



# Introduction to Artificial Intelligence

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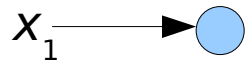
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**CMSC 170 – Introduction to AI**  
**2<sup>nd</sup> Semester 2009-2010**

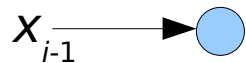
# Neural Networks



- Number of inputs =  $i$



...

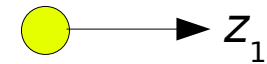


Input Layer

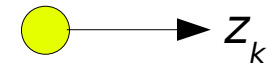
# Neural Networks



- Number of outputs =  $k$



...



Output Layer

# Neural Networks



- How do we get from input to output?

$x_1$  → ●

$x_2$  → ●

$x_3$  → ●

...

$x_{i-1}$  → ●

$x_i$  → ●

Input Layer

?

● →  $z_1$

● →  $z_2$

● →  $z_3$

...

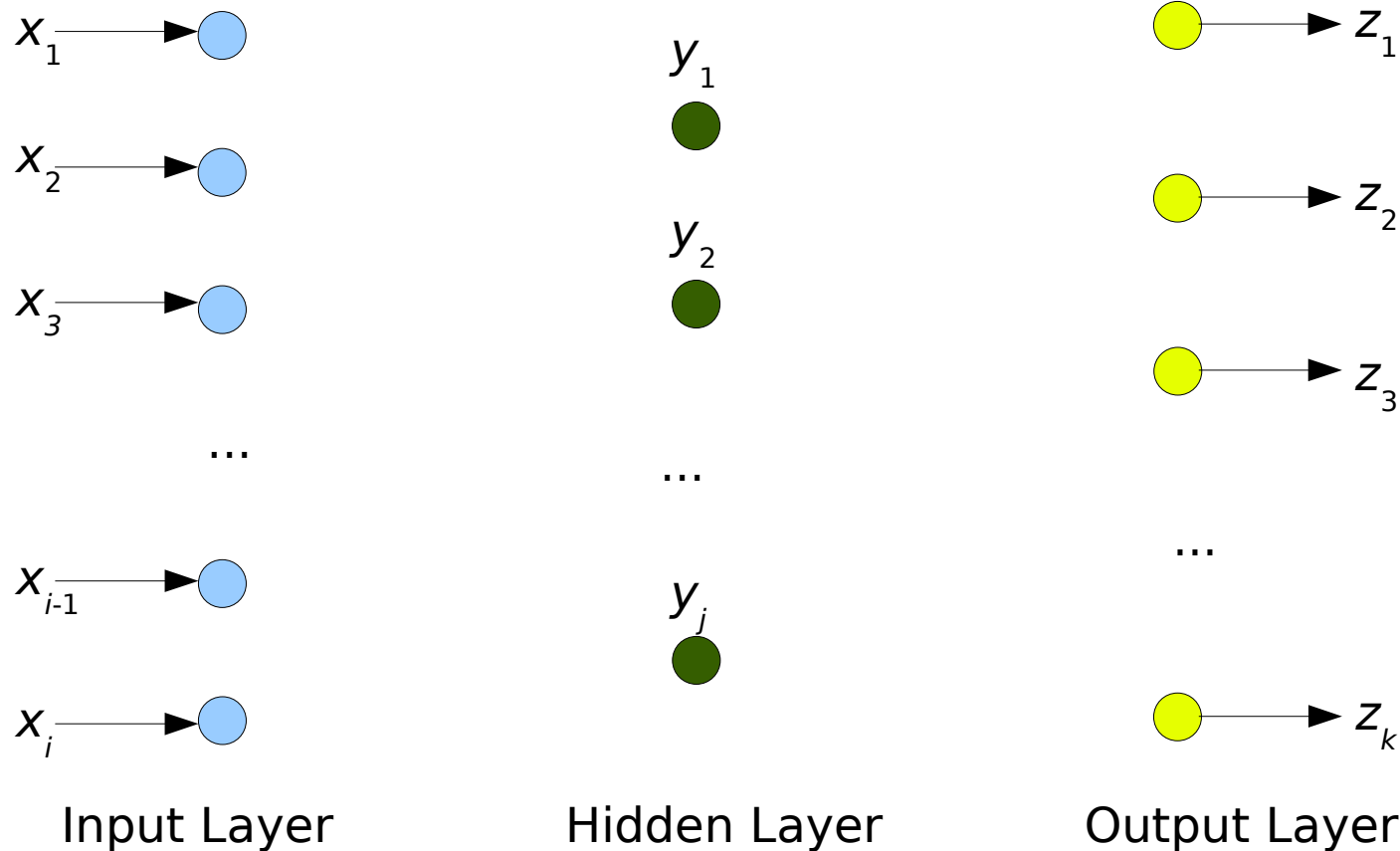
● →  $z_k$

Output Layer

# Neural Networks



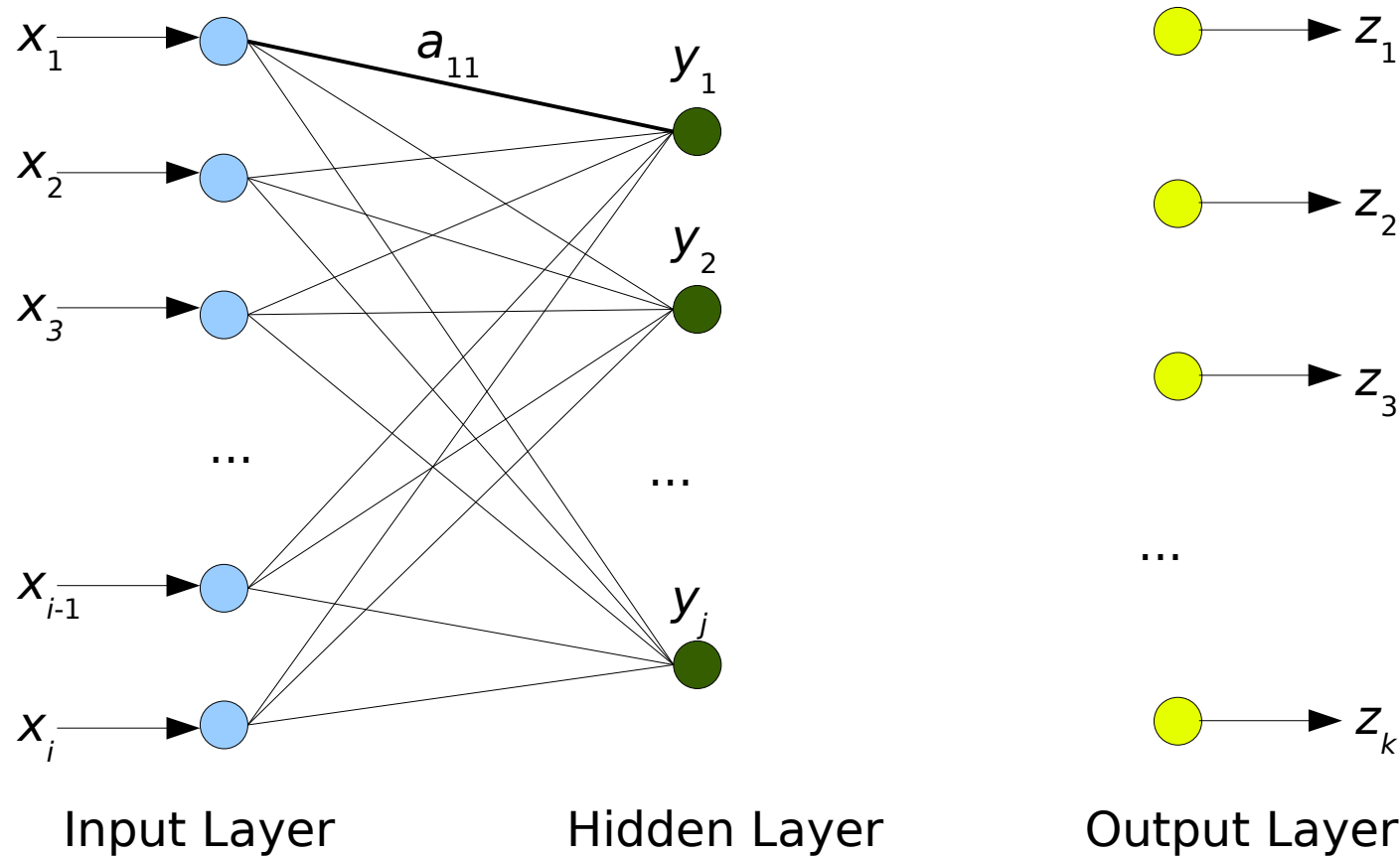
- Hidden layer: number of nodes =  $j$



# Neural Networks



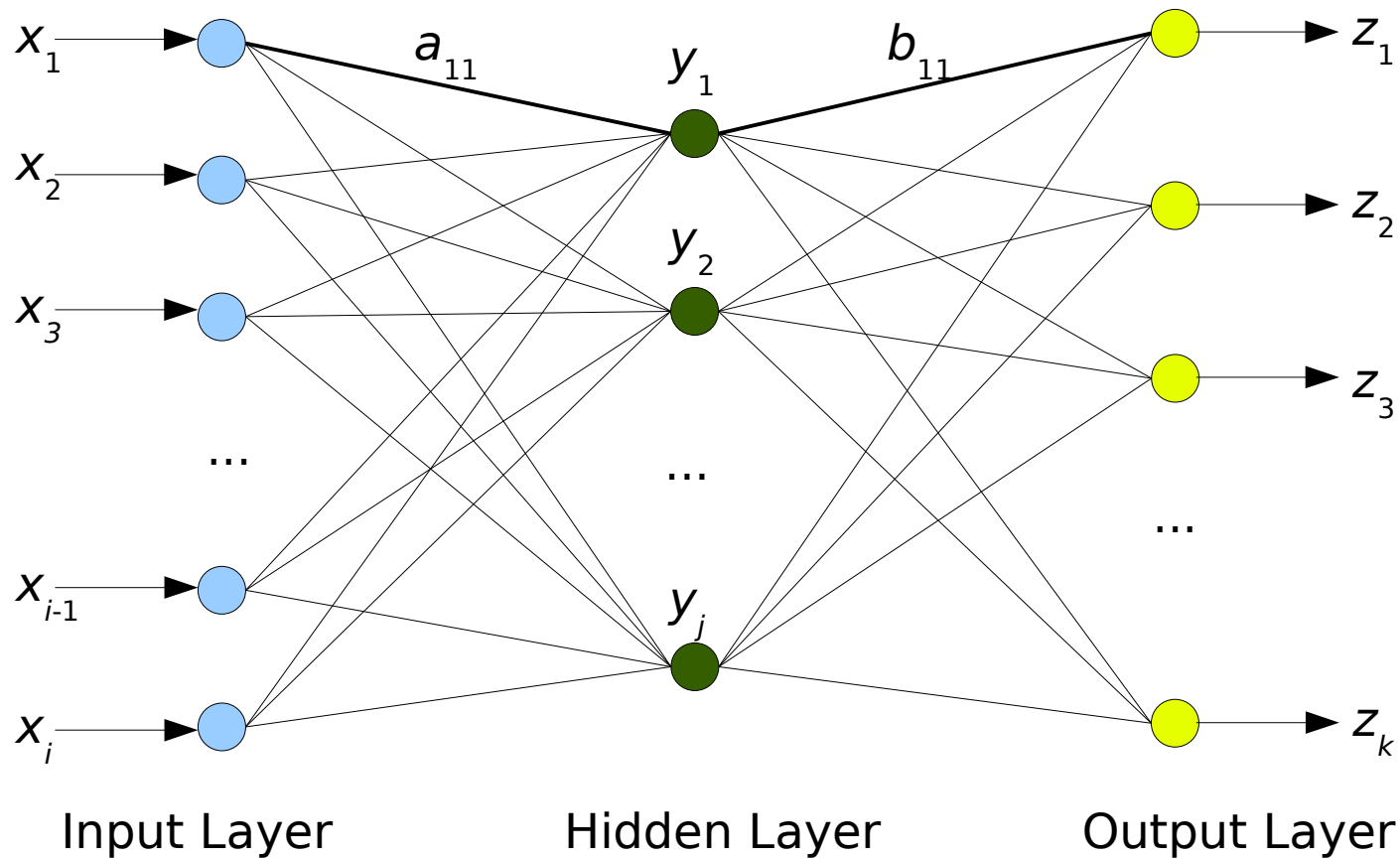
- Nodes at input layer are connected to nodes at hidden layer



# Neural Networks



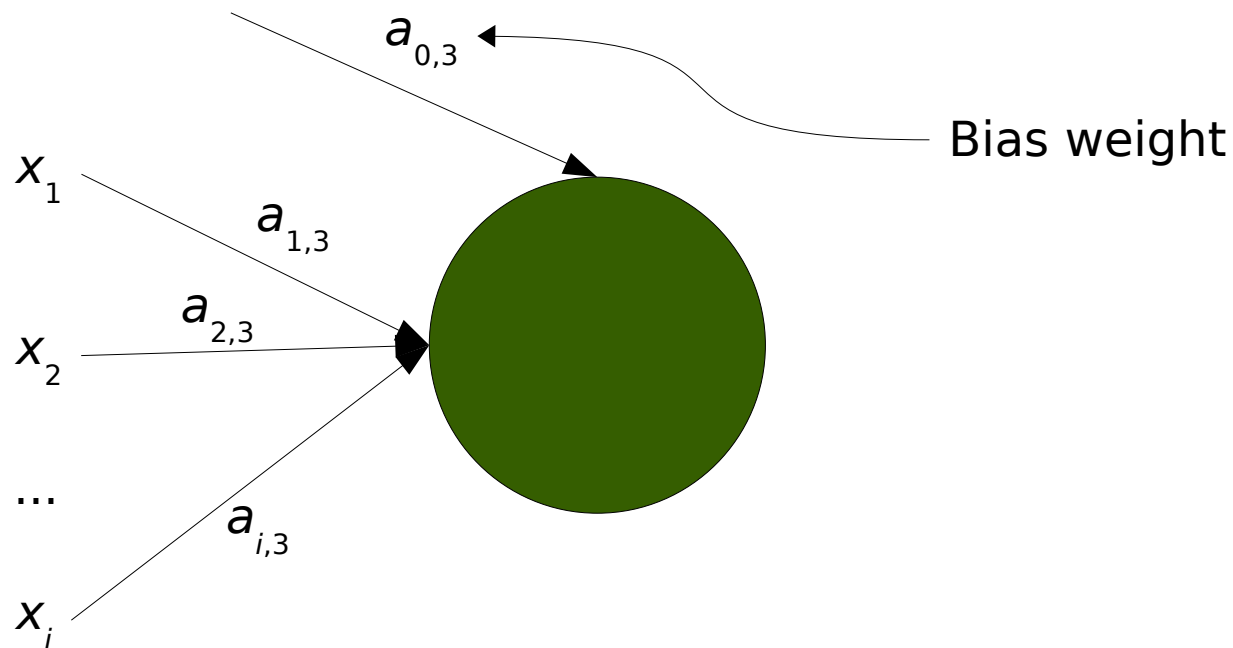
- Nodes at hidden layer are connected to nodes at output layer



# Neural Networks



- A node at the hidden layer (3rd node)



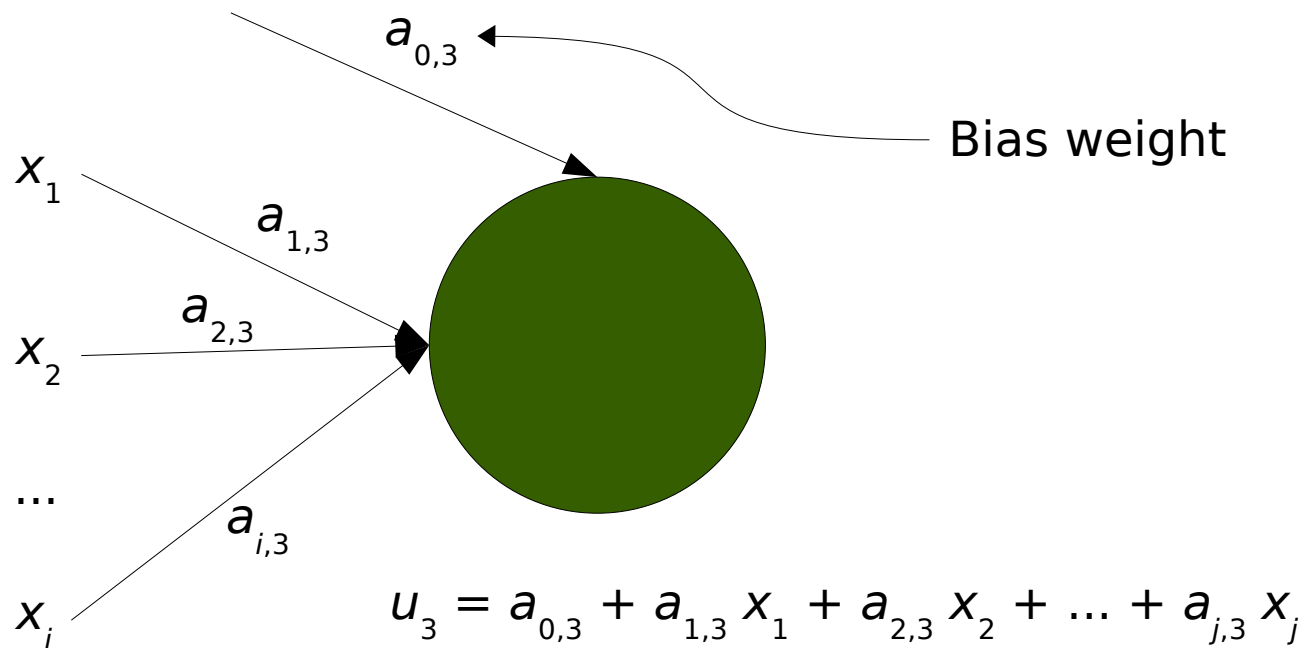
$x$  are inputs,  $a$  are weights



# Neural Networks



- A node at the hidden layer (3rd node)

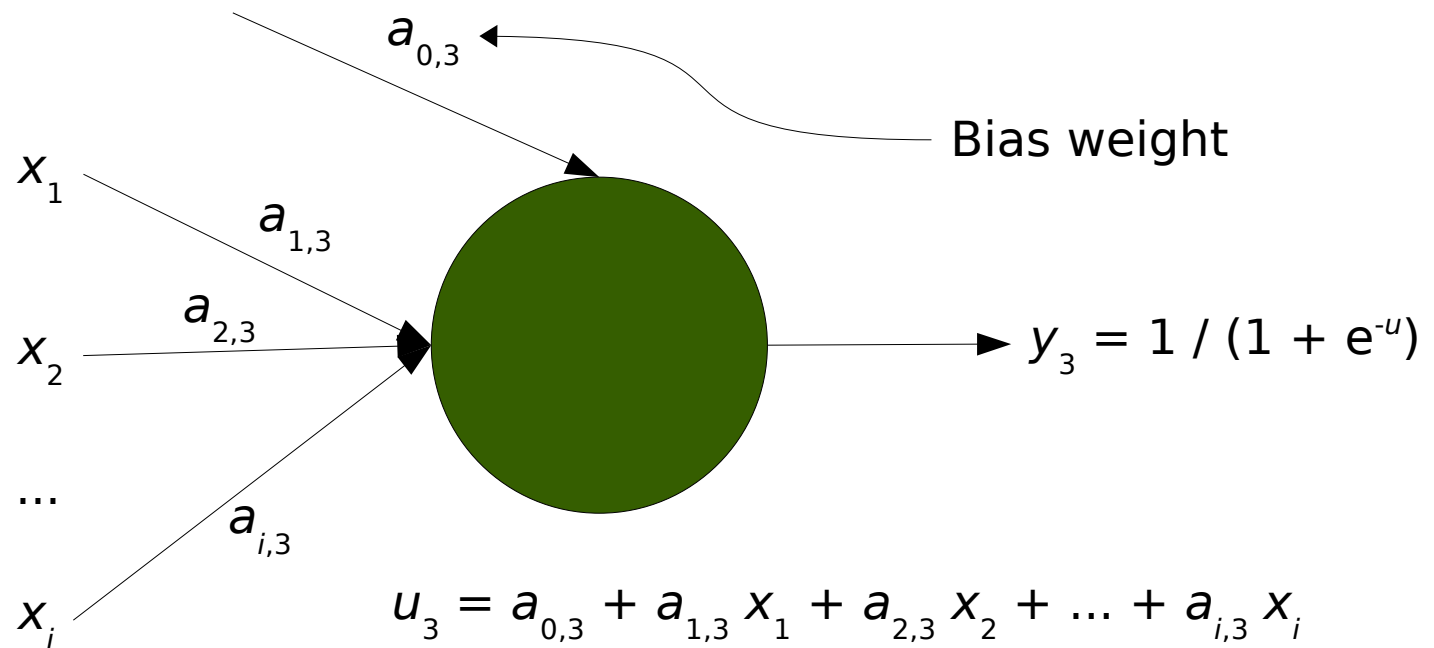


$x$  are inputs,  $a$  are weights

# Neural Networks



- A node at the hidden layer (3rd node)

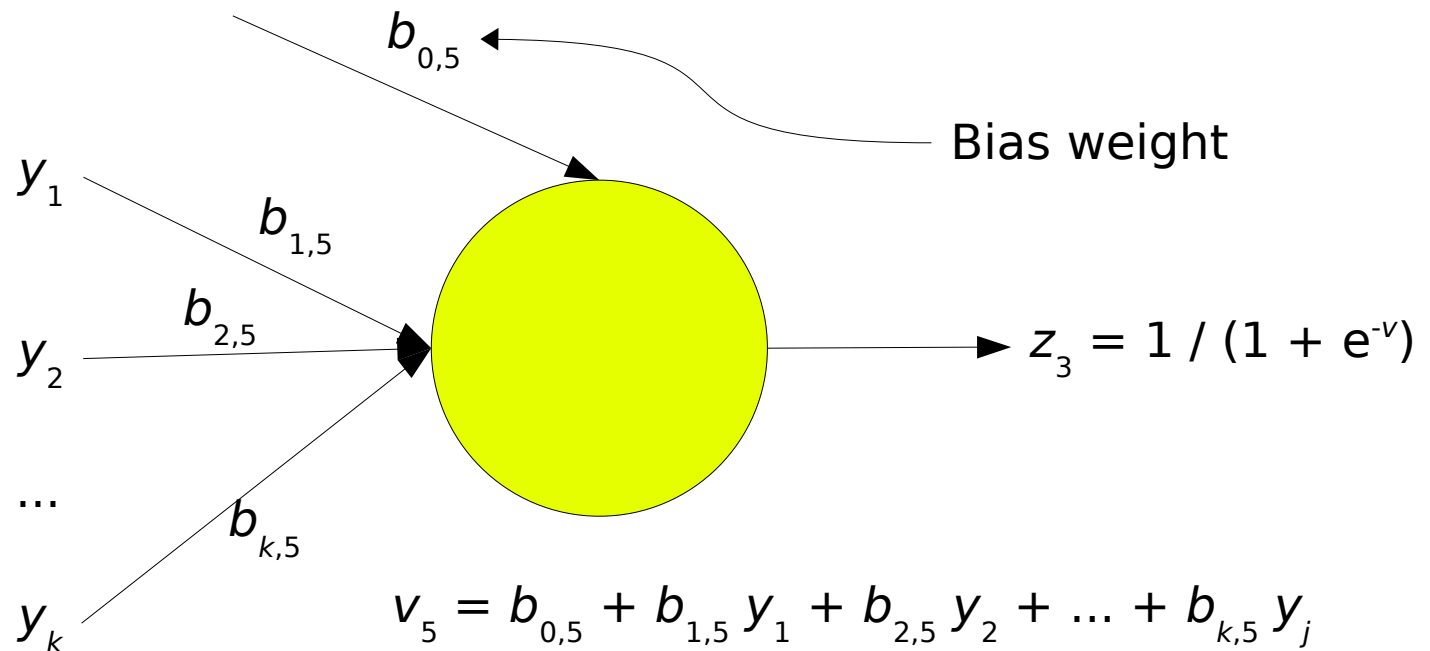


$x$  are inputs,  $a$  are weights

# Neural Networks



- A node at the output layer (5th node)

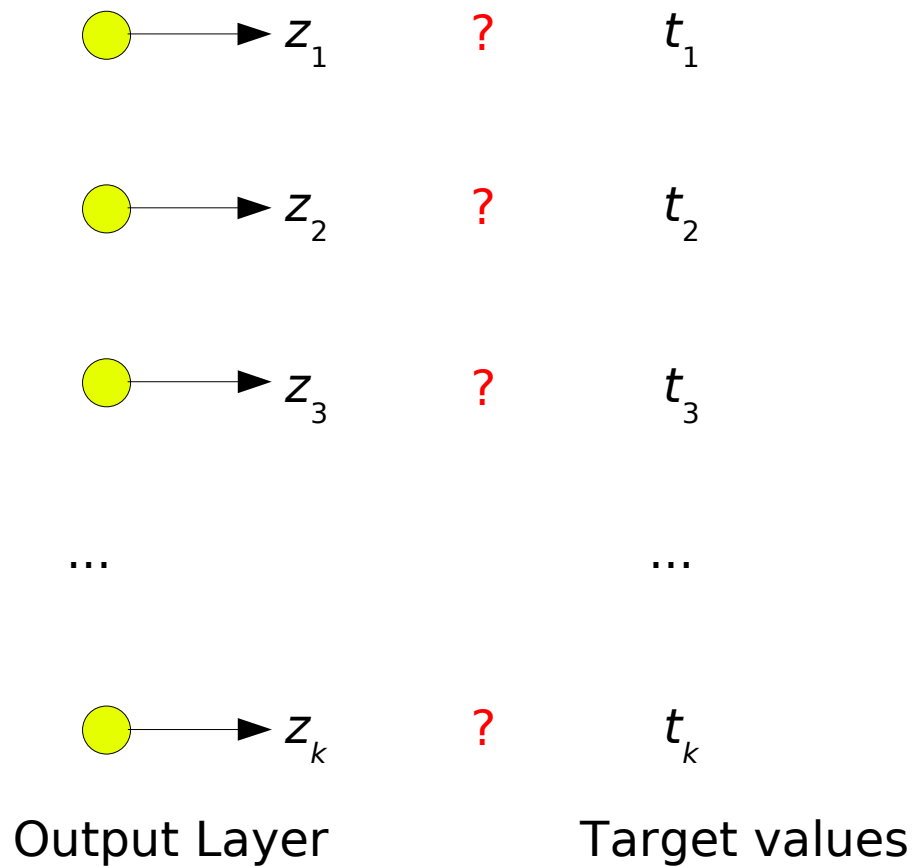


$y$  are outputs from the hidden nodes,  $b$  are weights

# Neural Networks



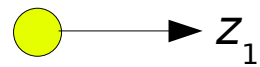
- The output layer is compared to the target values



# Neural Networks

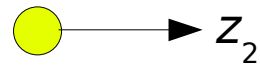


- The difference between  $z$  and  $t$  is the error  $e$



?

$t_1$



?

$t_2$

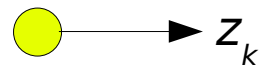


?

$t_3$

...

...



?

$t_k$

Output Layer

Target values

$$e_1 = z_1 - t_1$$

$$e_2 = z_2 - t_2$$

$$e_3 = z_3 - t_3$$

...

$$e_k = z_k - t_k$$

Error

# Neural Networks



- The error  $E$  contributed by the  $k$ th output is therefore:

$$dE/dz_k = z_k - t_k$$



# Neural Networks

- The  $k$ th output with respect to the  $k$ th  $v$ :

$$dz_k/dv_k = z_k (1 - z_k)$$



# Neural Networks

- Therefore, the error  $E$  contributed by the  $k$ th  $v$  is:

$$\begin{aligned} dE/dv_k &= \\ dE/dz_k \times dz_k/dv_k &= \\ (z_k - t_k) z_k (1 - z_k) \end{aligned}$$





# Neural Networks

- The value of  $v_k$  with respect to  $b_{j,k}$  is:

$$dv_k/db_{0,k} = 1$$

For bias weight

$$dv_k/db_{j,k} = y_j$$

# Neural Networks



- The value of  $v_k$  with respect to  $y_j$  is:

$$dv_k/dy_j = b_{j,k}$$

# Neural Networks



- Therefore, the error E contributed by  $b_{j,k}$  is:

$$\frac{dE}{db_{j,k}} = \frac{dE}{dz_k} \times \frac{dz_k}{dv_k} \times \frac{dv_k}{db_{j,k}}$$

# Neural Networks



- And the error E contributed by  $y_j$  is:

$$\frac{dE}{dy_j} = \frac{dE}{dz_k} \times \frac{dz_k}{dv_k} \times \frac{dv_k}{dy_j}$$

# Neural Networks



- The value of  $y_j$  with respect to  $u_j$  is:

$$dy_j/du_j = y_j (1 - y_j)$$

# Neural Networks



- The value of  $u_j$  with respect to  $a_{i,j}$  is:

$$du_j/da_{0,j} = 1$$

For bias weight

$$du_j/da_{i,j} = x_i$$

# Neural Networks



- Assignment:

$$dE/du_j = ?$$

$$dE/da_{i,j} = ?$$