.68408203125
test data accuracy score: 0.8506848216056824,
training data accuracy score: 0.847179114818573
L2-norm of |w|2: 3.6801035404205322
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iteration: 5
log likelihood: -2470.489501953125
test data accuracy score: 0.8509305119514465,
training data accuracy score: 0.8476091027259827
L2-norm of |w|2: 3.954674482345581
        ______
iteration: 6
log likelihood: -2475.976318359375
test data accuracy score: 0.8511762022972107,
training data accuracy score: 0.8476705551147461
L2-norm of |w|2: 4.0110764503479
_____
iteration: 7
log likelihood: -2475.8369140625
test data accuracy score: 0.8511762022972107,
training data accuracy score: 0.8476705551147461
L2-norm of |w|2: 4.013559341430664
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In []:

End of Iteration.

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